

# EllipticK

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## Notations

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### Traditional name

Complete elliptic integral of the first kind

### Traditional notation

$K(z)$

### Mathematica StandardForm notation

EllipticK[z]

## Primary definition

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08.02.02.0001.01

$$K(z) = F\left(\frac{\pi}{2} \mid z\right)$$

## Specific values

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### Values at fixed points

08.02.03.0001.01

$$K(0) = \frac{\pi}{2}$$

08.02.03.0002.01

$$K\left(\frac{1}{2}\right) = \frac{8\pi^{3/2}}{\Gamma\left(-\frac{1}{4}\right)^2}$$

08.02.03.0030.01

$$K(17 - 12\sqrt{2}) = \frac{2(2 + \sqrt{2})\pi^{3/2}}{\Gamma\left(-\frac{1}{4}\right)^2}$$

08.02.03.0003.01

$$K(1) = \infty$$

08.02.03.0004.01

$$K(-1) = \frac{\Gamma\left(\frac{1}{4}\right)^2}{4\sqrt{2}\pi}$$

## Values at infinities

08.02.03.0005.01

$$K(\infty) = 0$$

08.02.03.0006.01

$$K(-\infty) = 0$$

08.02.03.0007.01

$$K(i\infty) = 0$$

08.02.03.0008.01

$$K(-i\infty) = 0$$

08.02.03.0009.01

$$K(\infty) = 0$$

## Singular values

08.02.03.0010.01

$$\frac{K(1-z^2)}{K(z^2)} = \sqrt{1} /; z = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}$$

08.02.03.0011.01

$$\frac{K(1-z^2)}{K(z^2)} = \sqrt{2} /; z = \sqrt{2} - 1$$

08.02.03.0012.01

$$\frac{K(1-z^2)}{K(z^2)} = \sqrt{3} /; z = \frac{\sqrt{3}-1}{2\sqrt{2}}$$

08.02.03.0013.01

$$\frac{K(1-z^2)}{K(z^2)} = \sqrt{4} /; z = 3 - 2\sqrt{2}$$

08.02.03.0014.01

$$\frac{K(1-z^2)}{K(z^2)} = \sqrt{5} /; z = \sqrt{\frac{1}{2} - \sqrt{-2 + \sqrt{5}}}$$

08.02.03.0015.01

$$\frac{K(1-z^2)}{K(z^2)} = \sqrt{6} /; z = -3 - 2\sqrt{2} + 2\sqrt{3} + \sqrt{6}$$

08.02.03.0016.01

$$\frac{K(1-z^2)}{K(z^2)} = \sqrt{7} /; z = \frac{1}{4}\sqrt{8-3\sqrt{7}}$$

08.02.03.0017.01

$$\frac{K(1-z^2)}{K(z^2)} = \sqrt{8} /; z = 5 + 4\sqrt{2} - 2\sqrt{2(7+5\sqrt{2})}$$

$$\frac{K(1-z^2)}{K(z^2)} = \sqrt{9} \ ; \ z = \frac{1}{\sqrt{194 + 112\sqrt{3} + 4\sqrt{4680 + 2702\sqrt{3}}}}$$

$$\frac{K(1-z^2)}{K(z^2)} = \sqrt{10} \ ; \ z = -9 + 3\sqrt{10} - 2\sqrt{38 - 12\sqrt{10}}$$

$$\frac{K(1-z^2)}{K(z^2)} = \sqrt{11} \ ; \ z = \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{\left( \left( 32 \cdot 3^{2/3} + 3(9 + 7\sqrt{33})^{1/3} - 4 \cdot 3^{1/3} (9 + 7\sqrt{33})^{2/3} \right) \right. \\ \left. \left( 6(9 + 7\sqrt{33})^{1/3} + \sqrt{3(-32 \cdot 3^{2/3} (9 + 7\sqrt{33})^{1/3} + 9(9 + 7\sqrt{33})^{2/3} + 4 \cdot 3^{1/3} (9 + 7\sqrt{33}))} \right) \right)}$$

$$\frac{K(1-z^2)}{K(z^2)} = \sqrt{12} \ ; \ z = \sqrt{833 - 340\sqrt{6} - 12\sqrt{9602 - 3920\sqrt{6}}}$$

$$\frac{K(1-z^2)}{K(z^2)} = \sqrt{13} \ ; \ z = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2(649 + 180\sqrt{13} + 6\sqrt{23382 + 6485\sqrt{13}})}}$$

$$\frac{K(1-z^2)}{K(z^2)} = \sqrt{14} \ ; \ z = \sqrt{(z; 1 - 7960z - 3364z^2 - 42152z^3 + 107206z^4 - 42152z^5 - 3364z^6 - 7960z^7 + z^8)_1^{-1}}$$

$$\frac{K(1-z^2)}{K(z^2)} = \sqrt{15} \ ; \ z = \frac{1}{2\sqrt{2(376 + 168\sqrt{5} + \sqrt{6(47067 + 21049\sqrt{5}}) )}}$$

$$\frac{K(1-z^2)}{K(z^2)} = \sqrt{16} \ ; \ z = \sqrt{4481 + 3168\sqrt{2} - 24\sqrt{69708 + 49291\sqrt{2}}}$$

$$\frac{K(1-z^2)}{K(z^2)} = \sqrt{17} \ ; \ z = \frac{1}{\sqrt{\frac{2+4\sqrt{-412-100\sqrt{17}+5\sqrt{13598+3298\sqrt{17}}}}{1649+400\sqrt{17}-20\sqrt{13598+3298\sqrt{17}}}}}}$$

08.02.03.0027.01

$$\frac{K(1-z^2)}{K(z^2)} = \sqrt{18} \ ; \ z = \sqrt{9603 - 6790\sqrt{2} - 56\sqrt{58803 - 41580\sqrt{2}}}$$

08.02.03.0028.01

$$\frac{K(1-z^2)}{K(z^2)} = \sqrt{19} \ ; \ z = \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{\frac{96 + (1 + 3\sqrt{57})^{1/3} - 12(1 + 3\sqrt{57})^{2/3}}{2(1 + 3\sqrt{57})^{1/3} + \sqrt{3(4 + 12\sqrt{57} - 32(1 + 3\sqrt{57})^{1/3} + (1 + 3\sqrt{57})^{2/3})}}}$$

08.02.03.0029.01

$$\frac{K(1-z^2)}{K(z^2)} = \sqrt{20} \ ;$$

$$z = \sqrt{(z; 1 - 78984z - 290020z^2 - 2454456z^3 + 6695494z^4 - 2454456z^5 - 290020z^6 - 78984z^7 + z^8)_1^{-1}}$$

## General characteristics

### Domain and analyticity

$K(z)$  is an analytical function of  $z$  which is defined over the whole complex  $z$ -plane.

08.02.04.0001.01

$$z \rightarrow K(z) :: \mathbb{C} \rightarrow \mathbb{C}$$

### Symmetries and periodicities

#### Mirror symmetry

08.02.04.0002.01

$$K(\bar{z}) = \overline{K(z)} \ ; \ z \notin (1, \infty)$$

#### Periodicity

The function  $K(z)$  is not periodic.

### Poles and essential singularities

The function  $K(z)$  does not have poles and essential singularities.

08.02.04.0003.01

$$Sing_z(K(z)) = \{\}$$

### Branch points

The function  $K(z)$  has two branch points:  $z = 1$ ,  $z = \infty$ .

08.02.04.0004.01

$$\mathcal{BP}_z(K(z)) = \{1, \infty\}$$

08.02.04.0005.01

$$\mathcal{R}_z(K(z), 1) = \log$$

08.02.04.0006.01

$$\mathcal{R}_z(K(z), \infty) = \log$$

### Branch cuts

The function  $K(z)$  is a single-valued function on the  $z$ -plane cut along the interval  $(1, \infty)$ .

The function  $K(z)$  is continuous from below on the interval  $(1, \infty)$ .

08.02.04.0007.01

$$\mathcal{BC}_z(K(z)) = \{(1, \infty), i\}$$

08.02.04.0008.01

$$\lim_{\epsilon \rightarrow +0} K(x - i \epsilon) = K(x) /; x > 1$$

08.02.04.0009.01

$$\lim_{\epsilon \rightarrow +0} K(x + i \epsilon) = 2 i K(1 - x) + K(x) /; x > 1$$

## Series representations

### Generalized power series

Expansions at generic point  $z = z_0$

#### For the function itself

08.02.06.0017.01

$$K(z) \propto K(z_0) - 2 i K(1 - z_0) \left[ \frac{\arg(1 - z_0) + \pi}{2 \pi} \right] \left[ \frac{\arg(z_0 - z)}{2 \pi} \right] +$$

$$\frac{1}{2 \pi} \left( G_{2,2}^{2,2} \left( 1 - z_0 \left| \begin{matrix} -\frac{1}{2}, -\frac{1}{2} \\ 0, -1 \end{matrix} \right. \right) + \frac{2 i \pi}{(z_0 - 1) z_0} \left[ \frac{\arg(1 - z_0) + \pi}{2 \pi} \right] \left[ \frac{\arg(z_0 - z)}{2 \pi} \right] (K(1 - z_0) z_0 - E(1 - z_0)) \right) (z - z_0) +$$

$$\frac{1}{4 \pi} \left( G_{2,2}^{2,2} \left( 1 - z_0 \left| \begin{matrix} -\frac{3}{2}, -\frac{3}{2} \\ 0, -2 \end{matrix} \right. \right) + \frac{i \pi}{(z_0 - 1)^2 z_0^2} \left[ \frac{\arg(1 - z_0) + \pi}{2 \pi} \right] \left[ \frac{\arg(z_0 - z)}{2 \pi} \right] \right.$$

$$\left. (-3 K(1 - z_0) z_0^2 + (4 E(1 - z_0) + K(1 - z_0)) z_0 - 2 E(1 - z_0)) \right) (z - z_0)^2 + \dots /; (z \rightarrow z_0)$$

08.02.06.0018.01

$$K(z) \propto K(z_0) - 2 i K(1 - z_0) \left[ \frac{\arg(1 - z_0) + \pi}{2 \pi} \right] \left[ \frac{\arg(z_0 - z)}{2 \pi} \right] +$$

$$\frac{1}{2 \pi} \left( G_{2,2}^{2,2} \left( 1 - z_0 \left| \begin{matrix} -\frac{1}{2}, -\frac{1}{2} \\ 0, -1 \end{matrix} \right. \right) + \frac{2 i \pi}{(z_0 - 1) z_0} \left[ \frac{\arg(1 - z_0) + \pi}{2 \pi} \right] \left[ \frac{\arg(z_0 - z)}{2 \pi} \right] (K(1 - z_0) z_0 - E(1 - z_0)) \right) (z - z_0) +$$

$$\frac{1}{4 \pi} \left( G_{2,2}^{2,2} \left( 1 - z_0 \left| \begin{matrix} -\frac{3}{2}, -\frac{3}{2} \\ 0, -2 \end{matrix} \right. \right) + \frac{i \pi}{(z_0 - 1)^2 z_0^2} \left[ \frac{\arg(1 - z_0) + \pi}{2 \pi} \right] \left[ \frac{\arg(z_0 - z)}{2 \pi} \right] \right.$$

$$\left. (-3 K(1 - z_0) z_0^2 + (4 E(1 - z_0) + K(1 - z_0)) z_0 - 2 E(1 - z_0)) \right) (z - z_0)^2 + O((z - z_0)^3)$$

08.02.06.0019.01

$$K(z) = \frac{1}{2\pi} \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{1}{k!} \left( G_{2,2}^{2,2} \left( 1-z_0 \left| \begin{matrix} \frac{1}{2}-k, \frac{1}{2}-k \\ 0, -k \end{matrix} \right. \right) - 2\pi i (-1)^k \left[ \frac{\arg(1-z_0)+\pi}{2\pi} \right] \left[ \frac{\arg(z_0-z)}{2\pi} \right] \Gamma\left(k+\frac{1}{2}\right)^2 {}_2\tilde{F}_1\left(k+\frac{1}{2}, k+\frac{1}{2}; k+1; 1-z_0\right) \right) (z-z_0)^k$$

08.02.06.0020.01

$$K(z) = \frac{\pi}{2} \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{\left(\frac{1}{2}\right)_k^2}{(k!)^2} {}_2F_1\left(k+\frac{1}{2}, k+\frac{1}{2}; k+1; z_0\right) (z-z_0)^k$$

08.02.06.0021.01

$$K(z) \propto K(z_0) - 2i K(1-z_0) \left[ \frac{\arg(1-z_0)+\pi}{2\pi} \right] \left[ \frac{\arg(z_0-z)}{2\pi} \right] + O(z-z_0)$$

**Expansions on branch cuts**

**For the function itself**

08.02.06.0022.01

$$K(z) \propto K(x) - 2i K(1-x) \left[ \frac{\arg(x-z)}{2\pi} \right] + \frac{1}{2\pi} \left( \frac{2i\pi}{(x-1)x} (K(1-x)x - E(1-x)) \left[ \frac{\arg(x-z)}{2\pi} \right] + G_{2,2}^{2,2} \left( 1-x \left| \begin{matrix} -\frac{1}{2}, -\frac{1}{2} \\ 0, -1 \end{matrix} \right. \right) \right) (z-x) + \frac{1}{4\pi} \left( \frac{i\pi}{(x-1)^2 x^2} \left[ \frac{\arg(x-z)}{2\pi} \right] (-3K(1-x)x^2 + (4E(1-x) + K(1-x))x - 2E(1-x)) + G_{2,2}^{2,2} \left( 1-x \left| \begin{matrix} -\frac{3}{2}, -\frac{3}{2} \\ 0, -2 \end{matrix} \right. \right) \right) (z-x)^2 + \dots /; (z \rightarrow x) \wedge x \in \mathbb{R} \wedge x > 1$$

08.02.06.0023.01

$$K(z) \propto K(x) - 2i K(1-x) \left[ \frac{\arg(x-z)}{2\pi} \right] + \frac{1}{2\pi} \left( \frac{2i\pi}{(x-1)x} (K(1-x)x - E(1-x)) \left[ \frac{\arg(x-z)}{2\pi} \right] + G_{2,2}^{2,2} \left( 1-x \left| \begin{matrix} -\frac{1}{2}, -\frac{1}{2} \\ 0, -1 \end{matrix} \right. \right) \right) (z-x) + \frac{1}{4\pi} \left( \frac{i\pi}{(x-1)^2 x^2} \left[ \frac{\arg(x-z)}{2\pi} \right] (-3K(1-x)x^2 + (4E(1-x) + K(1-x))x - 2E(1-x)) + G_{2,2}^{2,2} \left( 1-x \left| \begin{matrix} -\frac{3}{2}, -\frac{3}{2} \\ 0, -2 \end{matrix} \right. \right) \right) (z-x)^2 + O((z-x)^3) /; x \in \mathbb{R} \wedge x > 1$$

08.02.06.0024.01

$$K(z) = \frac{1}{2\pi} \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{1}{k!} \left( G_{2,2}^{2,2} \left( 1-x \left| \begin{matrix} \frac{1}{2}-k, \frac{1}{2}-k \\ 0, -k \end{matrix} \right. \right) - 2\pi i (-1)^k \left[ \frac{\arg(x-z)}{2\pi} \right] \Gamma\left(k+\frac{1}{2}\right)^2 {}_2\tilde{F}_1\left(k+\frac{1}{2}, k+\frac{1}{2}; k+1; 1-x\right) \right) (z-x)^k /; x \in \mathbb{R} \wedge x > 1$$

08.02.06.0025.01

$$K(z) \propto K(x) - 2i K(1-x) \left[ \frac{\arg(x-z)}{2\pi} \right] + O(z-x) /; x \in \mathbb{R} \wedge x > 1$$

**Expansions at z == 0**

**For the function itself**

08.02.06.0001.02

$$K(z) \propto \frac{\pi}{2} \left( 1 + \frac{z}{4} + \frac{9z^2}{64} + \dots \right); (z \rightarrow 0)$$

08.02.06.0026.01

$$K(z) \propto \frac{\pi}{2} \left( 1 + \frac{z}{4} + \frac{9z^2}{64} + O(z^3) \right)$$

08.02.06.0002.01

$$K(z) = \frac{\pi}{2} \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{\left(\frac{1}{2}\right)_k \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)_k z^k}{k!^2}; |z| < 1$$

08.02.06.0003.01

$$K(z) = \frac{\pi}{2} {}_2F_1\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2}; 1; z\right); |z| < 1$$

08.02.06.0004.02

$$K(z) \propto \frac{\pi}{2} + O(z)$$

08.02.06.0027.01

$$K(z) = F_{\infty}(z); \left( \left( F_n(z) = \frac{\pi}{2} \sum_{k=0}^n \frac{\left(\frac{1}{2}\right)_k \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)_k z^k}{k!^2} = K(z) - \frac{z^{n+1} \Gamma\left(n + \frac{3}{2}\right)^2}{2(n+1)!^2} {}_3F_2\left(1, n + \frac{3}{2}, n + \frac{3}{2}; n+2, n+2; z\right) \right) \bigwedge n \in \mathbb{N} \right)$$

Summed form of the truncated series expansion.

**Expansions at  $z = 1$**

**For the function itself**

08.02.06.0005.02

$$K(z) \propto -\frac{1}{2} \log(1-z) \left( 1 - \frac{z-1}{4} + \frac{9}{64} (z-1)^2 + \dots \right) + \log(4) + \frac{1}{4} (1 - \log(4)) (z-1) + \frac{3}{128} (6 \log(4) - 7) (z-1)^2 + \dots; (z \rightarrow 1)$$

08.02.06.0028.01

$$K(z) \propto -\frac{1}{2} \log(1-z) \left( 1 - \frac{z-1}{4} + \frac{9}{64} (z-1)^2 + O((z-1)^3) \right) + \log(4) + \frac{1}{4} (1 - \log(4)) (z-1) + \frac{3}{128} (6 \log(4) - 7) (z-1)^2 + O((z-1)^3)$$

08.02.06.0029.01

$$K(z) = -\frac{1}{2} \log(1-z) \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^k \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)_k^2}{(k!)^2} (z-1)^k + \frac{z-1}{4} + 2 \log(2) \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^k \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)_k^2}{(k!)^2} (z-1)^k + \frac{9}{16} \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^k \left(\frac{5}{2}\right)_k^2}{((k+2)!)^2} \left( \frac{1}{k+1} + \frac{1}{k+2} - \frac{2}{2k+3} - \sum_{i=k+1}^{\infty} \frac{2}{i} \right) (z-1)^{k+2}; |z-1| < 1$$

08.02.06.0006.02

$$K(z) = -\frac{1}{2} \log(1-z) \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^k \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)_k^2}{k!^2} (z-1)^k + \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^k \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)_k^2}{k!^2} \left( \psi(k+1) - \psi\left(k + \frac{1}{2}\right) \right) (z-1)^k \quad ; |z-1| < 1$$

08.02.06.0007.01

$$K(z) = -\frac{\log(1-z)}{\pi} K(1-z) + \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{\left(\frac{1}{2}\right)_k^2}{k!^2} \left( \psi(k+1) - \psi\left(k + \frac{1}{2}\right) \right) (1-z)^k \quad ; |z-1| < 1$$

08.02.06.0008.02

$$K(z) \propto -\frac{1}{2} \log(1-z) (1 + O(z-1)) + \log(4) (1 + O(z-1))$$

08.02.06.0030.01

$$K(z) = F_{\infty}(z) \quad ;$$

$$\left( \left( F_n(z) = \frac{1}{2} \sum_{k=0}^n \frac{\left(\frac{1}{2}\right)_k^2}{k!^2} \left( -\log(1-z) + 2\psi(k+1) - 2\psi\left(k + \frac{1}{2}\right) \right) (1-z)^k = K(z) - \frac{1}{2\pi} G_{4,4}^{2,4} \left( 1-z \mid \begin{matrix} n+1, n+1, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2} \\ n+1, n+1, 0, 0 \end{matrix} \right) \right) \bigwedge n \in \mathbb{N} \right)$$

Summed form of the truncated series expansion.

Expansions at  $z = \infty$

### For the function itself

08.02.06.0009.02

$$K(z) \propto \frac{\log(-z)}{2\sqrt{-z}} \left( 1 + \frac{1}{4z} + \frac{9}{64z^2} + \dots \right) + \frac{1}{\sqrt{-z}} \left( \log(4) + \frac{\log(4)-1}{4z} + \frac{3(6\log(4)-7)}{128z^2} + \dots \right) \quad ; (|z| \rightarrow \infty)$$

08.02.06.0031.01

$$K(z) \propto \frac{\log(-z)}{2\sqrt{-z}} \left( 1 + \frac{1}{4z} + \frac{9}{64z^2} + O\left(\frac{1}{z^3}\right) \right) + \frac{1}{\sqrt{-z}} \left( \log(4) + \frac{\log(4)-1}{4z} + \frac{3(6\log(4)-7)}{128z^2} + O\left(\frac{1}{z^3}\right) \right)$$

08.02.06.0032.01

$$K(z) = \frac{\log(-z)}{2\sqrt{-z}} \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{\left(\frac{1}{2}\right)_k^2 z^{-k}}{(k!)^2} +$$

$$\frac{1}{\sqrt{-z}} \left( \frac{9}{16} \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{\left(\frac{5}{2}\right)_k^2}{((k+2)!)^2} \left( \frac{1}{k+1} + \frac{1}{k+2} - \frac{2}{2k+3} - 2 \sum_{i=k+1}^{2k+1} \frac{1}{i} \right) z^{-k-2} + 2 \log(2) \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{\left(\frac{1}{2}\right)_k^2 z^{-k}}{(k!)^2} - \frac{1}{4z} \sum_{i=0}^{\infty} \delta_{i-1} \right) \quad ; |z| > 1$$

08.02.06.0010.02

$$K(z) = \frac{\log(-z)}{2\sqrt{-z}} \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{\left(\frac{1}{2}\right)_k^2 z^{-k}}{k!^2} + \frac{1}{\sqrt{-z}} \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{\left(\frac{1}{2}\right)_k^2}{k!^2} \left( \psi(k+1) - \psi\left(\frac{1}{2} + k\right) \right) z^{-k} \quad ; |z| > 1$$



08.02.06.0011.01

$$K(z) = \frac{\log(-z)}{\pi \sqrt{-z}} K\left(\frac{1}{z}\right) + \frac{1}{\sqrt{-z}} \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{\left(\frac{1}{2}\right)_k^2}{k!^2} \left( \psi(k+1) - \psi\left(\frac{1}{2} + k\right) \right) z^{-k} \quad ; |z| > 1$$

08.02.06.0012.02

$$K(z) \propto \frac{\log(4)}{\sqrt{-z}} \left( 1 + \mathcal{O}\left(\frac{1}{z}\right) \right) + \frac{\log(-z)}{2\sqrt{-z}} \left( 1 + \mathcal{O}\left(\frac{1}{z}\right) \right)$$

08.02.06.0033.01

$$K(z) \propto \begin{cases} -\frac{i \log(z)}{2\sqrt{z}} & \arg(z) \leq 0 \\ \frac{i \log(z)}{2\sqrt{z}} & \text{True} \end{cases} \quad ; (|z| \rightarrow \infty)$$

08.02.06.0034.01

$$K(z) = F_{\infty}(z) \quad ; \left( F_n(z) = \frac{1}{2\sqrt{-z}} \sum_{k=0}^m \frac{\left(\frac{1}{2}\right)_k^2}{k!^2} \left( \log(-z) + 2\psi(k+1) - \psi\left(\frac{1}{2} - k\right) - \psi\left(k + \frac{1}{2}\right) \right) z^{-k} = \right. \\ \left. K(z) - \frac{1}{2} G_{4,4}^{3,2} \left( -z \left| \begin{matrix} -m - \frac{1}{2}, -m - \frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2} \\ 0, -m - \frac{1}{2}, -m - \frac{1}{2}, 0 \end{matrix} \right. \right) \right) \wedge m \in \mathbb{N}$$

Summed form of the truncated series expansion.

## Residue representations

08.02.06.0013.01

$$K(z) = \frac{1}{2} \sum_{j=0}^{\infty} \text{res}_s \left( \frac{\Gamma\left(\frac{1}{2} - s\right)^2 (-z)^{-s}}{\Gamma(1-s)} \Gamma(s) \right) (-j) \quad ; |z| < 1$$

08.02.06.0014.01

$$K(z) = -\frac{1}{2} \sum_{j=0}^{\infty} \text{res}_s \left( \frac{\Gamma(s) (-z)^{-s}}{\Gamma(1-s)} \Gamma\left(\frac{1}{2} - s\right)^2 \right) \left( j + \frac{1}{2} \right) \quad ; |z| > 1$$

## Other series representations

08.02.06.0015.01

$$K(z) = \frac{\pi}{2} \left( 2 \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} q(z)^{k^2} + 1 \right)^2$$

08.02.06.0016.01

$$K(z) = \frac{\pi}{2} \left( 1 + 4 \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} \frac{q(z)^k}{q(z)^{2k} + 1} \right)$$

## Integral representations

### On the real axis

**Of the direct function**

08.02.07.0001.01

$$K(z) = \int_0^{\frac{\pi}{2}} \frac{1}{\sqrt{1 - z \sin^2(t)}} dt ; |\arg(1 - z)| < \pi$$

08.02.07.0002.01

$$K(z) = \int_0^1 \frac{1}{\sqrt{1 - t^2} \sqrt{1 - z t^2}} dt ; |\arg(1 - z)| < \pi$$

08.02.07.0003.01

$$K(z) = \int_1^{\infty} \frac{1}{\sqrt{t^2 - 1} \sqrt{t^2 - z}} dt ; |\arg(1 - z)| < \pi$$

**Contour integral representations**

08.02.07.0004.01

$$K(z) = \frac{1}{4\pi i} \int_{\mathcal{L}} \frac{\Gamma(s) \Gamma(\frac{1}{2} - s)^2}{\Gamma(1 - s)} (-z)^{-s} ds$$

**Differential equations**

**Ordinary linear differential equations and wronskians**

**For the direct function itself**

08.02.13.0001.01

$$(1 - z) z w''(z) + (1 - 2z) w'(z) - \frac{1}{4} w(z) = 0 ; w(z) = c_1 K(z) + c_2 K(1 - z)$$

08.02.13.0002.02

$$W_z(K(z), K(1 - z)) = \frac{\pi}{4(z - 1)z}$$

08.02.13.0003.01

$$w''(z) + \left( \frac{(2g(z) - 1)g'(z)}{(g(z) - 1)g(z)} - \frac{g''(z)}{g'(z)} \right) w'(z) + \frac{g'(z)^2}{4(g(z) - 1)g(z)} w(z) = 0 ; w(z) = c_1 K(g(z)) + c_2 K(1 - g(z))$$

08.02.13.0004.01

$$W_z(K(g(z)), (1 - g(z))) = \frac{\pi g'(z)}{4(g(z) - 1)g(z)}$$

08.02.13.0005.01

$$w''(z) + \left( \frac{(2g(z) - 1)g'(z)}{(g(z) - 1)g(z)} - \frac{2h'(z)}{h(z)} - \frac{g''(z)}{g'(z)} \right) w'(z) + \left( \frac{g'(z)^2}{4(g(z) - 1)g(z)} + \frac{(1 - 2g(z))h'(z)g'(z)}{(g(z) - 1)g(z)h(z)} + \frac{2h'(z)^2}{h(z)^2} + \frac{h'(z)g''(z)}{h(z)g'(z)} - \frac{h''(z)}{h(z)} \right) w(z) = 0 ; w(z) = c_1 h(z) K(g(z)) + c_2 h(z) K(1 - g(z))$$

08.02.13.0006.01

$$W_z(h(z) K(g(z)), h(z) K(1 - g(z))) = \frac{\pi h(z)^2 g'(z)}{4(g(z) - 1)g(z)}$$

08.02.13.0007.01

$$4z^2(a z^r - 1)w''(z) + 4(a(r+1)z^r + s(2 - 2az^r) - 1)zw'(z) + (ar^2z^r - 4arsz^r + 4s^2(az^r - 1))w(z) = 0 /;$$

$$w(z) = c_1 z^s K(az^r) + c_2 z^s K(1 - az^r)$$

08.02.13.0008.01

$$W_z(z^s K(az^r), z^s K(1 - az^r)) = \frac{\pi r z^{2s-1}}{4(az^r - 1)}$$

08.02.13.0009.01

$$w''(z) + \left( \left( 1 + \frac{1}{ar^z - 1} \right) \log(r) - 2 \log(s) \right) w'(z) + \frac{ar^z (\log(r) - 2 \log(s))^2 - 4 \log^2(s)}{4(ar^z - 1)} w(z) = 0 /;$$

$$w(z) = c_1 s^z K(ar^z) + c_2 s^z K(1 - ar^z)$$

08.02.13.0010.01

$$W_z(s^z K(ar^z), s^z K(1 - ar^z)) = \frac{\pi s^{2z} \log(r)}{4(ar^z - 1)}$$

## Identities

### Functional identities

08.02.17.0001.01

$$K(z) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-z}} K\left(\frac{z}{z-1}\right) /; |\arg(1-z)| < \pi$$

08.02.17.0004.01

$$K(z) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-z}} \overline{K\left(\frac{z}{z-1}\right)} /; z \in \mathbb{R}$$

08.02.17.0005.01

$$K(z) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-z}} K\left(\frac{z}{z-1}\right) + i \left( \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-z}} - \sqrt{\frac{1}{1-z}} \right) K\left(\frac{1}{1-z}\right)$$

08.02.17.0006.01

$$KK(z) = \sqrt{\frac{1}{z}} K\left(\frac{1}{z}\right) + \sqrt{\frac{1}{1-z}} \sqrt{1-z} \sqrt{-\frac{1}{z}} K\left(1 - \frac{1}{z}\right)$$

08.02.17.0007.01

$$KK(z) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{z}} K\left(\frac{1}{z}\right) + \sqrt{\frac{1}{1-z}} \sqrt{z(1-z)} \sqrt{-\frac{1}{z}} K(1-z)$$

08.02.17.0002.02

$$K\left(\frac{1}{z}\right) = \sqrt{z} \left( K(z) - \sqrt{-\frac{1}{z}} \sqrt{\frac{1}{1-z}} \sqrt{z(1-z)} K(1-z) \right)$$

08.02.17.0003.01

$$K(z) = \frac{2}{1 + \sqrt{1-z}} K\left(\left(\frac{1 - \sqrt{1-z}}{1 + \sqrt{1-z}}\right)^2\right)$$

## Complex characteristics

### Real part

08.02.19.0001.01

$$\operatorname{Re}(K(x + iy)) = \frac{\pi}{2} F_{2 \times 1 \times 1}^{4 \times 0 \times 0} \left( \begin{matrix} \frac{3}{4}, \frac{3}{4}, \frac{5}{4}, \frac{5}{4}; \\ 1, \frac{3}{2}; \frac{1}{2}; \frac{3}{2} \end{matrix}; -y^2, x^2 \right) + \frac{\pi x}{8} F_{2 \times 1 \times 1}^{4 \times 0 \times 0} \left( \begin{matrix} \frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{4}, \frac{3}{4}, \frac{3}{4}; \\ 1, \frac{1}{2}; \frac{1}{2}; \frac{1}{2} \end{matrix}; -y^2, x^2 \right); x \in \mathbb{R} \wedge y \in \mathbb{R}$$

08.02.19.0003.01

$$\operatorname{Re}(K(e^{ix})) = \frac{1}{2} \cos\left(\frac{x}{4}\right) K\left(1 - \sin^2\left(\frac{x}{4}\right)\right) + \frac{1}{2} K\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{x}{4}\right)\right) \sin\left(\frac{x}{4}\right); x \in \mathbb{R} \wedge 0 < x < \pi$$

### Imaginary part

08.02.19.0002.01

$$\operatorname{Im}(K(x + iy)) = \frac{\pi y}{8} F_{2 \times 1 \times 1}^{4 \times 0 \times 0} \left( \begin{matrix} \frac{3}{4}, \frac{5}{4}, \frac{3}{4}, \frac{5}{4}; \\ 1, \frac{3}{2}; \frac{3}{2}; \frac{1}{2} \end{matrix}; -y^2, x^2 \right) + \frac{9\pi xy}{64} F_{2 \times 1 \times 1}^{4 \times 0 \times 0} \left( \begin{matrix} \frac{5}{4}, \frac{7}{4}, \frac{7}{4}, \frac{5}{4}; \\ 2, \frac{3}{2}; \frac{3}{2}; \frac{3}{2} \end{matrix}; -y^2, x^2 \right); x \in \mathbb{R} \wedge y \in \mathbb{R}$$

08.02.19.0004.01

$$\operatorname{Im}(K(e^{ix})) = \frac{1}{2} \cos\left(\frac{x}{4}\right) K\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{x}{4}\right)\right) - \frac{1}{2} K\left(1 - \sin^2\left(\frac{x}{4}\right)\right) \sin\left(\frac{x}{4}\right); x \in \mathbb{R} \wedge 0 < x < \pi$$

## Differentiation

### Low-order differentiation

08.02.20.0001.01

$$\frac{\partial K(z)}{\partial z} = \frac{E(z) - (1-z)K(z)}{2(1-z)z}$$

08.02.20.0002.01

$$\frac{\partial^2 K(z)}{\partial z^2} = \frac{2(2z-1)E(z) + (3z^2 - 5z + 2)K(z)}{4(z-1)^2 z^2}$$

### Symbolic differentiation

08.02.20.0003.02

$$\frac{\partial^n K(z)}{\partial z^n} = \frac{\pi \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)_n^2}{2n!} {}_2F_1\left(n + \frac{1}{2}, n + \frac{1}{2}; n + 1; z\right); n \in \mathbb{N}$$

08.02.20.0004.02

$$\frac{\partial^n K(z)}{\partial z^n} = \frac{\pi z^{-n}}{2} {}_2\tilde{F}_1\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2}; 1 - n; z\right); n \in \mathbb{N}$$

## Fractional integro-differentiation

08.02.20.0005.01

$$\frac{\partial^\alpha K(z)}{\partial z^\alpha} = \frac{\pi z^{-\alpha}}{2} {}_2\tilde{F}_1\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2}; 1 - \alpha; z\right)$$

## Integration

### Indefinite integration

#### Involving only one direct function

08.02.21.0001.01

$$\int K(a z) dz = \frac{2(E(a z) + (a z - 1) K(a z))}{a}$$

08.02.21.0002.01

$$\int K(z) dz = 2(E(z) + (z - 1) K(z))$$

#### Involving one direct function and elementary functions

### Involving power function

#### Involving power

### Linear argument

08.02.21.0003.01

$$\int z^{\alpha-1} K(a z) dz = \frac{\pi}{2\alpha} z^\alpha {}_3F_2\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2}, \alpha; 1, \alpha + 1; a z\right)$$

08.02.21.0004.01

$$\int z^{\alpha-1} K(z) dz = \frac{\pi z^\alpha}{2\alpha} {}_3F_2\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2}, \alpha; 1, \alpha + 1; z\right)$$

08.02.21.0005.01

$$\int z K(a z) dz = \frac{2((a z + 4)E(a z) + (3 a^2 z^2 + a z - 4) K(a z))}{9 a^2}$$

08.02.21.0006.01

$$\int \frac{K(a z)}{\sqrt{z}} dz = \pi \sqrt{z} {}_3F_2\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2}; 1, \frac{3}{2}; a z\right)$$

08.02.21.0007.01

$$\int \frac{K(a z)}{z} dz = \frac{1}{8} \pi \left( a z {}_4F_3\left(1, 1, \frac{3}{2}, \frac{3}{2}; 2, 2, 2; a z\right) - 4 \gamma^2 - 8 \log(4) + 4 \log(-a z) + 4 \right)$$

08.02.21.0008.01

$$\int \frac{K(a z)}{z^2} dz = \frac{1}{128 z} \left( \pi \left( 9 a^2 {}_4F_3\left(1, 1, \frac{5}{2}, \frac{5}{2}; 2, 3, 3; a z\right) z^2 + 16(-2 a z (\log(4) - 1) + a z \log(-a z) - 4) \right) \right)$$

## Power arguments

08.02.21.0009.01

$$\int z^{\alpha-1} K(a z^r) dz = \frac{\pi}{2\alpha} z^\alpha {}_3F_2\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{\alpha}{r}; 1, \frac{\alpha}{r} + 1; a z^r\right)$$

08.02.21.0010.01

$$\int z K(a z^2) dz = \frac{E(a z^2) + (a z^2 - 1) K(a z^2)}{a}$$

08.02.21.0011.01

$$\int z^3 K(a z^2) dz = \frac{(a z^2 + 4) E(a z^2) + (3 a^2 z^4 + a z^2 - 4) K(a z^2)}{9 a^2}$$

08.02.21.0012.01

$$\int z^5 K(a z^2) dz = \frac{1}{225 a^3} ((9 a^2 z^4 + 16 a z^2 + 64) E(a z^2) + (45 a^3 z^6 + 3 a^2 z^4 + 16 a z^2 - 64) K(a z^2))$$

08.02.21.0013.01

$$\int K(a z^2) dz = \frac{1}{2} \pi z {}_3F_2\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2}; 1, \frac{3}{2}; a z^2\right)$$

08.02.21.0014.01

$$\int \frac{K(a z^2)}{z} dz = \frac{1}{16} \pi \left( a {}_4F_3\left(1, 1, \frac{3}{2}, \frac{3}{2}; 2, 2, 2; a z^2\right) z^2 - 4 \gamma^2 - 8 \log(4) + 4 \log(-a z^2) + 4 \right)$$

08.02.21.0015.01

$$\int \frac{K(a z^2)}{z^2} dz = -\frac{E(a z^2)}{z}$$

08.02.21.0016.01

$$\int \frac{K(a z^2)}{z^3} dz = \frac{1}{256 z^2} \left( \pi \left( 9 a^2 {}_4F_3\left(1, 1, \frac{5}{2}, \frac{5}{2}; 2, 3, 3; a z^2\right) z^4 + 16 (-2 a (\log(4) - 1) z^2 + a \log(-a z^2) z^2 - 4) \right) \right)$$

## Involving algebraic functions

08.02.21.0017.01

$$\int \frac{z E(z^2)}{(1 - z^2)^{3/2}} dz = \frac{E(z^2) + (z^2 - 1) K(z^2)}{\sqrt{1 - z^2}}$$

## Definite integration

### For the direct function itself

08.02.21.0018.01

$$\int_0^1 t^{\alpha-1} K(t) dt = \frac{\pi}{2\alpha} {}_3F_2\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2}, \alpha; 1, \alpha + 1; 1\right) /; \operatorname{Re}(\alpha) > 0$$

08.02.21.0019.01

$$\int_0^\infty t^{\alpha-1} K(-t) dt = \frac{\Gamma\left(\frac{1}{2} - \alpha\right)^2 \Gamma(\alpha)}{2 \Gamma(1 - \alpha)} /; 0 < \operatorname{Re}(\alpha) < \frac{1}{2}$$

08.02.21.0020.01

$$\int_0^\infty \sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{a^2+x^2}-a}{a^2+x^2}} \frac{1}{b+\sqrt{b^2+x^2}} K\left(\frac{\sqrt{b^2+x^2}-b}{b+\sqrt{b^2+x^2}}\right) dx = \frac{\sqrt{a-\sqrt{a^2-b^2}}}{b} \operatorname{sech}^2(\alpha) K(\operatorname{sech}^2(\alpha)) K(\tanh^2(\alpha));$$

$$\operatorname{Re}(a) \geq \operatorname{Re}(b) > 0 \wedge \cosh^{-1} \left( \frac{\sqrt{b + \sqrt{2a^2 - 2a\sqrt{a^2 - b^2}}}}{\sqrt{2b}} \right)$$

## Representations through more general functions

### Through hypergeometric functions

#### Involving ${}_2F_1$

08.02.26.0001.01

$$K(z) = \frac{\pi}{2} {}_2F_1\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2}; 1; z\right)$$

### Through Meijer G

#### Classical cases for the direct function itself

08.02.26.0002.01

$$K(z) = \frac{1}{2} G_{2,2}^{1,2}\left(-z \left| \begin{matrix} \frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2} \\ 0, 0 \end{matrix} \right.\right)$$

#### Classical cases involving algebraic functions

08.02.26.0142.01

$$K(1-z) = \frac{1}{2\pi} G_{2,2}^{2,2}\left(z \left| \begin{matrix} \frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2} \\ 0, 0 \end{matrix} \right.\right); z \notin (-\infty, -1)$$

08.02.26.0003.01

$$\frac{1}{\sqrt{z+1}} K\left(\frac{1}{z+1}\right) = \frac{1}{2} G_{2,2}^{2,1}\left(z \left| \begin{matrix} \frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2} \\ 0, 0 \end{matrix} \right.\right); z \notin (-1, 0)$$

08.02.26.0004.01

$$\frac{1}{\sqrt{z+1}} K\left(\frac{z}{z+1}\right) = \frac{1}{2} G_{2,2}^{1,2}\left(z \left| \begin{matrix} \frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2} \\ 0, 0 \end{matrix} \right.\right); z \notin (-\infty, -1)$$

08.02.26.0005.01

$$K\left(-\frac{(\sqrt{z}-1)^2}{4\sqrt{z}}\right) = \frac{1}{2\pi} G_{2,2}^{2,2}\left(z \left| \begin{matrix} \frac{3}{4}, \frac{3}{4} \\ \frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{4} \end{matrix} \right.\right); z \notin (-\infty, 0)$$

08.02.26.0006.01

$$\frac{1}{\sqrt{z} + 1} K \left( \frac{4\sqrt{z}}{(\sqrt{z} + 1)^2} \right) = \frac{\pi}{2} G_{2,2}^{1,1} \left( z \left| \begin{matrix} \frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2} \\ 0, 0 \end{matrix} \right. \right)$$

08.02.26.0007.01

$$\frac{1}{\sqrt{z} + 1} K \left( \left( \frac{1 - \sqrt{z}}{1 + \sqrt{z}} \right)^2 \right) = \frac{1}{4\pi} G_{2,2}^{2,2} \left( z \left| \begin{matrix} \frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2} \\ 0, 0 \end{matrix} \right. \right)$$

08.02.26.0008.01

$$K \left( \frac{1}{2} (1 - \sqrt{z+1}) \right) = \frac{\pi}{2\Gamma\left(\frac{1}{4}\right)^2} G_{2,2}^{1,2} \left( z \left| \begin{matrix} \frac{3}{4}, \frac{3}{4} \\ 0, 0 \end{matrix} \right. \right)$$

08.02.26.0009.01

$$\frac{1}{\sqrt{z+1}} K \left( \frac{1 - \sqrt{z+1}}{2} \right) = \frac{\pi}{2\Gamma\left(\frac{3}{4}\right)^2} G_{2,2}^{1,2} \left( z \left| \begin{matrix} \frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{4} \\ 0, 0 \end{matrix} \right. \right)$$

08.02.26.0010.01

$$\sqrt{\sqrt{z+1} - 1} K \left( \frac{2(\sqrt{z+1} - 1)}{z} \right) = \frac{\pi}{2\Gamma\left(\frac{1}{4}\right)^2} G_{2,2}^{2,1} \left( z \left| \begin{matrix} \frac{5}{4}, \frac{5}{4} \\ \frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2} \end{matrix} \right. \right) / z \notin (-1, 0)$$

08.02.26.0011.01

$$\frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{z+1} - 1}}{\sqrt{z+1}} K \left( \frac{2(\sqrt{z+1} - 1)}{z} \right) = \frac{\pi}{2\Gamma\left(\frac{3}{4}\right)^2} G_{2,2}^{2,1} \left( z \left| \begin{matrix} \frac{3}{4}, \frac{3}{4} \\ \frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2} \end{matrix} \right. \right) / z \notin (-1, 0)$$

08.02.26.0012.01

$$\frac{1}{\sqrt{\sqrt{z+1} - 1}} K \left( -\frac{2(\sqrt{z+1} + 1)}{z} \right) = \frac{\pi}{2\Gamma\left(\frac{1}{4}\right)^2} G_{2,2}^{2,1} \left( z \left| \begin{matrix} \frac{3}{4}, \frac{3}{4} \\ 0, 0 \end{matrix} \right. \right) /; z \notin (-1, 0)$$

08.02.26.0013.01

$$\frac{1}{\sqrt{z+1} \sqrt{\sqrt{z+1} - 1}} K \left( -\frac{2(\sqrt{z+1} + 1)}{z} \right) = \frac{\pi}{2\Gamma\left(\frac{3}{4}\right)^2} G_{2,2}^{2,1} \left( z \left| \begin{matrix} \frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{4} \\ 0, 0 \end{matrix} \right. \right) /; z \notin (-1, 0)$$

08.02.26.0014.01

$$\frac{1}{\sqrt{\sqrt{z+1} - 1}} K \left( \frac{2}{1 - \sqrt{z+1}} \right) = \frac{\pi}{2\Gamma\left(\frac{1}{4}\right)^2} G_{2,2}^{2,1} \left( z \left| \begin{matrix} \frac{3}{4}, \frac{3}{4} \\ 0, 0 \end{matrix} \right. \right) /; z \notin (-1, 0)$$

08.02.26.0015.01

$$\frac{1}{\sqrt{z+1} \sqrt{\sqrt{z+1} - 1}} K \left( \frac{2}{1 - \sqrt{z+1}} \right) = \frac{\pi}{2\Gamma\left(\frac{3}{4}\right)^2} G_{2,2}^{2,1} \left( z \left| \begin{matrix} \frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{4} \\ 0, 0 \end{matrix} \right. \right) /; z \notin (-1, 0)$$

08.02.26.0016.01

$$K \left( \frac{\sqrt{z} - \sqrt{z+1}}{2\sqrt{z}} \right) = \frac{\pi}{2\Gamma\left(\frac{1}{4}\right)^2} G_{2,2}^{2,1} \left( z \left| \begin{matrix} 1, 1 \\ \frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{4} \end{matrix} \right. \right) / z \notin (-1, 0)$$



08.02.26.0017.01

$$\frac{1}{\sqrt{z+1}} K\left(\frac{\sqrt{z}-\sqrt{z+1}}{2\sqrt{z}}\right) = \frac{\pi}{2\Gamma\left(\frac{3}{4}\right)^2} G_{2,2}^{2,1}\left(z \left| \begin{matrix} \frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2} \\ \frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{4} \end{matrix} \right. \right) / z \notin (-1, 0)$$

08.02.26.0018.01

$$\frac{1}{\sqrt[4]{z+1}} K\left(\frac{\sqrt{z+1}-1}{2\sqrt{z+1}}\right) = \frac{1}{2\sqrt{2}} G_{2,2}^{1,2}\left(z \left| \begin{matrix} \frac{1}{4}, \frac{3}{4} \\ 0, 0 \end{matrix} \right. \right)$$

08.02.26.0019.01

$$\frac{1}{\sqrt[4]{z+1}} K\left(\frac{\sqrt{z+1}-\sqrt{z}}{2\sqrt{z+1}}\right) = \frac{1}{2\sqrt{2}} G_{2,2}^{2,1}\left(z \left| \begin{matrix} \frac{3}{4}, \frac{3}{4} \\ 0, \frac{1}{2} \end{matrix} \right. \right) /; z \notin (-1, 0)$$

08.02.26.0020.01

$$\frac{1}{\sqrt[4]{z+1}} K\left(\frac{1}{2(\sqrt{z}+\sqrt{z+1})\sqrt{z+1}}\right) = \frac{1}{2\sqrt{2}} G_{2,2}^{2,1}\left(z \left| \begin{matrix} \frac{3}{4}, \frac{3}{4} \\ 0, \frac{1}{2} \end{matrix} \right. \right) /; z \notin (-1, 0)$$

08.02.26.0021.01

$$\frac{1}{\sqrt[4]{z+1}} K\left(\frac{z}{2(\sqrt{z+1}+1)\sqrt{z+1}}\right) = \frac{1}{2\sqrt{2}} G_{2,2}^{1,2}\left(z \left| \begin{matrix} \frac{3}{4}, \frac{1}{4} \\ 0, 0 \end{matrix} \right. \right)$$

08.02.26.0022.01

$$\frac{1}{\sqrt{\sqrt{z+1}+1}} K\left(\frac{\sqrt{z+1}-1}{\sqrt{z+1}+1}\right) = \frac{\pi}{2\sqrt{2}\Gamma\left(\frac{1}{4}\right)^2} G_{2,2}^{1,2}\left(z \left| \begin{matrix} \frac{3}{4}, \frac{3}{4} \\ 0, 0 \end{matrix} \right. \right)$$

08.02.26.0023.01

$$\frac{1}{\sqrt{z+1}\sqrt{\sqrt{z+1}+1}} K\left(\frac{\sqrt{z+1}-1}{\sqrt{z+1}+1}\right) = \frac{\pi}{2\sqrt{2}\Gamma\left(\frac{3}{4}\right)^2} G_{2,2}^{1,2}\left(z \left| \begin{matrix} \frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{4} \\ 0, 0 \end{matrix} \right. \right)$$

08.02.26.0024.01

$$\frac{1}{\sqrt{\sqrt{z+1}+1}} K\left(\frac{1-\sqrt{z+1}}{1+\sqrt{z+1}}\right) = \frac{1}{4} G_{2,2}^{1,2}\left(z \left| \begin{matrix} \frac{1}{4}, \frac{3}{4} \\ 0, 0 \end{matrix} \right. \right)$$

08.02.26.0025.01

$$\frac{1}{\sqrt{\sqrt{z}+\sqrt{z+1}}} K\left(\frac{\sqrt{z+1}-\sqrt{z}}{\sqrt{z}+1+\sqrt{z}}\right) = \frac{\pi}{2\sqrt{2}\Gamma\left(\frac{1}{4}\right)^2} G_{2,2}^{2,1}\left(z \left| \begin{matrix} \frac{3}{4}, \frac{3}{4} \\ 0, 0 \end{matrix} \right. \right) /; z \notin (-1, 0)$$

08.02.26.0026.01

$$\frac{1}{\sqrt{z+1}\sqrt{\sqrt{z}+\sqrt{z+1}}} K\left(\frac{\sqrt{z+1}-\sqrt{z}}{\sqrt{z}+\sqrt{z+1}}\right) = \frac{\pi}{2\sqrt{2}\Gamma\left(\frac{3}{4}\right)^2} G_{2,2}^{2,1}\left(z \left| \begin{matrix} \frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{4} \\ 0, 0 \end{matrix} \right. \right) /; z \notin (-1, 0)$$

08.02.26.0027.01

$$\frac{1}{\sqrt{\sqrt{z}+\sqrt{z+1}}} K\left(\frac{\sqrt{z}-\sqrt{z+1}}{\sqrt{z}+\sqrt{z+1}}\right) = \frac{1}{4} G_{2,2}^{2,1}\left(z \left| \begin{matrix} \frac{3}{4}, \frac{3}{4} \\ 0, \frac{1}{2} \end{matrix} \right. \right) /; z \notin (-1, 0)$$

08.02.26.0028.01

$$\sqrt{\sqrt{z+1} - \sqrt{z}} K\left(2\left(\sqrt{z^2+z} - z\right)\right) = \frac{\pi}{2\Gamma\left(\frac{1}{4}\right)^2} G_{2,2}^{1,2}\left(z \left| \begin{matrix} \frac{3}{4}, \frac{3}{4} \\ 0, 0 \end{matrix} \right. \right); \operatorname{Re}(z) \geq 0$$

08.02.26.0029.01

$$\frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{z+1} - \sqrt{z}}}{\sqrt{z+1}} K\left(2\left(\sqrt{z^2+z} - z\right)\right) = \frac{\pi}{2\Gamma\left(\frac{3}{4}\right)^2} G_{2,2}^{1,2}\left(z \left| \begin{matrix} \frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{4} \\ 0, 0 \end{matrix} \right. \right); \operatorname{Re}(z) \geq 0$$

08.02.26.0030.01

$$\frac{1}{\sqrt{\sqrt{z+1} - \sqrt{z}}} K\left(-2\left(z + \sqrt{z^2+z}\right)\right) = \frac{\pi}{2\Gamma\left(\frac{1}{4}\right)^2} G_{2,2}^{1,2}\left(z \left| \begin{matrix} \frac{3}{4}, \frac{3}{4} \\ 0, 0 \end{matrix} \right. \right); \operatorname{Re}(z) \geq 0$$

08.02.26.0031.01

$$\frac{1}{\sqrt{z+1} \sqrt{\sqrt{z+1} - \sqrt{z}}} K\left(-2\left(z + \sqrt{z^2+z}\right)\right) = \frac{\pi}{2\Gamma\left(\frac{3}{4}\right)^2} G_{2,2}^{1,2}\left(z \left| \begin{matrix} \frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{4} \\ 0, 0 \end{matrix} \right. \right); \operatorname{Re}(z) \geq 0$$

08.02.26.0032.01

$$(\sqrt{z+1} - 1) K\left(\frac{4\sqrt{z+1}}{(\sqrt{z+1} + 1)^2}\right) = \frac{1}{2} G_{2,2}^{2,1}\left(z \left| \begin{matrix} \frac{3}{2}, \frac{3}{2} \\ 1, 1 \end{matrix} \right. \right); \operatorname{Re}(z) \geq 0$$

08.02.26.0033.01

$$(\sqrt{z+1} + 1) K\left(-\frac{4\sqrt{z+1}}{(1 - \sqrt{z+1})^2}\right) = \frac{1}{2} G_{2,2}^{2,1}\left(z \left| \begin{matrix} \frac{3}{2}, \frac{3}{2} \\ 1, 1 \end{matrix} \right. \right); \operatorname{Re}(z) \geq 0$$

08.02.26.0034.01

$$(\sqrt{z+1} - \sqrt{z}) K\left(\frac{4\sqrt{z^2+z}}{(\sqrt{z} + \sqrt{z+1})^2}\right) = \frac{1}{2} G_{2,2}^{1,2}\left(z \left| \begin{matrix} \frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2} \\ 0, 0 \end{matrix} \right. \right); \operatorname{Re}(z) \geq 0$$

08.02.26.0035.01

$$(\sqrt{z} + \sqrt{z+1}) K\left(-\frac{4\sqrt{z^2+z}}{(\sqrt{z} - \sqrt{z+1})^2}\right) = \frac{1}{2} G_{2,2}^{1,2}\left(z \left| \begin{matrix} \frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2} \\ 0, 0 \end{matrix} \right. \right); \operatorname{Re}(z) \geq 0$$

08.02.26.0036.01

$$\frac{1}{\sqrt[4]{z+1}} K\left(-\frac{(\sqrt{z+1} - 1)^2}{4\sqrt{z+1}}\right) = \frac{1}{2} G_{2,2}^{1,2}\left(z \left| \begin{matrix} \frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2} \\ 0, 0 \end{matrix} \right. \right)$$

08.02.26.0037.01

$$\frac{1}{\sqrt[4]{z+1}} K\left(-\frac{(\sqrt{z+1} - \sqrt{z})^2}{4\sqrt{z} \sqrt{z+1}}\right) = \frac{1}{2} G_{2,2}^{2,1}\left(z \left| \begin{matrix} \frac{3}{4}, \frac{3}{4} \\ \frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{4} \end{matrix} \right. \right); z \notin (-1, 0)$$

08.02.26.0038.01

$$(\sqrt{z+1} - \sqrt{z}) K\left((\sqrt{z} - \sqrt{z+1})^4\right) = \frac{1}{4} G_{2,2}^{2,1}\left(z \left| \begin{matrix} \frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2} \\ 0, 0 \end{matrix} \right. \right); z \notin (-1, 0)$$

08.02.26.0039.01

$$\frac{1}{\sqrt{z} + \sqrt{z+1}} K\left((\sqrt{z} - \sqrt{z+1})^4\right) = \frac{1}{4} G_{2,2}^{2,1}\left(z \left| \begin{matrix} \frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2} \\ 0, 0 \end{matrix} \right. \right); z \notin (-1, 0)$$

08.02.26.0040.01

$$(\sqrt{z+1} - \sqrt{z}) K\left(\frac{1}{(\sqrt{z} + \sqrt{z+1})^4}\right) = \frac{1}{4} G_{2,2}^{2,1}\left(z \left| \begin{matrix} \frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2} \\ 0, 0 \end{matrix} \right. \right); z \notin (-1, 0)$$

08.02.26.0041.01

$$\frac{1}{\sqrt{z} + \sqrt{z+1}} K\left(\frac{1}{(\sqrt{z} + \sqrt{z+1})^4}\right) = \frac{1}{4} G_{2,2}^{2,1}\left(z \left| \begin{matrix} \frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2} \\ 0, 0 \end{matrix} \right. \right); z \notin (-1, 0)$$

08.02.26.0042.01

$$(\sqrt{z+1} - 1) K\left(\frac{(\sqrt{z+1} - 1)^4}{z^2}\right) = \frac{1}{4} G_{2,2}^{1,2}\left(z \left| \begin{matrix} \frac{3}{2}, \frac{3}{2} \\ 1, 1 \end{matrix} \right. \right)$$

08.02.26.0043.01

$$\frac{1}{\sqrt{z+1} + 1} K\left(\frac{(1 - \sqrt{z+1})^4}{z^2}\right) = \frac{1}{4} G_{2,2}^{1,2}\left(z \left| \begin{matrix} \frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2} \\ 0, 0 \end{matrix} \right. \right)$$

08.02.26.0044.01

$$(\sqrt{z+1} - 1) K\left(\frac{z^2}{(\sqrt{z+1} + 1)^4}\right) = \frac{1}{4} G_{2,2}^{1,2}\left(z \left| \begin{matrix} \frac{3}{2}, \frac{3}{2} \\ 1, 1 \end{matrix} \right. \right)$$

08.02.26.0045.01

$$\frac{1}{\sqrt{z+1} + 1} K\left(\frac{z^2}{(\sqrt{z+1} + 1)^4}\right) = \frac{1}{4} G_{2,2}^{1,2}\left(z \left| \begin{matrix} \frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2} \\ 0, 0 \end{matrix} \right. \right)$$

### Classical cases involving unit step $\theta$

08.02.26.0046.01

$$\theta(1 - |z|) K(1 - z) = \frac{\pi}{2} G_{2,2}^{2,0}\left(z \left| \begin{matrix} \frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2} \\ 0, 0 \end{matrix} \right. \right); z \notin (-1, 0)$$

08.02.26.0047.01

$$\theta(|z| - 1) K(1 - z) = \frac{\pi}{2} G_{2,2}^{0,2}\left(z \left| \begin{matrix} \frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2} \\ 0, 0 \end{matrix} \right. \right)$$

08.02.26.0048.01

$$\theta(1 - |z|) K\left(1 - \frac{1}{z}\right) = \frac{\pi}{2} G_{2,2}^{2,0}\left(z \left| \begin{matrix} 1, 1 \\ \frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2} \end{matrix} \right. \right)$$

08.02.26.0049.01

$$\theta(|z| - 1) K\left(1 - \frac{1}{z}\right) = \frac{\pi}{2} G_{2,2}^{0,2}\left(z \left| \begin{matrix} 1, 1 \\ \frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2} \end{matrix} \right. \right); z \notin (-\infty, -1)$$

08.02.26.0050.01

$$\theta(1 - |z|) K\left(\frac{1 - \sqrt{z}}{2}\right) = \frac{\pi}{2} G_{2,2}^{2,0}\left(z \left| \begin{matrix} \frac{3}{4}, \frac{3}{4} \\ 0, \frac{1}{2} \end{matrix} \right. \right); z \notin (-1, 0)$$

08.02.26.0051.01

$$\theta(|z| - 1) K\left(\frac{1 - \sqrt{z}}{2}\right) = \frac{\pi}{2} G_{2,2}^{0,2}\left(z \left| \begin{matrix} \frac{3}{4}, \frac{3}{4} \\ 0, \frac{1}{2} \end{matrix} \right. \right)$$

08.02.26.0052.01

$$\theta(1 - |z|) K\left(\frac{\sqrt{z} - 1}{2\sqrt{z}}\right) = \frac{\pi}{2} G_{2,2}^{2,0}\left(z \left| \begin{matrix} \frac{1}{2}, 1 \\ \frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{4} \end{matrix} \right. \right); z \notin (-1, 0)$$

08.02.26.0053.01

$$\theta(|z| - 1) K\left(\frac{\sqrt{z} - 1}{2\sqrt{z}}\right) = \frac{\pi}{2} G_{2,2}^{0,2}\left(z \left| \begin{matrix} \frac{1}{2}, 1 \\ \frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{4} \end{matrix} \right. \right)$$

08.02.26.0054.01

$$\frac{\theta(1 - |z|)}{\sqrt{\sqrt{z} + 1}} K\left(\frac{1 - \sqrt{z}}{1 + \sqrt{z}}\right) = \frac{\pi}{2\sqrt{2}} G_{2,2}^{2,0}\left(z \left| \begin{matrix} \frac{1}{4}, \frac{3}{4} \\ 0, 0 \end{matrix} \right. \right); z \notin (-1, 0)$$

08.02.26.0055.01

$$\frac{\theta(|z| - 1)}{\sqrt{\sqrt{z} + 1}} K\left(\frac{1 - \sqrt{z}}{1 + \sqrt{z}}\right) = \frac{\pi}{2\sqrt{2}} G_{2,2}^{0,2}\left(z \left| \begin{matrix} \frac{1}{4}, \frac{3}{4} \\ 0, 0 \end{matrix} \right. \right)$$

08.02.26.0056.01

$$\frac{\theta(1 - |z|)}{\sqrt{\sqrt{z} + 1}} K\left(\frac{\sqrt{z} - 1}{\sqrt{z} + 1}\right) = \frac{\pi}{2\sqrt{2}} G_{2,2}^{2,0}\left(z \left| \begin{matrix} \frac{3}{4}, \frac{3}{4} \\ 0, \frac{1}{2} \end{matrix} \right. \right); z \notin (-1, 0)$$

08.02.26.0057.01

$$\frac{\theta(|z| - 1)}{\sqrt{\sqrt{z} + 1}} K\left(\frac{\sqrt{z} - 1}{\sqrt{z} + 1}\right) = \frac{\pi}{2\sqrt{2}} G_{2,2}^{0,2}\left(z \left| \begin{matrix} \frac{3}{4}, \frac{3}{4} \\ 0, \frac{1}{2} \end{matrix} \right. \right)$$

08.02.26.0058.01

$$\theta(1 - |z|) K\left(-\frac{(\sqrt{z} - 1)^2}{4\sqrt{z}}\right) = \frac{\pi}{2} G_{2,2}^{2,0}\left(z \left| \begin{matrix} \frac{3}{4}, \frac{3}{4} \\ \frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{4} \end{matrix} \right. \right); z \notin (-1, 0)$$

08.02.26.0059.01

$$\theta(|z| - 1) K\left(-\frac{(\sqrt{z} - 1)^2}{4\sqrt{z}}\right) = \frac{\pi}{2} G_{2,2}^{0,2}\left(z \left| \begin{matrix} \frac{3}{4}, \frac{3}{4} \\ \frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{4} \end{matrix} \right. \right)$$

08.02.26.0060.01

$$\frac{\theta(1-|z|)}{\sqrt{z}+1} K\left(\left(\frac{1-\sqrt{z}}{1+\sqrt{z}}\right)^2\right) = \frac{\pi}{4} G_{2,2}^{2,0}\left(z \left| \begin{matrix} \frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2} \\ 0, 0 \end{matrix} \right. \right); z \notin (-1, 0)$$

08.02.26.0061.01

$$\frac{\theta(|z|-1)}{\sqrt{z}+1} K\left(\left(\frac{1-\sqrt{z}}{1+\sqrt{z}}\right)^2\right) = \frac{\pi}{4} G_{2,2}^{0,2}\left(z \left| \begin{matrix} \frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2} \\ 0, 0 \end{matrix} \right. \right)$$

08.02.26.0062.01

$$\theta(1-|z|) \sqrt{1-\sqrt{1-z}} K\left(\frac{2\sqrt{1-z}}{\sqrt{1-z}+1}\right) = \frac{\pi}{2} G_{2,2}^{2,0}\left(z \left| \begin{matrix} \frac{3}{4}, \frac{5}{4} \\ \frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2} \end{matrix} \right. \right); z \notin (-1, 0)$$

08.02.26.0063.01

$$\frac{\theta(1-|z|)}{\sqrt{\sqrt{1-z}+1}} K\left(\frac{2\sqrt{1-z}}{\sqrt{1-z}+1}\right) = \frac{\pi}{2} G_{2,2}^{2,0}\left(z \left| \begin{matrix} \frac{1}{4}, \frac{3}{4} \\ 0, 0 \end{matrix} \right. \right); z \notin (-1, 0)$$

08.02.26.0064.01

$$\frac{\theta(|z|-1)}{\sqrt{\sqrt{1-z}+1}} K\left(\frac{2\sqrt{1-z}}{\sqrt{1-z}+1}\right) = \frac{\pi}{2} G_{2,2}^{0,2}\left(z \left| \begin{matrix} \frac{1}{4}, \frac{3}{4} \\ 0, 0 \end{matrix} \right. \right)$$

08.02.26.0065.01

$$\theta(|z|-1) \sqrt{\sqrt{1-z}+1} K\left(\frac{2\sqrt{1-z}}{\sqrt{1-z}-1}\right) = \frac{\pi}{2} G_{2,2}^{0,2}\left(z \left| \begin{matrix} \frac{3}{4}, \frac{5}{4} \\ \frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2} \end{matrix} \right. \right); z \notin (-\infty, -1)$$

08.02.26.0066.01

$$\frac{\theta(1-|z|)}{\sqrt{1-\sqrt{1-z}}} K\left(\frac{2\sqrt{1-z}}{\sqrt{1-z}-1}\right) = \frac{\pi}{2} G_{2,2}^{2,0}\left(z \left| \begin{matrix} \frac{1}{4}, \frac{3}{4} \\ 0, 0 \end{matrix} \right. \right); z \notin (-1, 0)$$

08.02.26.0067.01

$$\frac{\theta(|z|-1)}{\sqrt{1-\sqrt{1-z}}} K\left(\frac{2\sqrt{1-z}}{\sqrt{1-z}-1}\right) = \frac{\pi}{2} G_{2,2}^{0,2}\left(z \left| \begin{matrix} \frac{1}{4}, \frac{3}{4} \\ 0, 0 \end{matrix} \right. \right); z \notin (-\infty, -1)$$

08.02.26.0068.01

$$\frac{\theta(1-|z|)}{\sqrt{1-z}+1} K\left(\frac{4\sqrt{1-z}}{(\sqrt{1-z}+1)^2}\right) = \frac{\pi}{2} G_{2,2}^{2,0}\left(z \left| \begin{matrix} \frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2} \\ 0, 0 \end{matrix} \right. \right); \operatorname{Re}(z) > 0$$

08.02.26.0069.01

$$\frac{\theta(1-|z|)}{1-\sqrt{1-z}} K\left(-\frac{4\sqrt{1-z}}{(\sqrt{1-z}-1)^2}\right) = \frac{\pi}{2} G_{2,2}^{2,0}\left(z \left| \begin{matrix} \frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2} \\ 0, 0 \end{matrix} \right. \right); \operatorname{Re}(z) > 0$$

08.02.26.0070.01

$$\theta(1-|z|) \sqrt{1-\sqrt{1-z}} K\left(\frac{2\sqrt{1-z}(1-\sqrt{1-z})}{z}\right) = \frac{\pi}{2} G_{2,2}^{2,0}\left(z \left| \begin{matrix} \frac{3}{4}, \frac{5}{4} \\ \frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2} \end{matrix} \right. \right); z \notin (-1, 0)$$

08.02.26.0071.01

$$\theta(|z| - 1) \sqrt{\sqrt{z} - \sqrt{z-1}} K(2(\sqrt{z} - \sqrt{z-1})\sqrt{z-1}) = \frac{\pi}{2} G_{2,2}^{0,2} \left( z \left| \begin{matrix} \frac{3}{4}, \frac{3}{4} \\ 0, \frac{1}{2} \end{matrix} \right. \right); z \notin (-\infty, -1)$$

08.02.26.0072.01

$$\theta(|z| - 1) \sqrt{\sqrt{z} - \sqrt{z-1}} K \left( \frac{2\sqrt{z-1}}{\sqrt{z-1} + \sqrt{z}} \right) = \frac{\pi}{2} G_{2,2}^{0,2} \left( z \left| \begin{matrix} \frac{3}{4}, \frac{3}{4} \\ 0, \frac{1}{2} \end{matrix} \right. \right); z \notin (-\infty, -1)$$

08.02.26.0073.01

$$\frac{\theta(1 - |z|)}{\sqrt{\sqrt{z-1} + \sqrt{z}}} K \left( \frac{2\sqrt{z-1}}{\sqrt{z-1} + \sqrt{z}} \right) = \frac{\pi}{2} G_{2,2}^{2,0} \left( z \left| \begin{matrix} \frac{3}{4}, \frac{3}{4} \\ 0, \frac{1}{2} \end{matrix} \right. \right); z \notin (-1, 0)$$

08.02.26.0074.01

$$\frac{\theta(|z| - 1)}{\sqrt{\sqrt{z-1} + \sqrt{z}}} K \left( \frac{2\sqrt{z-1}}{\sqrt{z-1} + \sqrt{z}} \right) = \frac{\pi}{2} G_{2,2}^{0,2} \left( z \left| \begin{matrix} \frac{3}{4}, \frac{3}{4} \\ 0, \frac{1}{2} \end{matrix} \right. \right); z \notin (-\infty, -1)$$

08.02.26.0075.01

$$\theta(1 - |z|) \sqrt{\sqrt{z-1} + \sqrt{z}} K \left( \frac{2\sqrt{z-1}}{\sqrt{z-1} - \sqrt{z}} \right) = \frac{\pi}{2} G_{2,2}^{2,0} \left( z \left| \begin{matrix} \frac{3}{4}, \frac{3}{4} \\ 0, \frac{1}{2} \end{matrix} \right. \right); z \notin (-1, 0)$$

08.02.26.0076.01

$$\frac{\theta(1 - |z|)}{\sqrt{\sqrt{z} - \sqrt{z-1}}} K \left( \frac{2\sqrt{z-1}}{\sqrt{z-1} - \sqrt{z}} \right) = \frac{\pi}{2} G_{2,2}^{2,0} \left( z \left| \begin{matrix} \frac{3}{4}, \frac{3}{4} \\ 0, \frac{1}{2} \end{matrix} \right. \right); z \notin (-1, 0)$$

08.02.26.0077.01

$$\frac{\theta(|z| - 1)}{\sqrt{\sqrt{z-1} + \sqrt{z}}} K \left( \frac{2\sqrt{z-1}}{\sqrt{z-1} + \sqrt{z}} \right) = \frac{\pi}{2} G_{2,2}^{0,2} \left( z \left| \begin{matrix} \frac{3}{4}, \frac{3}{4} \\ 0, \frac{1}{2} \end{matrix} \right. \right)$$

08.02.26.0078.01

$$\frac{\theta(|z| - 1)}{\sqrt{z-1} + \sqrt{z}} K \left( \frac{4\sqrt{z-1}\sqrt{z}}{(\sqrt{z-1} + \sqrt{z})^2} \right) = \frac{\pi}{2} G_{2,2}^{0,2} \left( z \left| \begin{matrix} \frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2} \\ 0, 0 \end{matrix} \right. \right); \operatorname{Re}(z) > 0$$

08.02.26.0079.01

$$\frac{\theta(|z| - 1)}{\sqrt{z} - \sqrt{z-1}} K \left( -\frac{4\sqrt{z-1}\sqrt{z}}{(\sqrt{z-1} - \sqrt{z})^2} \right) = \frac{\pi}{2} G_{2,2}^{0,2} \left( z \left| \begin{matrix} \frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2} \\ 0, 0 \end{matrix} \right. \right); \operatorname{Re}(z) > 0$$

### Classical cases involving $\operatorname{sgn}$

08.02.26.0080.01

$$\frac{\operatorname{sgn}(1 - |z|)}{1 - \sqrt{z}} K \left( -\frac{4\sqrt{z}}{(\sqrt{z} - 1)^2} \right) = \frac{\pi}{2} G_{2,2}^{1,1} \left( z \left| \begin{matrix} \frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2} \\ 0, 0 \end{matrix} \right. \right)$$

### Classical cases involving powers of complete elliptic integral $K$

08.02.26.0081.01

$$K\left(\frac{1-\sqrt{z+1}}{2}\right)^2 = \frac{\sqrt{\pi}}{4} G_{3,3}^{1,3}\left(z \left| \begin{matrix} \frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2} \\ 0, 0, 0 \end{matrix} \right. \right)$$

08.02.26.0082.01

$$K\left(\frac{\sqrt{z}-\sqrt{z+1}}{2\sqrt{z}}\right)^2 = \frac{\sqrt{\pi}}{4} G_{3,3}^{3,1}\left(z \left| \begin{matrix} 1, 1, 1 \\ \frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2} \end{matrix} \right. \right); z \notin (-1, 0)$$

08.02.26.0083.01

$$\frac{1}{\sqrt{z}+\sqrt{z+1}} K\left((\sqrt{z+1}-\sqrt{z})^2\right) = \frac{\sqrt{\pi}}{8} G_{3,3}^{3,1}\left(z \left| \begin{matrix} \frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2} \\ 0, 0, 0 \end{matrix} \right. \right); z \notin (-1, 0)$$

08.02.26.0084.01

$$\frac{1}{\sqrt{z+1}+1} K\left(\frac{(\sqrt{z+1}-1)^2}{z}\right) = \frac{\sqrt{\pi}}{8} G_{3,3}^{1,3}\left(z \left| \begin{matrix} \frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2} \\ 0, 0, 0 \end{matrix} \right. \right); z \notin (-1, 0)$$

### Generalized cases involving algebraic functions

08.02.26.0085.01

$$K\left(-\frac{(z-1)^2}{4z}\right) = \frac{1}{2\pi} G_{2,2}^{2,2}\left(z, \frac{1}{2} \left| \begin{matrix} \frac{3}{4}, \frac{3}{4} \\ \frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{4} \end{matrix} \right. \right); z \notin (-\infty, 0)$$

08.02.26.0086.01

$$\frac{1}{z+1} K\left(\frac{4z}{(z+1)^2}\right) = \frac{\pi}{2} G_{2,2}^{1,1}\left(z, \frac{1}{2} \left| \begin{matrix} \frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2} \\ 0, 0 \end{matrix} \right. \right)$$

08.02.26.0087.01

$$\frac{1}{z+1} K\left(\frac{(1-z)^2}{(1+z)^2}\right) = \frac{1}{4\pi} G_{2,2}^{2,2}\left(z, \frac{1}{2} \left| \begin{matrix} \frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2} \\ 0, 0 \end{matrix} \right. \right)$$

08.02.26.0088.01

$$K\left(\frac{z-\sqrt{z^2+1}}{2z}\right) = \frac{\pi}{2\Gamma\left(\frac{1}{4}\right)^2} G_{2,2}^{2,1}\left(z, \frac{1}{2} \left| \begin{matrix} 1, 1 \\ \frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{4} \end{matrix} \right. \right); \operatorname{Re}(z) > 0$$

08.02.26.0089.01

$$\frac{1}{\sqrt{z^2+1}} K\left(\frac{z-\sqrt{z^2+1}}{2z}\right) = \frac{\pi}{2\Gamma\left(\frac{3}{4}\right)^2} G_{2,2}^{2,1}\left(z, \frac{1}{2} \left| \begin{matrix} \frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2} \\ \frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{4} \end{matrix} \right. \right); \operatorname{Re}(z) > 0$$

08.02.26.0090.01

$$\frac{1}{\sqrt[4]{z^2+1}} K\left(\frac{\sqrt{z^2+1}-z}{2\sqrt{z^2+1}}\right) = \frac{1}{2\sqrt{2}} G_{2,2}^{2,1}\left(z, \frac{1}{2} \left| \begin{matrix} \frac{3}{4}, \frac{3}{4} \\ 0, \frac{1}{2} \end{matrix} \right. \right); \operatorname{Re}(z) > 0$$

08.02.26.0091.01

$$\frac{1}{\sqrt[4]{z^2+1}} K\left(\frac{1}{2(z+\sqrt{z^2+1})\sqrt{z^2+1}}\right) = \frac{1}{2\sqrt{2}} G_{2,2}^{2,1}\left(z, \frac{1}{2} \left| \begin{matrix} \frac{3}{4}, \frac{3}{4} \\ 0, \frac{1}{2} \end{matrix} \right. \right); \operatorname{Re}(z) > 0$$

08.02.26.0092.01

$$\frac{1}{\sqrt{z+\sqrt{z^2+1}}} K\left(\frac{\sqrt{z^2+1}-z}{\sqrt{z^2+1}+z}\right) = \frac{\pi}{2\sqrt{2}\Gamma\left(\frac{1}{4}\right)^2} G_{2,2}^{2,1}\left(z, \frac{1}{2} \left| \begin{matrix} \frac{3}{4}, \frac{3}{4} \\ 0, 0 \end{matrix} \right. \right); \operatorname{Re}(z) > 0$$

08.02.26.0093.01

$$\frac{1}{\sqrt{z^2+1}\sqrt{\sqrt{z^2+1}+z}} K\left(\frac{\sqrt{z^2+1}-z}{\sqrt{z^2+1}+z}\right) = \frac{\pi}{2\sqrt{2}\Gamma\left(\frac{3}{4}\right)^2} G_{2,2}^{2,1}\left(z, \frac{1}{2} \left| \begin{matrix} \frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{4} \\ 0, 0 \end{matrix} \right. \right); \operatorname{Re}(z) > 0$$

08.02.26.0094.01

$$\frac{1}{\sqrt{z+\sqrt{z^2+1}}} K\left(\frac{z-\sqrt{z^2+1}}{z+\sqrt{z^2+1}}\right) = \frac{1}{4} G_{2,2}^{2,1}\left(z, \frac{1}{2} \left| \begin{matrix} \frac{3}{4}, \frac{3}{4} \\ 0, \frac{1}{2} \end{matrix} \right. \right); \operatorname{Re}(z) > 0$$

08.02.26.0095.01

$$\sqrt{\sqrt{z^2+1}-z} K\left(2z\left(\sqrt{z^2+1}-z\right)\right) = \frac{\pi}{2\Gamma\left(\frac{1}{4}\right)^2} G_{2,2}^{1,2}\left(z, \frac{1}{2} \left| \begin{matrix} \frac{3}{4}, \frac{3}{4} \\ 0, 0 \end{matrix} \right. \right)$$

08.02.26.0096.01

$$\frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{z^2+1}-z}}{\sqrt{z^2+1}} K\left(2z\left(\sqrt{z^2+1}-z\right)\right) = \frac{\pi}{2\Gamma\left(\frac{3}{4}\right)^2} G_{2,2}^{1,2}\left(z, \frac{1}{2} \left| \begin{matrix} \frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{4} \\ 0, 0 \end{matrix} \right. \right)$$

08.02.26.0097.01

$$\frac{1}{\sqrt{\sqrt{z^2+1}-z}} K\left(-2z\left(z+\sqrt{z^2+1}\right)\right) = \frac{\pi}{2\Gamma\left(\frac{1}{4}\right)^2} G_{2,2}^{1,2}\left(z, \frac{1}{2} \left| \begin{matrix} \frac{3}{4}, \frac{3}{4} \\ 0, 0 \end{matrix} \right. \right)$$

08.02.26.0098.01

$$\frac{1}{\sqrt{z^2+1}\sqrt{\sqrt{z^2+1}-z}} K\left(-2z\left(z+\sqrt{z^2+1}\right)\right) = \frac{\pi}{2\Gamma\left(\frac{3}{4}\right)^2} G_{2,2}^{1,2}\left(z, \frac{1}{2} \left| \begin{matrix} \frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{4} \\ 0, 0 \end{matrix} \right. \right)$$

08.02.26.0099.01

$$\left(\sqrt{z^2+1}-z\right) K\left(\frac{4z\sqrt{z^2+1}}{\left(z+\sqrt{z^2+1}\right)^2}\right) = \frac{1}{2} G_{2,2}^{1,2}\left(z, \frac{1}{2} \left| \begin{matrix} \frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2} \\ 0, 0 \end{matrix} \right. \right); iz \notin (-\infty, -1) \wedge iz \notin (1, \infty)$$

08.02.26.0100.01

$$\left(z+\sqrt{z^2+1}\right) K\left(-\frac{4z\sqrt{z^2+1}}{\left(z-\sqrt{z^2+1}\right)^2}\right) = \frac{1}{2} G_{2,2}^{1,2}\left(z, \frac{1}{2} \left| \begin{matrix} \frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2} \\ 0, 0 \end{matrix} \right. \right); iz \notin (-\infty, -1) \wedge iz \notin (1, \infty)$$



08.02.26.0101.01

$$\frac{1}{\sqrt[4]{z^2+1}} K \left( \frac{(\sqrt{z^2+1}-z)^2}{4z\sqrt{z^2+1}} \right) = \frac{1}{2} G_{2,2}^{2,1} \left( z, \frac{1}{2} \left| \begin{matrix} \frac{3}{4}, \frac{3}{4} \\ \frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{4} \end{matrix} \right. \right); \operatorname{Re}(z) > 0$$

08.02.26.0102.01

$$(\sqrt{z^2+1}-z) K \left( (z-\sqrt{z^2+1})^4 \right) = \frac{1}{4} G_{2,2}^{2,1} \left( z, \frac{1}{2} \left| \begin{matrix} \frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2} \\ 0, 0 \end{matrix} \right. \right); \operatorname{Re}(z) > 0$$

08.02.26.0103.01

$$\frac{1}{z+\sqrt{z^2+1}} K \left( (z-\sqrt{z^2+1})^4 \right) = \frac{1}{4} G_{2,2}^{2,1} \left( z, \frac{1}{2} \left| \begin{matrix} \frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2} \\ 0, 0 \end{matrix} \right. \right); \operatorname{Re}(z) > 0$$

08.02.26.0104.01

$$(\sqrt{z^2+1}-z) K \left( \frac{1}{(z+\sqrt{z^2+1})^4} \right) = \frac{1}{4} G_{2,2}^{2,1} \left( z, \frac{1}{2} \left| \begin{matrix} \frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2} \\ 0, 0 \end{matrix} \right. \right); \operatorname{Re}(z) > 0$$

08.02.26.0105.01

$$\frac{1}{z+\sqrt{z^2+1}} K \left( \frac{1}{(z+\sqrt{z^2+1})^4} \right) = \frac{1}{4} G_{2,2}^{2,1} \left( z, \frac{1}{2} \left| \begin{matrix} \frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2} \\ 0, 0 \end{matrix} \right. \right); \operatorname{Re}(z) > 0$$

### Generalized cases involving unit step $\theta$

08.02.26.0106.01

$$\theta(1-|z|) K \left( \frac{1-z}{2} \right) = \frac{\pi}{2} G_{2,2}^{2,0} \left( z, \frac{1}{2} \left| \begin{matrix} \frac{3}{4}, \frac{3}{4} \\ 0, \frac{1}{2} \end{matrix} \right. \right)$$

08.02.26.0107.01

$$\theta(1-|z|) K \left( \frac{z-1}{2z} \right) = \frac{\pi}{2} G_{2,2}^{2,0} \left( z, \frac{1}{2} \left| \begin{matrix} \frac{1}{2}, 1 \\ \frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{4} \end{matrix} \right. \right)$$

08.02.26.0108.01

$$\theta(|z|-1) K \left( \frac{1-z}{2} \right) = \frac{\pi}{2} G_{2,2}^{0,2} \left( z, \frac{1}{2} \left| \begin{matrix} \frac{3}{4}, \frac{3}{4} \\ 0, \frac{1}{2} \end{matrix} \right. \right)$$

08.02.26.0109.01

$$\theta(|z|-1) K \left( \frac{z-1}{2z} \right) = \frac{\pi}{2} G_{2,2}^{0,2} \left( z, \frac{1}{2} \left| \begin{matrix} \frac{1}{2}, 1 \\ \frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{4} \end{matrix} \right. \right)$$

08.02.26.0110.01

$$\frac{\theta(1-|z|)}{\sqrt{z+1}} K \left( \frac{z-1}{z+1} \right) = \frac{\pi}{2\sqrt{2}} G_{2,2}^{2,0} \left( z, \frac{1}{2} \left| \begin{matrix} \frac{3}{4}, \frac{3}{4} \\ 0, \frac{1}{2} \end{matrix} \right. \right)$$

08.02.26.0111.01

$$\frac{\theta(1-|z|)}{\sqrt{z+1}} K\left(\frac{1-z}{1+z}\right) = \frac{\pi}{2\sqrt{2}} G_{2,2}^{2,0}\left(z, \frac{1}{2} \left| \begin{matrix} \frac{1}{4}, \frac{3}{4} \\ 0, 0 \end{matrix} \right. \right); z \notin (-1, 0)$$

08.02.26.0112.01

$$\frac{\theta(|z|-1)}{\sqrt{z+1}} K\left(\frac{z-1}{z+1}\right) = \frac{\pi}{2\sqrt{2}} G_{2,2}^{0,2}\left(z, \frac{1}{2} \left| \begin{matrix} \frac{3}{4}, \frac{3}{4} \\ 0, \frac{1}{2} \end{matrix} \right. \right); z \notin (-\infty, -1)$$

08.02.26.0113.01

$$\frac{\theta(|z|-1)}{\sqrt{z+1}} K\left(\frac{1-z}{1+z}\right) = \frac{\pi}{2\sqrt{2}} G_{2,2}^{0,2}\left(z, \frac{1}{2} \left| \begin{matrix} \frac{1}{4}, \frac{3}{4} \\ 0, 0 \end{matrix} \right. \right)$$

08.02.26.0114.01

$$\theta(1-|z|) K\left(-\frac{(z-1)^2}{4z}\right) = \frac{\pi}{2} G_{2,2}^{2,0}\left(z, \frac{1}{2} \left| \begin{matrix} \frac{3}{4}, \frac{3}{4} \\ \frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{4} \end{matrix} \right. \right)$$

08.02.26.0115.01

$$\theta(|z|-1) K\left(-\frac{(z-1)^2}{4z}\right) = \frac{\pi}{2} G_{2,2}^{0,2}\left(z, \frac{1}{2} \left| \begin{matrix} \frac{3}{4}, \frac{3}{4} \\ \frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{4} \end{matrix} \right. \right)$$

08.02.26.0116.01

$$\frac{\theta(1-|z|)}{z+1} K\left(\frac{(1-z)^2}{(z+1)^2}\right) = \frac{\pi}{4} G_{2,2}^{2,0}\left(z, \frac{1}{2} \left| \begin{matrix} \frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2} \\ 0, 0 \end{matrix} \right. \right); z \notin (-1, 0)$$

08.02.26.0117.01

$$\frac{\theta(|z|-1)}{z+1} K\left(\frac{(1-z)^2}{(z+1)^2}\right) = \frac{\pi}{4} G_{2,2}^{0,2}\left(z, \frac{1}{2} \left| \begin{matrix} \frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2} \\ 0, 0 \end{matrix} \right. \right); z \notin (-\infty, -1)$$

08.02.26.0118.01

$$\theta(|z|-1) \sqrt{z-\sqrt{z^2-1}} K\left(2\left(z-\sqrt{z^2-1}\right)\sqrt{z^2-1}\right) = \frac{\pi}{2} G_{2,2}^{0,2}\left(z, \frac{1}{2} \left| \begin{matrix} \frac{3}{4}, \frac{3}{4} \\ 0, \frac{1}{2} \end{matrix} \right. \right); \operatorname{Re}(z) > 0$$

08.02.26.0119.01

$$\theta(|z|-1) \sqrt{z-\sqrt{z^2-1}} K\left(\frac{2\sqrt{z^2-1}}{z+\sqrt{z^2-1}}\right) = \frac{\pi}{2} G_{2,2}^{0,2}\left(z, \frac{1}{2} \left| \begin{matrix} \frac{3}{4}, \frac{3}{4} \\ 0, \frac{1}{2} \end{matrix} \right. \right); \operatorname{Re}(z) > 0$$

08.02.26.0120.01

$$\frac{\theta(1-|z|)}{\sqrt{z+\sqrt{z^2-1}}} K\left(\frac{2\sqrt{z^2-1}}{z+\sqrt{z^2-1}}\right) = \frac{\pi}{2} G_{2,2}^{2,0}\left(z, \frac{1}{2} \left| \begin{matrix} \frac{3}{4}, \frac{3}{4} \\ 0, \frac{1}{2} \end{matrix} \right. \right); \operatorname{Re}(z) > 0$$

08.02.26.0121.01

$$\frac{\theta(|z|-1)}{\sqrt{z+\sqrt{z^2-1}}} K\left(\frac{2\sqrt{z^2-1}}{z+\sqrt{z^2-1}}\right) = \frac{\pi}{2} G_{2,2}^{0,2}\left(z, \frac{1}{2} \left| \begin{matrix} \frac{3}{4}, \frac{3}{4} \\ 0, \frac{1}{2} \end{matrix} \right. \right); \operatorname{Re}(z) > 0$$

08.02.26.0122.01

$$\theta(1-|z|) \sqrt{z + \sqrt{z^2 - 1}} K \left( \frac{2\sqrt{z^2 - 1}}{\sqrt{z^2 - 1} - z} \right) = \frac{\pi}{2} G_{2,2}^{2,0} \left( z, \frac{1}{2} \left| \begin{matrix} \frac{3}{4}, \frac{3}{4} \\ 0, \frac{1}{2} \end{matrix} \right. \right); \operatorname{Re}(z) > 0$$

08.02.26.0123.01

$$\frac{\theta(1-|z|)}{\sqrt{z - \sqrt{z^2 - 1}}} K \left( \frac{2\sqrt{z^2 - 1}}{\sqrt{z^2 - 1} - z} \right) = \frac{\pi}{2} G_{2,2}^{2,0} \left( z, \frac{1}{2} \left| \begin{matrix} \frac{3}{4}, \frac{3}{4} \\ 0, \frac{1}{2} \end{matrix} \right. \right); \operatorname{Re}(z) > 0$$

08.02.26.0124.01

$$\frac{\theta(|z| - 1)}{\sqrt{z - \sqrt{z^2 - 1}}} K \left( \frac{2\sqrt{z^2 - 1}}{\sqrt{z^2 - 1} - z} \right) = \frac{\pi}{2} G_{2,2}^{0,2} \left( \frac{1}{2} \left| \begin{matrix} \frac{3}{4}, \frac{3}{4} \\ 0, \frac{1}{2} \end{matrix} \right. \right); \operatorname{Re}(z) > 0$$

### Generalized cases involving $\operatorname{sgn}$

08.02.26.0125.01

$$\frac{\operatorname{sgn}(1-|z|)}{1-z} K \left( -\frac{4z}{(z-1)^2} \right) = \frac{\pi}{2} G_{2,2}^{1,1} \left( z, \frac{1}{2} \left| \begin{matrix} \frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2} \\ 0, 0 \end{matrix} \right. \right)$$

### Generalized cases involving powers of complete elliptic integral $K$

08.02.26.0126.01

$$K \left( \frac{z - \sqrt{z^2 + 1}}{2z} \right)^2 = \frac{\sqrt{\pi}}{4} G_{3,3}^{3,1} \left( z, \frac{1}{2} \left| \begin{matrix} 1, 1, 1 \\ \frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2} \end{matrix} \right. \right); \operatorname{Re}(z) > 0$$

08.02.26.0127.01

$$\frac{K \left( \left( \sqrt{z^2 + 1} - z \right)^2 \right)}{z + \sqrt{z^2 + 1}} = \frac{\sqrt{\pi}}{8} G_{3,3}^{3,1} \left( z, \frac{1}{2} \left| \begin{matrix} \frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2} \\ 0, 0, 0 \end{matrix} \right. \right); \operatorname{Re}(z) > 0$$

## Through other functions

### Involving incomplete elliptic integrals

08.02.26.0128.01

$$K(z) = \Pi \left( 0; \frac{\pi}{2} \middle| z \right)$$

08.02.26.0129.01

$$K(z) = \Pi(0 | z)$$

08.02.26.0130.01

$$K(z) = F \left( \frac{\pi}{2} \middle| z \right)$$

08.02.26.0131.01

$$K(z) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{z}} F \left( \sin^{-1}(\sqrt{z}) \middle| \frac{1}{z} \right)$$

**Involving elliptic theta functions**

08.02.26.0132.01

$$K(m) = \frac{\pi}{2} \vartheta_3(0, q(m))^2$$

**Involving inverse Jacobi functions**

08.02.26.0134.01

$$K(z) = \operatorname{sn}^{-1}(1 | z)$$

08.02.26.0135.01

$$K(z) = \operatorname{dn}^{-1}(\sqrt{1-z} | z)$$

08.02.26.0136.01

$$K(z) = \operatorname{cn}^{-1}(0 | z) /; z \in \mathbb{R} \wedge z < 1$$

**Involving some elliptic-type functions**

08.02.26.0133.01

$$K(z) = \frac{\pi}{2 \operatorname{agm}(1, \sqrt{1-z})}$$

08.02.26.0137.01

$$K\left(q^{-1}\left(\exp\left(\frac{i\pi\omega_2}{\omega_1}\right)\right)\right) = \sqrt{e_1 - e_3} \omega_1 /;$$

$$\{e_1, e_2, e_3\} = \{\wp(\omega_1; g_2, g_3), \wp(\omega_1 + \omega_2; g_2, g_3), \wp(\omega_2; g_2, g_3)\} \wedge \{g_2, g_3\} = \{g_2(\omega_1, \omega_2), g_3(\omega_1, \omega_2)\}$$

08.02.26.0138.01

$$\frac{K(1-z)}{K(z)} = -\frac{i\omega_2}{\omega_1} /; z = q^{-1}\left(\exp\left(\frac{i\pi\omega_2}{\omega_1}\right)\right) \wedge \{\omega_1, \omega_2\} = \{\omega_1(g_2, g_3), \omega_2(g_2, g_3)\}$$

**Involving Legendre functions**

08.02.26.0139.01

$$K(z) = \frac{\pi}{2} P_{-\frac{1}{2}}(1-2z)$$

08.02.26.0140.01

$$K(z) = Q_{-\frac{1}{2}}(2z-1)$$

**Involving some hypergeometric-type functions**

08.02.26.0141.01

$$K(z) = F_1\left(\frac{1}{2}; \frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{3}{2}; 1, z\right)$$

**Representations through equivalent functions****With inverse function**

08.02.27.0001.01

$$\operatorname{am}(K(m) | m) = \frac{\pi}{2}$$

**With related functions**

08.02.27.0002.01

$$E(z) K(1-z) - K(z) K(1-z) + E(1-z) K(z) = \frac{\pi}{2}$$

08.02.27.0003.01

$$K(2) = \frac{\sqrt{2} \pi^{3/2} \Gamma\left(\frac{3}{4}\right)^2 - \pi^2 E(2)}{2 \Gamma\left(\frac{3}{4}\right)^4}$$

**Theorems**

**The period  $T$  of a mathematical pendulum in a gravitational field**

The period  $T$  of a mathematical pendulum of length  $l$  in a gravitational field with acceleration  $g$  and maximal angle

of excursion  $\alpha$  is given by  $T = 4 \sqrt{\frac{l}{g}} K\left(\sin^2\left(\frac{\alpha}{2}\right)\right)$ .

**The partition function for a one-dimensional monatomic ideal classical gas**

The partition function  $Z$  for a one-dimensional monatomic ideal classical gas of  $n$  atoms in a box of length  $l$  at

temperature  $T$  is given by  $Z = \frac{1}{2^n n!} \left( \sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}} K\left(q^{-1}\left(\exp\left(-\frac{3\lambda(T)^2}{8\pi l^2}\right)\right)\right) - 1 \right)^n$ , where  $\lambda(T)$  is the thermal de Broglie wavelength.

**The magnetic induction of an infinitely long selenoid**

The magnetic induction  $\mathbf{B}$  of an infinitely long solenoid formed by a wire (parametrized by  $\phi$ )  $\{R \cos(\phi), R \sin(\phi), R \phi \tan(\alpha)\}$  carrying the current  $i_0$  is at the center line is given by

$$\mathbf{B} \propto \left\{ 0, -i_0(\cot(\alpha) K_0(\cot(\alpha)) + K_1(\cot(\alpha))), i_0 \frac{\cot(\alpha)}{2\pi R} \right\}.$$

**The lattice Green function for the body-centered cubic lattice**

The lattice Green function  $G(\varepsilon) = \frac{1}{\pi^3} \int_0^\pi \int_0^\pi \int_0^\pi \left(1 - \frac{\varepsilon}{3} (\cos(x) \cos(y) \cos(z))\right)^{-1} dx dy dz$  for the simple cubic lattice can be expressed as

$$\frac{4}{\pi^2} \sqrt{1 - \frac{3}{4} \alpha^2} \frac{1}{1-\alpha} K\left(\frac{1}{2} + \frac{\beta}{4} \sqrt{4-\beta} - \frac{(2-\beta)}{4} \sqrt{1-\beta}\right) K\left(\frac{1}{2} - \frac{\beta}{4} \sqrt{4-\beta} - \frac{(2-\beta)}{4} \sqrt{1-\beta}\right) /;$$

$$\alpha = \frac{1}{2} + \frac{\varepsilon^2}{6} - \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{1-\varepsilon^2} \sqrt{1 - \frac{\varepsilon^2}{9}} \wedge \beta = \frac{\alpha}{\alpha-1}.$$

### The probability that a random walk in three dimensions will return to its origin

The probability  $p_0$  that a random walk in three dimensions will return to its point of origin is given by

$$p_0 = 1 - \frac{\pi^2}{72} (6 + 2\sqrt{3} + \sqrt{6}) K(35 + 24\sqrt{2} - 20\sqrt{3} - 14\sqrt{6})^{-2} \approx 0.34053732955099914283 \dots$$

### History

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- A. M. Legendre (1811, 1825)
- C. G. J. Jacobi (1829)

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