

EllipticPi3

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Notations

Traditional name

Incomplete elliptic integral of the third kind

Traditional notation

$\Pi(n; z | m)$

Mathematica StandardForm notation

EllipticPi[n, z, m]

Primary definition

08.06.02.0001.01

$$\Pi(n; z | m) = \int_0^z \frac{1}{(1 - n \sin^2(t)) \sqrt{1 - m \sin^2(t)}} dt$$

Specific values

Specialized values

For fixed n, z

08.06.03.0001.01

$$\Pi(n; z | 0) = \frac{\tanh^{-1}(\sqrt{n-1} \tan(z))}{\sqrt{n-1}}$$

08.06.03.0013.01

$$\Pi(n; z | 1) = \frac{\sqrt{n} \tanh^{-1}(\sqrt{n} \sin(z)) - \log(\sec(z) + \tan(z))}{n-1} \quad ; \quad |\operatorname{Re}(z)| \leq \frac{\pi}{2}$$

08.06.03.0014.01

$$\Pi(n; z | 1) = \frac{\sqrt{n} \tanh^{-1}(\sqrt{n} \sin(z)) - \tanh^{-1}(\sin(z))}{n-1} \quad ; \quad |\operatorname{Re}(z)| < \frac{\pi}{2}$$

08.06.03.0002.01

$$\Pi(n; z | 1) = \frac{1}{2(n-1)} \left(\sqrt{n} \log \left(\frac{1 + \sqrt{n} \sin(z)}{1 - \sqrt{n} \sin(z)} \right) - 2 \log(\sec(z) + \tan(z)) \right) \quad ; \quad |\operatorname{Re}(z)| \leq \frac{\pi}{2}$$

08.06.03.0015.01

$$\Pi(n; z | 1) = \infty \quad ; \quad |\operatorname{Re}(z)| > \frac{\pi}{2}$$

08.06.03.0003.01

$$\Pi(n; z | n) = \frac{1}{1-n} \left(E(z | n) - \frac{n \sin(2z)}{2 \sqrt{1-n \sin^2(z)}} \right)$$

For fixed n, m

08.06.03.0004.01

$$\Pi\left(n; \frac{\pi}{2} \middle| m\right) = \Pi(n | m)$$

08.06.03.0005.01

$$\Pi\left(n; \frac{k\pi}{2} \middle| m\right) = k \Pi(n | m) \quad ; \quad k \in \mathbb{Z}$$

08.06.03.0006.01

$$\Pi\left(n; \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(\sqrt{m}) \middle| m\right) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{m}} \Pi\left(\frac{n}{m} \middle| \frac{1}{m}\right)$$

08.06.03.0016.01

$$\Pi\left(n; \pi k + \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(\sqrt{m}) \middle| m\right) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{m}} \Pi\left(\frac{n}{m} \middle| \frac{1}{m}\right) + 2k \Pi(n | m) \quad ; \quad k \in \mathbb{Z}$$

For fixed z, m

08.06.03.0007.01

$$\Pi(0; z | m) = F(z | m)$$

08.06.03.0008.01

$$\Pi(1; z | m) = \frac{\sqrt{1-m \sin^2(z)} \tan(z) - E(z | m)}{1-m} + F(z | m)$$

Values at infinities

08.06.03.0009.01

$$\Pi(\infty; z | m) = 0$$

08.06.03.0010.01

$$\Pi(-\infty; z | m) = 0$$

08.06.03.0011.01

$$\Pi(n; z | \infty) = 0$$

08.06.03.0012.01

$$\Pi(n; z | -\infty) = 0$$

General characteristics**Domain and analyticity**

$\Pi(n; z | m)$ is an analytical function of n, z , and m which is defined over \mathbb{C}^3 .

08.06.04.0001.01

$$(n * z * m) \rightarrow \Pi(n; z | m) :: (\mathbb{C} \otimes \mathbb{C} \otimes \mathbb{C}) \rightarrow \mathbb{C}$$

Symmetries and periodicities

Parity

$\Pi(n; z | m)$ is an odd function with respect to z .

08.06.04.0002.01

$$\Pi(n; -z | m) = -\Pi(n; z | m)$$

Mirror symmetry

08.06.04.0004.01

$$\Pi(\bar{n}; \bar{z} | \bar{m}) = \overline{\Pi(n; z | m)} /; \neg (m \in \mathbb{R} \wedge m > 1 \wedge n \in \mathbb{R} \wedge n > 1)$$

Periodicity

$\Pi(n; z | m)$ is a quasi-periodic function with respect to z .

08.06.04.0003.01

$$\Pi(n; z + \pi k | m) = 2^k \Pi(n | m) + \Pi(n; z | m) /; k \in \mathbb{Z} \wedge -1 \leq n \leq 1$$

08.06.04.0016.01

$$\Pi(n; z | m) = \Pi\left(n; z - \pi \left\lfloor \frac{\operatorname{Re}(z)}{\pi} \right\rfloor \middle| m\right) + 2 \left\lfloor \frac{\operatorname{Re}(z)}{\pi} \right\rfloor \Pi(n | m) /; -1 \leq n \leq 1$$

Quasi-symmetry

08.06.04.0017.01

$$\Pi(n; x + i y | m) = \Pi\left(n; \pi \operatorname{frac}\left(\frac{x}{\pi}\right) + i y \middle| m\right) + 2 \operatorname{sgn}(x) \left\lfloor \frac{|x|}{\pi} \right\rfloor \Pi(n | m) /; x \in \mathbb{R} \wedge y \in \mathbb{R}$$

Poles and essential singularities

With respect to n

The function $\Pi(n; z | m)$ does not have poles and essential singularities with respect to n .

08.06.04.0007.01

$$\operatorname{Sing}_n(\Pi(n; z | m)) = \{\}$$

With respect to z

The function $\Pi(n; z | m)$ does not have poles and essential singularities with respect to z .

08.06.04.0006.01

$$\operatorname{Sing}_z(\Pi(n; z | m)) = \{\}$$

With respect to m

The function $\Pi(n; z | m)$ does not have poles and essential singularities with respect to m .

08.06.04.0005.01

$$\operatorname{Sing}_m(\Pi(n; z | m)) = \{\}$$

Branch points

With respect to n

For fixed z, m , the function $\Pi(n; z | m)$ does not have branch points.

08.06.04.0014.01

$$\mathcal{BP}_n(\Pi(n; z | m)) = \{\}$$

With respect to z

For fixed n, m , the function $\Pi(n; z | m)$ has an infinite number of branch points at $z = \pm \sin^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{m}}\right) + \pi k /; k \in \mathbb{Z}$,

$z = \pm \sin^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{n}}\right) + \pi k /; k \in \mathbb{Z}$, $z = \frac{\pi}{2} + \pi k /; k \in \mathbb{Z} \wedge m \notin (0, 1)$ and $z = \infty$.

08.06.04.0009.01

$$\begin{aligned} \mathcal{BP}_z(\Pi(n; z | m)) = & \left\{ \left\{ \sin^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{m}}\right) + \pi k /; k \in \mathbb{Z} \right\}, \left\{ -\sin^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{m}}\right) + \pi k /; k \in \mathbb{Z} \right\}, \right. \\ & \left. \left\{ \sin^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{n}}\right) + \pi k /; k \in \mathbb{Z} \right\}, \left\{ -\sin^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{n}}\right) + \pi k /; k \in \mathbb{Z} \right\}, \left\{ \frac{\pi}{2} + \pi k /; k \in \mathbb{Z} \wedge m \notin (0, 1) \right\}, \infty \right\} \end{aligned}$$

08.06.04.0010.01

$$\mathcal{R}_z\left(\Pi(n; z | m), \sin^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{m}}\right) + \pi k\right) = 2 /; k \in \mathbb{Z}$$

08.06.04.0011.01

$$\mathcal{R}_z\left(\Pi(n; z | m), -\sin^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{m}}\right) + \pi k\right) = 2 /; k \in \mathbb{Z}$$

08.06.04.0012.01

$$\mathcal{R}_z\left(\Pi(n; z | m), \sin^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{n}}\right) + \pi k\right) = \log /; k \in \mathbb{Z}$$

08.06.04.0013.01

$$\mathcal{R}_z\left(\Pi(n; z | m), -\sin^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{n}}\right) + \pi k\right) = \log /; k \in \mathbb{Z}$$

08.06.04.0018.01

$$\mathcal{R}_z\left(\Pi(n; z | m), \frac{\pi}{2} + \pi k\right) = 2 /; k \in \mathbb{Z} \wedge m \notin (0, 1)$$

With respect to m

For fixed n, z , the function $\Pi(n; z | m)$ has two branch points at $m = \csc^2(z)$ and $m = \infty$.

08.06.04.0008.01

$$\mathcal{BP}_m(\Pi(n; z | m)) = \{\csc^2(z), \infty\}$$

Branch cuts

With respect to n

For fixed z, m the function $\Pi(n; z | m)$ does not have branch cuts.

08.06.04.0015.01

$$\mathcal{BC}_n(\Pi(n; z | m)) = \{\}$$

With respect to z

General description

For fixed m, n , the function $\Pi(n; z | m)$ can have up to eight infinite sets of branch cuts (it has at least six), which form very complicated curves in the case of generic m, n .

For fixed real m, n ; $\max(m, n) < 1$, the function $\Pi(n; z | m)$ does not have branch cuts on the real axis and on the vertical intervals $\{\csc^{-1}(\sqrt{m}) + \pi k, \pi - \csc^{-1}(\sqrt{m}) + \pi k\}; k \in \mathbb{Z} \wedge m \in (-\infty, 1)$.

For fixed real $m < 1$, the function $\Pi(n; z | m)$ has six infinite sets of branch cuts, four of them are located on vertical intervals starting at the points $z = \pi k \pm \csc^{-1}(\sqrt{m}); k \in \mathbb{Z}$ and extending to imaginary infinity.

1) real intervals $\{\pi k + \csc^{-1}(\sqrt{m}), \pi k + \frac{\pi}{2}\} /; k \in \mathbb{Z} \wedge m > 1 \wedge n \notin (m, \infty)$, where $\Pi(n; z | m)$ is continuous from below; if $1 < n < m$ these intervals include two sets $\{\pi k + \csc^{-1}(\sqrt{m}), \pi k + \csc^{-1}(\sqrt{n})\}$ and $\{\pi k + \csc^{-1}(\sqrt{n}), \pi k + \frac{\pi}{2}\}$, where $\Pi(n; z | m)$ has different values of jumps (for generic complex m these branch cuts deform into a complicated curves; for generic complex n the intervals $\{\pi k + \csc^{-1}(\sqrt{n}), \pi k + \frac{\pi}{2}\}$ also deform into a complicated curves); in the case $\max(m, n) < 1$ these real intervals vanish

2) real intervals $\{\pi k + \frac{\pi}{2}, \pi(k+1) - \csc^{-1}(\sqrt{m})\} /; k \in \mathbb{Z} \wedge m > 1 \wedge n \notin (m, \infty)$, where $\Pi(n; z | m)$ is continuous from above; if $1 < n < m$ these intervals include two sets $\{\pi k + \frac{\pi}{2}, \pi(k+1) - \csc^{-1}(\sqrt{n})\}$ and $\{\pi(k+1) - \csc^{-1}(\sqrt{n}), \pi(k+1) - \csc^{-1}(\sqrt{m})\}$, where $\Pi(n; z | m)$ has different values of jumps (for generic complex m these branch cuts deform into a complicated curves; for generic complex n the intervals $\{\pi k + \frac{\pi}{2}, \pi(k+1) - \csc^{-1}(\sqrt{n})\}$ also deform into a complicated curves); in the case $\max(m, n) < 1$ these real intervals vanish

3) real intervals $\{\pi k + \csc^{-1}(\sqrt{n}), \pi k + \frac{\pi}{2}\} /; k \in \mathbb{Z} \wedge m \notin (n, \infty) \wedge n > 1$, where $\Pi(n; z | m)$ is continuous from below; if $1 < m < n$ these intervals include two sets $\{\pi k + \csc^{-1}(\sqrt{n}), \pi k + \csc^{-1}(\sqrt{m})\}$ and $\{\pi k + \csc^{-1}(\sqrt{m}), \pi k + \frac{\pi}{2}\}$, where $\Pi(n; z | m)$ has different values of jumps (for generic complex n these branch cuts deform into a complicated curves; for generic complex m the intervals $\{\pi k + \csc^{-1}(\sqrt{m}), \pi k + \frac{\pi}{2}\}$ also deform into a complicated curves); in the case $\max(m, n) < 1$ these real intervals vanish

4) real intervals $\{\pi k + \frac{\pi}{2}, \pi(k+1) - \csc^{-1}(\sqrt{n})\} /; k \in \mathbb{Z} \wedge m \notin (n, \infty) \wedge n > 1$, where $\Pi(n; z | m)$ is continuous from above; if $1 < m < n$ these intervals include two sets $\{\pi k + \frac{\pi}{2}, \pi(k+1) - \csc^{-1}(\sqrt{m})\}$ and $\{\pi(k+1) - \csc^{-1}(\sqrt{m}), \pi(k+1) - \csc^{-1}(\sqrt{n})\}$, where $\Pi(n; z | m)$ has different values of jumps (for generic complex n these branch cuts deform into a complicated curves; for generic complex m the intervals $\{\pi k + \frac{\pi}{2}, \pi(k+1) - \csc^{-1}(\sqrt{m})\}$ also deform into a complicated curves); in the case $\max(m, n) < 1$ these real intervals vanish

5) vertical intervals $\{\frac{\pi}{2} + 2\pi k, \frac{\pi}{2} + 2\pi k + i\infty\} /; k \in \mathbb{Z} \wedge m \notin (0, 1)$, or $\{\pi - \csc^{-1}(\sqrt{m}) + 2\pi k, \frac{\pi}{2} + 2\pi k + i\infty\} /; k \in \mathbb{Z} \wedge m \in (0, 1)$, where $\Pi(n; z | m)$ is continuous from the left;

6) vertical intervals $\{\frac{3\pi}{2} + 2\pi k, \frac{3\pi}{2} + 2\pi k + i\infty\} /; k \in \mathbb{Z} \wedge m \notin (0, 1)$, or $\{2\pi - \csc^{-1}(\sqrt{m}) + 2\pi k, \frac{3\pi}{2} + 2\pi k + i\infty\} /; k \in \mathbb{Z} \wedge m \in (0, 1)$, where $\Pi(n; z | m)$ is continuous from the right;

7) vertical intervals $\{\frac{\pi}{2} + 2\pi k - i\infty, \frac{\pi}{2} + 2\pi k\} /; k \in \mathbb{Z} \wedge m \notin (0, 1)$, or $\{\frac{\pi}{2} + 2\pi k - i\infty, 2\pi k + \csc^{-1}(\sqrt{m})\} /; k \in \mathbb{Z} \wedge m \in (0, 1)$, where $\Pi(n; z | m)$ is continuous from the left;

8) vertical intervals $\{\frac{3\pi}{2} + 2\pi k - i\infty, \frac{3\pi}{2} + 2\pi k\} /; k \in \mathbb{Z} \wedge m \notin (0, 1)$, or $\{\frac{3\pi}{2} + 2\pi k - i\infty, 2\pi k + \pi + \csc^{-1}(\sqrt{m})\} /; k \in \mathbb{Z} \wedge m \in (0, 1)$, where $\Pi(n; z | m)$ is continuous from the right.

08.06.04.0019.01

$$\begin{aligned} \mathcal{BC}_z(\Pi(n; z | m)) = & \left\{ \left\{ \left(\pi k + \csc^{-1}(\sqrt{m}), \pi k + \frac{\pi}{2} \right), i \right\} /; k \in \mathbb{Z} \wedge m \in \mathbb{R} \wedge m > 1 \wedge n \notin (1, \infty) \right\}, \\ & \left\{ \left(\pi k + \csc^{-1}(\sqrt{m}), \pi k + \csc^{-1}(\sqrt{n}) \right), i \right\} /; k \in \mathbb{Z} \wedge m \in \mathbb{R} \wedge m > 1 \wedge n \in \mathbb{R} \wedge 1 < n < m \}, \\ & \left\{ \left(\pi k + \csc^{-1}(\sqrt{n}), \pi k + \frac{\pi}{2} \right), i \right\} /; k \in \mathbb{Z} \wedge m \in \mathbb{R} \wedge n \in \mathbb{R} \wedge 1 < n < m \}, \\ & \left\{ \left(\pi k + \frac{\pi}{2}, \pi(k+1) - \csc^{-1}(\sqrt{n}) \right), -i \right\} /; k \in \mathbb{Z} \wedge m \in \mathbb{R} \wedge m > 1 \wedge n \notin (1, \infty) \}, \\ & \left\{ \left(\pi k + \frac{\pi}{2}, \pi(k+1) - \csc^{-1}(\sqrt{m}) \right), -i \right\} /; k \in \mathbb{Z} \wedge m \in \mathbb{R} \wedge n \in \mathbb{R} \wedge 1 < n < m \}, \\ & \left\{ \left(\pi(k+1) - \csc^{-1}(\sqrt{n}), \pi(k+1) - \csc^{-1}(\sqrt{m}) \right), -i \right\} /; k \in \mathbb{Z} \wedge m \in \mathbb{R} \wedge n \in \mathbb{R} \wedge 1 < n < m \}, \\ & \left\{ \left(\pi k + \csc^{-1}(\sqrt{n}), \pi k + \frac{\pi}{2} \right), i \right\} /; k \in \mathbb{Z} \wedge m \notin (1, \infty) \wedge n \in \mathbb{R} \wedge n > 1 \}, \\ & \left\{ \left(\pi k + \csc^{-1}(\sqrt{n}), \pi k + \csc^{-1}(\sqrt{m}) \right), i \right\} /; k \in \mathbb{Z} \wedge m \in \mathbb{R} \wedge n \in \mathbb{R} \wedge 1 < m < n \}, \\ & \left\{ \left(\pi k + \csc^{-1}(\sqrt{m}), \pi k + \frac{\pi}{2} \right), i \right\} /; k \in \mathbb{Z} \wedge m \in \mathbb{R} \wedge n \in \mathbb{R} \wedge 1 < m < n \}, \\ & \left\{ \left(\pi k + \frac{\pi}{2}, \pi(k+1) - \csc^{-1}(\sqrt{n}) \right), -i \right\} /; k \in \mathbb{Z} \wedge m \notin (1, \infty) \wedge n \in \mathbb{R} \wedge n > 1 \}, \\ & \left\{ \left(\pi k + \frac{\pi}{2}, \pi(k+1) - \csc^{-1}(\sqrt{m}) \right), -i \right\} /; k \in \mathbb{Z} \wedge m \in \mathbb{R} \wedge n \in \mathbb{R} \wedge 1 < m < n \}, \\ & \left\{ \left(\pi(k+1) - \csc^{-1}(\sqrt{m}), \pi(k+1) - \csc^{-1}(\sqrt{n}) \right), -i \right\} /; k \in \mathbb{Z} \wedge m \in \mathbb{R} \wedge n \in \mathbb{R} \wedge 1 < m < n \}, \\ & \left\{ \left(2\pi k + \frac{\pi}{2}, 2k\pi + \frac{\pi}{2} + i \infty \right), 1 \right\} /; k \in \mathbb{Z} \}, \left\{ \left(2\pi k + \frac{3\pi}{2}, 2k\pi + \frac{3\pi}{2} + i \infty \right), -1 \right\} /; k \in \mathbb{Z} \}, \\ & \left\{ \left(2\pi k + \frac{\pi}{2} - i \infty, 2k\pi + \frac{\pi}{2} \right), 1 \right\} /; k \in \mathbb{Z} \}, \left\{ \left(2\pi k + \frac{\pi}{2} - i \infty, 2k\pi + \frac{\pi}{2} \right), -1 \right\} /; k \in \mathbb{Z} \} \end{aligned}$$

Formulas on real axis for real m, n

For $\max(m, n) < 1$

For fixed real m, n ; $\max(m, n) < 1$, the function $\Pi(n; z | m)$ does not have branch cuts on the real axis.

For $m < 1 < n$

08.06.04.0020.01

$$\lim_{\epsilon \rightarrow +0} \Pi(n; x + i \in \epsilon | m) = \Pi(n; x | m) + \frac{\pi i \sqrt{n}}{\sqrt{n-1} \sqrt{n-m}} /;$$

$$x \in \mathbb{R} \wedge m \in \mathbb{R} \wedge n \in \mathbb{R} \wedge m < 1 < n \wedge \pi k + \csc^{-1}(\sqrt{n}) < x < \pi k + \frac{\pi}{2} \wedge k \in \mathbb{Z}$$

08.06.04.0021.01

$$\lim_{\epsilon \rightarrow +0} \Pi(n; x - i \in \epsilon | m) = \Pi(n; x | m) /; x \in \mathbb{R} \wedge m \in \mathbb{R} \wedge n \in \mathbb{R} \wedge m < 1 < n \wedge \pi k + \csc^{-1}(\sqrt{n}) < x < \pi k + \frac{\pi}{2} \wedge k \in \mathbb{Z}$$

08.06.04.0022.01

$$\lim_{\epsilon \rightarrow +0} \Pi(n; x + i \in \epsilon | m) = \Pi(n; x | m) /; x \in \mathbb{R} \wedge m \in \mathbb{R} \wedge n \in \mathbb{R} \wedge m < 1 < n \wedge \pi k + \frac{\pi}{2} < x < \pi(k+1) - \csc^{-1}(\sqrt{n}) \wedge k \in \mathbb{Z}$$

08.06.04.0023.01

$$\lim_{\epsilon \rightarrow +0} \Pi(n; x - i \in | m) = \Pi(n; x | m) - \frac{\pi i \sqrt{n}}{\sqrt{n-1} \sqrt{n-m}} /;$$

$$x \in \mathbb{R} \bigwedge m \in \mathbb{R} \bigwedge n \in \mathbb{R} \bigwedge m < 1 < n \bigwedge \pi k + \frac{\pi}{2} < x < \pi(k+1) - \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(\sqrt{n}) \bigwedge k \in \mathbb{Z}$$

For $n < 1 < m$

08.06.04.0024.01

$$\lim_{\epsilon \rightarrow +0} \Pi(n; x + i \in | m) = \frac{2}{\sqrt{m}} \Pi\left(\frac{n}{m} \middle| \frac{1}{m}\right) + 4 \left(\left\lfloor \frac{x}{\pi} - \frac{1}{2} \right\rfloor + 1 \right) \Pi(n | m) - \Pi(n; x | m) /;$$

$$x \in \mathbb{R} \bigwedge m \in \mathbb{R} \bigwedge n \in \mathbb{R} \bigwedge n < 1 < m \bigwedge \pi k + \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(\sqrt{m}) < x < \pi k + \frac{\pi}{2} \bigwedge k \in \mathbb{Z}$$

08.06.04.0025.01

$$\lim_{\epsilon \rightarrow +0} \Pi(n; x - i \in | m) = \Pi(n; x | m) /; x \in \mathbb{R} \bigwedge m \in \mathbb{R} \bigwedge n \in \mathbb{R} \bigwedge n < 1 < m \bigwedge \pi k + \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(\sqrt{m}) < x < \pi k + \frac{\pi}{2} \bigwedge k \in \mathbb{Z}$$

08.06.04.0026.01

$$\lim_{\epsilon \rightarrow +0} \Pi(n; x + i \in | m) = \Pi(n; x | m) /; x \in \mathbb{R} \bigwedge m \in \mathbb{R} \bigwedge n \in \mathbb{R} \bigwedge n < 1 < m \bigwedge \pi k + \frac{\pi}{2} < x < \pi(k+1) - \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(\sqrt{m}) \bigwedge k \in \mathbb{Z}$$

08.06.04.0027.01

$$\lim_{\epsilon \rightarrow +0} \Pi(n; x - i \in | m) = -\frac{2}{\sqrt{m}} \Pi\left(\frac{n}{m} \middle| \frac{1}{m}\right) + 4 \left(\left\lfloor \frac{x}{\pi} - \frac{1}{2} \right\rfloor + 1 \right) \Pi(n | m) - \Pi(n; x | m) /;$$

$$x \in \mathbb{R} \bigwedge m \in \mathbb{R} \bigwedge n \in \mathbb{R} \bigwedge n < 1 < m \bigwedge \pi k + \frac{\pi}{2} < x < \pi(k+1) - \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(\sqrt{m}) \bigwedge k \in \mathbb{Z}$$

For $1 < n < m$

08.06.04.0028.01

$$\lim_{\epsilon \rightarrow +0} \Pi(n; x + i \in | m) = \frac{2}{\sqrt{m}} \Pi\left(\frac{n}{m} \middle| \frac{1}{m}\right) - \Pi(n; x | m) /;$$

$$x \in \mathbb{R} \bigwedge m \in \mathbb{R} \bigwedge n \in \mathbb{R} \bigwedge 1 < n < m \bigwedge \pi k + \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(\sqrt{m}) < x < \pi k + \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(\sqrt{n}) \bigwedge k \in \mathbb{Z}$$

08.06.04.0029.01

$$\lim_{\epsilon \rightarrow +0} \Pi(n; x + i \in | m) = -\Pi(n; x | m) + \frac{2}{\sqrt{m}} \Pi\left(\frac{n}{m} \middle| \frac{1}{m}\right) - \frac{\pi i \sqrt{n}}{\sqrt{n-1} \sqrt{n-m}} /;$$

$$x \in \mathbb{R} \bigwedge m \in \mathbb{R} \bigwedge n \in \mathbb{R} \bigwedge 1 < n < m \bigwedge \pi k + \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(\sqrt{n}) < x < \pi k + \frac{\pi}{2} \bigwedge k \in \mathbb{Z}$$

08.06.04.0030.01

$$\lim_{\epsilon \rightarrow +0} \Pi(n; x - i \in | m) = \Pi(n; x | m) /; x \in \mathbb{R} \bigwedge m \in \mathbb{R} \bigwedge n \in \mathbb{R} \bigwedge 1 < n < m \bigwedge \pi k + \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(\sqrt{m}) < x < \pi k + \frac{\pi}{2} \bigwedge k \in \mathbb{Z}$$

08.06.04.0031.01

$$\lim_{\epsilon \rightarrow +0} \Pi(n; x + i \in | m) = \Pi(n; x | m) /; x \in \mathbb{R} \bigwedge m \in \mathbb{R} \bigwedge n \in \mathbb{R} \bigwedge 1 < n < m \bigwedge \pi k + \frac{\pi}{2} < x < \pi(k+1) - \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(\sqrt{m}) \bigwedge k \in \mathbb{Z}$$

08.06.04.0032.01

$$\lim_{\epsilon \rightarrow +0} \Pi(n; x - i \in | m) = -\Pi(n; x | m) - \frac{2}{\sqrt{m}} \Pi\left(\frac{n}{m} \middle| \frac{1}{m}\right) + \frac{\pi i \sqrt{n}}{\sqrt{n-1} \sqrt{n-m}} /;$$

$$x \in \mathbb{R} \bigwedge m \in \mathbb{R} \bigwedge n \in \mathbb{R} \bigwedge 1 < n < m \bigwedge \pi k + \frac{\pi}{2} < x < \pi(k+1) - \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(\sqrt{n}) \bigwedge k \in \mathbb{Z}$$

08.06.04.0033.01

$$\lim_{\epsilon \rightarrow +0} \Pi(n; x - i \in | m) = -\frac{2}{\sqrt{m}} \Pi\left(\frac{n}{m} \middle| \frac{1}{m}\right) - \Pi(n; x | m) /;$$

$$x \in \mathbb{R} \bigwedge m \in \mathbb{R} \bigwedge n \in \mathbb{R} \bigwedge 1 < n < m \bigwedge \pi k - \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(\sqrt{n}) < x < \pi k - \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(\sqrt{m}) \bigwedge k \in \mathbb{Z}$$

For $1 < m < n$

08.06.04.0034.01

$$\lim_{\epsilon \rightarrow +0} \Pi(n; x + i \in | m) = \Pi(n; x | m) - \frac{\pi i \sqrt{n}}{\sqrt{n-1} \sqrt{n-m}} /;$$

$$x \in \mathbb{R} \bigwedge m \in \mathbb{R} \bigwedge n \in \mathbb{R} \bigwedge 1 < m < n \bigwedge \pi k + \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(\sqrt{n}) < x < \pi k + \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(\sqrt{m}) \bigwedge k \in \mathbb{Z}$$

08.06.04.0035.01

$$\lim_{\epsilon \rightarrow +0} \Pi(n; x + i \in | m) = -\Pi(n; x | m) + \frac{2}{\sqrt{m}} \Pi\left(\frac{n}{m} \middle| \frac{1}{m}\right) + \frac{\pi i \sqrt{n}}{\sqrt{n-1} \sqrt{n-m}} /;$$

$$x \in \mathbb{R} \bigwedge m \in \mathbb{R} \bigwedge n \in \mathbb{R} \bigwedge 1 < m < n \bigwedge \pi k + \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(\sqrt{m}) < x < \pi k + \frac{\pi}{2} \bigwedge k \in \mathbb{Z}$$

08.06.04.0036.01

$$\lim_{\epsilon \rightarrow +0} \Pi(n; x - i \in | m) = \Pi(n; x | m) /; x \in \mathbb{R} \bigwedge m \in \mathbb{R} \bigwedge n \in \mathbb{R} \bigwedge 1 < m < n \bigwedge \pi k + \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(\sqrt{n}) < x < \pi k + \frac{\pi}{2} \bigwedge k \in \mathbb{Z}$$

08.06.04.0037.01

$$\lim_{\epsilon \rightarrow +0} \Pi(n; x + i \in | m) = \Pi(n; x | m) /; x \in \mathbb{R} \bigwedge m \in \mathbb{R} \bigwedge n \in \mathbb{R} \bigwedge 1 < m < n \bigwedge \pi k + \frac{\pi}{2} < x < \pi(k+1) - \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(\sqrt{n}) \bigwedge k \in \mathbb{Z}$$

08.06.04.0038.01

$$\lim_{\epsilon \rightarrow +0} \Pi(n; x - i \in | m) = -\Pi(n; x | m) - \frac{2}{\sqrt{m}} \Pi\left(\frac{n}{m} \middle| \frac{1}{m}\right) - \frac{\pi i \sqrt{n}}{\sqrt{n-1} \sqrt{n-m}} /;$$

$$x \in \mathbb{R} \bigwedge m \in \mathbb{R} \bigwedge n \in \mathbb{R} \bigwedge 1 < m < n \bigwedge \pi k + \frac{\pi}{2} < x < \pi(k+1) - \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(\sqrt{m}) \bigwedge k \in \mathbb{Z}$$

08.06.04.0039.01

$$\lim_{\epsilon \rightarrow +0} \Pi(n; x - i \in | m) = \Pi(n; x | m) + \frac{\pi i \sqrt{n}}{\sqrt{n-1} \sqrt{n-m}} /;$$

$$x \in \mathbb{R} \bigwedge m \in \mathbb{R} \bigwedge n \in \mathbb{R} \bigwedge 1 < m < n \bigwedge \pi k - \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(\sqrt{m}) < x < \pi k - \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(\sqrt{n}) \bigwedge k \in \mathbb{Z}$$

Formulas for vertical intervals

For $m < 1$

For fixed real $m < 1$, the function $\Pi(n; z | m)$ has branch points $\csc^{-1}(\sqrt{m}) + \pi k / ; k \in \mathbb{Z}$ and $\pi - \csc^{-1}(\sqrt{m}) + \pi k / ; k \in \mathbb{Z}$. In this case branch cuts lay at the vertical lines beginning from these points and going to imaginary infinity. By this reason for fixed real $m < 1$, the function $\Pi(n; z | m)$ does not have branch cuts on the vertical intervals $\{\csc^{-1}(\sqrt{m}) + \pi k, \pi - \csc^{-1}(\sqrt{m}) + \pi k\} / ; k \in \mathbb{Z} \wedge m \in (-\infty, 1)$.

For $m > 0$

08.06.04.0040.01

$$\lim_{\epsilon \rightarrow +0} \Pi\left(n; 2\pi k + ix - \epsilon + \frac{\pi}{2} \mid m\right) = \Pi\left(n; 2\pi k + ix + \frac{\pi}{2} \mid m\right) / ; x \in \mathbb{R} \wedge k \in \mathbb{Z}$$

08.06.04.0041.01

$$\lim_{\epsilon \rightarrow +0} \Pi\left(n; 2\pi k + ix + \epsilon + \frac{\pi}{2} \mid m\right) = -\frac{2}{\sqrt{m}} \Pi\left(\frac{n}{m} \mid \frac{1}{m}\right) + 4(k+1)\Pi(n | m) - \Pi\left(n; ix + \frac{\pi}{2} \mid m\right) / ;$$

$$m \in \mathbb{R} \wedge x \in \mathbb{R} \wedge (0 < m < 1 \wedge x > -\text{Im}(\csc^{-1}(\sqrt{m}))) \vee m > 1 \wedge x < 0 \wedge k \in \mathbb{Z}$$

08.06.04.0042.01

$$\lim_{\epsilon \rightarrow +0} \Pi\left(n; 2\pi k + ix + \epsilon + \frac{\pi}{2} \mid m\right) = \frac{2}{\sqrt{m}} \Pi\left(\frac{n}{m} \mid \frac{1}{m}\right) + 4k\Pi(n | m) - \Pi\left(n; ix + \frac{\pi}{2} \mid m\right) / ;$$

$$m \in \mathbb{R} \wedge x \in \mathbb{R} \wedge (0 < m < 1 \wedge x < \text{Im}(\csc^{-1}(\sqrt{m}))) \vee m > 1 \wedge x > 0 \wedge k \in \mathbb{Z}$$

08.06.04.0043.01

$$\lim_{\epsilon \rightarrow +0} \Pi\left(n; 2\pi k + ix - \epsilon + \frac{3\pi}{2} \mid m\right) = -\frac{2}{\sqrt{m}} \Pi\left(\frac{n}{m} \mid \frac{1}{m}\right) + 4(k+2)\Pi(n | m) - \Pi\left(n; ix + \frac{3\pi}{2} \mid m\right) / ;$$

$$m \in \mathbb{R} \wedge x \in \mathbb{R} \wedge (0 < m < 1 \wedge x > -\text{Im}(\csc^{-1}(\sqrt{m}))) \vee m > 1 \wedge x < 0 \wedge k \in \mathbb{Z}$$

08.06.04.0044.01

$$\lim_{\epsilon \rightarrow +0} \Pi\left(n; 2\pi k + ix - \epsilon + \frac{3\pi}{2} \mid m\right) = \frac{2}{\sqrt{m}} \Pi\left(\frac{n}{m} \mid \frac{1}{m}\right) + 4(k+1)\Pi(n | m) - \Pi\left(n; ix + \frac{3\pi}{2} \mid m\right) / ;$$

$$m \in \mathbb{R} \wedge x \in \mathbb{R} \wedge (0 < m < 1 \wedge x < \text{Im}(\csc^{-1}(\sqrt{m}))) \vee m > 1 \wedge x > 0 \wedge k \in \mathbb{Z}$$

08.06.04.0045.01

$$\lim_{\epsilon \rightarrow +0} \Pi\left(n; 2\pi k + ix + \epsilon + \frac{3\pi}{2} \mid m\right) = \Pi\left(n; 2\pi k + ix + \frac{3\pi}{2} \mid m\right) / ; x \in \mathbb{R} \wedge k \in \mathbb{Z}$$

With respect to m

Branch cut locations: complicated.

Series representations

Generalized power series

Expansions at generic point $n = n_0$

For the function itself

08.06.06.0008.01

$$\Pi(n; z | m) \propto \Pi(n_0; z | m) +$$

$$\frac{1}{2(m-n_0)(n_0-1)} \left(E(z | m) - \frac{(m-n_0^2)\Pi(n_0; z | m)}{n_0} + F(z | m) \left(\frac{m}{n_0} - 1 \right) + \frac{\sqrt{1-m\sin^2(z)} \sin(2z)n_0}{2(n_0\sin^2(z)-1)} \right) (n-n_0) +$$

$$\frac{1}{4(m-n_0)^2(n_0-1)^2} \left(\frac{1}{2n_0^2} (E(z | m)(-n_0)(2n_0m+m+n_0(2-5n_0)) + F(z | m) \right.$$

$$\left. ((1-4n_0)m^2 + 3n_0(3n_0-1)m + n_0^2(2-5n_0)) + \Pi(n_0; z | m)(3n_0^4 + 2m(2-5n_0)n_0 + m^2(4n_0-1)) \right) +$$

$$\frac{\sin(2z)}{8(n_0\sin^2(z)-1)^2} (5n_0^3 - 2(m+4)n_0^2 - mn_0 + \cos(2z)(2n_0m+m+n_0(2-5n_0))n_0 + 6m)$$

$$\left. \sqrt{1-m\sin^2(z)} \right) (n-n_0)^2 + \dots /; (n \rightarrow n_0)$$

08.06.06.0009.01

$$\Pi(n; z | m) \propto \Pi(n_0; z | m) + \frac{1}{2(m-n_0)(n_0-1)}$$

$$\left(E(z | m) - \frac{(m-n_0^2)\Pi(n_0; z | m)}{n_0} + F(z | m) \left(\frac{m}{n_0} - 1 \right) + \frac{\sqrt{1-m\sin^2(z)} \sin(2z)n_0}{2(n_0\sin^2(z)-1)} \right) (n-n_0) + \frac{1}{4(m-n_0)^2(n_0-1)^2}$$

$$\left(\frac{1}{2n_0^2} (E(z | m)(-n_0)(2n_0m+m+n_0(2-5n_0)) + F(z | m)((1-4n_0)m^2 + 3n_0(3n_0-1)m + n_0^2(2-5n_0)) + \right.$$

$$\left. \Pi(n_0; z | m)(3n_0^4 + 2m(2-5n_0)n_0 + m^2(4n_0-1)) \right) + \frac{\sin(2z)}{8(n_0\sin^2(z)-1)^2}$$

$$\left. (5n_0^3 - 2(m+4)n_0^2 - mn_0 + \cos(2z)(2n_0m+m+n_0(2-5n_0))n_0 + 6m) \sqrt{1-m\sin^2(z)} \right) (n-n_0)^2 + O((n-n_0)^3)$$

08.06.06.0010.01

$$\Pi(n; z | m) = \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{1}{k!} \Pi^{(k,0,0)}(n_0; z | m) (n-n_0)^k$$

08.06.06.0011.01

$$\Pi(n; z | m) \propto \Pi(n_0; z | m) (1 + O(n-n_0))$$

Expansions at $n = 0$

08.06.06.0001.02

$$\begin{aligned} \Pi(n; z | m) \propto & F(z | m) + \frac{n}{3} (-1)^{\lfloor \frac{\operatorname{Re}(z)}{\pi} \rfloor} \left(\sin^3(z) F_1 \left(\frac{3}{2}; \frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2}; \frac{5}{2}; \sin^2(z), m \sin^2(z) \right) + \right. \\ & \left. \frac{3 \sin^5(z)}{5} F_1 \left(\frac{5}{2}; \frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2}; \frac{7}{2}; \sin^2(z), m \sin^2(z) \right) n + \frac{3 \sin^7(z)}{7} F_1 \left(\frac{7}{2}; \frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2}; \frac{9}{2}; \sin^2(z), m \sin^2(z) \right) n^2 + \dots \right) + \\ & \frac{\pi n}{2} \left\lfloor \frac{\operatorname{Re}(z)}{\pi} \right\rfloor \left({}_2F_1 \left(\frac{3}{2}, \frac{1}{2}; 2; m \right) + \frac{3}{4} {}_2F_1 \left(\frac{5}{2}, \frac{1}{2}; 3; m \right) n + \frac{5}{8} {}_2F_1 \left(\frac{7}{2}, \frac{1}{2}; 4; m \right) n^2 + \dots \right) /; (n \rightarrow 0) \end{aligned}$$

08.06.06.0012.01

$$\begin{aligned} \Pi(n; z | m) \propto & \left(F(z | m) + \frac{F(z | m) - E(z | m)}{m} n - \frac{n^2 \left(4(m+1) E(z | m) - 2 \left((m+2) F(z | m) + m \cos(z) \sin(z) \sqrt{1 - m \sin^2(z)} \right) \right)}{6 m^2} \right) n^2 + \\ & \left. O(n^3) \right) + 2 \left\lfloor \frac{\operatorname{Re}(z)}{\pi} \right\rfloor \left(K(m) - \frac{E(m) - K(m)}{m} n - \frac{2(m+1) E(m) - (m+2) K(m)}{3 m^2} n^2 + O(n^3) \right) /; (n \rightarrow 0) \end{aligned}$$

08.06.06.0002.01

$$\Pi(n; z | m) = (-1)^{\lfloor \frac{\operatorname{Re}(z)}{\pi} \rfloor} \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{\sin^{2k+1}(z)}{2k+1} F_1 \left(k + \frac{1}{2}; \frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2}; k + \frac{3}{2}; \sin^2(z), m \sin^2(z) \right) n^k + 2 \left\lfloor \frac{\operatorname{Re}(z)}{\pi} \right\rfloor \Pi(n | m)$$

08.06.06.0013.01

$$\Pi(n; z | m) \propto F(z | m) (1 + O(n))$$

Expansions at $n = 1$

08.06.06.0014.01

$$\begin{aligned} \Pi(n; z | m) \propto & (-1)^{\lfloor \frac{\operatorname{Re}(z)}{\pi} \rfloor} \left(\sin(z) F_1 \left(\frac{1}{2}; \frac{3}{2}, \frac{1}{2}; \frac{3}{2}; \sin^2(z), m \sin^2(z) \right) + \right. \\ & \left. \frac{\sin^3(z)}{3} F_1 \left(\frac{3}{2}; \frac{5}{2}, \frac{1}{2}; \frac{5}{2}; \sin^2(z), m \sin^2(z) \right) (n-1) + \frac{\sin^5(z)}{5} F_1 \left(\frac{5}{2}; \frac{7}{2}, \frac{1}{2}; \frac{7}{2}; \sin^2(z), m \sin^2(z) \right) (n-1)^2 + \dots \right) + \\ & \left\lfloor \frac{\operatorname{Re}(z)}{\pi} \right\rfloor \left(\frac{\pi}{\sqrt{1 - \frac{m}{n}} \sqrt{1-n}} + \frac{2 E(m)}{m-1} + 2 K(m) + 2 \frac{(m+1) E(m) + (m-1) K(m)}{3(m-1)^2} (n-1) - \right. \\ & \left. \left. \frac{2(2m^2 - 7m - 3) E(m) - (m^2 + 2m - 3) K(m)}{15(m-1)^3} (n-1)^2 + \dots \right) /; (n \rightarrow 1) \wedge \neg \frac{2 \operatorname{Re}(z) + \pi}{4 \pi} \in \mathbb{Z} \end{aligned}$$

08.06.06.0015.01

$$\Pi(n; z | m) = 2 \left\lfloor \frac{\operatorname{Re}(z)}{\pi} \right\rfloor \Pi(n | m) + (-1)^{\lfloor \frac{\operatorname{Re}(z)}{\pi} \rfloor} \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{\sin^{2k+1}(z)}{2k+1} F_1\left(k + \frac{1}{2}; k + \frac{3}{2}, \frac{1}{2}; k + \frac{3}{2}; \sin^2(z), m \sin^2(z)\right) (n-1)^k /;$$

$$\neg \frac{2 \operatorname{Re}(z) + \pi}{4\pi} \in \mathbb{Z}$$

08.06.06.0016.01

$$\Pi(n; z | m) \propto \left(\left\lfloor \frac{\operatorname{Re}(z)}{\pi} \right\rfloor \left(\frac{2E(m)}{m-1} + 2K(m) \right) + (-1)^{\lfloor \frac{\operatorname{Re}(z)}{\pi} \rfloor} \sin(z) F_1\left(\frac{1}{2}; \frac{3}{2}, \frac{1}{2}; \frac{3}{2}; \sin^2(z), m \sin^2(z)\right) \right) (1 + O(n-1)) +$$

$$\frac{\pi \lfloor \frac{\operatorname{Re}(z)}{\pi} \rfloor}{\sqrt{1 - \frac{m}{n}} \sqrt{1-n}} /; \neg \frac{2 \operatorname{Re}(z) + \pi}{4\pi} \in \mathbb{Z}$$

Expansions at $n = \infty$

08.06.06.0017.01

$$\Pi(n; z | m) \propto (-1)^{\lfloor \frac{\operatorname{Re}(z)}{\pi} \rfloor} \csc(z) \left(\left(\frac{1}{n} F_1\left(-\frac{1}{2}; \frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2}; \frac{1}{2}; m \sin^2(z), \sin^2(z)\right) + \frac{1}{3n^2 z^2} F_1\left(-\frac{3}{2}; \frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2}; -\frac{1}{2}; m \sin^2(z), \sin^2(z)\right) + \right.$$

$$\left. \frac{1}{5n^3 z^4} F_1\left(-\frac{5}{2}; \frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2}; -\frac{3}{2}; m \sin^2(z), \sin^2(z)\right) + \dots \right) - \frac{\pi \sqrt{-n \sin^2(z)}}{2n} \left(1 + \frac{m+1}{2n} + \frac{3m^2 + 2m + 3}{8n^2} + \dots \right) +$$

$$\left\lfloor \frac{\operatorname{Re}(z)}{\pi} \right\rfloor \left(\frac{\pi}{\sqrt{-n}} \left(1 + \frac{m+1}{2n} + \frac{3m^2 + 2m + 3}{8n^2} + \dots \right) + \frac{1}{2n} \left(4(E(m) - K(m)) - \frac{4(m+2)K(m) - 8(m+1)E(m)}{3n} + \right. \right.$$

$$\left. \left. \frac{8((8m^2 + 7m + 8)E(m) - (4m^2 + 3m + 8)K(m))}{15n^2} + \dots \right) \right) /; (|n| \rightarrow \infty)$$

08.06.06.0018.01

$$\Pi(n; z | m) = (-1)^{\lfloor \frac{\operatorname{Re}(z)}{\pi} \rfloor} \left(\sum_{k=0}^{\infty} n^{-k-1} \left(\frac{\sin^{-2k-3}(z) (m \sin^2(z))^{k+\frac{3}{2}} \sqrt{1-m \sin^2(z)}}{m \sqrt{\cos^2(z)}} \sqrt{\frac{m \cos^2(z)}{m-1}} F_1\left(\frac{1}{2}; k + \frac{3}{2}, \frac{1}{2}; \frac{3}{2}; 1 - m \sin^2(z), \frac{1 - m \sin^2(z)}{1-m}\right) + \right. \right.$$

$$\left. \left. \frac{\pi \sqrt{m \sin^2(z)} m^k}{\sin(z) \left(\frac{3}{2}\right)_k} \sqrt{\frac{m}{m-1}} {}_2\tilde{F}_1\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2}; -k; \frac{1}{1-m}\right) + \frac{\pi i \sqrt{n}}{2 \sqrt{n-1} \sqrt{n-m}} \right) + 2 \left\lfloor \frac{\operatorname{Re}(z)}{\pi} \right\rfloor \Pi(n | m)$$

08.06.06.0019.01

$$\Pi(n; z | m) = 2 \left\lfloor \frac{\operatorname{Re}(z)}{\pi} \right\rfloor \Pi(n | m) + \frac{(-1)^{\lfloor \frac{\operatorname{Re}(z)}{\pi} \rfloor} \csc(z)}{n}$$

$$\left(\sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{n^{-k} z^{-2k}}{2k+1} F_1\left(-k - \frac{1}{2}; \frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2}; \frac{1}{2} - k; m \sin^2(z), \sin^2(z)\right) - \frac{1}{2} \left(\pi \sqrt{-n \sin^2(z)} \right) \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{\left(\frac{1}{2}\right)_k}{k!} {}_2F_1\left(\frac{1}{2}, -k; \frac{1}{2} - k; \frac{1}{m}\right) \left(\frac{m}{n}\right)^k \right)$$

08.06.06.0020.01

$$\Pi(n; z | m) \propto \left(\frac{\pi \left\lfloor \frac{\operatorname{Re}(z)}{\pi} \right\rfloor}{\sqrt{-n}} - \frac{(-1)^{\left\lfloor \frac{\operatorname{Re}(z)}{\pi} \right\rfloor} \pi \csc(z) \sqrt{-n \sin^2(z)}}{2n} \right) \left(1 + O\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{n}}\right) \right); (|n| \rightarrow \infty)$$

Expansions at generic point $z = z_0$

For the function itself

08.06.06.0021.01

$$\Pi(n; z | m) \propto \Pi(n; z_0 | m) + \frac{1}{\sqrt{1 - m \sin^2(z_0)} (1 - n \sin^2(z_0))} (z - z_0) - \frac{\sin(2z_0) (3mn \sin^2(z_0) - m - 2n)}{4(1 - m \sin^2(z_0))^{3/2} (n \sin^2(z_0) - 1)^2} (z - z_0)^2 + \dots /;$$

$(z \rightarrow z_0)$

08.06.06.0022.01

$$\Pi(n; z | m) \propto$$

$$\Pi(n; z_0 | m) + \frac{1}{\sqrt{1 - m \sin^2(z_0)} (1 - n \sin^2(z_0))} (z - z_0) - \frac{\sin(2z_0) (3mn \sin^2(z_0) - m - 2n)}{4(1 - m \sin^2(z_0))^{3/2} (n \sin^2(z_0) - 1)^2} (z - z_0)^2 + O((z - z_0)^3)$$

08.06.06.0023.01

$$\Pi(n; z | m) =$$

$$\begin{aligned} \Pi(n; z_0 | m) + \sum_{p=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{p!} \left(\sum_{j=1}^p \frac{1}{j!} \sum_{k_1=0}^{j-1} \binom{j}{k_1} \sum_{k_2=0}^{j-k_1} (-1)^{k_1} 2^{k_1-j} \sin^{k_1}(z_0) (k_1 + 2k_2 - j)^p e^{-\frac{1}{2}i(\pi(j+p-k_1-2k_2)+2(k_1+2k_2-j)z_0)} \binom{j-k_1}{k_2} \right. \\ \left. \sum_{i=0}^{j-1} \frac{(1-j)_{2(j-i)-2}}{(j-i-1)! (2 \sin(z_0))^{j-2i-1}} \sum_{i_1=0}^i \sum_{i_2=0}^i \sum_{i_3=0}^i (-1)^{i_1} \delta_{i_1+i_2+i_3-i} (i_1 + i_2 + i_3; i_1, i_2, i_3) n^{i_1} m^{i_3} \right. \\ \left. (-i_1)_{i_1} \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)_{i_2} \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)_{i_3} (1 - n \sin^2(z_0))^{-i_1-1} \cos^{-2i_2-1}(z_0) (1 - m \sin^2(z_0))^{-i_3-\frac{1}{2}} (z - z_0)^p \right) \end{aligned}$$

08.06.06.0024.01

$$\Pi(n; z | m) = \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{1}{k!} \Pi^{(0,k,0)}(n; z_0 | m) (z - z_0)^k$$

08.06.06.0025.01

$$\Pi(n; z | m) \propto \Pi(n; z_0 | m) (1 + O[z - z_0])$$

Expansions on branch cuts

Formulas on real axis for real m, n

For $m < 1 < n$, $\csc^{-1}(\sqrt{n}) + \pi u < x < \pi(u + \frac{1}{2}) /; u \in \mathbb{Z}$

08.06.06.0026.01

$$\begin{aligned} \Pi(n; z | m) &\propto \Pi(n; x | m) + \frac{\pi i \sqrt{n}}{2 \sqrt{n-1} \sqrt{n-m}} \left(1 - e^{-\pi i \left\lfloor \frac{\arg(x-z)}{2\pi} \right\rfloor} \right) + \\ &e^{-\pi i \left\lfloor \frac{\arg(x-z)}{2\pi} \right\rfloor} \left(\frac{z-x}{\sqrt{1-m \sin^2(x)} (1-n \sin^2(x))} - \frac{\sin(2x) (3mn \sin^2(x) - m - 2n)}{4(1-m \sin^2(x))^{3/2} (n \sin^2(x) - 1)^2} (z-x)^2 + \dots \right) /; \\ (z \rightarrow x) \bigwedge x \in \mathbb{R} \bigwedge m \in \mathbb{R} \bigwedge n \in \mathbb{R} \bigwedge m < 1 < n \bigwedge \pi u + \csc^{-1}(\sqrt{n}) < x < \pi u + \frac{\pi}{2} \bigwedge u \in \mathbb{Z} \end{aligned}$$

08.06.06.0027.01

$$\begin{aligned} \Pi(n; z | m) &= \Pi(n; x | m) + \frac{\pi i \sqrt{n}}{2 \sqrt{n-1} \sqrt{n-m}} \left(1 - e^{-\pi i \left\lfloor \frac{\arg(x-z)}{2\pi} \right\rfloor} \right) + \\ &e^{-\pi i \left\lfloor \frac{\arg(x-z)}{2\pi} \right\rfloor} \sum_{p=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{p!} \left(\sum_{j=1}^p \frac{1}{j!} \sum_{k_1=0}^{j-1} \binom{j}{k_1} \sum_{k_2=0}^{j-k_1} (-1)^{k_1} 2^{k_1-j} \sin^{k_1}(x) (k_1 + 2k_2 - j)^p e^{-\frac{1}{2}i(\pi(j+p-k_1-2k_2)+2(k_1+2k_2-j)x)} \binom{j-k_1}{k_2} \right. \\ &\sum_{i=0}^{j-1} \frac{(1-j)_{2(j-i)-2}}{(j-i-1)! (2 \sin(x))^{j-2i-1}} \sum_{i_1=0}^i \sum_{i_2=0}^i \sum_{i_3=0}^i (-1)^{i_1} \delta_{i_1+i_2+i_3-i} (i_1 + i_2 + i_3; i_1, i_2, i_3) n^{i_1} m^{i_3} \\ &\left. (-i_1)_{i_1} \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)_{i_2} \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)_{i_3} (1-n \sin^2(x))^{-i_1-1} \cos^{-2i_2-1}(x) (1-m \sin^2(x))^{-i_3-\frac{1}{2}} (z-x)^p \right) /; \\ x \in \mathbb{R} \bigwedge m \in \mathbb{R} \bigwedge n \in \mathbb{R} \bigwedge m < 1 < n \bigwedge \pi u + \csc^{-1}(\sqrt{n}) < x < \pi u + \frac{\pi}{2} \bigwedge \\ u \in \mathbb{Z} \end{aligned}$$

08.06.06.0028.01

$$\begin{aligned} \Pi(n; z | m) &\propto \left(\Pi(n; x | m) + \frac{\pi i \sqrt{n}}{2 \sqrt{n-1} \sqrt{n-m}} \left(1 - e^{-\pi i \left\lfloor \frac{\arg(x-z)}{2\pi} \right\rfloor} \right) \right) (1 + \mathcal{O}(z-x)) /; \\ (z \rightarrow x) \bigwedge x \in \mathbb{R} \bigwedge m \in \mathbb{R} \bigwedge n \in \mathbb{R} \bigwedge m < 1 < n \bigwedge \pi u + \csc^{-1}(\sqrt{n}) < x < \pi u + \frac{\pi}{2} \bigwedge u \in \mathbb{Z} \end{aligned}$$

For $m < 1 < n$, $\pi(u + \frac{1}{2}) < x < \pi(u + 1) - \csc^{-1}(\sqrt{n})$ /; $u \in \mathbb{Z}$

08.06.06.0029.01

$$\begin{aligned} \Pi(n; z | m) &\propto \Pi(n; x | m) - \frac{\pi i \sqrt{n}}{2 \sqrt{n-1} \sqrt{n-m}} \left(1 - e^{-\pi i \left\lfloor \frac{\arg(z-x)}{2\pi} \right\rfloor} \right) + \\ &e^{-\pi i \left\lfloor \frac{\arg(z-x)}{2\pi} \right\rfloor} \left(\frac{z-x}{\sqrt{1-m \sin^2(x)} (1-n \sin^2(x))} - \frac{\sin(2x) (3mn \sin^2(x) - m - 2n)}{4(1-m \sin^2(x))^{3/2} (n \sin^2(x) - 1)^2} (z-x)^2 + \dots \right) /; \\ (z \rightarrow x) \bigwedge x \in \mathbb{R} \bigwedge m \in \mathbb{R} \bigwedge n \in \mathbb{R} \bigwedge m < 1 < n \bigwedge \pi u + \frac{\pi}{2} < x < \pi(u + 1) - \csc^{-1}(\sqrt{n}) \bigwedge u \in \mathbb{Z} \end{aligned}$$

08.06.06.0030.01

$$\begin{aligned} \Pi(n; z | m) = & \Pi(n; x | m) - \frac{\pi i \sqrt{n}}{2 \sqrt{n-1} \sqrt{n-m}} \left(1 - e^{-\pi i \left\lfloor \frac{\arg(z-x)}{2\pi} \right\rfloor} \right) + \\ & e^{-\pi i \left\lfloor \frac{\arg(z-x)}{2\pi} \right\rfloor} \sum_{p=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{p!} \left(\sum_{j=1}^p \frac{1}{j!} \sum_{k_1=0}^{j-1} \binom{j}{k_1} \sum_{k_2=0}^{j-k_1} (-1)^{k_1} 2^{k_1-j} \sin^{k_1}(x) (k_1 + 2k_2 - j)^p e^{-\frac{1}{2}i(\pi(j+p-k_1-2k_2)+2(k_1+2k_2-j)x)} \binom{j-k_1}{k_2} \right. \\ & \sum_{i=0}^{j-1} \frac{(1-j)_{2(j-i)-2}}{(j-i-1)! (2 \sin(x))^{j-2i-1}} \sum_{i_1=0}^i \sum_{i_2=0}^i \sum_{i_3=0}^i (-1)^{i_1} \delta_{i_1+i_2+i_3-i} (i_1 + i_2 + i_3; i_1, i_2, i_3) n^{i_1} m^{i_3} \\ & \left. (-i_1)_{i_1} \left(\frac{1}{2} \right)_{i_2} \left(\frac{1}{2} \right)_{i_3} (1 - n \sin^2(x))^{-i_1-1} \cos^{-2i_2-1}(x) (1 - m \sin^2(x))^{-i_3-\frac{1}{2}} (z-x)^p \right) /; \end{aligned}$$

$$x \in \mathbb{R} \wedge m \in \mathbb{R} \wedge n \in \mathbb{R} \wedge m < 1 < n \wedge \pi u + \frac{\pi}{2} < x < \pi(u+1) - \csc^{-1}(\sqrt{n}) \wedge$$

$$u \in \mathbb{Z}$$

08.06.06.0031.01

$$\begin{aligned} \Pi(n; z | m) \propto & \left(\Pi(n; x | m) - \frac{\pi i \sqrt{n}}{2 \sqrt{n-1} \sqrt{n-m}} \left(1 - e^{-\pi i \left\lfloor \frac{\arg(z-x)}{2\pi} \right\rfloor} \right) \right) (1 + O(z-x)) /; \\ & (z \rightarrow x) \wedge x \in \mathbb{R} \wedge m \in \mathbb{R} \wedge n \in \mathbb{R} \wedge m < 1 < n \wedge \pi u + \frac{\pi}{2} < x < \pi(u+1) - \csc^{-1}(\sqrt{n}) \wedge u \in \mathbb{Z} \end{aligned}$$

For $n < 1 < m$, $\csc^{-1}(\sqrt{m}) + \pi u < x < \pi(u + \frac{1}{2})$ /; $u \in \mathbb{Z}$

08.06.06.0032.01

$$\begin{aligned} \Pi(n; z | m) \propto & \left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{m}} \Pi\left(\frac{n}{m} \middle| \frac{1}{m}\right) + 2 \left(\left\lfloor \frac{x}{\pi} - \frac{1}{2} \right\rfloor + 1 \right) \Pi(n | m) \right) \left(1 - e^{-\pi i \left\lfloor \frac{\arg(x-z)}{2\pi} \right\rfloor} \right) + \Pi(n; x | m) e^{-\pi i \left\lfloor \frac{\arg(x-z)}{2\pi} \right\rfloor} + \\ & e^{-\pi i \left\lfloor \frac{\arg(x-z)}{2\pi} \right\rfloor} \left(\frac{z-x}{\sqrt{1-m \sin^2(x)} (1-n \sin^2(x))} - \frac{\sin(2x) (3mn \sin^2(x) - m - 2n)}{4(1-m \sin^2(x))^{3/2} (n \sin^2(x) - 1)^2} (z-x)^2 + \dots \right) /; \\ & (z \rightarrow x) \wedge x \in \mathbb{R} \wedge m \in \mathbb{R} \wedge n \in \mathbb{R} \wedge n < 1 < m \wedge \pi u + \csc^{-1}(\sqrt{m}) < x < \pi u + \frac{\pi}{2} \wedge u \in \mathbb{Z} \end{aligned}$$

08.06.06.0033.01

$$\begin{aligned} \Pi(n; z | m) = & \left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{m}} \Pi\left(\frac{n}{m} \middle| \frac{1}{m}\right) + 2 \left(\left\lfloor \frac{x}{\pi} - \frac{1}{2} \right\rfloor + 1 \right) \Pi(n | m) \right) \left(1 - e^{-\pi i \left\lfloor \frac{\arg(x-z)}{2\pi} \right\rfloor} \right) + \Pi(n; x | m) e^{-\pi i \left\lfloor \frac{\arg(x-z)}{2\pi} \right\rfloor} + \\ & e^{-\pi i \left\lfloor \frac{\arg(x-z)}{2\pi} \right\rfloor} \sum_{p=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{p!} \left(\sum_{j=1}^p \frac{1}{j!} \sum_{k_1=0}^{j-1} \binom{j}{k_1} \sum_{k_2=0}^{j-k_1} (-1)^{k_1} 2^{k_1-j} \sin^{k_1}(x) (k_1 + 2k_2 - j)^p e^{-\frac{1}{2}i(\pi(j+p-k_1-2k_2)+2(k_1+2k_2-j)x)} \binom{j-k_1}{k_2} \right. \\ & \sum_{i=0}^{j-1} \frac{(1-j)2^{(j-i)-2}}{(j-i-1)! (2 \sin(x))^{j-2i-1}} \sum_{i_1=0}^i \sum_{i_2=0}^i \sum_{i_3=0}^i (-1)^{i_1} \delta_{i_1+i_2+i_3-i} (i_1 + i_2 + i_3; i_1, i_2, i_3) n^{i_1} m^{i_3} \\ & \left. (-i_1)_{i_1} \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)_{i_2} \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)_{i_3} (1 - n \sin^2(x))^{-i_1-1} \cos^{-2i_2-1}(x) (1 - m \sin^2(x))^{-i_3-\frac{1}{2}} (z-x)^p \right) /; \end{aligned}$$

$$x \in \mathbb{R} \wedge m \in \mathbb{R} \wedge n \in \mathbb{R} \wedge n < 1 < m \wedge \pi u + \csc^{-1}(\sqrt{m}) < x < \pi u + \frac{\pi}{2} \wedge$$

$$u \in \mathbb{Z}$$

08.06.06.0034.01

$$\begin{aligned} \Pi(n; z | m) \propto & \left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{m}} \Pi\left(\frac{n}{m} \middle| \frac{1}{m}\right) + 2 \left(\left\lfloor \frac{x}{\pi} - \frac{1}{2} \right\rfloor + 1 \right) \Pi(n | m) \right) \left(1 - e^{-\pi i \left\lfloor \frac{\arg(x-z)}{2\pi} \right\rfloor} \right) + \Pi(n; x | m) e^{-\pi i \left\lfloor \frac{\arg(x-z)}{2\pi} \right\rfloor} \right) (1 + O(z-x)) /; \\ & (z \rightarrow x) \wedge x \in \mathbb{R} \wedge m \in \mathbb{R} \wedge n \in \mathbb{R} \wedge n < 1 < m \wedge \pi u + \csc^{-1}(\sqrt{m}) < x < \pi u + \frac{\pi}{2} \wedge u \in \mathbb{Z} \end{aligned}$$

For $n < 1 < m$, $\pi(u + \frac{1}{2}) < x < \pi(u + 1) - \csc^{-1}(\sqrt{m})$ /; $u \in \mathbb{Z}$

08.06.06.0035.01

$$\begin{aligned} \Pi(n; z | m) \propto & \left(2 \left(\left\lfloor \frac{x}{\pi} - \frac{1}{2} \right\rfloor + 1 \right) \Pi(n | m) - \frac{1}{\sqrt{m}} \Pi\left(\frac{n}{m} \middle| \frac{1}{m}\right) \right) \left(1 - e^{-\pi i \left\lfloor \frac{\arg(z-x)}{2\pi} \right\rfloor} \right) + \Pi(n; x | m) e^{-\pi i \left\lfloor \frac{\arg(z-x)}{2\pi} \right\rfloor} + \\ & e^{-\pi i \left\lfloor \frac{\arg(z-x)}{2\pi} \right\rfloor} \left(\frac{z-x}{\sqrt{1-m \sin^2(x)} (1-n \sin^2(x))} - \frac{\sin(2x) (3mn \sin^2(x) - m - 2n)}{4(1-m \sin^2(x))^{3/2} (n \sin^2(x) - 1)^2} (z-x)^2 + \dots \right) /; \\ & (z \rightarrow x) \wedge x \in \mathbb{R} \wedge m \in \mathbb{R} \wedge n \in \mathbb{R} \wedge n < 1 < m \wedge \pi u + \frac{\pi}{2} < x < \pi(u + 1) - \csc^{-1}(\sqrt{m}) \wedge u \in \mathbb{Z} \end{aligned}$$

08.06.06.0036.01

$$\begin{aligned} \Pi(n; z | m) = & \left(2 \left(\left\lfloor \frac{x}{\pi} - \frac{1}{2} \right\rfloor + 1 \right) \Pi(n | m) - \frac{1}{\sqrt{m}} \Pi \left(\frac{n}{m} \middle| \frac{1}{m} \right) \right) \left(1 - e^{-\pi i \left\lfloor \frac{\arg(z-x)}{2\pi} \right\rfloor} \right) + \Pi(n; x | m) e^{-\pi i \left\lfloor \frac{\arg(z-x)}{2\pi} \right\rfloor} + \\ & e^{-\pi i \left\lfloor \frac{\arg(z-x)}{2\pi} \right\rfloor} \sum_{p=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{p!} \left(\sum_{j=1}^p \frac{1}{j!} \sum_{k_1=0}^{j-1} \binom{j}{k_1} \sum_{k_2=0}^{j-k_1} (-1)^{k_1} 2^{k_1-j} \sin^{k_1}(x) (k_1 + 2k_2 - j)^p e^{-\frac{1}{2}i(\pi(j+p-k_1-2k_2)+2(k_1+2k_2-j)x)} \binom{j-k_1}{k_2} \right. \\ & \sum_{i=0}^{j-1} \frac{(1-j)_{2(j-i)-2}}{(j-i-1)! (2 \sin(x))^{j-2i-1}} \sum_{i_1=0}^i \sum_{i_2=0}^i \sum_{i_3=0}^i (-1)^{i_1} \delta_{i_1+i_2+i_3-i} (i_1 + i_2 + i_3; i_1, i_2, i_3) n^{i_1} m^{i_3} \\ & \left. (-i_1)_{i_1} \left(\frac{1}{2} \right)_{i_2} \left(\frac{1}{2} \right)_{i_3} (1 - n \sin^2(x))^{-i_1-1} \cos^{-2i_2-1}(x) (1 - m \sin^2(x))^{-i_3-\frac{1}{2}} (z-x)^p \right) /; \end{aligned}$$

$$x \in \mathbb{R} \wedge m \in \mathbb{R} \wedge n \in \mathbb{R} \wedge n < 1 < m \wedge \pi u + \frac{\pi}{2} < x < \pi(u+1) - \csc^{-1}(\sqrt{m}) \wedge$$

$$u \in \mathbb{Z}$$

08.06.06.0037.01

$$\begin{aligned} \Pi(n; z | m) \propto & \left(2 \left(\left\lfloor \frac{x}{\pi} - \frac{1}{2} \right\rfloor + 1 \right) \Pi(n | m) - \frac{1}{\sqrt{m}} \Pi \left(\frac{n}{m} \middle| \frac{1}{m} \right) \right) \left(1 - e^{-\pi i \left\lfloor \frac{\arg(z-x)}{2\pi} \right\rfloor} \right) + \Pi(n; x | m) e^{-\pi i \left\lfloor \frac{\arg(z-x)}{2\pi} \right\rfloor} \left(1 + O(z-x) \right) /; \\ & (z \rightarrow x) \wedge x \in \mathbb{R} \wedge m \in \mathbb{R} \wedge n \in \mathbb{R} \wedge n < 1 < m \wedge \pi u + \frac{\pi}{2} < x < \pi(u+1) - \csc^{-1}(\sqrt{m}) \wedge u \in \mathbb{Z} \end{aligned}$$

For $1 < n < m$, $\csc^{-1}(\sqrt{m}) + \pi u < x < \pi(u + \frac{1}{2})$ /; $u \in \mathbb{Z}$

08.06.06.0038.01

$$\begin{aligned} \Pi(n; z | m) \propto & \frac{1}{\sqrt{m}} \Pi \left(\frac{n}{m} \middle| \frac{1}{m} \right) \left(1 - e^{-\pi i \left\lfloor \frac{\arg(x-z)}{2\pi} \right\rfloor} \right) + \Pi(n; x | m) e^{-\pi i \left\lfloor \frac{\arg(x-z)}{2\pi} \right\rfloor} + \\ & e^{-\pi i \left\lfloor \frac{\arg(x-z)}{2\pi} \right\rfloor} \left(\frac{z-x}{\sqrt{1-m \sin^2(x)} (1-n \sin^2(x))} - \frac{\sin(2x) (3mn \sin^2(x) - m - 2n)}{4(1-m \sin^2(x))^{3/2} (n \sin^2(x) - 1)^2} (z-x)^2 + \dots \right) /; \\ & (z \rightarrow x) \wedge x \in \mathbb{R} \wedge m \in \mathbb{R} \wedge n \in \mathbb{R} \wedge 1 < n < m \wedge \pi u + \csc^{-1}(\sqrt{m}) < x < \pi u + \csc^{-1}(\sqrt{n}) \wedge u \in \mathbb{Z} \end{aligned}$$

08.06.06.0039.01

$$\begin{aligned} \Pi(n; z | m) \propto & \left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{m}} \Pi \left(\frac{n}{m} \middle| \frac{1}{m} \right) - \frac{\pi i \sqrt{n}}{2 \sqrt{n-1} \sqrt{n-m}} \right) \left(1 - e^{-\pi i \left\lfloor \frac{\arg(x-z)}{2\pi} \right\rfloor} \right) + \Pi(n; x | m) e^{-\pi i \left\lfloor \frac{\arg(x-z)}{2\pi} \right\rfloor} + \\ & e^{-\pi i \left\lfloor \frac{\arg(x-z)}{2\pi} \right\rfloor} \left(\frac{z-x}{\sqrt{1-m \sin^2(x)} (1-n \sin^2(x))} - \frac{\sin(2x) (3mn \sin^2(x) - m - 2n)}{4(1-m \sin^2(x))^{3/2} (n \sin^2(x) - 1)^2} (z-x)^2 + \dots \right) /; \\ & (z \rightarrow x) \wedge x \in \mathbb{R} \wedge m \in \mathbb{R} \wedge n \in \mathbb{R} \wedge 1 < n < m \wedge \pi u + \csc^{-1}(\sqrt{n}) < x < \pi u + \frac{\pi}{2} \wedge u \in \mathbb{Z} \end{aligned}$$

08.06.06.0040.01

$$\begin{aligned} \Pi(n; z | m) &= \frac{1}{\sqrt{m}} \Pi\left(\frac{n}{m} \middle| \frac{1}{m}\right) \left(1 - e^{-\pi i \left\lfloor \frac{\arg(x-z)}{2\pi} \right\rfloor}\right) + \Pi(n; x | m) e^{-\pi i \left\lfloor \frac{\arg(x-z)}{2\pi} \right\rfloor} + \\ &e^{-\pi i \left\lfloor \frac{\arg(x-z)}{2\pi} \right\rfloor} \sum_{p=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{p!} \left(\sum_{j=1}^p \frac{1}{j!} \sum_{k_1=0}^{j-1} \binom{j}{k_1} \sum_{k_2=0}^{j-k_1} (-1)^{k_1} 2^{k_1-j} \sin^{k_1}(x) (k_1 + 2k_2 - j)^p e^{-\frac{1}{2}i(\pi(j+p-k_1-2k_2)+2(k_1+2k_2-j)x)} \binom{j-k_1}{k_2} \right. \\ &\sum_{i=0}^{j-1} \frac{(1-j)_{2(j-i)-2}}{(j-i-1)! (2 \sin(x))^{j-2i-1}} \sum_{i_1=0}^i \sum_{i_2=0}^i \sum_{i_3=0}^i (-1)^{i_1} \delta_{i_1+i_2+i_3-i} (i_1 + i_2 + i_3; i_1, i_2, i_3) n^{i_1} m^{i_3} \\ &\left. (-i_1)_{i_1} \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)_{i_2} \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)_{i_3} (1 - n \sin^2(x))^{-i_1-1} \cos^{-2i_2-1}(x) (1 - m \sin^2(x))^{-i_3-\frac{1}{2}} (z-x)^p \right) /; \\ x \in \mathbb{R} \wedge m \in \mathbb{R} \wedge n \in \mathbb{R} \wedge 1 < n < m \wedge \pi u + \csc^{-1}(\sqrt{m}) < x < \pi u + \csc^{-1}(\sqrt{n}) \wedge \end{aligned}$$

$u \in \mathbb{Z}$

08.06.06.0041.01

$$\begin{aligned} \Pi(n; z | m) &= \left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{m}} \Pi\left(\frac{n}{m} \middle| \frac{1}{m}\right) - \frac{\pi i \sqrt{n}}{2 \sqrt{n-1} \sqrt{n-m}} \right) \left(1 - e^{-\pi i \left\lfloor \frac{\arg(x-z)}{2\pi} \right\rfloor}\right) + \Pi(n; x | m) e^{-\pi i \left\lfloor \frac{\arg(x-z)}{2\pi} \right\rfloor} + \\ &e^{-\pi i \left\lfloor \frac{\arg(x-z)}{2\pi} \right\rfloor} \sum_{p=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{p!} \left(\sum_{j=1}^p \frac{1}{j!} \sum_{k_1=0}^{j-1} \binom{j}{k_1} \sum_{k_2=0}^{j-k_1} (-1)^{k_1} 2^{k_1-j} \sin^{k_1}(x) (k_1 + 2k_2 - j)^p e^{-\frac{1}{2}i(\pi(j+p-k_1-2k_2)+2(k_1+2k_2-j)x)} \binom{j-k_1}{k_2} \right. \\ &\sum_{i=0}^{j-1} \frac{(1-j)_{2(j-i)-2}}{(j-i-1)! (2 \sin(x))^{j-2i-1}} \sum_{i_1=0}^i \sum_{i_2=0}^i \sum_{i_3=0}^i (-1)^{i_1} \delta_{i_1+i_2+i_3-i} (i_1 + i_2 + i_3; i_1, i_2, i_3) n^{i_1} m^{i_3} \\ &\left. (-i_1)_{i_1} \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)_{i_2} \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)_{i_3} (1 - n \sin^2(x))^{-i_1-1} \cos^{-2i_2-1}(x) (1 - m \sin^2(x))^{-i_3-\frac{1}{2}} (z-x)^p \right) /; \\ x \in \mathbb{R} \wedge m \in \mathbb{R} \wedge n \in \mathbb{R} \wedge 1 < n < m \wedge \pi u + \csc^{-1}(\sqrt{n}) < x < \pi u + \frac{\pi}{2} \wedge \end{aligned}$$

$u \in \mathbb{Z}$

08.06.06.0042.01

$$\begin{aligned} \Pi(n; z | m) &\propto \left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{m}} \Pi\left(\frac{n}{m} \middle| \frac{1}{m}\right) \left(1 - e^{-\pi i \left\lfloor \frac{\arg(x-z)}{2\pi} \right\rfloor}\right) + \Pi(n; x | m) e^{-\pi i \left\lfloor \frac{\arg(x-z)}{2\pi} \right\rfloor} \right) (1 + O(z-x)) /; \\ (z \rightarrow x) \wedge x \in \mathbb{R} \wedge m \in \mathbb{R} \wedge n \in \mathbb{R} \wedge 1 < n < m \wedge \pi u + \csc^{-1}(\sqrt{m}) < x < \pi u + \csc^{-1}(\sqrt{n}) \wedge u \in \mathbb{Z} \end{aligned}$$

08.06.06.0043.01

$$\begin{aligned} \Pi(n; z | m) &\propto \left(\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{m}} \Pi\left(\frac{n}{m} \middle| \frac{1}{m}\right) - \frac{\pi i \sqrt{n}}{2 \sqrt{n-1} \sqrt{n-m}} \right) \left(1 - e^{-\pi i \left\lfloor \frac{\arg(x-z)}{2\pi} \right\rfloor}\right) + \Pi(n; x | m) e^{-\pi i \left\lfloor \frac{\arg(x-z)}{2\pi} \right\rfloor} \right) (1 + O(z-x)) /; \\ (z \rightarrow x) \wedge x \in \mathbb{R} \wedge m \in \mathbb{R} \wedge n \in \mathbb{R} \wedge 1 < n < m \wedge \pi u + \csc^{-1}(\sqrt{n}) < x < \pi u + \frac{\pi}{2} \wedge u \in \mathbb{Z} \end{aligned}$$

For $1 < n < m, \pi(u + \frac{1}{2}) < x < \pi(u + 1) - \csc^{-1}(\sqrt{m}) /; u \in \mathbb{Z}$

08.06.06.0044.01

$$\begin{aligned} \Pi(n; z | m) &\propto \left(-\frac{1}{\sqrt{m}} \Pi\left(\frac{n}{m} \middle| \frac{1}{m}\right) + \frac{\pi i \sqrt{n}}{2\sqrt{n-1}\sqrt{n-m}} \right) \left(1 - e^{-\pi i \left\lfloor \frac{\arg(z-x)}{2\pi} \right\rfloor} \right) + \Pi(n; x | m) e^{-\pi i \left\lfloor \frac{\arg(z-x)}{2\pi} \right\rfloor} + \\ &e^{-\pi i \left\lfloor \frac{\arg(z-x)}{2\pi} \right\rfloor} \left[\frac{z-x}{\sqrt{1-m\sin^2(x)}(1-n\sin^2(x))} - \frac{\sin(2x)(3mn\sin^2(x)-m-2n)}{4(1-m\sin^2(x))^{3/2}(n\sin^2(x)-1)^2} (z-x)^2 + \dots \right] /; \\ &(z \rightarrow x) \wedge x \in \mathbb{R} \wedge m \in \mathbb{R} \wedge n \in \mathbb{R} \wedge 1 < n < m \wedge \pi u + \frac{\pi}{2} < x < \pi(u+1) - \csc^{-1}(\sqrt{n}) \wedge u \in \mathbb{Z} \end{aligned}$$

08.06.06.0045.01

$$\begin{aligned} \Pi(n; z | m) &\propto -\frac{1}{\sqrt{m}} \Pi\left(\frac{n}{m} \middle| \frac{1}{m}\right) \left(1 - e^{-\pi i \left\lfloor \frac{\arg(z-x)}{2\pi} \right\rfloor} \right) + \Pi(n; x | m) e^{-\pi i \left\lfloor \frac{\arg(z-x)}{2\pi} \right\rfloor} + \\ &e^{-\pi i \left\lfloor \frac{\arg(z-x)}{2\pi} \right\rfloor} \left[\frac{z-x}{\sqrt{1-m\sin^2(x)}(1-n\sin^2(x))} - \frac{\sin(2x)(3mn\sin^2(x)-m-2n)}{4(1-m\sin^2(x))^{3/2}(n\sin^2(x)-1)^2} (z-x)^2 + \dots \right] /; \\ &(z \rightarrow x) \wedge x \in \mathbb{R} \wedge m \in \mathbb{R} \wedge n \in \mathbb{R} \wedge 1 < n < m \wedge \pi u - \csc^{-1}(\sqrt{n}) < x < \pi u - \csc^{-1}(\sqrt{m}) \wedge u \in \mathbb{Z} \end{aligned}$$

08.06.06.0046.01

$$\begin{aligned} \Pi(n; z | m) &= \left(-\frac{1}{\sqrt{m}} \Pi\left(\frac{n}{m} \middle| \frac{1}{m}\right) + \frac{\pi i \sqrt{n}}{2\sqrt{n-1}\sqrt{n-m}} \right) \left(1 - e^{-\pi i \left\lfloor \frac{\arg(z-x)}{2\pi} \right\rfloor} \right) + \Pi(n; x | m) e^{-\pi i \left\lfloor \frac{\arg(z-x)}{2\pi} \right\rfloor} + \\ &e^{-\pi i \left\lfloor \frac{\arg(z-x)}{2\pi} \right\rfloor} \sum_{p=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{p!} \left(\sum_{j=1}^p \frac{1}{j!} \sum_{k_1=0}^{j-1} \binom{j}{k_1} \sum_{k_2=0}^{j-k_1} (-1)^{k_1} 2^{k_1-j} \sin^{k_1}(x) (k_1 + 2k_2 - j)^p e^{-\frac{1}{2}i(\pi(j+p-k_1-2k_2)+2(k_1+2k_2-j)x)} \binom{j-k_1}{k_2} \right. \\ &\sum_{i=0}^{j-1} \frac{(1-j)_{2(j-i)-2}}{(j-i-1)!(2\sin(x))^{j-2i-1}} \sum_{i_1=0}^i \sum_{i_2=0}^i \sum_{i_3=0}^i (-1)^{i_1} \delta_{i_1+i_2+i_3-i} (i_1+i_2+i_3; i_1, i_2, i_3) n^{i_1} m^{i_3} \\ &\left. (-i_1)_{i_1} \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)_{i_2} \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)_{i_3} (1-n\sin^2(x))^{-i_1-1} \cos^{-2i_2-1}(x) (1-m\sin^2(x))^{-i_3-\frac{1}{2}} (z-x)^p \right) /; \\ &x \in \mathbb{R} \wedge m \in \mathbb{R} \wedge n \in \mathbb{R} \wedge 1 < n < m \wedge \pi u + \frac{\pi}{2} < x < \pi(u+1) - \csc^{-1}(\sqrt{n}) \wedge \\ &u \in \mathbb{Z} \end{aligned}$$

08.06.06.0047.01

$$\begin{aligned} \Pi(n; z | m) = & -\frac{1}{\sqrt{m}} \Pi\left(\frac{n}{m} \middle| \frac{1}{m}\right) \left(1 - e^{-\pi i \left\lfloor \frac{\arg(z-x)}{2\pi} \right\rfloor}\right) + \Pi(n; x | m) e^{-\pi i \left\lfloor \frac{\arg(z-x)}{2\pi} \right\rfloor} + \\ & e^{-\pi i \left\lfloor \frac{\arg(z-x)}{2\pi} \right\rfloor} \sum_{p=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{p!} \left(\sum_{j=1}^p \frac{1}{j!} \sum_{k_1=0}^{j-1} \binom{j}{k_1} \sum_{k_2=0}^{j-k_1} (-1)^{k_1} 2^{k_1-j} \sin^{k_1}(x) (k_1 + 2k_2 - j)^p e^{-\frac{1}{2}i(\pi(j+p-k_1-2k_2)+2(k_1+2k_2-j)x)} \binom{j-k_1}{k_2} \right. \\ & \sum_{i=0}^{j-1} \frac{(1-j)_{2(j-i)-2}}{(j-i-1)! (2 \sin(x))^{j-2i-1}} \sum_{i_1=0}^i \sum_{i_2=0}^i \sum_{i_3=0}^i (-1)^{i_1} \delta_{i_1+i_2+i_3-i} (i_1 + i_2 + i_3; i_1, i_2, i_3) n^{i_1} m^{i_3} \\ & \left. (-i_1)_{i_1} \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)_{i_2} \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)_{i_3} (1 - n \sin^2(x))^{-i_1-1} \cos^{-2i_2-1}(x) (1 - m \sin^2(x))^{-i_3-\frac{1}{2}} (z-x)^p \right) /; \\ & x \in \mathbb{R} \wedge m \in \mathbb{R} \wedge n \in \mathbb{R} \wedge 1 < n < m \wedge \pi u - \csc^{-1}(\sqrt{n}) < x < \pi u - \csc^{-1}(\sqrt{m}) \wedge \\ & u \in \mathbb{Z} \end{aligned}$$

08.06.06.0048.01

$$\begin{aligned} \Pi(n; z | m) \propto & \left(-\frac{1}{\sqrt{m}} \Pi\left(\frac{n}{m} \middle| \frac{1}{m}\right) + \frac{\pi i \sqrt{n}}{2\sqrt{n-1} \sqrt{n-m}} \right) \left(1 - e^{-\pi i \left\lfloor \frac{\arg(z-x)}{2\pi} \right\rfloor}\right) + \Pi(n; x | m) e^{-\pi i \left\lfloor \frac{\arg(z-x)}{2\pi} \right\rfloor} \left(1 + O(z-x)\right) /; \\ & (z \rightarrow x) \wedge x \in \mathbb{R} \wedge m \in \mathbb{R} \wedge n \in \mathbb{R} \wedge 1 < n < m \wedge \pi u + \frac{\pi}{2} < x < \pi(u+1) - \csc^{-1}(\sqrt{n}) \wedge u \in \mathbb{Z} \end{aligned}$$

08.06.06.0049.01

$$\begin{aligned} \Pi(n; z | m) \propto & \left(e^{-\pi i \left\lfloor \frac{\arg(z-x)}{2\pi} \right\rfloor} \Pi(n; x | m) - \frac{\Pi\left(\frac{n}{m} \middle| \frac{1}{m}\right)}{\sqrt{m}} \left(1 - e^{-\pi i \left\lfloor \frac{\arg(z-x)}{2\pi} \right\rfloor}\right) \right) \left(1 + O(z-x)\right) /; \\ & (z \rightarrow x) \wedge x \in \mathbb{R} \wedge m \in \mathbb{R} \wedge n \in \mathbb{R} \wedge 1 < n < m \wedge \pi u - \csc^{-1}(\sqrt{n}) < x < \pi u - \csc^{-1}(\sqrt{m}) \wedge u \in \mathbb{Z} \end{aligned}$$

For $1 < m < n$, $\csc^{-1}(\sqrt{n}) + \pi u < x < \pi(u + \frac{1}{2})$; $u \in \mathbb{Z}$

08.06.06.0050.01

$$\begin{aligned} \Pi(n; z | m) \propto & \Pi(n; x | m) - \frac{\pi i \sqrt{n}}{2\sqrt{n-1} \sqrt{n-m}} \left(1 - e^{-\pi i \left\lfloor \frac{\arg(x-z)}{2\pi} \right\rfloor}\right) + \\ & e^{-\pi i \left\lfloor \frac{\arg(x-z)}{2\pi} \right\rfloor} \left[\frac{z-x}{\sqrt{1-m \sin^2(x)} (1-n \sin^2(x))} - \frac{\sin(2x) (3mn \sin^2(x) - m - 2n)}{4(1-m \sin^2(x))^{3/2} (n \sin^2(x) - 1)^2} (z-x)^2 + \dots \right] /; \\ & (z \rightarrow x) \wedge x \in \mathbb{R} \wedge m \in \mathbb{R} \wedge n \in \mathbb{R} \wedge 1 < m < n \wedge \pi u + \csc^{-1}(\sqrt{n}) < x < \pi u + \csc^{-1}(\sqrt{m}) \wedge u \in \mathbb{Z} \end{aligned}$$

08.06.06.0051.01

$$\begin{aligned} \Pi(n; z | m) &\propto \left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{m}} \Pi\left(\frac{n}{m} \middle| \frac{1}{m}\right) + \frac{\pi i \sqrt{n}}{2\sqrt{n-1}\sqrt{n-m}} \right) \left(1 - e^{-\pi i \left\lfloor \frac{\arg(x-z)}{2\pi} \right\rfloor} \right) + \Pi(n; x | m) e^{-\pi i \left\lfloor \frac{\arg(x-z)}{2\pi} \right\rfloor} + \\ &e^{-\pi i \left\lfloor \frac{\arg(x-z)}{2\pi} \right\rfloor} \left(\frac{z-x}{\sqrt{1-m\sin^2(x)}(1-n\sin^2(x))} - \frac{\sin(2x)(3mn\sin^2(x)-m-2n)}{4(1-m\sin^2(x))^{3/2}(n\sin^2(x)-1)^2} (z-x)^2 + \dots \right) /; \\ &(z \rightarrow x) \wedge x \in \mathbb{R} \wedge m \in \mathbb{R} \wedge n \in \mathbb{R} \wedge 1 < m < n \wedge \pi u + \csc^{-1}(\sqrt{m}) < x < \pi u + \frac{\pi}{2} \wedge u \in \mathbb{Z} \end{aligned}$$

08.06.06.0052.01

$$\begin{aligned} \Pi(n; z | m) &\propto \Pi(n; x | m) - \frac{\pi i \sqrt{n}}{2\sqrt{n-1}\sqrt{n-m}} \left(1 - e^{-\pi i \left\lfloor \frac{\arg(x-z)}{2\pi} \right\rfloor} \right) + \\ &e^{-\pi i \left\lfloor \frac{\arg(x-z)}{2\pi} \right\rfloor} \sum_{p=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{p!} \left(\sum_{j=1}^p \frac{1}{j!} \sum_{k_1=0}^{j-1} \binom{j}{k_1} \sum_{k_2=0}^{j-k_1} (-1)^{k_1} 2^{k_1-j} \sin^{k_1}(x) (k_1 + 2k_2 - j)^p e^{-\frac{1}{2}i(\pi(j+p-k_1-2k_2)+2(k_1+2k_2-j)x)} \binom{j-k_1}{k_2} \right. \\ &\sum_{i=0}^{j-1} \frac{(1-j)_{2(j-i)-2}}{(j-i-1)!(2\sin(x))^{j-2i-1}} \sum_{i_1=0}^i \sum_{i_2=0}^i \sum_{i_3=0}^i (-1)^{i_1} \delta_{i_1+i_2+i_3-i} (i_1 + i_2 + i_3; i_1, i_2, i_3) n^{i_1} m^{i_3} \\ &\left. (-i_1)_{i_1} \binom{1}{2}_{i_2} \binom{1}{2}_{i_3} (1-n\sin^2(x))^{-i_1-1} \cos^{-2i_2-1}(x) (1-m\sin^2(x))^{-i_3-\frac{1}{2}} (z-x)^p \right) /; \\ &x \in \mathbb{R} \wedge m \in \mathbb{R} \wedge n \in \mathbb{R} \wedge 1 < m < n \wedge \pi u + \csc^{-1}(\sqrt{n}) < x < \pi u + \csc^{-1}(\sqrt{m}) \wedge \\ &u \in \mathbb{Z} \end{aligned}$$

08.06.06.0053.01

$$\begin{aligned} \Pi(n; z | m) &\propto \left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{m}} \Pi\left(\frac{n}{m} \middle| \frac{1}{m}\right) + \frac{\pi i \sqrt{n}}{2\sqrt{n-1}\sqrt{n-m}} \right) \left(1 - e^{-\pi i \left\lfloor \frac{\arg(x-z)}{2\pi} \right\rfloor} \right) + \Pi(n; x | m) e^{-\pi i \left\lfloor \frac{\arg(x-z)}{2\pi} \right\rfloor} + \\ &e^{-\pi i \left\lfloor \frac{\arg(x-z)}{2\pi} \right\rfloor} \sum_{p=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{p!} \left(\sum_{j=1}^p \frac{1}{j!} \sum_{k_1=0}^{j-1} \binom{j}{k_1} \sum_{k_2=0}^{j-k_1} (-1)^{k_1} 2^{k_1-j} \sin^{k_1}(x) (k_1 + 2k_2 - j)^p e^{-\frac{1}{2}i(\pi(j+p-k_1-2k_2)+2(k_1+2k_2-j)x)} \binom{j-k_1}{k_2} \right. \\ &\sum_{i=0}^{j-1} \frac{(1-j)_{2(j-i)-2}}{(j-i-1)!(2\sin(x))^{j-2i-1}} \sum_{i_1=0}^i \sum_{i_2=0}^i \sum_{i_3=0}^i (-1)^{i_1} \delta_{i_1+i_2+i_3-i} (i_1 + i_2 + i_3; i_1, i_2, i_3) n^{i_1} m^{i_3} \\ &\left. (-i_1)_{i_1} \binom{1}{2}_{i_2} \binom{1}{2}_{i_3} (1-n\sin^2(x))^{-i_1-1} \cos^{-2i_2-1}(x) (1-m\sin^2(x))^{-i_3-\frac{1}{2}} (z-x)^p \right) /; \\ &x \in \mathbb{R} \wedge m \in \mathbb{R} \wedge n \in \mathbb{R} \wedge 1 < m < n \wedge \pi u + \csc^{-1}(\sqrt{m}) < x < \pi u + \frac{\pi}{2} \wedge \\ &u \in \mathbb{Z} \end{aligned}$$

08.06.06.0054.01

$$\Pi(n; z | m) \propto \left(\Pi(n; x | m) - \frac{\pi i \sqrt{n}}{2 \sqrt{n-1} \sqrt{n-m}} \left(1 - e^{-\pi i \left\lfloor \frac{\arg(x-z)}{2\pi} \right\rfloor} \right) \right) (1 + O(z-x)) /;$$

$$(z \rightarrow x) \bigwedge x \in \mathbb{R} \bigwedge m \in \mathbb{R} \bigwedge n \in \mathbb{R} \bigwedge 1 < m < n \bigwedge \pi u + \csc^{-1}(\sqrt{n}) < x < \pi u + \csc^{-1}(\sqrt{m}) \bigwedge u \in \mathbb{Z}$$

08.06.06.0055.01

$$\Pi(n; z | m) \propto \left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{m}} \Pi\left(\frac{n}{m} \middle| \frac{1}{m}\right) + \frac{\pi i \sqrt{n}}{2 \sqrt{n-1} \sqrt{n-m}} \left(1 - e^{-\pi i \left\lfloor \frac{\arg(x-z)}{2\pi} \right\rfloor} \right) + \Pi(n; x | m) e^{-\pi i \left\lfloor \frac{\arg(x-z)}{2\pi} \right\rfloor} \right) (1 + O(z-x)) /;$$

$$(z \rightarrow x) \bigwedge x \in \mathbb{R} \bigwedge m \in \mathbb{R} \bigwedge n \in \mathbb{R} \bigwedge 1 < m < n \bigwedge \pi u + \csc^{-1}(\sqrt{m}) < x < \pi u + \frac{\pi}{2} \bigwedge u \in \mathbb{Z}$$

For $1 < m < n, \pi(u + \frac{1}{2}) < x < \pi(u + 1) - \csc^{-1}(\sqrt{n}) /; u \in \mathbb{Z}$

08.06.06.0056.01

$$\Pi(n; z | m) \propto \Pi(n; x | m) e^{-\pi i \left\lfloor \frac{\arg(z-x)}{2\pi} \right\rfloor} - \left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{m}} \Pi\left(\frac{n}{m} \middle| \frac{1}{m}\right) + \frac{\pi i \sqrt{n}}{2 \sqrt{n-1} \sqrt{n-m}} \left(1 - e^{-\pi i \left\lfloor \frac{\arg(z-x)}{2\pi} \right\rfloor} \right) \right) +$$

$$e^{-\pi i \left\lfloor \frac{\arg(z-x)}{2\pi} \right\rfloor} \left[\frac{z-x}{\sqrt{1-m \sin^2(x)} (1-n \sin^2(x))} - \frac{\sin(2x) (3mn \sin^2(x) - m - 2n)}{4(1-m \sin^2(x))^{3/2} (n \sin^2(x) - 1)^2} (z-x)^2 + \dots \right] /;$$

$$(z \rightarrow x) \bigwedge x \in \mathbb{R} \bigwedge m \in \mathbb{R} \bigwedge n \in \mathbb{R} \bigwedge 1 < m < n \bigwedge \pi u + \frac{\pi}{2} < x < \pi(u + 1) - \csc^{-1}(\sqrt{m}) \bigwedge u \in \mathbb{Z}$$

08.06.06.0057.01

$$\Pi(n; z | m) \propto \Pi(n; x | m) + \frac{\pi i \sqrt{n}}{2 \sqrt{n-1} \sqrt{n-m}} \left(1 - e^{-\pi i \left\lfloor \frac{\arg(z-x)}{2\pi} \right\rfloor} \right) +$$

$$e^{-\pi i \left\lfloor \frac{\arg(z-x)}{2\pi} \right\rfloor} \left[\frac{z-x}{\sqrt{1-m \sin^2(x)} (1-n \sin^2(x))} - \frac{\sin(2x) (3mn \sin^2(x) - m - 2n)}{4(1-m \sin^2(x))^{3/2} (n \sin^2(x) - 1)^2} (z-x)^2 + \dots \right] /;$$

$$(z \rightarrow x) \bigwedge x \in \mathbb{R} \bigwedge m \in \mathbb{R} \bigwedge n \in \mathbb{R} \bigwedge 1 < m < n \bigwedge \pi u - \csc^{-1}(\sqrt{m}) < x < \pi u - \csc^{-1}(\sqrt{n}) \bigwedge u \in \mathbb{Z}$$

08.06.06.0058.01

$$\begin{aligned} \Pi(n; z | m) &\propto \left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{m}} \Pi\left(\frac{n}{m} \middle| \frac{1}{m}\right) + \frac{\pi i \sqrt{n}}{2\sqrt{n-1}\sqrt{n-m}} \right) \left(1 - e^{-\pi i \left\lfloor \frac{\arg(z-x)}{2\pi} \right\rfloor} \right) + \Pi(n; x | m) e^{-\pi i \left\lfloor \frac{\arg(z-x)}{2\pi} \right\rfloor} + \\ &e^{-\pi i \left\lfloor \frac{\arg(z-x)}{2\pi} \right\rfloor} \sum_{p=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{p!} \left(\sum_{j=1}^p \frac{1}{j!} \sum_{k_1=0}^{j-1} \binom{j}{k_1} \sum_{k_2=0}^{j-k_1} (-1)^{k_1} 2^{k_1-j} \sin^{k_1}(x) (k_1 + 2k_2 - j)^p e^{-\frac{1}{2}i(\pi(j+p-k_1-2k_2)+2(k_1+2k_2-j)x)} \binom{j-k_1}{k_2} \right) \\ &\sum_{i=0}^{j-1} \frac{(1-j)_{2(j-i)-2}}{(j-i-1)! (2\sin(x))^{j-2i-1}} \sum_{i_1=0}^i \sum_{i_2=0}^i \sum_{i_3=0}^i (-1)^{i_1} \delta_{i_1+i_2+i_3-i} (i_1 + i_2 + i_3; i_1, i_2, i_3) n^{i_1} m^{i_3} \\ &(-i_1)_{i_1} \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)_{i_2} \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)_{i_3} (1 - n \sin^2(x))^{-i_1-1} \cos^{-2i_2-1}(x) (1 - m \sin^2(x))^{-i_3-\frac{1}{2}} (z-x)^p \Big/; \end{aligned}$$

$$x \in \mathbb{R} \bigwedge m \in \mathbb{R} \bigwedge n \in \mathbb{R} \bigwedge 1 < m < n \bigwedge \pi u + \frac{\pi}{2} < x < \pi(u+1) - \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(\sqrt{m}) \bigwedge$$

$$u \in \mathbb{Z}$$

08.06.06.0059.01

$$\begin{aligned} \Pi(n; z | m) &\propto \Pi(n; x | m) + \frac{\pi i \sqrt{n}}{2\sqrt{n-1}\sqrt{n-m}} \left(1 - e^{-\pi i \left\lfloor \frac{\arg(z-x)}{2\pi} \right\rfloor} \right) + \\ &e^{-\pi i \left\lfloor \frac{\arg(z-x)}{2\pi} \right\rfloor} \sum_{p=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{p!} \left(\sum_{j=1}^p \frac{1}{j!} \sum_{k_1=0}^{j-1} \binom{j}{k_1} \sum_{k_2=0}^{j-k_1} (-1)^{k_1} 2^{k_1-j} \sin^{k_1}(x) (k_1 + 2k_2 - j)^p e^{-\frac{1}{2}i(\pi(j+p-k_1-2k_2)+2(k_1+2k_2-j)x)} \binom{j-k_1}{k_2} \right) \\ &\sum_{i=0}^{j-1} \frac{(1-j)_{2(j-i)-2}}{(j-i-1)! (2\sin(x))^{j-2i-1}} \sum_{i_1=0}^i \sum_{i_2=0}^i \sum_{i_3=0}^i (-1)^{i_1} \delta_{i_1+i_2+i_3-i} (i_1 + i_2 + i_3; i_1, i_2, i_3) n^{i_1} m^{i_3} \\ &(-i_1)_{i_1} \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)_{i_2} \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)_{i_3} (1 - n \sin^2(x))^{-i_1-1} \cos^{-2i_2-1}(x) (1 - m \sin^2(x))^{-i_3-\frac{1}{2}} (z-x)^p \Big/; \end{aligned}$$

$$x \in \mathbb{R} \bigwedge m \in \mathbb{R} \bigwedge n \in \mathbb{R} \bigwedge 1 < m < n \bigwedge \pi u - \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(\sqrt{m}) < x < \pi u - \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(\sqrt{n}) \bigwedge$$

$$u \in \mathbb{Z}$$

08.06.06.0060.01

$$\begin{aligned} \Pi(n; z | m) &\propto \left(\Pi(n; x | m) e^{-\pi i \left\lfloor \frac{\arg(z-x)}{2\pi} \right\rfloor} - \left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{m}} \Pi\left(\frac{n}{m} \middle| \frac{1}{m}\right) + \frac{\pi i \sqrt{n}}{2\sqrt{n-1}\sqrt{n-m}} \right) \left(1 - e^{-\pi i \left\lfloor \frac{\arg(z-x)}{2\pi} \right\rfloor} \right) \right) (1 + O(z-x)) /; \\ &(z \rightarrow x) \bigwedge x \in \mathbb{R} \bigwedge m \in \mathbb{R} \bigwedge n \in \mathbb{R} \bigwedge 1 < m < n \bigwedge \pi u + \frac{\pi}{2} < x < \pi(u+1) - \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(\sqrt{m}) \bigwedge u \in \mathbb{Z} \end{aligned}$$

08.06.06.0061.01

$$\begin{aligned} \Pi(n; z | m) &\propto \left(\Pi(n; x | m) + \frac{\pi i \sqrt{n}}{2\sqrt{n-1}\sqrt{n-m}} \left(1 - e^{-\pi i \left\lfloor \frac{\arg(z-x)}{2\pi} \right\rfloor} \right) \right) (1 + O(z-x)) /; \\ &(z \rightarrow x) \bigwedge x \in \mathbb{R} \bigwedge m \in \mathbb{R} \bigwedge n \in \mathbb{R} \bigwedge 1 < m < n \bigwedge \pi u - \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(\sqrt{m}) < x < \pi u - \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(\sqrt{n}) \bigwedge u \in \mathbb{Z} \end{aligned}$$

Formulas for vertical intervals

For $\text{Re}\left(\frac{z_0}{2\pi} - \frac{1}{4}\right) \in \mathbb{Z}$

08.06.06.0062.01

$$\begin{aligned} \Pi(n; z | m) \propto & -e^{-\pi i \left(\left\lfloor \frac{\arg(z-z_0)}{2\pi} + \frac{3}{4} \right\rfloor + \left\lfloor \frac{3}{4} - \frac{\arg(z-z_0)}{2\pi} \right\rfloor \right)} \Pi(n; z_0 | m) + \\ & \left(2 \left(2 \operatorname{Re}\left(\frac{z_0}{2\pi} - \frac{1}{4}\right) + 1 \right) \Pi(n | m) - \frac{1}{\sqrt{m}} \Pi\left(\frac{n}{m} \middle| \frac{1}{m}\right) \right) \left(e^{-\pi i \left(\left\lfloor \frac{\arg(z-z_0)}{2\pi} + \frac{3}{4} \right\rfloor + \left\lfloor \frac{3}{4} - \frac{\arg(z-z_0)}{2\pi} \right\rfloor \right)} + 1 \right) + \\ & \frac{z - z_0}{\sqrt{1 - m \sin^2(z_0)} (1 - n \sin^2(z_0))} - \frac{\sin(2z_0) (3mn \sin^2(z_0) - m - 2n)}{4(1 - m \sin^2(z_0))^{3/2} (n \sin^2(z_0) - 1)^2} (z - z_0)^2 + \dots ; (z \rightarrow z_0) \wedge \operatorname{Re}\left(\frac{z_0}{2\pi} - \frac{1}{4}\right) \in \mathbb{Z} \end{aligned}$$

08.06.06.0063.01

$$\begin{aligned} \Pi(n; z | m) = & -\Pi(n; z_0 | m) e^{-\pi i \left(\left\lfloor \frac{\arg(z-z_0)}{2\pi} + \frac{3}{4} \right\rfloor + \left\lfloor \frac{3}{4} - \frac{\arg(z-z_0)}{2\pi} \right\rfloor \right)} + \\ & \left(2 \left(2 \operatorname{Re}\left(\frac{z_0}{2\pi} - \frac{1}{4}\right) + 1 \right) \Pi(n | m) - \frac{1}{\sqrt{m}} \Pi\left(\frac{n}{m} \middle| \frac{1}{m}\right) \right) \left(e^{-\pi i \left(\left\lfloor \frac{\arg(z-z_0)}{2\pi} + \frac{3}{4} \right\rfloor + \left\lfloor \frac{3}{4} - \frac{\arg(z-z_0)}{2\pi} \right\rfloor \right)} + 1 \right) + \\ & \sum_{p=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{p!} \left(\sum_{j=1}^p \frac{1}{j!} \sum_{k_1=0}^{j-1} \binom{j}{k_1} \sum_{k_2=0}^{j-k_1} (-1)^{k_1} 2^{k_1-j} \sin^{k_1}(z_0) (k_1 + 2k_2 - j)^p e^{-\frac{1}{2}i(\pi(j+p-k_1-2k_2)+2(k_1+2k_2-j)z_0)} \binom{j-k_1}{k_2} \right) \\ & \sum_{i=0}^{j-1} \frac{(1-j)_{2(j-i)-2}}{(j-i-1)! (2 \sin(z_0))^{j-2i-1}} \sum_{i_1=0}^i \sum_{i_2=0}^i \sum_{i_3=0}^i (-1)^{i_1} \delta_{i_1+i_2+i_3-i} (i_1 + i_2 + i_3; i_1, i_2, i_3) n^{i_1} m^{i_3} (-i_1)_{i_1} \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)_{i_2} \\ & \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)_{i_3} (1 - n \sin^2(z_0))^{-i_1-1} \cos^{-2i_2-1}(z_0) (1 - m \sin^2(z_0))^{-i_3-\frac{1}{2}} (z - z_0)^p ; \operatorname{Re}\left(\frac{z_0}{2\pi} - \frac{1}{4}\right) \in \mathbb{Z} \end{aligned}$$

08.06.06.0064.01

$$\begin{aligned} \Pi(n; z | m) \propto & \left(-e^{-\pi i \left(\left\lfloor \frac{\arg(z-z_0)}{2\pi} + \frac{3}{4} \right\rfloor + \left\lfloor \frac{3}{4} - \frac{\arg(z-z_0)}{2\pi} \right\rfloor \right)} \Pi(n; z_0 | m) + \left(2 \left(2 \operatorname{Re}\left(\frac{z_0}{2\pi} - \frac{1}{4}\right) + 1 \right) \Pi(n | m) - \frac{1}{\sqrt{m}} \Pi\left(\frac{n}{m} \middle| \frac{1}{m}\right) \right) \right. \\ & \left. \left(e^{-\pi i \left(\left\lfloor \frac{\arg(z-z_0)}{2\pi} + \frac{3}{4} \right\rfloor + \left\lfloor \frac{3}{4} - \frac{\arg(z-z_0)}{2\pi} \right\rfloor \right)} + 1 \right) \right) (1 + O(z - z_0)) ; (z \rightarrow z_0) \wedge \operatorname{Re}\left(\frac{z_0}{2\pi} - \frac{1}{4}\right) \in \mathbb{Z} \end{aligned}$$

For $\text{Re}\left(\frac{z_0}{2\pi} - \frac{3}{4}\right) \in \mathbb{Z}$

08.06.06.0065.01

$$\begin{aligned} \Pi(n; z | m) &\propto \left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{m}} \Pi\left(\frac{n}{m} \middle| \frac{1}{m}\right) + 2 \left(2 \operatorname{Re}\left(\frac{z_0}{2\pi} - \frac{3}{4}\right) + 1 \right) \Pi(n | m) \right) \left(1 - e^{-\pi i \left(\left[\frac{\arg(z-z_0)}{2\pi} + \frac{1}{4} \right] + \left[\frac{1}{4} - \frac{\arg(z-z_0)}{2\pi} \right] \right)} \right) + \\ \Pi(n; z_0 | m) &e^{-\pi i \left(\left[\frac{\arg(z-z_0)}{2\pi} + \frac{1}{4} \right] + \left[\frac{1}{4} - \frac{\arg(z-z_0)}{2\pi} \right] \right)} + \frac{z - z_0}{\sqrt{1 - m \sin^2(z_0)} (1 - n \sin^2(z_0))} - \\ &\frac{\sin(2z_0) (3mn \sin^2(z_0) - m - 2n)}{4(1 - m \sin^2(z_0))^{3/2} (n \sin^2(z_0) - 1)^2} (z - z_0)^2 + \dots /; (z \rightarrow z_0) \wedge \operatorname{Re}\left(\frac{z_0}{2\pi} - \frac{3}{4}\right) \in \mathbb{Z} \end{aligned}$$

08.06.06.0066.01

$$\begin{aligned} \Pi(n; z | m) &\propto \left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{m}} \Pi\left(\frac{n}{m} \middle| \frac{1}{m}\right) + 2 \left(2 \operatorname{Re}\left(\frac{z_0}{2\pi} - \frac{3}{4}\right) + 1 \right) \Pi(n | m) \right) \left(1 - e^{-\pi i \left(\left[\frac{\arg(z-z_0)}{2\pi} + \frac{1}{4} \right] + \left[\frac{1}{4} - \frac{\arg(z-z_0)}{2\pi} \right] \right)} \right) + e^{-\pi i \left(\left[\frac{\arg(z-z_0)}{2\pi} + \frac{1}{4} \right] + \left[\frac{1}{4} - \frac{\arg(z-z_0)}{2\pi} \right] \right)} \\ \Pi(n; z_0 | m) &+ \sum_{p=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{p!} \left(\sum_{j=1}^p \frac{1}{j!} \sum_{k_1=0}^{j-1} \binom{j}{k_1} \sum_{k_2=0}^{j-k_1} (-1)^{k_1} 2^{k_1-j} \sin^{k_1}(z_0) (k_1 + 2k_2 - j)^p e^{-\frac{1}{2} i (\pi(j+p-k_1-2k_2)+2(k_1+2k_2-j)z_0)} \binom{j-k_1}{k_2} \right) \\ &\sum_{i=0}^{j-1} \frac{(1-j)_{2(j-i)-2}}{(j-i-1)! (2 \sin(z_0))^{j-2i-1}} \sum_{i_1=0}^i \sum_{i_2=0}^i \sum_{i_3=0}^i (-1)^{i_1} \delta_{i+i_2+i_3-i} (i_1 + i_2 + i_3; i_1, i_2, i_3) n^{i_1} m^{i_3} (-i_1)_{i_1} \binom{1}{2}_{i_2} \\ &\binom{1}{2}_{i_3} (1 - n \sin^2(z_0))^{-i_1-1} \cos^{-2i_2-1}(z_0) (1 - m \sin^2(z_0))^{-i_3-\frac{1}{2}} (z - z_0)^p /; \operatorname{Re}\left(\frac{z_0}{2\pi} - \frac{3}{4}\right) \in \mathbb{Z} \end{aligned}$$

08.06.06.0067.01

$$\begin{aligned} \Pi(n; z | m) &\propto \left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{m}} \Pi\left(\frac{n}{m} \middle| \frac{1}{m}\right) + 2 \left(2 \operatorname{Re}\left(\frac{z_0}{2\pi} - \frac{3}{4}\right) + 1 \right) \Pi(n | m) \right) \left(1 - e^{-\pi i \left(\left[\frac{\arg(z-z_0)}{2\pi} + \frac{1}{4} \right] + \left[\frac{1}{4} - \frac{\arg(z-z_0)}{2\pi} \right] \right)} \right) + \\ \Pi(n; z_0 | m) &e^{-\pi i \left(\left[\frac{\arg(z-z_0)}{2\pi} + \frac{1}{4} \right] + \left[\frac{1}{4} - \frac{\arg(z-z_0)}{2\pi} \right] \right)} (1 + O(z - z_0)) /; (z \rightarrow z_0) \wedge \operatorname{Re}\left(\frac{z_0}{2\pi} - \frac{3}{4}\right) \in \mathbb{Z} \end{aligned}$$

Expansions at z == 0

08.06.06.0003.01

$$\begin{aligned} \Pi(n; z | m) &\propto \\ z + \frac{m+2n}{6} z^3 + \frac{1}{120} (9m^2 + 4(m+2n)(3n-1)) z^5 + \frac{1}{5040} (225m^3 + 90m^2(3n-2) + 8(m+2n)(2-30n+45n^2)) z^7 + \\ &\frac{1}{362880} (11025m^4 + 12600m^3(n-1) + 3024m^2(1-5n+5n^2) + 64(m+2n)(-1+63n-315n^2+315n^3)) z^9 + \\ &O(z^{11}) /; (z \rightarrow 0) \end{aligned}$$

08.06.06.0068.01

$$\Pi(n; z | m) \propto \frac{2^{-\frac{5}{2}} \sqrt{\pi} n}{\left(\frac{m-2(\sqrt{1-m}+1)}{m}\right)^{3/2} \sqrt{1-n}} \sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-m}}}$$

$$\sum_{q=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^q 2^{2q+1}}{(2q+1)!} \sum_{k=0}^{2q} S_{2q}^{(k)} \sum_{j=0}^k \frac{2^{-k} (-1)^j j! n^j}{\Gamma(j-k+\frac{1}{2})} \binom{k}{k-j} \left(\frac{m}{1-\sqrt{1-m}}\right)^{k-j} \left((\sqrt{1-n}+1)^{-j-1} - (1-\sqrt{1-n})^{-j-1}\right)$$

$$F_1\left(\frac{1}{2}; \frac{1}{2}, -\frac{3}{2}; j-k+\frac{1}{2}; \frac{1}{2} - \frac{1}{2\sqrt{1-m}}, \frac{2(\sqrt{1-m}+1)}{m}\right) z^{2q+1}; |z| < 1$$

08.06.06.0069.01

$$\Pi(n; z | m) \propto z + O(z^3); (z \rightarrow 0)$$

Expansions at $z = \csc^{-1}(\sqrt{m}) + \pi u$; $u \in \mathbb{Z}$

08.06.06.0070.01

$$\Pi(n; z | m) \propto \frac{1}{\sqrt{m}} \Pi\left(\frac{n}{m} \middle| \frac{1}{m}\right) + 2u \Pi(n | m) - \frac{m\sqrt{2}\sqrt{-\sqrt{m-1}}(z-z_0)}{(n-m)\sqrt{m-1}} \left(1 - \frac{(m^2 - (9n+2)m + 10n)(z-z_0)}{12\sqrt{m-1}(m-n)} + \right.$$

$$\left. \frac{(m(9m-4)+4)m^2 + 2(m(15m-68)+44)nm + (m(345m-628)+292)n^2}{(480(m-1)(m-n)^2)}(z-z_0)^2 - \right.$$

$$\left. \frac{(15m^6 - (21n+26)m^5 + (-1155n^2+214n-12)m^4 + (-1911n^3+4258n^2-284n+8)m^3 + 2n(2385n^2-2578n+68)m^2 - 4n^2(941n-502)m + 920n^3)}{(2688(m-1)^{3/2}(m-n)^3)}(z-z_0)^3 + \dots\right); (z \rightarrow z_0) \wedge z_0 = \csc^{-1}(\sqrt{m}) + \pi u \wedge u \in \mathbb{Z}$$

08.06.06.0071.01

$$\Pi(n; z | m) =$$

$$2u \Pi(n | m) + \frac{1}{\sqrt{m}} \Pi\left(\frac{n}{m} \middle| \frac{1}{m}\right) - \frac{m\sqrt{2}\sqrt{-\sqrt{m-1}}(z-z_0)}{(n-m)\sqrt{m-1}} \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{1}{2k+1} \sum_{j=0}^k (j+1) c_{k-j} \sum_{r=0}^j \frac{(-1)^r \binom{j}{r}}{r+1} q_{r,j} (z-z_0)^k;$$

$$z_0 = \pi u + \csc^{-1}(\sqrt{m}) \wedge u \in \mathbb{Z} \wedge a_0 = 1 \wedge a_{2k} = \frac{(-1)^k 2^{2k}}{(2k+1)!} \wedge a_{2k+1} = \frac{(-1)^{k-1} 2^{2k} (2-m)}{\sqrt{m-1} (2k+2)!} \wedge$$

$$b_0 = 1 \wedge b_k = \frac{2n\sqrt{m-1}}{n-m} a_{k-1} \wedge c_k = \frac{1}{k!} \binom{3}{2}_k \sum_{j=0}^k \frac{(-1)^j}{2j+1} \binom{k}{j} p_{j,k} \wedge p_{u,0} = 1 \wedge$$

$$p_{u,v} = \frac{1}{v} \sum_{j=1}^v (uj + j - v) a_j p_{u,v-j} \wedge q_{u,0} = 1 \wedge q_{j,k} = \frac{1}{k} \sum_{i=1}^k (ji + i - k) b_i q_{j,k-i} \wedge k \in \mathbb{N}$$

08.06.06.0072.01

$$\Pi(n; z | m) \propto \frac{1}{\sqrt{m}} \Pi\left(\frac{n}{m} \middle| \frac{1}{m}\right) + 2u \Pi(n | m) - \frac{m\sqrt{2}\sqrt{-\sqrt{m-1}}(z-z_0)}{(n-m)\sqrt{m-1}} (1 + O(z-z_0));$$

$$(z \rightarrow z_0) \wedge z_0 = \csc^{-1}(\sqrt{m}) + \pi u \wedge u \in \mathbb{Z}$$

Expansions at $z = -\operatorname{csc}^{-1}(\sqrt{m}) + \pi u$; $u \in \mathbb{Z}$

08.06.06.0073.01

$$\begin{aligned} \Pi(n; z | m) \propto & \frac{1}{\sqrt{m}} \Pi\left(\frac{n}{m} \middle| \frac{1}{m}\right) + 2u \Pi(n | m) - \frac{m \sqrt{2} \sqrt{-\sqrt{m-1}} (z - z_0)}{(n-m) \sqrt{m-1}} \left(1 - \frac{(m^2 - (9n+2)m + 10n)(z - z_0)}{12 \sqrt{m-1} (m-n)} + \right. \\ & \left. \frac{(m(9m-4) + 4)m^2 + 2(m(15m-68) + 44)nm + (m(345m-628) + 292)n^2)}{(480(m-1)(m-n)^2)} (z - z_0)^2 - \right. \\ & \left. \frac{(15m^6 - (21n+26)m^5 + (-1155n^2 + 214n-12)m^4 + (-1911n^3 + 4258n^2 - 284n+8)m^3 + 2n(2385n^2 - 2578n + 68)m^2 - 4n^2(941n - 502)m + 920n^3)}{(2688(m-1)^{3/2}(m-n)^3)} (z - z_0)^3 + \dots \right); \end{aligned}$$

$(z \rightarrow z_0) \wedge z_0 = \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(\sqrt{m}) + \pi u \wedge u \in \mathbb{Z}$

08.06.06.0074.01

$\Pi(n; z | m) =$

$$\begin{aligned} & 2u \Pi(n | m) - \frac{1}{\sqrt{m}} \Pi\left(\frac{n}{m} \middle| \frac{1}{m}\right) - \frac{m \sqrt{2} \sqrt{\sqrt{m-1}} (z - z_0)}{(n-m) \sqrt{m-1}} \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^k}{2k+1} \sum_{j=0}^k (j+1) c_{k-j} \sum_{r=0}^j \frac{(-1)^r \binom{j}{r}}{r+1} q_{r,j} (z - z_0)^k /; \\ & z_0 = \pi u - \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(\sqrt{m}) \wedge u \in \mathbb{Z} \wedge a_0 = 1 \wedge a_{2k} = \frac{(-1)^k 2^{2k}}{(2k+1)!} \wedge a_{2k+1} = \frac{(-1)^{k-1} 2^{2k} (2-m)}{\sqrt{m-1} (2k+2)!} \wedge \\ & b_0 = 1 \wedge b_k = \frac{2n \sqrt{m-1}}{n-m} a_{k-1} \wedge c_k = \frac{1}{k!} \binom{3}{-} \sum_{j=0}^k \frac{(-1)^j}{2j+1} \binom{k}{j} p_{j,k} \wedge p_{u,0} = 1 \wedge \\ & p_{u,v} = \frac{1}{v} \sum_{j=1}^v (uj + j - v) a_j p_{u,v-j} \wedge q_{u,0} = 1 \wedge q_{j,k} = \frac{1}{k} \sum_{i=1}^k (ji + i - k) b_i q_{j,k-i} \wedge k \in \mathbb{N} \end{aligned}$$

08.06.06.0075.01

$$\begin{aligned} \Pi(n; z | m) \propto & \frac{1}{\sqrt{m}} \Pi\left(\frac{n}{m} \middle| \frac{1}{m}\right) + 2u \Pi(n | m) - \frac{m \sqrt{2} \sqrt{\sqrt{m-1}} (z - z_0)}{(n-m) \sqrt{m-1}} (1 + \mathcal{O}(z - z_0)) /; \\ & (z \rightarrow z_0) \wedge z_0 = -\operatorname{csc}^{-1}(\sqrt{m}) + \pi u \wedge u \in \mathbb{Z} \end{aligned}$$

Expansions at $z = \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(\sqrt{n}) + \pi u$; $u \in \mathbb{Z}$

08.06.06.0076.01

$$\begin{aligned} \Pi(n; z | m) \propto & \frac{\log(z - z_0)}{2 \sqrt{n-1} \sqrt{\frac{n-m}{n}}} - \frac{1}{2 \sqrt{n-1} \sqrt{\frac{n-m}{n}}} \left(-\frac{(n-2)n + m(4-3n)}{2 \sqrt{n-1} (n-m)} (z - z_0) + \right. \\ & \left. \frac{((21n^2 - 40n + 22)m^2 - 2n(3n^2 - 4n + 4)m + n^2(3n^2 - 4n + 4))}{(24(m-n)^2(n-1)} (z - z_0)^2 + \right. \\ & \left. \frac{(-(n-2)n^5 + 3m(n-2)n^4 + 3m^2(n^3 - 6n^2 + 10n - 4)n + m^3(15n^3 - 38n^2 + 30n - 8))}{(24(n-1)^{3/2}(n-m)^3)} (z - z_0)^3 + \dots \right) \\ & + \frac{\pi i \sqrt{\frac{1}{n}}}{2 \sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{n}} \sqrt{1 - \frac{m}{n}}} /; \end{aligned}$$

$(z \rightarrow z_0) \wedge z_0 = \pi u + \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(\sqrt{n}) \wedge u \in \mathbb{Z}$

08.06.06.0077.01

$$\Pi(n; z | m) = - \frac{\log(z - z_0)}{2\sqrt{n-1} \sqrt{\frac{n-m}{n}}} - \frac{1}{2\sqrt{n-1} \sqrt{\frac{n-m}{n}}} \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{1}{k+1} \sum_{j=0}^{k+1} (j+1) c_{-j+k+1} \sum_{r=0}^j \frac{(-1)^r}{r+1} \binom{j}{r} q_{r,j} (z - z_0)^{k+1} + \frac{\pi i \sqrt{\frac{1}{n}}}{2\sqrt{1-\frac{1}{n}} \sqrt{1-\frac{m}{n}}} /;$$

$$z_0 = \pi u + \csc^{-1}(\sqrt{n}) \wedge u \in \mathbb{Z} \wedge a_0 = 1 \wedge a_{2k} = \frac{(-1)^k 2^{2k}}{(2k+1)!} \wedge a_{2k+1} = \frac{(-1)^{k-1} 2^{2k} (2-m)}{\sqrt{m-1} (2k+2)!} \wedge$$

$$b_0 = 1 \wedge b_k = \frac{2n\sqrt{m-1}}{n-m} a_{k-1} \wedge c_k = \frac{\left(\frac{3}{2}\right)_k}{k!} \sum_{j=0}^k \frac{(-1)^j}{2j+1} \binom{k}{j} p_{j,k} \wedge p_{u,0} = 1 \wedge$$

$$p_{u,v} = \frac{1}{v} \sum_{j=1}^v (u j + j - v) b_j p_{u,v-j} \wedge q_{u,0} = 1 \wedge q_{j,k} = \frac{1}{k} \sum_{i=1}^k (j i + i - k) a_i q_{j,k-i} \wedge k \in \mathbb{N}$$

08.06.06.0078.01

$$\Pi(n; z | m) \propto - \frac{\log(z - z_0)}{2\sqrt{n-1} \sqrt{\frac{n-m}{n}}} + \frac{\pi i \sqrt{\frac{1}{n}}}{2\sqrt{1-\frac{1}{n}} \sqrt{1-\frac{m}{n}}} + \frac{(n-2)n+m(4-3n)(z-z_0)}{4\sqrt{n-1}(n-m)\sqrt{n-1} \sqrt{\frac{n-m}{n}}} (1 + O(z - z_0)) /;$$

$$(z \rightarrow z_0) \wedge z_0 = \pi u + \csc^{-1}(\sqrt{n}) \wedge u \in \mathbb{Z}$$

Expansions at $z = \infty$

08.06.06.0079.01

$$\Pi(n; \sin^{-1}(z) | m) \propto \frac{i \sqrt{-z^2}}{z} \left(\frac{i}{\sqrt{-m}} \left(K\left(\frac{1}{m}\right) + i \left(1 - \sqrt{\frac{m}{m-1}} \sqrt{\frac{m-1}{m}} \right) \left(K\left(1 - \frac{1}{m}\right) + \frac{n}{m-n} \Pi\left(\frac{m-1}{m-n} \middle| \frac{m-1}{m}\right) \right) - \Pi\left(\frac{1}{n} \middle| \frac{1}{m}\right) \right) \right) + \frac{\sqrt{-z^2} \sqrt{-m z^2}}{n m z^5} \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \sum_{u=0}^k \sum_{i=0}^u \frac{m^{u-k} n^{i-u} \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)_i \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)_{k-u}}{i! (k-u)! (2k+3)} z^{-2k} /; (|z| \rightarrow \infty) \wedge \left(\left(0 < \arg(n) < \frac{\pi}{2} \wedge 0 < \arg(m) < \pi \right) \vee \left(\frac{\pi}{2} < \arg(n) < \pi \wedge 0 < \arg(m) < \frac{\pi}{2} \wedge (|m| < 1 \vee (|n| > 1 \wedge |n| > |m|)) \right) \vee \left(\frac{\pi}{2} < \arg(n) < \pi \wedge \frac{\pi}{2} < \arg(m) < \pi \wedge |n| > |m| \right) \right)$$

Expansions at generic point $m = m_0$

For the function itself

08.06.06.0080.01

$$\begin{aligned} \Pi(n; z | m) \propto & \Pi(n; z | m_0) + \frac{1}{2(n-m_0)} \left(\frac{E(z | m_0)}{m_0 - 1} + \Pi(n; z | m_0) - \frac{m_0 \sin(2z)}{2(m_0 - 1) \sqrt{1 - m_0 \sin^2(z)}} \right) (m - m_0) + \\ & \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{(4m_0^2 - (n+2)m_0 - n)E(z | m_0)}{4(m_0 - 1)^2 m_0 (m_0 - n)^2} + \frac{F(z | m_0)}{4(m_0 - 1)m_0(m_0 - n)} + \frac{3\Pi(n; z | m_0)}{4(m_0 - n)^2} + \right. \\ & \left. \frac{((4m_0^2 - (n+2)m_0 - n)m_0 \sin^2(z) - 3m_0^2 + 2n + m_0) \sin(2z)}{8(m_0 - 1)^2 (m_0 - n)^2 (1 - m_0 \sin^2(z))^{3/2}} \right) (m - m_0)^2 + \dots ; (m \rightarrow m_0) \end{aligned}$$

08.06.06.0081.01

$$\begin{aligned} \Pi(n; z | m) \propto & \Pi(n; z | m_0) + \frac{1}{2(n-m_0)} \left(\frac{E(z | m_0)}{m_0 - 1} + \Pi(n; z | m_0) - \frac{m_0 \sin(2z)}{2(m_0 - 1) \sqrt{1 - m_0 \sin^2(z)}} \right) (m - m_0) + \\ & \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{(4m_0^2 - (n+2)m_0 - n)E(z | m_0)}{4(m_0 - 1)^2 m_0 (m_0 - n)^2} + \frac{F(z | m_0)}{4(m_0 - 1)m_0(m_0 - n)} + \frac{3\Pi(n; z | m_0)}{4(m_0 - n)^2} + \right. \\ & \left. \frac{((4m_0^2 - (n+2)m_0 - n)m_0 \sin^2(z) - 3m_0^2 + 2n + m_0) \sin(2z)}{8(m_0 - 1)^2 (m_0 - n)^2 (1 - m_0 \sin^2(z))^{3/2}} \right) (m - m_0)^2 + O((m - m_0)^3) \end{aligned}$$

08.06.06.0082.01

$$\Pi(n; z | m) = \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{1}{k!} \Pi^{(0,0,k)}(n; z | m_0) (m - m_0)^k$$

08.06.06.0083.01

$$\Pi(n; z | m) \propto \Pi(n; z | m_0) (1 + O(m - m_0))$$

Expansions at $m = 0$

08.06.06.0084.01

$$\begin{aligned} \Pi(n; z | m) \propto & \left[\frac{\operatorname{Re}(z)}{\pi} \right] \left(\frac{\pi}{\sqrt{1-n}} - \frac{\pi}{2\sqrt{1-n}n} (\sqrt{1-n} - 1)m - \frac{3\pi}{16n^2} \left(n - \frac{2}{\sqrt{1-n}} + 2 \right) m^2 + \dots \right) + \frac{\tanh^{-1}(\sqrt{n-1} \tan(z))}{\sqrt{n-1}} + \\ & \frac{m}{2n} \left(\frac{\tanh^{-1}(\sqrt{n-1} \tan(z))}{\sqrt{n-1}} - z \right) + \frac{3 \left(4 \tanh^{-1}(\sqrt{n-1} \tan(z)) + \sqrt{n-1} (n \sin(2z) - 2(n+2)z) \right) m^2}{32\sqrt{n-1}n^2} + \dots ; (m \rightarrow 0) \end{aligned}$$

08.06.06.0085.01

$$\Pi(n; z | m) \propto$$

$$\begin{aligned} \left[\frac{\operatorname{Re}(z)}{\pi} \right] \left(\frac{\pi}{\sqrt{1-n}} - \frac{\pi}{2\sqrt{1-n}n} (\sqrt{1-n} - 1)m - \frac{3\pi}{16n^2} \left(n - \frac{2}{\sqrt{1-n}} + 2 \right) m^2 + O(m^3) \right) + \frac{\tanh^{-1}(\sqrt{n-1} \tan(z))}{\sqrt{n-1}} + \\ \frac{m}{2n} \left(\frac{\tanh^{-1}(\sqrt{n-1} \tan(z))}{\sqrt{n-1}} - z \right) + \frac{3 \left(4 \tanh^{-1}(\sqrt{n-1} \tan(z)) + \sqrt{n-1} (n \sin(2z) - 2(n+2)z) \right) m^2}{32\sqrt{n-1}n^2} + O(m^3) \end{aligned}$$

08.06.06.0086.01

$$\Pi(n; z | m) = \frac{\tanh^{-1}(\sqrt{n-1} \tan(z))}{\sqrt{n-1} \sqrt{\frac{n-m}{n}}} + \frac{m}{4n}$$

$$\sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{\left(\frac{3}{2}\right)_k 2^{-k} m^k}{(k+1)!} \sum_{j=0}^k (-1)^j \binom{k+1}{j+1} \left(\frac{n-2}{n}\right)^{j+1} \sum_{i=0}^{j+1} (-1)^i \binom{j+1}{i} \left(\sum_{q=0}^{\lfloor \frac{i}{2} \rfloor - 1} q! \binom{i-1}{2q+1} \left(\frac{n}{2-n}\right)^{2q+1} \sin^{2q+1}(2z) \sum_{p=0}^q \frac{\cot^{2p}(2z)}{\left(\frac{3}{2}\right)_{q-p} p!} + \sum_{q=0}^{\lfloor \frac{i-1}{2} \rfloor} \frac{\binom{i-1}{2q} \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)_q \left(\frac{n}{2-n}\right)^{2q}}{2q!} \left(4z + \tan(2z) \sum_{p=1}^q \frac{(p-1)! \cos^{2p}(2z)}{\left(\frac{1}{2}\right)_p} \right) \right) + 2 \left\lfloor \frac{\operatorname{Re}(z)}{\pi} \right\rfloor \Pi(n | m) ; |m| < 1$$

08.06.06.0005.01

$$\Pi(n; z | m) = (-1)^{\lfloor \frac{\operatorname{Re}(z)}{\pi} \rfloor} \sin(z) \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{\left(\frac{1}{2}\right)_k \sin^{2k}(z)}{(2k+1)k!} F_1\left(k + \frac{1}{2}; \frac{1}{2}; 1; k + \frac{3}{2}; \sin^2(z), n \sin^2(z)\right) m^k + 2 \left\lfloor \frac{\operatorname{Re}(z)}{\pi} \right\rfloor \Pi(n | m) ; |m| < 1$$

08.06.06.0087.01

$$\Pi(n; z | m) \propto \left(\frac{\tanh^{-1}(\sqrt{n-1} \tan(z))}{\sqrt{n-1}} + \frac{\pi}{\sqrt{1-n}} \left\lfloor \frac{\operatorname{Re}(z)}{\pi} \right\rfloor \right) (1 + O(m))$$

Expansions at $m = 1$

08.06.06.0088.01

$\Pi(n; z | m) \propto$

$$\begin{aligned} & (-1)^{\lfloor \frac{\operatorname{Re}(z)}{\pi} \rfloor} \left[\frac{\sqrt{n} \tanh^{-1}(\sqrt{n} \sin(z)) - \tanh^{-1}(\sin(z))}{n-1} - \frac{(n+1) \tanh^{-1}(\sin(z)) - 2\sqrt{n} \tanh^{-1}(\sqrt{n} \sin(z)) + (n-1) \sec(z) \tan(z)}{4(n-1)^2} \right. \\ & \quad (m-1) + \frac{3}{64(n-1)^3} \left(\frac{1}{2} (n-1) (-3n + (n-5) \cos(2z) - 1) \tan(z) \sec^3(z) + \right. \\ & \quad \left. \left. (n^2 - 6n - 3) \tanh^{-1}(\sin(z)) + 8\sqrt{n} \tanh^{-1}(\sqrt{n} \sin(z)) \right) (m-1)^2 + \dots \right] - \left\lfloor \frac{\operatorname{Re}(z)}{\pi} \right\rfloor \\ & \left(\frac{\log(1-m)}{1-n} \left(1 + \frac{(n+1)(m-1)}{4(n-1)} - \frac{3(n^2 - 6n - 3)(m-1)^2}{64(n-1)^2} + \dots \right) - \frac{\sqrt{n} (\log(\sqrt{n} + 1) - \log(1 - \sqrt{n})) - 4 \log(2)}{n-1} + \right. \\ & \quad \left. \frac{(2n \log(2) + 2 \log(2) + \sqrt{n} (\log(1 - \sqrt{n}) - \log(\sqrt{n} + 1)) - 1) (m-1)}{2(n-1)^2} - \right. \\ & \quad \left. \frac{1}{64(n-1)^3} (-5n^2 + 12n + 24 (\log(\sqrt{n} + 1) - \log(1 - \sqrt{n})) \sqrt{n} + 12((n-6)n - 3) \log(2) + 21) (m-1)^2 + \right. \\ & \quad \left. \dots \right) ; (m \rightarrow 1) \wedge \neg \frac{2 \operatorname{Re}(z) + \pi}{4\pi} \in \mathbb{Z} \end{aligned}$$

08.06.06.0089.01

$$\Pi(n; z | m) \propto \frac{1}{2(n-1)} \left(\sqrt{n} \log \left(\frac{1 + \sqrt{n} \sin(z)}{1 - \sqrt{n} \sin(z)} \right) - 2 \log(\sec(z) + \tan(z)) \right) + \frac{1}{6} \sin^3(z) F_1 \left(\frac{3}{2}; 2, 1; \frac{5}{2}; \sin^2(z), n \sin^2(z) \right) (m-1) + \frac{3 \sin^5(z)}{40} F_1 \left(\frac{5}{2}; 3, 1; \frac{7}{2}; \sin^2(z), n \sin^2(z) \right) (m-1)^2 + \dots /; (m \rightarrow 1) \wedge |\operatorname{Re}(z)| \leq \frac{\pi}{2}$$

08.06.06.0090.01

$\Pi(n; z | m) =$

$$(-1)^{\lfloor \frac{\operatorname{Re}(z)}{\pi} \rfloor} \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{\left(\frac{1}{2}\right)_k}{k!} \left(\sqrt{n} \tanh^{-1}(\sqrt{n} \sin(z)) (n-1)^{-k-1} + \frac{1}{2k!} \sum_{p=0}^k \frac{(-1)^{k-p} (p)_{2(k-p)}}{2^{2k-p} (k-p)!} \left((-1)^p \left((1-\sqrt{n})^{-p-1} + (\sqrt{n}+1)^{-p-1} \right) \right. \right. \\ \left. \left. \tanh^{-1}(\sin(z)) p! + \tan(z) \sec(z) \sum_{j=0}^p \binom{p}{j} (-1)^{p-j} (p-j)! \left((1-\sqrt{n})^{j-p-1} + (\sqrt{n}+1)^{j-p-1} \right) \right. \right. \\ \left. \left. \sum_{q=0}^{j-1} \frac{(2^{-j+2q+1} q! \tan^{2q}(z)) (-j+2q+2)_{2(j-q-1)}}{(j-q-1)!} \right) \right) (m-1)^k - \\ \left| \frac{\operatorname{Re}(z)}{\pi} \right| \left(\log(1-m) \sum_{j=0}^{\infty} \frac{(1-m)^j \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)_j^2}{(j!)^2} {}_2F_1 \left(1, j + \frac{1}{2}; \frac{1}{2}; n \right) - \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{(1-m)^k \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)_k^2}{(k!)^2} \right. \\ \left. \sum_{s=0}^{\infty} \frac{\left(k + \frac{1}{2}\right)_s \left(2\psi(k+1) - \psi\left(k + \frac{1}{2}\right) - \psi\left(k + s + \frac{1}{2}\right) \right) n^s}{\left(\frac{1}{2}\right)_s} \right) /; \neg \frac{2 \operatorname{Re}(z) + \pi}{4\pi} \in \mathbb{Z}$$

08.06.06.0091.01

$\Pi(n; z | m) =$

$$\sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{\left(\frac{1}{2}\right)_k}{k!} \left(\sqrt{n} \tanh^{-1}(\sqrt{n} \sin(z)) (n-1)^{-k-1} + \frac{1}{2k!} \sum_{p=0}^k \frac{(-1)^{k-p} (p)_{2(k-p)}}{2^{2k-p} (k-p)!} \left((-1)^p \left((1-\sqrt{n})^{-p-1} + (\sqrt{n}+1)^{-p-1} \right) \tanh^{-1}(\right. \right. \\ \left. \left. \sin(z)) p! + \tan(z) \sec(z) \sum_{j=0}^p \binom{p}{j} (-1)^{p-j} (p-j)! \left((1-\sqrt{n})^{j-p-1} + (\sqrt{n}+1)^{j-p-1} \right) \right. \right. \\ \left. \left. \sum_{q=0}^{j-1} \frac{(2^{-j+2q+1} q! \tan^{2q}(z)) (-j+2q+2)_{2(j-q-1)}}{(j-q-1)!} \right) \right) (m-1)^k /; |\operatorname{Re}(z)| \leq \frac{\pi}{2}$$

08.06.06.0092.01

$$\Pi(n; z | m) = (-1)^{\lfloor \frac{\operatorname{Re}(z)}{\pi} \rfloor} \sin(z) \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{\sin^{2k}(z) \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)_k}{(2k+1)k!} F_1 \left(k + \frac{1}{2}; k+1, 1; k + \frac{3}{2}; \sin^2(z), n \sin^2(z) \right) (m-1)^k + 2 \left\lfloor \frac{\operatorname{Re}(z)}{\pi} \right\rfloor \Pi(n | m) /; \\ \neg \frac{2 \operatorname{Re}(z) + \pi}{4\pi} \in \mathbb{Z}$$

08.06.06.0093.01

$$\Pi(n; z | m) \propto \left(\frac{(-1)^{\lfloor \frac{\operatorname{Re}(z)}{\pi} \rfloor}}{n-1} \left(\sqrt{n} \tanh^{-1}(\sqrt{n} \sin(z)) - \tanh^{-1}(\sin(z)) \right) + \frac{\lfloor \frac{\operatorname{Re}(z)}{\pi} \rfloor}{n-1} \left(\sqrt{n} (\log(\sqrt{n} + 1) - \log(1 - \sqrt{n})) - 4 \log(2) \right) \right) \\ (1 + O(m-1)) - \frac{\lfloor \frac{\operatorname{Re}(z)}{\pi} \rfloor \log(1-m)}{1-n} (1 + O(m-1)) /; \neg \frac{2 \operatorname{Re}(z) + \pi}{4\pi} \in \mathbb{Z}$$

Expansions at $m = \infty$

08.06.06.0094.01

$$\Pi(n; z | m) \propto 2 \left[\frac{\operatorname{Re}(z)}{\pi} \right] \left(\frac{\log(-m)}{2\sqrt{-m}} \left(1 + \frac{2n+1}{4m} + \frac{3(8n^2+4n+3)}{64m^2} + \dots \right) + \frac{\sqrt{n} \sin^{-1}(\sqrt{n})}{\sqrt{1-n} \sqrt{-m}} \left(1 + \frac{n}{2m} + \frac{3n^2}{8m^2} + \dots \right) + \right. \\ \left. \frac{1}{2\sqrt{-m}} \left(4 \log(2) + \frac{2 \log(2) + n(4 \log(2) - 1) - 1}{2m} - \frac{28n^2 + 26n - 12(8n^2 + 4n + 3) \log(2) + 21}{64m^2} + \dots \right) \right) + \\ (-1)^{\lfloor \frac{\operatorname{Re}(z)}{\pi} \rfloor} \frac{\sqrt{-m \sin^2(z)}}{2m \sin(z)} \left(-\log(-4m \sin^2(z)) + \left(2 \log\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{z}{2}\right)\right) - n \sin^2(z) \sum_{j=0}^{\infty} \frac{\left(\frac{1}{2}\right)_j \sin^{2j}(z)}{(j+1)j!} {}_2F_1\left(1, -j; \frac{1}{2} - j; n\right) \right) + \right. \\ \left. \frac{1}{4m} \left(-n \sin^2(z) \sum_{j=0}^{\infty} \frac{\left(\frac{3}{2}\right)_j \sin^{2j}(z)}{(j+1)(j+1)!} {}_2F_1\left(1, -j-1; -j - \frac{1}{2}; n\right) + \right. \right. \\ \left. \left. 2 \left(n + \cot(z) \csc(z) + \log\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{z}{2}\right) + 1\right) - (2n+1) \log(-4m \sin^2(z)) \right) \right) + \right. \\ \left. \frac{1}{64m^2} \left(21 + 24n \csc^2(z) + 6 \cot(z) (2 \csc^2(z) + 3) \csc(z) + 2n(12n+7) + 18 \log\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{z}{2}\right)\right) - \right. \right. \\ \left. \left. 3(8n^2 + 4n + 3) \log(-4m \sin^2(z)) - 18n \sin^2(z) \sum_{j=0}^{\infty} \frac{\left(\frac{5}{2}\right)_j \sin^{2j}(z)}{(j+1)(j+2)!} {}_2F_1\left(1, -j-2; -j - \frac{3}{2}; n\right) \right) \right) /; (|m| \rightarrow \infty)$$

08.06.06.0095.01

$\Pi(n; z | m) =$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & 2 \left\lfloor \frac{\operatorname{Re}(z)}{\pi} \right\rfloor \Pi(n | m) + (-1)^{\lfloor \frac{\operatorname{Re}(z)}{\pi} \rfloor} \frac{\sqrt{-m \sin^2(z)}}{2 m \sin(z)} \left(-n \sin^2(z) \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \sum_{j=0}^{\infty} \frac{m^{-k} \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)_k \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)_{j+k} \sin^{2j}(z)}{(j+1) k! (j+k)!} {}_2F_1\left(1, -j-k; -j-k + \frac{1}{2}; n\right) - \right. \\
 & \frac{2 \log(-4 m \sin^2(z))}{\pi} K\left(\frac{1}{m}\right) + \frac{1}{4 m} {}_4F_3\left(1, 1, \frac{3}{2}, \frac{3}{2}; 2, 2, 2; \frac{1}{m}\right) + \log(4) - \\
 & \left. 2 \log\left(\sqrt{1 - \frac{\csc^2(z)}{m}} + 1\right) - \frac{n \log(-4 m \sin^2(z))}{2 m} \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{m^{-k} \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)_k \left(\frac{3}{2}\right)_k}{(k+1)! k!} {}_2F_1\left(1, -k; \frac{1}{2} - k; n\right) + \right. \\
 & \frac{n}{2 m} \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{m^{-k} \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)_k \left(\frac{3}{2}\right)_k}{((k+1)!)^2} {}_2F_1\left(1, -k; \frac{1}{2} - k; n\right) - \frac{\sin^2(z)}{2} \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{m^{-k} \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)_k \left(\frac{3}{2}\right)_k}{k! (k+1)!} {}_3F_2\left(1, 1, k + \frac{3}{2}; 2, k + 2; \sin^2(z)\right) + \\
 & \frac{3 \csc^2(z)}{8 m^2} \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{m^{-k} \left(\frac{3}{2}\right)_k \left(\frac{5}{2}\right)_k}{(k+1)!} {}_3\tilde{F}_2\left(1, 1, k + \frac{5}{2}; k + 3, 2; \frac{\csc^2(z)}{m}\right) + \frac{9 n^2}{8 m^2} \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{m^{-k} n^k \left(\frac{5}{2}\right)_k}{(k+2)!} \sum_{i=0}^k \frac{1}{i+k+3} + \\
 & \frac{9}{8 m^2} \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{m^{-k} \left(\frac{5}{2}\right)_k^2}{((k+2)!)^2} \sum_{i=0}^k \frac{1}{i+k+3} + \frac{3 n}{4 m^2 \sin^2(z)} \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \sum_{j=0}^k \frac{m^{-k} n^j \left(\frac{5}{2}\right)_k \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)_{k-j}}{(k-j)!} {}_3\tilde{F}_2\left(1, 1, k + \frac{5}{2}; k + 3, 2; \frac{\csc^2(z)}{m}\right) + \\
 & \left. \frac{3 n}{4 m^2} \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \sum_{j=0}^k \frac{m^{-k} n^j \left(\frac{3}{2}\right)_{k-j} \left(\frac{5}{2}\right)_k}{(k-j+1)! (k+2)!} \sum_{i=0}^k \frac{1}{i+k+3} \right)
 \end{aligned}$$

08.06.06.0096.01

$\Pi(n; z | m) =$

$$2 \left\lfloor \frac{\operatorname{Re}(z)}{\pi} \right\rfloor \Pi(n | m) + (-1)^{\lfloor \frac{\operatorname{Re}(z)}{\pi} \rfloor} \frac{\sqrt{-m \sin^2(z)}}{2 m \sin(z)} \left(-n \sin^2(z) \sum_{i=0}^{\infty} \frac{\left(\frac{1}{2}\right)_i}{i!} \left(\frac{n}{m}\right)^i \sum_{j=0}^i \frac{n^{-j} \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)_j}{j!} {}_3F_2\left(1, 1, j + \frac{1}{2}; 2, j + 1; \sin^2(z)\right) - \right.$$

$$2 \log \left(\sqrt{1 - \frac{\csc^2(z)}{m}} + 1 \right) - \log(-m \sin^2(z)) - \frac{n^2 \sin^4(z)}{2} \sum_{i=0}^{\infty} \frac{\left(\frac{1}{2}\right)_i}{i!} F_1\left(2; \frac{1}{2}, 1; 3; \sin^2(z), n \sin^2(z)\right) \left(\frac{n}{m}\right)^i +$$

$$\frac{n}{2m} \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{m^{-k} \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)_k \left(\frac{3}{2}\right)_k}{k! (k+1)!} \left(\frac{1}{k+1} - \log(-4 m \sin^2(z)) \right) {}_2F_1\left(1, -k; \frac{1}{2} - k; n\right) -$$

$$\frac{\sin^2(z)}{2} \sum_{i=0}^{\infty} \frac{m^{-i} \left(\frac{3}{2}\right)_i \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)_i}{i! (i+1)!} {}_3F_2\left(1, 1, i + \frac{3}{2}; 2, i + 2; \sin^2(z)\right) + \frac{1}{2m} \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{m^{-k} \left(\frac{3}{2}\right)_k}{(k+1)!}$$

$$\left(\frac{3 \csc^2(z) \left(\frac{5}{2}\right)_k}{4m} {}_3\tilde{F}_2\left(1, 1, k + \frac{5}{2}; k + 3, 2; \frac{\csc^2(z)}{m}\right) - \frac{\left(\frac{3}{2}\right)_k}{2(k+1)!} \left(\log(-4 m \sin^2(z)) - \sum_{i=0}^{k-1} \frac{2}{i+k+2} - \frac{1}{k+1} \right) \right) +$$

$$\frac{n}{m} \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \left(\frac{3 \csc^2(z) \left(\frac{5}{2}\right)_k}{4m} {}_3\tilde{F}_2\left(1, 1, k + \frac{5}{2}; k + 3, 2; \frac{\csc^2(z)}{m}\right) + \frac{\left(\frac{3}{2}\right)_k}{(k+1)!} \sum_{i=0}^{k-1} \frac{1}{i+k+2} \right) \left(\frac{n}{m}\right)^k \sum_{j=0}^k \frac{n^{-j}}{j!} \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)_j \Bigg)$$

08.06.06.0097.01

$\Pi(n; z | m) =$

$$2 \left\lfloor \frac{\operatorname{Re}(z)}{\pi} \right\rfloor \Pi(n | m) + (-1)^{\lfloor \frac{\operatorname{Re}(z)}{\pi} \rfloor} \frac{\sqrt{-m \sin^2(z)}}{2 m \sin(z)} \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \sum_{j=0}^{\infty} \frac{\left(\frac{1}{2}\right)_k n^j m^{-j-k}}{k!} \left(2m \sin^2(z) \sum_{i=0}^{j+k-1} \frac{\left(-\frac{1}{2}\right)_{j+k-i} m^i \sin^{2i}(z)}{(i+1)(j+k-i)!} - \frac{\left(\frac{1}{2}\right)_{j+k}}{(j+k)!} \right.$$

$$\left. \left(\log(-m \sin^2(z)) + \psi(j+k+1) - \psi\left(j+k+\frac{1}{2}\right) \right) + \frac{\left(\frac{3}{2}\right)_{j+k}}{2m \sin^2(z)} {}_3\tilde{F}_2\left(1, 1, j+k+\frac{3}{2}; j+k+2, 2; \frac{\csc^2(z)}{m}\right) \right)$$

08.06.06.0098.01

$$\Pi(n; z | m) = 2 \left\lfloor \frac{\operatorname{Re}(z)}{\pi} \right\rfloor \Pi(n | m) + (-1)^{\lfloor \frac{\operatorname{Re}(z)}{\pi} \rfloor} \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \sum_{j=0}^{\infty} \frac{n^j \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)_k \sin^{2j+2k+1}(z)}{(2j+2k+1)k!} {}_2F_1\left(j+k+\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2}; j+k+\frac{3}{2}; m \sin^2(z)\right)$$

08.06.06.0099.01

$$\Pi(n; z | m) = 2 \left\lfloor \frac{\operatorname{Re}(z)}{\pi} \right\rfloor \Pi(n | m) + (-1)^{\lfloor \frac{\operatorname{Re}(z)}{\pi} \rfloor} \frac{\sqrt{m \sin^2(z)}}{2 m \sin(z)} \left(\frac{m \pi}{m-n} \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{\left(\frac{1}{2}\right)_k^2 m^{-k}}{(k!)^2} {}_2F_1\left(\frac{1}{2}, 1; k+1; \frac{n}{n-m}\right) - \right.$$

$$\left. \frac{2m \sqrt{1-m \sin^2(z)}}{m-n} \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{\left(\frac{1}{2}\right)_k m^{-k}}{k!} F_1\left(\frac{1}{2}; \frac{1}{2} - k, 1; \frac{3}{2}; 1-m \sin^2(z), \frac{n(1-m \sin^2(z))}{n-m}\right) \right)$$

08.06.06.0100.01

$$\Pi(n; z | m) = 2 \left[\frac{\operatorname{Re}(z)}{\pi} \right] \Pi(n | m) + (-1)^{\lfloor \frac{\operatorname{Re}(z)}{\pi} \rfloor} \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{\left(\frac{1}{2}\right)_k \sin^{2k+1}(z)}{(2k+1)k!} F_1\left(k + \frac{1}{2}; \frac{1}{2}; 1; k + \frac{3}{2}; m \sin^2(z), n \sin^2(z)\right)$$

08.06.06.0101.01

$$\begin{aligned} \Pi(n; z | m) = & (-1)^{\lfloor \frac{\operatorname{Re}(z)}{\pi} \rfloor} \frac{\sin(z)}{\sqrt{-m \sin^2(z)}} \left(\frac{\log(1 - n \sin^2(z))}{2} \left(1 - \frac{1}{\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{n}}} \right) \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{m^{-k} \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)_k n^k}{k!} - \right. \\ & \left. \frac{1}{4m \sin^2(z)} \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{m^{-k} \left(\frac{3}{2}\right)_k}{(k+1)!} {}_3F_2\left(1, 1, k + \frac{3}{2}; k + 2, 2; \frac{1}{m \sin^2(z)}\right) \left(\frac{n^k}{\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{n}}} - \frac{\left(\frac{3}{2}\right)_k}{2n(k+1)!} {}_2F_1\left(1, k + \frac{3}{2}; k + 2; \frac{1}{n}\right) \right) + \right. \\ & \left. \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{m^{-k} \left(\frac{3}{2}\right)_k \left(\log(-m \sin^2(z)) + \psi(k+1) - \psi\left(k + \frac{1}{2}\right)\right)}{2(2k+1)k!} \left(\frac{n^k}{\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{n}}} - \frac{\left(\frac{3}{2}\right)_k}{2n(k+1)!} {}_2F_1\left(1, k + \frac{3}{2}; k + 2; \frac{1}{n}\right) \right) - \right. \\ & \left. \frac{3 \sin^2(z)}{8n} \sum_{i=0}^{\infty} \frac{m^{-i} \left(\frac{5}{2}\right)_i \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)_i}{i!(i+2)!} \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \sum_{j=0}^{\infty} \frac{n^{-j} \sin^{2k}(z) (1)_k^2 (1)_j \left(i + \frac{5}{2}\right)_{j+k}}{j! k! (2)_k (i+3)_{j+k}} - \frac{\log(1 - n \sin^2(z))}{2\sqrt{1 - \frac{n}{m}}} \right) + 2 \left[\frac{\operatorname{Re}(z)}{\pi} \right] \Pi(n | m) \end{aligned}$$

08.06.06.0102.01

$$\begin{aligned} \Pi(n; z | m) = & F(z | m) + 2(\Pi(n | m) - K(m)) \left[\frac{\operatorname{Re}(z)}{\pi} \right] - (-1)^{\lfloor \frac{\operatorname{Re}(z)}{\pi} \rfloor} \frac{n \sqrt{-m \sin^2(z)}}{m \sin(z)} \\ & \left(\frac{\tanh^{-1}\left(\frac{\cos(z) \sqrt{n}}{\sqrt{n-1}}\right) - \tanh^{-1}\left(\frac{\sqrt{n}}{\sqrt{n-1}}\right)}{\sqrt{n-1} \sqrt{n}} + \frac{\left(1 - \sqrt{\frac{m-n}{m}}\right)}{\sqrt{\frac{m-n}{m}} (n-1)} \left(\tanh^{-1}\left(\frac{\sqrt{n} \cos(z)}{\sqrt{n-1}}\right) \cos(z) - \tanh^{-1}\left(\frac{\sqrt{n}}{\sqrt{n-1}}\right) \right) \right) + \\ & \left. \frac{1}{2nm} \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{\left(\frac{3}{2}\right)_k m^{-k}}{k!} \left(F_{1 \times 1 \times 0}^{1 \times 2 \times 1} \left(k + 2; \frac{1}{2}, 1; 1; 1, \frac{n-1}{n} \right) - \cos(z) F_{1 \times 1 \times 0}^{1 \times 2 \times 1} \left(k + 2; \frac{1}{2}, 1; 1; \cos^2(z), \frac{n-1}{n} \right) \right) \right) \end{aligned}$$

08.06.06.0103.01

$$\begin{aligned} \Pi(n; z | m) &\propto (-1)^{\lfloor \frac{\operatorname{Re}(z)}{\pi} \rfloor} \frac{\sqrt{-m \sin^2(z)}}{2 m \sin(z)} \\ &\left(-\log(-4 m \sin^2(z)) + \left(2 \log\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{z}{2}\right)\right) - \frac{2 \sqrt{n}}{\sqrt{n-1}} \left(\tanh^{-1}\left(\frac{\cos(z) \sqrt{n}}{\sqrt{n-1}}\right) - \tanh^{-1}\left(\frac{\sqrt{n}}{\sqrt{n-1}}\right) \right) \right) \left(1 + O\left(\frac{1}{m}\right) \right) \right) + \\ &2 \left[\frac{\operatorname{Re}(z)}{\pi} \right] \left(\frac{4 \log(2)}{2 \sqrt{-m}} \left(1 + O\left(\frac{1}{m}\right) \right) + \frac{\log(-m)}{2 \sqrt{-m}} \left(1 + O\left(\frac{1}{m}\right) \right) + \frac{\sqrt{n} \sin^{-1}(\sqrt{n})}{\sqrt{1-n} \sqrt{-m}} \left(1 + O\left(\frac{1}{m}\right) \right) \right) /; (|m| \rightarrow \infty) \end{aligned}$$

Other series representations

Expansions $\Pi(n; \sin^{-1}(z) | m)$ at $z = \infty$

08.06.06.0104.01

$$\begin{aligned} \Pi(n; \sin^{-1}(z) | m) &\propto \\ &\frac{i \sqrt{-z^2}}{z} \left(\frac{i}{\sqrt{-m}} \left(K\left(\frac{1}{m}\right) + i \left(1 - \sqrt{\frac{m}{m-1}} \sqrt{\frac{m-1}{m}} \right) \left(K\left(1 - \frac{1}{m}\right) + \frac{n}{m-n} \Pi\left(\frac{m-1}{m-n} \middle| \frac{m-1}{m}\right) \right) - \Pi\left(\frac{1}{n} \middle| \frac{1}{m}\right) \right) \right) + \\ &\Pi(n | m) + \frac{\sqrt{-z^2} \sqrt{-m z^2}}{n m z^5} \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \sum_{u=0}^k \sum_{i=0}^u \frac{m^{u-k} n^{i-u} \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)_i \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)_{k-u}}{i! (k-u)! (2k+3)} z^{-2k} /; (|z| \rightarrow \infty) \wedge \\ &\left(\left(0 < \arg(n) < \frac{\pi}{2} \wedge 0 < \arg(m) < \pi \right) \vee \left(\frac{\pi}{2} < \arg(n) < \pi \wedge 0 < \arg(m) < \frac{\pi}{2} \wedge (|m| < 1 \vee (|n| > 1 \wedge |n| > |m|)) \right) \vee \right. \\ &\left. \left(\frac{\pi}{2} < \arg(n) < \pi \wedge \frac{\pi}{2} < \arg(m) < \pi \wedge |n| > |m| \right) \right) \end{aligned}$$

Other expansions

08.06.06.0006.01

$$\begin{aligned} \Pi(n; z | m) &= \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} n^k \left(\sqrt{1 + \frac{m}{n}} - \frac{\sqrt{\pi}}{2 \Gamma\left(\frac{1}{2} - k\right) (k+1)!} \left(\frac{m}{n}\right)^{k+1} {}_2F_1\left(1, k + \frac{1}{2}; k+2; -\frac{m}{n}\right) \right) \\ &\left(\frac{\sqrt{\pi} \Gamma\left(k + \frac{1}{2}\right)}{2 k!} - \cos(z) {}_2F_1\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2} - k; \frac{3}{2}; \cos^2(z)\right) \right) /; 0 \leq m < 1 \wedge 0 \leq n < 1 \wedge -\frac{\pi}{2} \leq z \leq \frac{\pi}{2} \end{aligned}$$

08.06.06.0007.01

$$\begin{aligned} \Pi(n; z | m) &= \sqrt{\frac{n}{(n-1)(m-n)}} \\ &\left(F(z | m) \left(\frac{2 i \pi}{K(m)} \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} \frac{q(m)^k}{1 - q(m)^{2k}} \sin\left(\frac{k \pi a}{K(m)}\right) + \sqrt{\frac{(n-1)(m-n)}{n}} \right) - 2 i \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} \frac{q(m)^k}{k(1 - q(m)^{2k})} \sin\left(\frac{k \pi a}{K(m)}\right) \sin\left(\frac{k \pi F(z | m)}{K(m)}\right) \right) /; \\ &a = \operatorname{sn}^{-1}\left(\sqrt{\frac{n}{m}} \middle| m\right) \wedge -1 \leq n \leq 1 \wedge -1 \leq m \leq 1 \wedge -\frac{\pi}{2} \leq z \leq \frac{\pi}{2} \end{aligned}$$

08.06.06.0105.01

$$\Pi(n; z | m) = (-1)^{\lfloor \frac{\operatorname{Re}(z)}{\pi} \rfloor} \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \sum_{i=0}^{\infty} \sum_{j=0}^{\infty} \frac{n^k \left(k + \frac{1}{2}\right)_{i+j} \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)_i \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)_j m^j \sin^{2i+2j+2k+1}(z)}{(2k+1) \left(k + \frac{3}{2}\right)_{i+j} i! j!} + 2 \left\lfloor \frac{\operatorname{Re}(z)}{\pi} \right\rfloor \Pi(n | m)$$

08.06.06.0106.01

$$\Pi(n; z | m) = (-1)^{\lfloor \frac{\operatorname{Re}(z)}{\pi} \rfloor} \sin(z) \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \sum_{i=0}^{\infty} \sum_{j=0}^{\infty} \frac{\left(\frac{1}{2}\right)_{i+j+k} (1)_k \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)_i \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)_j}{\left(\frac{3}{2}\right)_{i+j+k} k! i! j!} n^k \sin^{2(i+j+k)}(z) m^j + 2 \left\lfloor \frac{\operatorname{Re}(z)}{\pi} \right\rfloor \Pi(n | m)$$

08.06.06.0107.01

$$\Pi(n; z | m) = (-1)^{\lfloor \frac{\operatorname{Re}(z)}{\pi} \rfloor} \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{n^k \sin^{2k+1}(z)}{2k+1} F_1\left(k + \frac{1}{2}; \frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2}; k + \frac{3}{2}; \sin^2(z), m \sin^2(z)\right) + 2 \left\lfloor \frac{\operatorname{Re}(z)}{\pi} \right\rfloor \Pi(n | m)$$

08.06.06.0108.01

$$\Pi(n; z | m) = 2 \left\lfloor \frac{\operatorname{Re}(z)}{\pi} \right\rfloor \Pi(n | m) + (-1)^{\lfloor \frac{\operatorname{Re}(z)}{\pi} \rfloor} \sin(z) \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{\left(\frac{1}{2}\right)_k \sin^{2k}(z)}{k! (2k+1)} F_1\left(k + \frac{1}{2}; 1, \frac{1}{2}; k + \frac{3}{2}; n \sin^2(z), m \sin^2(z)\right)$$

08.06.06.0109.01

$$\Pi(n; z | m) = 2 \left\lfloor \frac{\operatorname{Re}(z)}{\pi} \right\rfloor \Pi(n | m) + (-1)^{\lfloor \frac{\operatorname{Re}(z)}{\pi} \rfloor} \sin(z) \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \sum_{j=0}^{\infty} \frac{n^k \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)_j \sin^{2j+2k+1}(z)}{(2j+2k+1) j!} {}_2F_1\left(\frac{1}{2}, j+k+\frac{1}{2}; j+k+\frac{3}{2}; m \sin^2(z)\right)$$

08.06.06.0110.01

$$\Pi(n; z | m) = 2 \left\lfloor \frac{\operatorname{Re}(z)}{\pi} \right\rfloor \Pi(n | m) + (-1)^{\lfloor \frac{\operatorname{Re}(z)}{\pi} \rfloor} \sin(z) \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \sum_{j=0}^{\infty} \frac{m^j \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)_k \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)_j \sin^{2j+2k+1}(z)}{(2j+2k+1) k! j!} {}_2F_1\left(1, \frac{1}{2}+k+j; \frac{3}{2}+k+j; n \sin^2(z)\right)$$

08.06.06.0111.01

$$\Pi(n; z | m) = \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{\left(\frac{1}{2}\right)_k m^k}{k!} \sum_{j=0}^{\infty} \frac{\left(\frac{1}{2}\right)_{j+k} n^j}{(j+k)!} \left(z - \frac{1}{2} \sin(2z) \sum_{i=0}^{j+k-1} \frac{i! \sin^{2i}(z)}{\left(\frac{3}{2}\right)_i} \right)$$

Integral representations

On the real axis

Of the direct function

08.06.07.0001.01

$$\Pi(n; z | m) = \int_0^z \frac{1}{(1-n \sin^2(t)) \sqrt{1-m \sin^2(t)}} dt; \quad -\frac{\pi}{2} \leq z \leq \frac{\pi}{2}$$

08.06.07.0004.01

$$\Pi(n; z | m) = (-1)^{\lfloor \frac{\operatorname{Re}(z)}{\pi} \rfloor} \int_0^z \frac{\cos(t)}{(1-n \sin^2(t)) \sqrt{1-m \sin^2(t)} \sqrt{\cos^2(t)}} dt + 2 \left\lfloor \frac{\operatorname{Re}(z)}{\pi} \right\rfloor \Pi(n | m)$$

08.06.07.0002.01

$$\Pi(n; z | m) = \int_0^{\sin(z)} \frac{1}{(1 - n t^2) \sqrt{1 - t^2} \sqrt{1 - m t^2}} dt ; -\frac{\pi}{2} \leq z \leq \frac{\pi}{2}$$

08.06.07.0005.01

$$\Pi(n; z | m) = (-1)^{\lfloor \frac{\operatorname{Re}(z)}{\pi} \rfloor} \int_0^{\sin(z)} \frac{1}{(1 - n t^2) \sqrt{1 - t^2} \sqrt{1 - m t^2}} dt + 2 \left\lfloor \frac{\operatorname{Re}(z)}{\pi} \right\rfloor \Pi(n | m)$$

08.06.07.0003.01

$$\Pi(n; z | m) = \int_0^{F(z|m)} \frac{1}{1 - n \operatorname{sn}(t | m)^2} dt$$

Differential equations

Ordinary linear differential equations and wronskians

For the direct function itself

With respect to n

08.06.13.0002.01

$$2(n-1)(m-n)n \frac{\partial^3 w(n)}{\partial n^3} + (-13n^2 + 8mn + 8n - 3m) \frac{\partial^2 w(n)}{\partial n^2} + 4(m-4n+1) \frac{\partial w(n)}{\partial n} - 2w(n) = \frac{\sqrt{1 - m \sin^2(z)} \sin(2z)}{(n \sin^2(z) - 1)^3} ;$$

$$w(n) = \Pi(n; z | m)$$

With respect to m

08.06.13.0001.01

$$8(m-1)m(m-n) \frac{\partial^3 w(m)}{\partial m^3} + 4(11m^2 - 6nm - 7m + 2n) \frac{\partial^2 w(m)}{\partial m^2} + 6(7m - n - 2) \frac{\partial w(m)}{\partial m} + 3w(m) = \frac{3 \sin(2z)}{2 \sqrt{(1 - m \sin^2(z))^5}} ;$$

$$w(m) = \Pi(n; z | m)$$

Ordinary nonlinear differential equations

08.06.13.0003.01

$$\begin{aligned} & (w'(z)^2 - 1) (4w'(z)^2 (m-n)^3 + 27m^2 n)^2 ((m-1)(n-1)^2 w'(z)^2 + 1) w'(z)^6 + (8(m-1)(m-n)^5 (n-1) n w'(z)^6 - \\ & 2(m-n)^2 (4(n-1)(3n-2)m^4 + n(3n(5-11n)+8)m^3 - 3(n-9)n^2(2n-1)m^2 + 2(n-10)n^3 m + 4n^4) w'(z)^4 - \\ & 9m^2 n ((6n(3n-5)+16)m^3 + 3n(3n-16)+4)m^2 - 3(n-12)n^2 m - 10n^3) w'(z)^2 - 243m^4 n^2) w''(z)^2 w'(z)^4 + \\ & n(-27n m^4 - (m-n)^2 (m(9n-8) - 10n) w'(z)^2 m^2 + (m-1)(m-n)^4 n w'(z)^4) w''(z)^4 w'(z)^2 - \\ & m^4 n^2 w''(z)^6 = 0 ; w(z) = \Pi(n; z | m) \end{aligned}$$

Transformations

Transformations and argument simplifications

Argument involving basic arithmetic operations

08.06.16.0001.01

$$\Pi(n; -z | m) = -\Pi(n; z | m)$$

08.06.16.0002.01

$$\Pi(n; z + \pi k | m) = 2 k \Pi(n | m) + \Pi(n; z | m) ; k \in \mathbb{Z} \wedge -1 \leq n \leq 1$$

Products, sums, and powers of the direct function

Sums of the direct function

08.06.16.0003.01

$$\begin{aligned} \Pi(n; z_1 | m) + \Pi(n; z_2 | m) &= \Pi(n; z | m) - \sqrt{\frac{n}{(1-n)(n-m)}} \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{\sqrt{(1-n)n(n-m)} \sin(z) \sin(z_1) \sin(z_2)}{-n \sin^2(z) + n \cos(z) \sqrt{1-m \sin^2(z)} \sin(z_1) \sin(z_2) + 1} \right) ; \\ z &= \cos^{-1} \left(\frac{\cos(z_1) \cos(z_2) - \sin(z_1) \sin(z_2) \sqrt{(1-m \sin^2(z_1))(1-m \sin^2(z_2))}}{1-m \sin^2(z_1) \sin^2(z_2)} \right) \wedge 0 < m < n < 1 \wedge 0 < z_1 < 1 \wedge 0 < z_2 < 1 \end{aligned}$$

Identities

Functional identities

08.06.17.0001.01

$$\Pi(n; z | m) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{m}} \Pi\left(\frac{n}{m}; \sin^{-1}(\sqrt{m} \sin(z)) \middle| \frac{1}{m}\right) + 2 \left\lfloor \frac{\text{Re}(z)}{\pi} \right\rfloor \Pi(n | m)$$

08.06.17.0004.01

$$\Pi(n; z | m) = F(z | m) - \Pi\left(\frac{m}{n}; z | m\right) + \frac{1}{2 \sqrt{\frac{(n-m)(n-1)}{n}}} \log \left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{(n-m)(n-1)}{n}} \tan(z) + \sqrt{1-m \sin^2(z)}}{\sqrt{1-m \sin^2(z)} - \sqrt{\frac{(n-m)(n-1)}{n}} \tan(z)} \right)$$

08.06.17.0003.01

$$\Pi(n; i \sinh^{-1}(\tan(z)) | 1-m) = \frac{i}{1-n} (F(z | m) - n \Pi(1-n; z | m))$$

08.06.17.0002.01

$$\begin{aligned} E(\phi | m) F(\theta | m) + \cot(\theta) (\Pi(m \sin^2(\theta); \phi | m) - F(\phi | m)) \sqrt{1-m \sin^2(\theta)} = \\ \cot(\phi) \sqrt{1-m \sin^2(\phi)} (\Pi(m \sin^2(\phi); \theta | m) - F(\theta | m)) + E(\theta | m) F(\phi | m) \end{aligned}$$

Differentiation

Low-order differentiation

With respect to n

08.06.20.0001.01

$$\frac{\partial \Pi(n; z | m)}{\partial n} = \frac{1}{2(m-n)(n-1)} \left(E(z | m) + \frac{m-n}{n} F(z | m) + \frac{n^2-m}{n} \Pi(n; z | m) - \frac{n \sqrt{1-m \sin^2(z)} \sin(2z)}{2(1-n \sin^2(z))} \right)$$

08.06.20.0002.01

$$\frac{\partial^2 \Pi(n; z | m)}{\partial n^2} = \frac{\sin(2z) \sqrt{1-m \sin^2(z)}}{16(m-n)^2(n-1)^2(n \sin^2(z)-1)^2} \left((5n-8)n^2 + n(m(2n+1) + n(2-5n)) \cos(2z) - m(2n^2+n-6) \right) + \frac{m(1-4n) + n(5n-2)}{4(m-n)(n-1)^2 n^2} F(z | m) + \frac{3n^4 + 2m(2-5n)n + m^2(4n-1)}{4(m-n)^2(n-1)^2 n^2} \Pi(n; z | m) - \frac{(2n+1)m + n(2-5n)}{4(m-n)^2(n-1)^2 n} E(z | m)$$

With respect to z

08.06.20.0003.01

$$\frac{\partial \Pi(n; z | m)}{\partial z} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-m \sin^2(z)} (1-n \sin^2(z))}$$

08.06.20.0004.01

$$\frac{\partial^2 \Pi(n; z | m)}{\partial z^2} = \frac{\cos(z) \sin(z) (-3mn \sin^2(z) + m + 2n)}{(1-m \sin^2(z))^{3/2} (1-n \sin^2(z))^2}$$

With respect to m

08.06.20.0005.01

$$\frac{\partial \Pi(n; z | m)}{\partial m} = \frac{1}{2(n-m)} \left(\frac{1}{m-1} E(z | m) + \Pi(n; z | m) - \frac{m \sin(2z)}{2(m-1) \sqrt{1-m \sin^2(z)}} \right)$$

08.06.20.0006.01

$$\frac{\partial^2 \Pi(n; z | m)}{\partial m^2} = \frac{4m^2 - (n+2)m - n}{4(m-1)^2 m(m-n)^2} E(z | m) + \frac{1}{4(m-1)m(m-n)} F(z | m) + \frac{3}{4(m-n)^2} \Pi(n; z | m) + \frac{(m(4m^2 - (n+2)m - n) \sin^2(z) + m + 2n - 3m^2) \sin(2z)}{8(m-1)^2(m-n)^2(1-m \sin^2(z))^{3/2}}$$

Symbolic differentiation

With respect to n

08.06.20.0007.02

$$\frac{\partial^p \Pi(n; z | m)}{\partial n^p} = \sin^{2p+1}(z) \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{(k+p)!}{(2k+2p+1)k!} F_1 \left(k+p+\frac{1}{2}; \frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2}; k+p+\frac{3}{2}; \sin^2(z), m \sin^2(z) \right) n^k \sin^{2k}(z) /; p \in \mathbb{N}$$

08.06.20.0013.01

$$\frac{\partial^p \Pi(n; z | m)}{\partial n^p} = \frac{\sin^{2p+1}(z) p!}{2p+1} \sum_{k_1=p}^{\infty} \sum_{k_2=0}^{\infty} \sum_{k_3=0}^{\infty} \frac{\left(p+\frac{1}{2}\right)_{k_1+k_2+k_3} \left(p+1\right)_{k_1} \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)_{k_2} \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)_{k_3} n^{k_1} \sin^{2(k_1+k_2+k_3)}(z) m^{k_3}}{\left(p+\frac{3}{2}\right)_{k_1+k_2+k_3} k_1! k_2! k_3!} /; p \in \mathbb{N}$$

08.06.20.0014.01

$$\frac{\partial^p \Pi(n; z | m)}{\partial n^p} = \frac{\sin^{2p+1}(z) p!}{2p+1} F_D^{(3)}\left(p + \frac{1}{2}, p + 1, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2}; p + \frac{3}{2}; n \sin^2(z), \sin^2(z), m \sin^2(z)\right); p \in \mathbb{N}$$

With respect to z

08.06.20.0015.01

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{\partial^p \Pi(n; z | m)}{\partial z^p} = & \Pi(n; z | m) \delta_p + \sum_{j=1}^p \frac{1}{j!} \sum_{k_1=0}^{j-1} \binom{j}{k_1} \sum_{k_2=0}^{j-k_1} (-1)^{k_1} 2^{k_1-j} \sin^{k_1}(z) (k_1 + 2k_2 - j)^p e^{-\frac{1}{2}i(\pi(j+p-k_1-2k_2)+2(-j+k_1+2k_2)z)} \binom{j-k_1}{k_2} \\ & \sum_{i=0}^{j-1} \frac{(1-j)_{2(j-i)-2}}{(j-i-1)! (2 \sin(z))^{j-2i-1}} \sum_{i_1=0}^i \sum_{i_2=0}^i \sum_{i_3=0}^i (-1)^{i_1} \delta_{-i+i_1+i_2+i_3} (i_1 + i_2 + i_3; i_1, i_2, i_3) n^{i_1} m^{i_3} \\ & (-i_1)_{i_1} \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)_{i_2} \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)_{i_3} (1 - n \sin^2(z))^{-i_1-1} \cos^{-2i_2-1}(z) (1 - m \sin^2(z))^{-i_3-\frac{1}{2}}; p \in \mathbb{N} \end{aligned}$$

08.06.20.0008.02

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{\partial^p \Pi(n; z | m)}{\partial z^p} = & \Pi(n; z | m) \delta_p + \frac{i^{p+1} 2^{p-2} e^{2iz} \sqrt{\pi}}{\sqrt{1-n} \sqrt{1-m \sin^2(z)}} \sqrt{\frac{2(\sqrt{1-m} + 1) + (e^{2iz} - 1)m}{\sqrt{1-m}}} \\ & \left(\frac{e^{2iz}(m - 2(\sqrt{1-m} + 1))}{m}\right)^{-3/2} \sum_{k=0}^{p-1} e^{2ikz} S_{p-1}^{(k)} \sum_{j=0}^k \binom{k}{j} \frac{(j-k)_{k-j}}{\Gamma(\frac{1}{2}-j)} \left(\frac{m}{(e^{2iz}-1)m - 2\sqrt{1-m} + 2}\right)^j \\ & \left(\left(\frac{2(1+\sqrt{1-n})}{n} + e^{2iz} - 1\right)^{j-k-1} - \left(\frac{2(1-\sqrt{1-n})}{n} + e^{2iz} - 1\right)^{j-k-1}\right) \\ & F_1\left(\frac{1}{2}; \frac{1}{2}, -\frac{3}{2}; \frac{1}{2} - j; \frac{m(1 - e^{2iz}) + 2\sqrt{1-m} - 2}{4\sqrt{1-m}}, \frac{m(1 - e^{2iz}) + 2\sqrt{1-m} - 2}{m + 2\sqrt{1-m} - 2}\right); p \in \mathbb{N} \end{aligned}$$

With respect to m

08.06.20.0009.02

$$\frac{\partial^p \Pi(n; z | m)}{\partial m^p} = \sin^{2p+1}(z) \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)_p \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{\left(p + \frac{1}{2}\right)_k}{(2k + 2p + 1)k!} F_1\left(k + p + \frac{1}{2}; \frac{1}{2}, 1; k + p + \frac{3}{2}; \sin^2(z), n \sin^2(z)\right) m^k \sin^{2k}(z); p \in \mathbb{N}$$

08.06.20.0016.01

$$\frac{\partial^p \Pi(n; z | m)}{\partial m^p} = \frac{\sin^{2p+1}(z) \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)_p}{2p+1} \sum_{k_1=p}^{\infty} \sum_{k_2=0}^{\infty} \sum_{k_3=0}^{\infty} \frac{\left(p + \frac{1}{2}\right)_{k_1+k_2+k_3} (1)_{k_1} \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)_{k_2} \left(p + \frac{1}{2}\right)_{k_3} n^{k_1} \sin^{2(k_1+k_2+k_3)}(z) m^{k_3}}{\left(p + \frac{3}{2}\right)_{k_1+k_2+k_3} k_1! k_2! k_3!}; p \in \mathbb{N}$$

08.06.20.0017.01

$$\frac{\partial^p \Pi(n; z | m)}{\partial m^p} = \frac{\sin^{2p+1}(z) \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)_p}{2p+1} F_D^{(3)}\left(p + \frac{1}{2}, 1, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2}; p; p + \frac{3}{2}; n \sin^2(z), \sin^2(z), m \sin^2(z)\right); p \in \mathbb{N}$$

08.06.20.0018.01

$$\frac{\partial^p \Pi(n; z | m)}{\partial m^p} = m^{-p} \left(\frac{\tanh^{-1}(\sqrt{n-1} \tan(z)) \sqrt{\cos^2(z)} \sec(z)}{\sqrt{n-1}} {}_2\tilde{F}_1\left(\frac{1}{2}, 1; 1-p; \frac{m}{n}\right) - \frac{m \sin(z)}{4n} \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{(k+1)! \left(\frac{3}{2}\right)_k 2^{-k} m^k}{(k-p+1)!} \sum_{j=0}^k \frac{\left(\frac{n-2}{n}\right)^j}{(k-j)!} \right. \\ \left. \sum_{i=0}^{j+1} \frac{(-1)^{i+j-1}}{i!(j-i+1)!} \left(\sum_{q=0}^{\lfloor \frac{i-1}{2} \rfloor} \frac{\left(\frac{i-1}{2}\right)_q}{q!} \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)_q \left(\frac{n}{2-n}\right)^{2q} \left(\frac{2 \sin^{-1}(\sin(z))}{\sin(z)} + \frac{\sqrt{\cos^2(z)}}{\cos(2z)} \sum_{p=1}^q \frac{(p-1)! \cos^{2p}(2z)}{\left(\frac{1}{2}\right)_p} \right) + \right. \right. \\ \left. \left. \frac{2n \sqrt{\cos^2(z)}}{2-n} \sum_{q=0}^{\lfloor \frac{i-1}{2} \rfloor - 1} q! \binom{i-1}{2q+1} \cos^{2q}(2z) \left(\frac{n}{2-n}\right)^{2q} \sum_{p=0}^q \frac{\tan^{2p}(2z)}{(q-p)! \left(\frac{3}{2}\right)_p} \right) \right) /; p \in \mathbb{N}$$

Fractional integro-differentiation

With respect to n

08.06.20.0010.01

$$\frac{\partial^\alpha \Pi(n; z | m)}{\partial n^\alpha} = n^{-\alpha} \sin(z) \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{k! (n \sin^2(z))^k}{(2k+1) \Gamma(k-\alpha+1)} F_1\left(k + \frac{1}{2}; \frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2}; k + \frac{3}{2}; \sin^2(z), m \sin^2(z)\right)$$

With respect to z

08.06.20.0011.01

$$\frac{\partial^\alpha \Pi(n; z | m)}{\partial z^\alpha} = \sqrt{\pi} z^{1-\alpha} 2^{\alpha-1} \sum_{j=0}^{\infty} \sum_{l=0}^{\infty} \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^{j+k+l} 2^{-2j-2k-2l} m^l n^k}{(2j+2k+2l+1) j! l!} \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)_j \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)_l \\ \sum_{p=0}^{j+k+l} (-1)^p \binom{2j+2k+2l+1}{p} (2j+2k+2l-2p+1) {}_1\tilde{F}_2\left(1; 1 - \frac{\alpha}{2}, \frac{3-\alpha}{2}; -\frac{1}{4} ((2j+2k+2l-2p+1)^2 z^2)\right)$$

With respect to m

08.06.20.0012.01

$$\frac{\partial^\alpha \Pi(n; z | m)}{\partial m^\alpha} = m^{-\alpha} \sin(z) \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{\left(\frac{1}{2}\right)_k (m \sin^2(z))^k}{(2k+1) \Gamma(k-\alpha+1)} F_1\left(k + \frac{1}{2}; \frac{1}{2}, 1; k + \frac{3}{2}; \sin^2(z), n \sin^2(z)\right)$$

Integration

Indefinite integration

Involving only one direct function

08.06.21.0001.01

$$\int \Pi(n; z | m) dz = \sum_{j=0}^{\infty} \sum_{l=0}^{\infty} \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^{j+k+l-1} m^l n^k 2^{-2j-2k-2l}}{(2j+2k+2l+1) j! l!} \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)_j \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)_l \sum_{p=0}^{j+k+l} \frac{(-1)^p \cos((2j+2k+2l-2p+1)z)}{2j+2k+2l-2p+1} \binom{2j+2k+2l+1}{p}$$

Involving one direct function and elementary functions

Involving trigonometric functions

Involving sin

08.06.21.0002.01

$$\int \sin(z) \Pi(n; z | m) dz = \frac{\sqrt{2} \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{\sqrt{m(2-n)-(2-m)n} \sin(z)}{\sqrt{\cos(2z)m-m+2}} \right)}{\sqrt{m(2-n)-(2-m)n}} - \cos(z) \Pi(n; z | m)$$

Involving cos

08.06.21.0003.01

$$\int \cos(z) \Pi(n; z | m) dz = \frac{\tan^{-1} \left(\frac{2\sqrt{n-m} \cos(z)}{\sqrt{2-2n} \sqrt{\cos(2z)m-m+2}} \right)}{\sqrt{1-n} \sqrt{n-m}} + \Pi(n; z | m) \sin(z)$$

Involving only one direct function with respect to n

08.06.21.0004.01

$$\int \Pi(n; z | m) dn = \sin(z) n \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{(n \sin^2(z))^k}{(2k+1)(k+1)} F_1 \left(k + \frac{1}{2}; \frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2}; k + \frac{3}{2}; \sin^2(z), m \sin^2(z) \right)$$

Involving only one direct function with respect to m

08.06.21.0005.01

$$\int \Pi(n; z | m) dm = \sqrt{2 \cos(2z)m - 2m + 4} \cot(z) + 2E(z | m) - 2F(z | m) + 2(m-n) \Pi(n; z | m)$$

Involving one direct function and elementary functions with respect to m

Involving power function

08.06.21.0006.01

$$\int m \Pi(n; z | m^2) dm = \Pi(n; z | m^2) m^2 + E(z | m^2) - F(z | m^2) - n \Pi(n; z | m^2) + \cot(z) \sqrt{1 - m^2 \sin^2(z)}$$

Representations through more general functions

Through hypergeometric functions of several variables

08.06.26.0003.01

$$\Pi(n; z | m) = (-1)^{\lfloor \frac{\operatorname{Re}(z)}{\pi} \rfloor} \sin(z) F_D^{(3)}\left(\frac{1}{2}, 1, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2}; \frac{3}{2}; n \sin^2(z), \sin^2(z), m \sin^2(z)\right) + 2 \left\lfloor \frac{\operatorname{Re}(z)}{\pi} \right\rfloor \Pi(n | m)$$

Through hypergeometric functions of two variables

08.06.26.0001.01

$$\Pi(n; z | m) = (-1)^{\lfloor \frac{\operatorname{Re}(z)}{\pi} \rfloor} \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{\sin^{2k+1}(z)}{2k+1} F_1\left(k + \frac{1}{2}; \frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2}; k + \frac{3}{2}; \sin^2(z), m \sin^2(z)\right) n^k + 2 \left\lfloor \frac{\operatorname{Re}(z)}{\pi} \right\rfloor \Pi(n | m)$$

08.06.26.0004.01

$$\Pi(n; z | m) = - \frac{2^{-\frac{5}{2}} \sqrt{\pi} n}{\left(\frac{m-2(\sqrt{1-m}+1)}{m}\right)^{3/2} \sqrt{1-n}} \sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-m}}}$$

$$\sum_{q=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^q 2^{2q+1}}{(2q+1)!} \sum_{k=0}^{2q} S_{2q}^{(k)} \sum_{j=0}^k \frac{2^{-k} (-1)^j j! n^j}{\Gamma(j-k+\frac{1}{2})} \binom{k}{k-j} \left(\frac{m}{1-\sqrt{1-m}}\right)^{k-j} \left((\sqrt{1-n}+1)^{-j-1} - (1-\sqrt{1-n})^{-j-1}\right)$$

$$F_1\left(\frac{1}{2}; \frac{1}{2}, -\frac{3}{2}; j-k+\frac{1}{2}; \frac{1}{2} - \frac{1}{2\sqrt{1-m}}, \frac{2(\sqrt{1-m}+1)}{m}\right) z^{2q+1} /; |z| < 1$$

08.06.26.0002.01

$$\Pi(n; z | m) = (-1)^{\lfloor \frac{\operatorname{Re}(z)}{\pi} \rfloor} \sin(z) \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{\left(\frac{1}{2}\right)_k \sin^{2k}(z)}{(2k+1)k!} F_1\left(k + \frac{1}{2}; \frac{1}{2}, 1; k + \frac{3}{2}; \sin^2(z), n \sin^2(z)\right) m^{k++} + 2 \left\lfloor \frac{\operatorname{Re}(z)}{\pi} \right\rfloor \Pi(n | m)$$

Theorems

The length of the geodesics of an ellipsoid

The length's of the geodesics of an ellipsoid can be expressed in terms of $\Pi(n; z | m)$.

History

–A. M. Legendre (1811)

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