

Fibonacci

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Notations

Traditional name

Fibonacci number

Traditional notation

F_ν

Mathematica StandardForm notation

Fibonacci[ν]

Primary definition

$$F_\nu = \frac{\phi^\nu - \cos(\nu\pi)\phi^{-\nu}}{\sqrt{5}}$$

Specific values

Specialized values

$$F_n = \frac{1}{\sqrt{5}} \left(\left(\frac{1+\sqrt{5}}{2} \right)^n - \left(\frac{1-\sqrt{5}}{2} \right)^n \right); n \in \mathbb{Z}$$

$$F_{-n} = \frac{(-1)^{n-1}}{\sqrt{5}} \left(\left(\frac{1+\sqrt{5}}{2} \right)^n - \left(\frac{1-\sqrt{5}}{2} \right)^n \right); n \in \mathbb{Z}$$

$$F_n = \frac{1}{5} (\lceil \phi^{n-1} \rceil + \lfloor \phi^{n+1} \rfloor); n \in \mathbb{Z} \wedge n > 2$$

$$F_n = \frac{\phi^n - (1-\phi)^n}{\sqrt{5}}; n \in \mathbb{Z}$$

$$F_{n+1} = \left\lfloor \frac{1}{2} \left((1+\sqrt{5})F_n + 1 \right) \right\rfloor; n \in \mathbb{Z} \wedge n > 1$$

$$F_n = \frac{\phi^n - (1-\phi)^n}{\phi - (1-\phi)} ; n \in \mathbb{Z}$$

Values at fixed points

$$F_0 = 0$$

$$F_1 = 1$$

$$F_2 = 1$$

$$F_3 = 2$$

$$F_4 = 3$$

$$F_5 = 5$$

$$F_6 = 8$$

$$F_7 = 13$$

$$F_8 = 21$$

$$F_9 = 34$$

$$F_{10} = 55$$

Values at infinities

$$F_\infty = \infty$$

General characteristics

Domain and analyticity

F_ν is an entire analytical function of ν which is defined over the whole complex ν -plane.

$$\nu \rightarrow F_\nu :: \mathbb{C} \rightarrow \mathbb{C}$$

Symmetries and periodicities

Parity

04.11.04.0002.01

$$F_{-n} = (-1)^{n-1} F_n ; n \in \mathbb{Z}$$

Mirror symmetry

04.11.04.0003.01

$$F_{\bar{\nu}} = \overline{F_{\nu}}$$

Periodicity

No periodicity

Poles and essential singularities

The function F_{ν} has only one singular point at $\nu = \tilde{\infty}$. It is an essential singular point.

04.11.04.0004.01

$$Sing_{\nu}(F_{\nu}) = \{\{\tilde{\infty}, \infty\}\}$$

Branch points

The function F_{ν} does not have branch points.

04.11.04.0005.01

$$\mathcal{BP}_{\nu}(F_{\nu}) = \{\}$$

Branch cuts

The function F_{ν} does not have branch cuts.

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$$\mathcal{BC}_{\nu}(F_{\nu}) = \{\}$$

Series representations

Generalized power series

Expansions at generic point $\nu = \nu_0$

For the function itself

04.11.06.0015.01

$$F_{\nu} \propto F_{\nu_0} + \frac{1}{\sqrt{5}} \left(2 \left(1 + \sqrt{5} \right) \right)^{-\nu_0} \left(\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(2) \left(1 + \sqrt{5} \right)^{2\nu_0} + 4^{\nu_0} \left(\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(2) \cos(\pi \nu_0) + \pi \sin(\pi \nu_0) \right) \right) (\nu - \nu_0) + \frac{1}{10} \left(\sqrt{5} \pi \left(\pi \cos(\pi \nu_0) - 2 \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(2) \sin(\pi \nu_0) \right) \left(\frac{1}{2} \left(-1 + \sqrt{5} \right) \right)^{\nu_0} + 5 \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(2)^2 F_{\nu_0} \right) (\nu - \nu_0)^2 + \dots ; (\nu \rightarrow \nu_0)$$

04.11.06.0016.01

$$F_\nu \propto F_{\nu_0} + \frac{1}{\sqrt{5}} \left(2 \left(1 + \sqrt{5} \right) \right)^{-\nu_0} \left(\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(2) \left(1 + \sqrt{5} \right)^{2\nu_0} + 4^{\nu_0} \left(\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(2) \cos(\pi \nu_0) + \pi \sin(\pi \nu_0) \right) \right) (\nu - \nu_0) + \frac{1}{10} \left(\sqrt{5} \pi \left(\pi \cos(\pi \nu_0) - 2 \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(2) \sin(\pi \nu_0) \right) \left(\frac{1}{2} \left(-1 + \sqrt{5} \right) \right)^{\nu_0} + 5 \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(2)^2 F_{\nu_0} \right) (\nu - \nu_0)^2 + \mathcal{O}((\nu - \nu_0)^3)$$

04.11.06.0017.01

$$F_\nu = \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{1}{k!} \left(F_{\nu_0} \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(2)^k + \frac{1}{\sqrt{5}} \left(2^{\nu_0-1} \left(1 + \sqrt{5} \right) \right)^{-\nu_0} e^{-i\pi\nu_0} \left(\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(2)^k - (-1)^k (i\pi + \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(2))^k + e^{2i\pi\nu_0} \left(\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(2)^k - (i\pi - \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(2))^k \right) \right) \right) (\nu - \nu_0)^k$$

04.11.06.0018.01

$$F_\nu \propto F_{\nu_0} (1 + \mathcal{O}(\nu - \nu_0))$$

Expansions at $\nu = 0$

04.11.06.0001.01

$$F_\nu \propto \frac{2 \log(\phi) \nu}{\sqrt{5}} + \frac{\pi^2 \nu^2}{2\sqrt{5}} + \frac{1}{\sqrt{5}} \left(\frac{\log^3(\phi)}{3} - \frac{\pi^2}{2} \log(\phi) \right) \nu^3 + \dots ; (\nu \rightarrow 0)$$

04.11.06.0019.01

$$F_\nu \propto \frac{2 \log(\phi) \nu}{\sqrt{5}} + \frac{\pi^2 \nu^2}{2\sqrt{5}} + \frac{1}{\sqrt{5}} \left(\frac{\log^3(\phi)}{3} - \frac{\pi^2}{2} \log(\phi) \right) \nu^3 + \mathcal{O}(\nu^4)$$

04.11.06.0002.01

$$F_\nu = \frac{1}{2\sqrt{5}} \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} \frac{\left(2 \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(2)^k - (-i\pi - \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(2))^k - (i\pi - \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(2))^k \right) \nu^k}{k!}$$

04.11.06.0003.01

$$F_\nu \propto \frac{2 \log(\phi)}{\sqrt{5}} \nu + \mathcal{O}(\nu^2) ; (\nu \rightarrow 0)$$

Asymptotic series expansions

04.11.06.0004.01

$$F_\nu \propto \frac{\phi^\nu - \cos(\nu\pi) \phi^{-\nu}}{\sqrt{5}} ; (|\nu| \rightarrow \infty)$$

04.11.06.0020.01

$$F_\nu \propto \begin{cases} \frac{\phi^\nu}{\sqrt{5}} & \operatorname{Im}(\nu) < 0 \wedge \operatorname{Re}(\nu) - \pi |\operatorname{Im}(\nu)| > 0 \\ -\frac{e^{i\nu\pi - \nu \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(2)}}{2\sqrt{5}} & \operatorname{Im}(\nu) < 0 \wedge \pi \operatorname{Im}(\nu) + \operatorname{Re}(\nu) < 0 \\ -\frac{e^{-\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(2)\nu - i\pi\nu}}{2\sqrt{5}} & \operatorname{Im}(\nu) > 0 \wedge \operatorname{Re}(\nu) - \pi \operatorname{Im}(\nu) < 0 \\ \frac{\phi^\nu - \cos(\nu\pi) \phi^{-\nu}}{\sqrt{5}} & \text{True} \end{cases} ; (|\nu| \rightarrow \infty)$$

04.11.06.0021.01

$$F_\nu \propto \frac{\phi^\nu}{\sqrt{5}} ; (\nu \rightarrow \infty)$$

Other series representations

04.11.06.0005.01

$$F_n = \sum_{k=0}^{n-1} \binom{n-k-1}{k} ; n \in \mathbb{N}$$

04.11.06.0006.01

$$F_n = \sum_{k=0}^{n-1} \binom{k}{n-k-1} ; n \in \mathbb{N}$$

04.11.06.0007.01

$$F_n = \sum_{k=0}^{\lfloor \frac{n-1}{2} \rfloor} \binom{n-k-1}{k} ; n \in \mathbb{N}$$

04.11.06.0008.01

$$F_{2n+1} = \sum_{k=0}^n \binom{k+n}{2k} ; n \in \mathbb{N}$$

04.11.06.0009.01

$$F_{2n} = \sum_{k=0}^{n-1} \binom{k+n}{2k+1} ; n \in \mathbb{N}$$

04.11.06.0010.01

$$F_n = \frac{2^{1-n} \sqrt{\pi}}{\Gamma(\frac{n}{2})} \sum_{k=0}^{n-1} \frac{(n-k-1)! (1 - \frac{n}{2})_k (-4)^k}{k! \Gamma(\frac{n+1}{2} - k)} ; n \in \mathbb{N}$$

04.11.06.0011.01

$$F_n = \sum_{k=1}^n 5^{\frac{n-k}{2}} i^{k-1} \binom{2n-k}{k-1} \exp(i(n-k) \tan^{-1}(-2)) ; n \in \mathbb{N}$$

04.11.06.0012.01

$$F_n = \frac{1}{2^{n-1}} \sum_{k=0}^{\lfloor \frac{n-1}{2} \rfloor} \binom{n}{2k+1} 5^k ; n \in \mathbb{N}$$

04.11.06.0013.01

$$F_n = (-i)^{n-1} \sum_{k=0}^{n-1} \binom{k+n}{2k+1} (i-2)^k ; n \in \mathbb{N}$$

04.11.06.0014.01

$$F_n^2 = \frac{n}{5^{n-2} \lfloor \frac{n+1}{2} \rfloor + 1} \sum_{k=0}^{n-1} \frac{1}{k+1} \binom{k+n}{2k+1} (-5)^k \binom{n-2}{\lfloor \frac{n}{2} \rfloor} ; n \in \mathbb{N}$$

Integral representations

On the real axis

Of the direct function

04.11.07.0001.01

$$F_{2n} = \frac{n}{2} \left(\frac{3}{2}\right)^{n-1} \int_0^\pi \left(1 + \frac{\sqrt{5}}{3} \cos(t)\right)^{n-1} \sin(t) dt ; n \in \mathbb{Z}$$

Limit representations

04.11.09.0001.01

$$F_n = \lim_{m \rightarrow \infty} \max_{\mu, 1, m} \left\{ \frac{\log(\log(d_{n-1}(\mu)))}{\log(\log(\mu))} \right\} ; n \in \mathbb{N}^+ \wedge d_k(m) = d_{k-1}(\sigma_0(m)) \wedge d_0(m) = \sigma_0(m)$$

Generating functions

04.11.11.0001.01

$$F_n = \left[t^n \right] \frac{t}{1-t-t^2} ; n \in \mathbb{N}$$

Differential equations

Ordinary linear differential equations and wronskians

04.11.13.0001.01

$$w^{(3)}(v) + \log(\phi) w''(v) + (\pi^2 - \log^2(\phi)) w'(v) - \log(\phi) (\log^2(\phi) + \pi^2) w(v) = 0 ; w(v) = c_1 F_v + c_2 L_v + c_3 \phi^{-v} \sin(\pi v)$$

Transformations

Addition formulas

04.11.16.0001.01

$$F_{m+n} = F_{n+1} F_m + F_{m-1} F_n ; m \in \mathbb{Z} \wedge n \in \mathbb{Z}$$

04.11.16.0002.01

$$F_{m+n} = \frac{1}{2} (F_n L_m + F_m L_n) ; n \in \mathbb{Z} \wedge m \in \mathbb{Z}$$

04.11.16.0003.01

$$F_{m+n} = \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \binom{n}{k} F_{m-k} ; m \in \mathbb{N} \wedge n \in \mathbb{N}$$

04.11.16.0004.01

$$F_{m-n} = (-1)^n (F_m F_{n+1} - F_n F_{m+1}) ; m \in \mathbb{Z} \wedge n \in \mathbb{Z}$$

04.11.16.0005.01

$$F_{m-n} = \frac{1}{2} (-1)^n (F_m L_n - F_n L_m) ; n \in \mathbb{Z} \wedge m \in \mathbb{Z}$$

04.11.16.0006.01

$$F_{m+2n} = \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \binom{n}{k} F_{k+m} ; m \in \mathbb{N} \wedge n \in \mathbb{N}$$

04.11.16.0007.01

$$F_{m+2n} = \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} 2^{n-k} \binom{n}{k} F_{m-k} ; m \in \mathbb{N} \wedge n \in \mathbb{N}$$

04.11.16.0008.01

$$F_{m+3n} = \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} 2^k \binom{n}{k} F_{k+m} ; m \in \mathbb{N} \wedge n \in \mathbb{N}$$

04.11.16.0009.01

$$F_{v+1} = \frac{1}{2} (F_v + L_v)$$

04.11.16.0010.01

$$F_{2n+1} = F_{n+1}^2 + F_n^2 ; n \in \mathbb{N}$$

04.11.16.0027.01

$$F_{n-1} F_{n+1} - F_n^2 = (-1)^n ; n \in \mathbb{N} \wedge n \geq 0$$

Cassini's formula

Multiple arguments

04.11.16.0028.01

$$F_{2v} = L_v F_v + \frac{\sin^2(\pi v) \phi^{-2v}}{\sqrt{5}}$$

04.11.16.0029.01

$$F_{2v} = F_{v-1} F_v + F_{v+1} F_v + \frac{\phi^{-2v} \sin^2(\pi v)}{\sqrt{5}}$$

04.11.16.0030.01

$$F_{2v+1} = F_{v-1} F_{v+1} + F_{v+2} F_v - \frac{\phi^{-2v-1} \sin^2(\pi v)}{\sqrt{5}}$$

04.11.16.0011.01

$$F_{2n} = F_{n-p} F_{n+p-1} + F_{n-p+1} F_{n+p} ; n \in \mathbb{N} \wedge p \in \mathbb{N}$$

04.11.16.0012.01

$$F_{2n} = L_n F_n ; n \in \mathbb{Z}$$

04.11.16.0013.01

$$F_{2n} = \sum_{k=0}^n \binom{n}{k} F_k ; n \in \mathbb{N}$$

04.11.16.0031.01

$$F_{2v} = 3 F_{2(v-1)} - F_{2(v-2)}$$

04.11.16.0014.01

$$F_{mv} = L_m F_{m(v-1)} - (-1)^m F_{m(v-2)} ; m \in \mathbb{Z}$$

04.11.16.0015.01

$$F_{mn} = \sum_{k=0}^m \binom{m}{k} F_n^k F_{n-1}^{m-k} F_k ; m-1 \in \mathbb{N}^+ \wedge n \in \mathbb{N}^+ \wedge n \geq m$$

04.11.16.0016.01

$$F_{mn} = \frac{1}{2^{m-1}} \sum_{k=0}^{\lfloor \frac{m-1}{2} \rfloor} \binom{m}{2k+1} F_n^{2k+1} L_n^{-2k+m-1} 5^k ; m \in \mathbb{N}^+ \wedge n \in \mathbb{Z}$$

04.11.16.0017.01

$$F_{mn} = F_n \sum_{k=0}^{\lfloor \frac{m-1}{2} \rfloor} \binom{m-k-1}{k} (-1)^{k(n-1)} L_n^{m-2k-1} ; m \in \mathbb{N}^+ \wedge n \in \mathbb{Z}$$

04.11.16.0018.01

$$F_{2mn} = L_n \sum_{k=0}^{m-1} \binom{2m-k-1}{k} (-1)^{kn} F_n^{-2k+2m-1} 5^{-k+m-1} ; m \in \mathbb{N}^+ \wedge n \in \mathbb{Z}$$

04.11.16.0019.01

$$F_{(2m-1)n} = \sum_{k=0}^{m-1} \frac{2m-1}{2m-k-1} \binom{2m-k-1}{k} (-1)^{kn} F_n^{2m-2k-1} 5^{m-k-1} ; m \in \mathbb{N}^+ \wedge n \in \mathbb{Z}$$

Products, sums, and powers of the direct function

Products of the direct function

04.11.16.0020.01

$$F_{v+1} F_{v-1} = F_v^2 + \cos(v\pi)$$

04.11.16.0021.01

$$F_n F_m = \frac{1}{5} (L_{m+n} - (-1)^n L_{m-n}) ; m \in \mathbb{Z} \wedge n \in \mathbb{Z}$$

Powers of the direct function

04.11.16.0022.01

$$F_v^2 = F_{v+1} F_{v-1} - \cos(v\pi)$$

04.11.16.0023.01

$$F_n^2 = \frac{1}{5} (L_{2n} - 2(-1)^n) ; n \in \mathbb{Z}$$

04.11.16.0032.01

$$F_n^3 = \frac{1}{5} (3(-1)^{n+1} F_n + F_{3n}) ; n \in \mathbb{Z}$$

04.11.16.0033.01

$$F_n^4 = \frac{1}{25} (4(-1)^n F_{2n} - F_{4n} - 8(-1)^n F_{2n+1} + 2F_{4n+1} + 6) ; n \in \mathbb{Z}$$

04.11.16.0024.01

$$F_n^4 = F_{n-2} F_{n-1} F_{n+1} F_{n+2} + 1 ; n \in \mathbb{Z}$$

04.11.16.0025.01

$$F_n^m = \frac{1}{2} 5^{-\lfloor \frac{m}{2} \rfloor} \sum_{k=0}^m \binom{m}{k} (-1)^k (n+1) ((1 + (-1)^m) F_{-2kn+m} n+1 - (-1)^m F_{(m-2k)n}) /; n \in \mathbb{Z} \wedge m \in \mathbb{N}^+$$

Related transformations

04.11.16.0026.01

$$F_\nu = \frac{1}{5} (L_{\nu-1} + L_{\nu+1})$$

Identities

Recurrence identities

Consecutive neighbors

04.11.17.0001.01

$$F_\nu = -F_{\nu+1} + F_{\nu+2}$$

04.11.17.0002.01

$$F_\nu = F_{\nu-1} + F_{\nu-2}$$

04.11.17.0017.01

$$F_\nu = \frac{F_{\nu+1} - \phi^\nu}{1 - \phi}$$

04.11.17.0018.01

$$F_\nu = (1 - \phi) F_{\nu-1} + \phi^{\nu-1}$$

Distant neighbors

04.11.17.0003.01

$$F_\nu = i^{m+1} U_{\frac{m-1}{2}} \left(-\frac{3}{2} \right) F_{m+\nu} + i^m U_{\frac{m-1}{2}} \left(-\frac{3}{2} \right) F_{m+\nu+1} /; m \in \mathbb{N}^+$$

04.11.17.0004.01

$$F_\nu = i^{1-m} U_{\frac{m-1}{2}} \left(-\frac{3}{2} \right) F_{\nu-m} - (-i)^m U_{\frac{m-1}{2}} \left(-\frac{3}{2} \right) F_{\nu-m-1} /; m \in \mathbb{N}^+$$

Functional identities

Functional equations

04.11.17.0019.01

$$w(z) = w(z-2) + w(z-1) /; w(z) = c_1 F_z + c_2 L_z$$

Relations of special kind

04.11.17.0007.01

$$F_{\nu+1} F_{\nu-1} - F_\nu^2 = \cos(\nu\pi)$$

04.11.17.0008.01

$$F_{k+n} F_{l+n} - F_{k+l+n} F_n = (-1)^n F_k F_l /; k \in \mathbb{N} \wedge l \in \mathbb{N} \wedge n \in \mathbb{N}$$

04.11.17.0009.01

$$F_{k+n-1} F_{n-k} + F_{-k+n+1} F_{k+n} = F_{2n} /; k \in \mathbb{N} \wedge n \in \mathbb{N}$$

04.11.17.0010.01

$$F_n^2 - F_{m+n} F_{n-m} = (-1)^{n-m} F_m^2 ; n \in \mathbb{Z} \wedge m \in \mathbb{Z}$$

04.11.17.0011.01

$$4 F_{2n+1} F_{2n+2} F_{2n+3} F_{2n+4} - (2 F_{2n+2} F_{2n+3} + 1)^2 + 1 = 0 ; n \in \mathbb{N}$$

04.11.17.0012.01

$$\frac{1}{F_{a+n} F_{b+n} F_{c+n}} = \frac{(-1)^{b+n}}{F_{c-b} F_{a-b} F_{b+n}} + \frac{(-1)^{c+n}}{F_{a-c} F_{b-c} F_{c+n}} + \frac{(-1)^{a+n}}{F_{b-a} F_{c-b} F_{a+n}} ;$$

$$n \in \mathbb{N} \wedge a \in \mathbb{N}^+ \wedge b \in \mathbb{N}^+ \wedge c \in \mathbb{N}^+ \wedge a \neq b \wedge a \neq c \wedge b \neq c$$

04.11.17.0013.01

$$F_{n+1} = \left\lfloor \phi F_n + \frac{1}{2} \right\rfloor ; n - 1 \in \mathbb{N}^+$$

04.11.17.0014.01

$$F_{\text{gcd}(m,n)} = \text{gcd}(F_m, F_n) ; m \in \mathbb{Z} \wedge n \in \mathbb{Z}$$

04.11.17.0015.01

$$F_m \sum_{k=1}^n \frac{(-1)^k}{F_k F_{k+m}} = F_n \sum_{k=1}^m \frac{(-1)^k}{F_k F_{k+n}} ; m \in \mathbb{N} \wedge n \in \mathbb{N}$$

04.11.17.0016.01

$$\tan^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{F_{2n+1}}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{F_{2n+2}}\right) = \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{F_{2n}}\right) ; n \in \mathbb{N}^+$$

Complex characteristics

Real part

04.11.19.0001.01

$$\text{Re}(F_{x+iy}) = \frac{\phi^{-x}}{\sqrt{5}} (\phi^{2x} \cos(y \log(\phi)) - \cos(\pi x) \cosh(\pi y) \cos(y \log(\phi)) + \sin(\pi x) \sin(y \log(\phi)) \sinh(\pi y))$$

04.11.19.0006.01

$$\text{Re}(F_{x+iy}) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{5}} \left((\sin(\pi x) \sin(y \text{csch}^{-1}(2)) \sinh(\pi y) - \cos(\pi x) \cos(y \text{csch}^{-1}(2)) \cosh(\pi y)) \left(\frac{\sqrt{5}-1}{2} \right)^x + \left(\frac{\sqrt{5}+1}{2} \right)^x \cos(y \text{csch}^{-1}(2)) \right)$$

Imaginary part

04.11.19.0002.01

$$\text{Im}(F_{x+iy}) = \frac{\phi^{-x}}{\sqrt{5}} (\phi^{2x} \sin(y \log(\phi)) + \cos(\pi x) \cosh(\pi y) \sin(y \log(\phi)) + \cos(y \log(\phi)) \sin(\pi x) \sinh(\pi y))$$

04.11.19.0007.01

$$\text{Im}(F_{x+iy}) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{5}} \left((\cos(\pi x) \cosh(\pi y) \sin(y \text{csch}^{-1}(2)) + \cos(y \text{csch}^{-1}(2)) \sin(\pi x) \sinh(\pi y)) \left(\frac{\sqrt{5}-1}{2} \right)^x + \left(\frac{\sqrt{5}+1}{2} \right)^x \sin(y \text{csch}^{-1}(2)) \right)$$

Absolute value

04.11.19.0003.01

$$|F_{x+iy}| = \frac{1}{\sqrt{10}} \sqrt{(\phi^{-2x} (\cosh^2(\pi y) - 4 \phi^{2x} \cos(\pi x) \cos(2y \log(\phi)) \cosh(\pi y) + 2 \phi^{4x} + \sinh^2(\pi y) + \cos(2\pi x) + 4 \phi^{2x} \sin(\pi x) \sin(2y \log(\phi)) \sinh(\pi y)))}$$

04.11.19.0008.01

$$|F_{x+iy}| = \frac{1}{\sqrt{10}} \sqrt{\left(\left(2 \left(3 + \sqrt{5} \right)^{2x} + 4^x (\cos(2\pi x) + \cosh(2\pi y)) \right) \left(1 + \sqrt{5} \right)^{-2x} - 4 \cos(\pi x) \cos(2y \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(2)) \cosh(\pi y) + 4 \sin(\pi x) \sin(2y \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(2)) \sinh(\pi y) \right)}$$

Argument

04.11.19.0004.01

$$\arg(F_{x+iy}) = \tan^{-1}(\phi^{-x} (\phi^{2x} \cos(y \log(\phi)) - \cos(\pi x) \cosh(\pi y) \cos(y \log(\phi)) + \sin(\pi x) \sin(y \log(\phi)) \sinh(\pi y)), \phi^{-x} (\phi^{2x} \sin(y \log(\phi)) + \cos(\pi x) \cosh(\pi y) \sin(y \log(\phi)) + \cos(y \log(\phi)) \sin(\pi x) \sinh(\pi y)))$$

04.11.19.0009.01

$$\arg(F_{x+iy}) = \tan^{-1} \left(\left(\sin(\pi x) \sin(y \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(2)) \sinh(\pi y) - \cos(\pi x) \cos(y \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(2)) \cosh(\pi y) \right) \left(\frac{\sqrt{5}-1}{2} \right)^x + \left(\frac{\sqrt{5}+1}{2} \right)^x \cos(y \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(2)), \left(\cos(\pi x) \cosh(\pi y) \sin(y \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(2)) + \cos(y \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(2)) \sin(\pi x) \sinh(\pi y) \right) \left(\frac{\sqrt{5}-1}{2} \right)^x + \left(\frac{\sqrt{5}+1}{2} \right)^x \sin(y \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(2)) \right)$$

Conjugate value

04.11.19.0005.01

$$\overline{F_{x+iy}} = \frac{\phi^{-x}}{\sqrt{5}} (\phi^{2x} (\cos(y \log(\phi)) - i \sin(y \log(\phi))) + \sin(\pi x) \sinh(\pi y) (\sin(y \log(\phi)) - i \cos(y \log(\phi))) - \cos(\pi x) \cosh(\pi y) (\cos(y \log(\phi)) + i \sin(y \log(\phi))))$$

04.11.19.0010.01

$$\overline{F_{x+iy}} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{5}} \left(-\cos(\pi x) \cosh(\pi y) (\cos(y \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(2)) + i \sin(y \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(2))) \left(\frac{\sqrt{5}-1}{2} \right)^x + \sin(\pi x) (\sin(y \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(2)) - i \cos(y \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(2))) \sinh(\pi y) \left(\frac{\sqrt{5}-1}{2} \right)^x + \left(\frac{\sqrt{5}+1}{2} \right)^x (\cos(y \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(2)) - i \sin(y \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(2))) \right)$$

Signum value

04.11.19.0011.01

$$\operatorname{sgn}(F_{x+iy}) = \left(\sqrt{2} \phi^{-x} (\cos(\pi x) \cosh(\pi y) (i \sin(y \log(\phi)) - \cos(y \log(\phi))) + \phi^{2x} (\cos(y \log(\phi)) + i \sin(y \log(\phi))) + \sin(\pi x) (i \cos(y \log(\phi)) + \sin(y \log(\phi))) \sinh(\pi y)) \right) / \left(\sqrt{\phi^{-2x} (\cosh^2(\pi y) - 4 \phi^{2x} \cos(\pi x) \cos(2 y \log(\phi)) \cosh(\pi y) + 2 \phi^{4x} + \sinh^2(\pi y) + \cos(2 \pi x) + 4 \phi^{2x} \sin(\pi x) \sin(2 y \log(\phi)) \sinh(\pi y))} \right)$$

04.11.19.0012.01

$$\operatorname{sgn}(F_{x+iy}) = \left(\sqrt{2} \left(\sin(\pi x) (i \cos(y \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(2)) + \sin(y \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(2))) \sinh(\pi y) \left(\frac{\sqrt{5}-1}{2} \right)^x + \left(\frac{\sqrt{5}+1}{2} \right)^x (\cos(y \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(2)) + i \sin(y \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(2))) - \left(\frac{\sqrt{5}-1}{2} \right)^x \cos(\pi x) \cosh(\pi y) (\cos(y \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(2)) - i \sin(y \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(2))) \right) \right) / \left(\sqrt{\left(\left(2 \left(3 + \sqrt{5} \right)^{2x} + 4^x (\cos(2 \pi x) + \cosh(2 \pi y)) \right) \left(1 + \sqrt{5} \right)^{-2x} - 4 \cos(\pi x) \cos(2 y \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(2)) \cosh(\pi y) + 4 \sin(\pi x) \sin(2 y \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(2)) \sinh(\pi y) \right)} \right)$$

Differentiation

Low-order differentiation

04.11.20.0001.01

$$\frac{\partial F_v}{\partial v} = \frac{\phi^{-v} (\phi^{2v} \log(\phi) + \cos(\pi v) \log(\phi) + \pi \sin(\pi v))}{\sqrt{5}}$$

04.11.20.0002.01

$$\frac{\partial^2 F_v}{\partial v^2} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{5}} (\phi^{-v} (\cos(\pi v) (\pi^2 - \log^2(\phi)) + \log(\phi) (\phi^{2v} \log(\phi) - 2 \pi \sin(\pi v))))$$

Symbolic differentiation

04.11.20.0003.02

$$\frac{\partial^n F_v}{\partial v^n} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{5}} \left(\phi^v \log^n(\phi) - \frac{1}{2} (-1)^n \phi^{-v} (e^{-i \pi v} (\log(\phi) + i \pi)^n + e^{i \pi v} (\log(\phi) - i \pi)^n) \right); n \in \mathbb{N}$$

04.11.20.0004.02

$$\frac{\partial^n F_v}{\partial v^n} = F_v \log^n(\phi) + \frac{\phi^{-v}}{\sqrt{5}} \left(\cos(\pi v) \log^n(\phi) - (-1)^n \sum_{k=0}^n \binom{n}{k} \pi^k \cos\left(\frac{\pi}{2} (k - 2 v)\right) \log^{n-k}(\phi) \right); n \in \mathbb{N}$$

Fractional integro-differentiation

04.11.20.0005.01

$$\frac{\partial^\alpha F_v}{\partial v^\alpha} = \frac{v^{-\alpha}}{2 \sqrt{5}} \left((v (\pi i - \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(2)))^\alpha \exp((i \pi - \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(2)) v) (Q(-\alpha, (i \pi - \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(2)) v) - 1) + \exp(-(i \pi + \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(2)) v) (v (-i \pi - \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(2)))^\alpha (Q(-\alpha, -(i \pi + \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(2)) v) - 1) - 2 v^\alpha \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(2)^\alpha \exp(v \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(2)) (Q(-\alpha, v \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(2)) - 1) \right)$$

Integration

Indefinite integration

Involving only one direct function

04.11.21.0001.01

$$\int F_{av} dv = \frac{1}{\sqrt{5} a} \left(\frac{\phi^{-av} (\log(\phi) \cos(\pi a v) - \pi \sin(\pi a v))}{\log^2(\phi) + \pi^2} + \frac{\phi^{av}}{\log(\phi)} \right)$$

04.11.21.0002.01

$$\int F_v dv = \frac{1}{\sqrt{5}} \left(\frac{\phi^{-v} (\log(\phi) \cos(\pi v) - \pi \sin(\pi v))}{\log^2(\phi) + \pi^2} + \frac{\phi^v}{\log(\phi)} \right)$$

Involving one direct function and elementary functions

Involving power function

04.11.21.0003.01

$$\int v^{\alpha-1} F_{av} dv = \frac{1}{2\sqrt{5}} \left(v^\alpha \left(-2(-av)^{-\alpha} \Gamma(\alpha, -av \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(2)) \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(2)^{-\alpha} + (av(-i\pi + \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(2)))^{-\alpha} \Gamma(\alpha, av(-i\pi + \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(2))) + (av(i\pi + \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(2)))^{-\alpha} \Gamma(\alpha, av(i\pi + \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(2))) \right) \right)$$

04.11.21.0004.01

$$\int v^{\alpha-1} F_v dv = \frac{v^\alpha}{2\sqrt{5}} \left(-2(-v)^{-\alpha} \Gamma(\alpha, -v \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(2)) \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(2)^{-\alpha} + (v(-i\pi + \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(2)))^{-\alpha} \Gamma(\alpha, v(-i\pi + \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(2))) + (v(i\pi + \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(2)))^{-\alpha} \Gamma(\alpha, v(i\pi + \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(2))) \right)$$

Integral transforms

Laplace transforms

04.11.22.0001.01

$$\mathcal{L}_i[F_i](z) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{5} (z - \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(2))} - \frac{z + \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(2)}{\sqrt{5} \left((z + \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(2))^2 + \pi^2 \right)} \quad ; \operatorname{Re}(z) > \log(\phi)$$

Summation

Finite summation

04.11.23.0010.01

$$\sum_{k=0}^n F_k = F_{n+2} - 1$$

04.11.23.0012.01

$$\sum_{k=0}^n \binom{n}{k} F_k = F_{2n} \ ; \ n \in \mathbb{N}$$

04.11.23.0013.01

$$\sum_{k=0}^n \binom{n}{k} F_k 2^k = F_{3n} \ ; \ n \in \mathbb{N}$$

04.11.23.0014.01

$$\sum_{k=0}^n F_k z^k = \frac{z(z^n(z F_n + F_{n+1}) - 1)}{z^2 + z - 1} \ ; \ n \in \mathbb{N}$$

04.11.23.0001.01

$$\sum_{k=0}^n F_{kp+q} z^k = \frac{F_q - F_{(n+1)p+q} z^{n+1} + (-1)^p F_{np+q} z^{n+2} - (-1)^p F_{q-p} z}{(-1)^p z^2 - L_p z + 1} \ ; \ p \in \mathbb{Z} \wedge q \in \mathbb{Z} \wedge n \in \mathbb{N}$$

04.11.23.0002.01

$$\sum_{k=0}^n F_k F_{n-k} = \frac{1}{5} (n L_n - F_n) \ ; \ n \in \mathbb{N}$$

04.11.23.0011.01

$$\sum_{k=0}^n F_k^2 = F_n F_{n+1}$$

Infinite summation

04.11.23.0003.02

$$\sum_{k=1}^{\infty} F_k z^k = -\frac{z}{z^2 + z - 1}$$

04.11.23.0004.01

$$\sum_{k=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{F_{2k-1}} = \frac{1}{4} \sqrt{5} \vartheta_2 \left(0, \frac{2}{3 + \sqrt{5}} \right)^2$$

04.11.23.0005.01

$$\sum_{k=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{F_k F_{k+2}} = 1$$

04.11.23.0006.01

$$\sum_{k=1}^{\infty} \sin \left(\frac{n \pi F_{k-1}}{2 F_{k+1} F_k} \right) \cos \left(\frac{n \pi F_{k+2}}{2 F_{k+1} F_k} \right) = 0 \ ; \ n \in \mathbb{Z}$$

04.11.23.0007.01

$$\sum_{k=0}^{\infty} F_k F_{k+1} F_{k+2} z^k = \frac{2z}{(-z^2 + z + 1)(-z^2 - 4z + 1)}$$

as a formal power series

04.11.23.0015.01

$$\sum_{k=1}^{\infty} |F_k \phi - F_{k+1}| = \phi$$

Multiple sums

04.11.23.0008.01

$$\sum_{m_1=0}^n \sum_{m_2=0}^n \cdots \sum_{m_k=0}^n \delta_{n, \sum_{j=1}^k m_j} \prod_{j=1}^k F_{m_j+1} = \sum_{j=0}^{\lfloor \frac{n}{2} \rfloor} \binom{k-j+n-1}{k-1} \binom{n-j}{j}; n \in \mathbb{N} \wedge k \in \mathbb{N}^+$$

04.11.23.0009.01

$$\sum_{k_1=1}^n \sum_{k_2=1}^n \cdots \sum_{k_p=1}^n \delta_{n, \sum_{j=1}^p k_j} \prod_{j=1}^p F_{k_j} = F_{n,p}; n \in \mathbb{N} \wedge p \in \mathbb{N}^+ \wedge F_{n,p} = \frac{2}{5} \left(\frac{n-1}{p-1} + 1 \right) F_{n-1,p-1} + \frac{1}{5} \left(\frac{n}{p-1} - 1 \right) F_{n,p-1} \wedge F_{n,1} = F_n$$

Operations

Limit operation

04.11.25.0001.01

$$\lim_{\nu \rightarrow \infty} \frac{F_{\nu}}{L_{\nu}} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{5}}$$

04.11.25.0002.01

$$\lim_{\nu \rightarrow \infty} \frac{F_{\alpha+\nu}}{F_{\nu}} = \phi^{\alpha}$$

04.11.25.0003.01

$$\lim_{\nu \rightarrow \infty} \frac{\sum_{k=0}^{m-1} F_{\nu+k}}{F_{m+\nu} - F_{\nu}} = \phi; m \in \mathbb{N}^+$$

Representations through more general functions

Through hypergeometric functions

Involving ${}_2F_1$

04.11.26.0001.01

$$F_{\nu} = \frac{\nu}{2} \cos^2\left(\frac{\pi\nu}{2}\right) {}_2F_1\left(1 - \frac{\nu}{2}, \frac{\nu}{2} + 1; \frac{3}{2}; -\frac{1}{4}\right) + \sin^2\left(\frac{\pi\nu}{2}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\frac{1-\nu}{2}, \frac{\nu+1}{2}; \frac{1}{2}; -\frac{1}{4}\right)$$

04.11.26.0002.01

$$F_{\nu} = (1 - \theta(-\nu) \delta(\sin(\nu\pi))) {}_2F_1\left(\frac{1-\nu}{2}, 1 - \frac{\nu}{2}; 1 - \nu; -4\right) - (1 - \theta(\nu) \delta(\sin(\nu\pi))) \cos(\nu\pi) {}_2F_1\left(\frac{\nu+1}{2}, \frac{\nu}{2} + 1; \nu + 1; -4\right)$$

04.11.26.0003.01

$$F_{\nu} = {}_2F_1\left(\frac{1-\nu}{2}, 1 - \frac{\nu}{2}; 1 - \nu; -4\right) - \cos(\pi\nu) {}_2F_1\left(\frac{\nu+1}{2}, \frac{\nu}{2} + 1; \nu + 1; -4\right); \nu \notin \mathbb{Z}$$

04.11.26.0004.01

$$F_\nu = \frac{1}{2} e^{\frac{i\pi\nu}{2}} \left(\nu \left(\frac{1}{2} i \sin(\pi\nu) - \cos(\pi\nu) \right) {}_2F_1 \left(1 - \frac{\nu}{2}, \frac{\nu}{2} + 1; \frac{3}{2}; \frac{5}{4} \right) + \frac{\sin(\pi\nu)}{\sqrt{5}} {}_2F_1 \left(\frac{\nu+1}{2}, \frac{1-\nu}{2}; \frac{1}{2}; \frac{5}{4} \right) \right)$$

04.11.26.0005.01

$$F_\nu = \frac{2+i}{10} e^{\frac{i\pi\nu}{2}} \left((2-i)\nu(2i\cos(\pi\nu) + \sin(\pi\nu)) {}_2F_1 \left(1-\nu, 1+\nu; \frac{3}{2}; \frac{2-i}{4} \right) - i\sqrt{2-i}\sin(\pi\nu) {}_2F_1 \left(\frac{1}{2}-\nu, \frac{1}{2}+\nu; \frac{1}{2}; \frac{2-i}{4} \right) \right)$$

04.11.26.0006.01

$$F_\nu = \frac{1}{10} e^{-\frac{i\pi\nu}{2}} \left(\sqrt{2+i}(1+2i)\sin(\pi\nu) {}_2F_1 \left(\frac{1}{2}-\nu, \nu+\frac{1}{2}; \frac{1}{2}; \frac{2+i}{4} \right) + 5\nu(\sin(\pi\nu) - 2i\cos(\pi\nu)) {}_2F_1 \left(1-\nu, \nu+1; \frac{3}{2}; \frac{2+i}{4} \right) \right)$$

04.11.26.0007.01

$$F_n = \frac{n}{2^{n-1}} {}_2F_1 \left(\frac{1-n}{2}, 1 - \frac{n}{2}; \frac{3}{2}; 5 \right); n \in \mathbb{Z}$$

04.11.26.0008.01

$$F_n = {}_2F_1 \left(\frac{1-n}{2}, 1 - \frac{n}{2}; 1-n; -4 \right); n-1 \in \mathbb{N}^+$$

04.11.26.0009.01

$$F_n = 2^{2 \lfloor \frac{n-1}{2} \rfloor + 1 - n} (-1)^{\lfloor \frac{n-1}{2} \rfloor} n {}_2F_1 \left(- \left\lfloor \frac{n-1}{2} \right\rfloor, \left\lfloor \frac{n}{2} \right\rfloor + 1; \frac{3}{2}; \frac{5}{4} \right); n \in \mathbb{Z}$$

04.11.26.0010.01

$$F_n = \left(\frac{5}{4} \right)^{\lfloor \frac{n-1}{2} \rfloor} \binom{n}{2}^{n-2 \lfloor \frac{n-1}{2} \rfloor - 1} {}_2F_1 \left(- \left\lfloor \frac{n-1}{2} \right\rfloor, - \left\lfloor \frac{n-1}{2} \right\rfloor - \frac{1}{2}; 1 + \frac{(-1)^n}{2}; \frac{1}{5} \right); n \in \mathbb{Z}$$

04.11.26.0011.01

$$F_n = \left(\frac{4}{5} \right)^{\lfloor \frac{n}{2} \rfloor + 1} \binom{n}{2}^{n-2 \lfloor \frac{n-1}{2} \rfloor - 1} {}_2F_1 \left(\left\lfloor \frac{n}{2} \right\rfloor + \frac{1}{2}, \left\lfloor \frac{n}{2} \right\rfloor + 1; 1 + \frac{(-1)^n}{2}; \frac{1}{5} \right); n \in \mathbb{Z}$$

04.11.26.0012.01

$$F_n = 5^{\lfloor \frac{n-1}{2} \rfloor} {}_2F_1 \left(- \left\lfloor \frac{n-1}{2} \right\rfloor, - \left\lfloor \frac{n-1}{2} \right\rfloor - \frac{1}{2}; 1-n; \frac{4}{5} \right); n-1 \in \mathbb{N}^+$$

04.11.26.0013.01

$$F_n = \left(\frac{n}{2} \right)^{n-2 \lfloor \frac{n-1}{2} \rfloor - 1} {}_2F_1 \left(- \left\lfloor \frac{n-1}{2} \right\rfloor, \left\lfloor \frac{n}{2} \right\rfloor + 1; 1 + \frac{(-1)^n}{2}; -\frac{1}{4} \right); n \in \mathbb{Z}$$

04.11.26.0014.01

$$F_n = \frac{2}{\sqrt{5}} \left(\frac{n}{2} \right)^{n-2 \lfloor \frac{n-1}{2} \rfloor - 1} {}_2F_1 \left(- \left\lfloor \frac{n-1}{2} \right\rfloor - \frac{1}{2}, \left\lfloor \frac{n}{2} \right\rfloor + \frac{1}{2}; 1 + \frac{(-1)^n}{2}; -\frac{1}{4} \right); n \in \mathbb{Z}$$

04.11.26.0016.01

$$F_n = \left(\frac{3}{2} \right)^{\lfloor \frac{n-1}{2} \rfloor} \left(\frac{6}{5} \right)^{\frac{n}{2} - \lfloor \frac{n}{2} \rfloor} \binom{n}{2}^{n-2 \lfloor \frac{n-1}{2} \rfloor - 1} {}_2F_1 \left(\frac{1+3(-1)^n}{8} - \frac{\lfloor \frac{n}{2} \rfloor}{2}, \frac{5+3(-1)^n}{8} - \frac{\lfloor \frac{n}{2} \rfloor}{2}; 1 + \frac{(-1)^n}{2}; \frac{5}{9} \right); n \in \mathbb{Z}$$

04.11.26.0017.01

$$F_n = \left(\frac{2}{3} \right)^{-\frac{n}{2} + 2 \lfloor \frac{n}{2} \rfloor + 1} \left(\frac{4}{5} \right)^{\frac{n}{2} - \lfloor \frac{n}{2} \rfloor} \binom{n}{2}^{n-2 \lfloor \frac{n-1}{2} \rfloor - 1} {}_2F_1 \left(\frac{7+(-1)^n}{8} + \frac{\lfloor \frac{n}{2} \rfloor}{2}, \frac{3+(-1)^n}{8} + \frac{\lfloor \frac{n}{2} \rfloor}{2}; 1 + \frac{(-1)^n}{2}; \frac{5}{9} \right); n \in \mathbb{Z}$$

04.11.26.0018.01

$$F_n = (-i)^{n-1} {}_nF_1\left(1-n, n+1; \frac{3}{2}; \frac{2-i}{4}\right); n \in \mathbb{Z}$$

Involving ${}_pF_q$

04.11.26.0019.01

$$F_{2n+1}^2 = (2n+1)^2 {}_3F_2\left(-2n, 1, 2n+2; \frac{3}{2}, 2; \frac{5}{4}\right); n \in \mathbb{Z}$$

04.11.26.0020.01

$$F_{2n}^2 = \frac{4}{5} n^2 {}_3F_2\left(1-2n, 1, 2n+1; \frac{3}{2}, 2; -\frac{1}{4}\right); n \in \mathbb{Z}$$

Through Meijer G

Classical cases for the direct function itself

04.11.26.0021.01

$$F_\nu = \frac{\sin(\pi\nu)}{2\sqrt{\pi}} G_{3,3}^{2,2}\left(4 \left| \begin{matrix} 1 & \frac{\nu+1}{2}, \frac{1-\nu}{2}, \frac{\nu}{2} \\ - & 0, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{\nu}{2} \end{matrix} \right. \right); \nu \notin \mathbb{Z}$$

04.11.26.0022.01

$$F_\nu = \frac{1}{2^\nu \sqrt{\pi}} G_{2,2}^{1,2}\left(4 \left| \begin{matrix} \frac{\nu+1}{2}, \frac{\nu}{2} \\ 0, \nu \end{matrix} \right. \right) - \frac{\cos(\nu\pi)}{2^{-\nu} \sqrt{\pi}} G_{2,2}^{1,2}\left(4 \left| \begin{matrix} \frac{1-\nu}{2}, -\frac{\nu}{2} \\ 0, -\nu \end{matrix} \right. \right); \nu \notin \mathbb{Z}$$

Generalized cases for the direct function itself

04.11.26.0023.01

$$F_\nu = \frac{\sin(\pi\nu)}{2\sqrt{\pi}} G_{3,3}^{2,2}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2} \left| \begin{matrix} \frac{\nu+1}{2}, \frac{1-\nu}{2}, \frac{\nu}{2} \\ 0, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{\nu}{2} \end{matrix} \right. \right); \nu \notin \mathbb{Z}$$

Through other functions

Involving some hypergeometric-type functions

04.11.26.0024.01

$$F_\nu = F_\nu(1)$$

04.11.26.0025.01

$$F_n = i^{n-1} U_{n-1}\left(-\frac{i}{2}\right); n \in \mathbb{N}$$

Representations through equivalent functions

With elementary functions

04.11.27.0001.01

$$F_\nu = \frac{2 e^{\nu \log(w)} - e^{(\pi i - \log(w))\nu} - e^{-(\pi i + \log(w))\nu}}{2\sqrt{5}}; w = \frac{1 + \sqrt{5}}{2}$$

$$F_\nu = \frac{2\phi^\nu - e^{\nu(-i\pi - \log(\phi))} - e^{\nu(i\pi - \log(\phi))}}{2\sqrt{5}}$$

$$F_\nu = \frac{2\phi^\nu - e^{\nu(-i\pi - \log(\phi))} - e^{\nu(i\pi - \log(\phi))}}{2\sqrt{5}}$$

$$F_\nu = \frac{1}{\sqrt{5}} \exp(-\nu \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(2)) (\exp(2\nu \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(2)) - \cos(\pi\nu))$$

$$F_\nu = -\frac{i}{\sqrt{5}} e^{\frac{i\pi\nu}{2}} \left(\sin(\pi\nu) \cos\left(\nu \sin^{-1}\left(\frac{\sqrt{5}}{2}\right)\right) - (2\cos(\pi\nu) - i\sin(\pi\nu)) \sin\left(\nu \sin^{-1}\left(\frac{\sqrt{5}}{2}\right)\right) \right)$$

$$F_\nu = \frac{1}{\sqrt{5}} ((1 - \cos(\pi\nu)) \cosh(\nu \log(\phi)) + (\cos(\pi\nu) + 1) \sinh(\nu \log(\phi)))$$

$$F_\nu = \frac{1}{\sqrt{5}} \left(2 \sin\left(\frac{\pi\nu}{2}\right) \sin\left(\nu \operatorname{csc}^{-1}\left(\frac{2}{\sqrt{5}}\right)\right) + (1 + e^{i\pi\nu}) \sinh(\nu \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(2)) \right)$$

$$F_\nu = \frac{e^{\frac{i\pi\nu}{2}}}{\sqrt{5}} \left((2i\cos(\pi\nu) + \sin(\pi\nu)) \sin\left(2\nu \sin^{-1}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2-i}}{2}\right)\right) - i\sin(\pi\nu) \cos\left(2\nu \sin^{-1}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2-i}}{2}\right)\right) \right)$$

$$F_\nu = \frac{1}{\sqrt{5}} e^{-\frac{i\pi\nu}{2}} \left(i\sin(\pi\nu) \cos\left(2\nu \sin^{-1}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2+i}}{2}\right)\right) + (\sin(\pi\nu) - 2i\cos(\pi\nu)) \sin\left(2\nu \sin^{-1}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2+i}}{2}\right)\right) \right)$$

$$F_n = \frac{i^{n-1} \sin(nz)}{\sin(z)} ; z = i \log\left(\frac{\sqrt{5} + 1}{2}\right) + \frac{\pi}{2} \wedge n \in \mathbb{Z}$$

With Lucas numbers

$$F_\nu = \frac{1}{5} (L_{\nu-1} + L_{\nu+1})$$

$$F_n = \frac{(-1)^m (2L_{n-m+1} - L_{n-m}) + 2L_{m+n+1} - L_{m+n}}{5L_m} ; m \in \mathbb{Z} \wedge n \in \mathbb{Z}$$

$$F_\nu = \frac{2L_{2\nu+1} - L_{2\nu}}{5L_\nu} - \frac{\phi^{-2\nu} \sin^2(\pi\nu)}{\sqrt{5} L_\nu}$$

Other identities

Identities involving determinants

$$F_n = \det \begin{pmatrix} 1 & & & \\ & i & & \\ & & 0 & \\ & & & \ddots \\ & & & & 0 & \\ & & & & & & i & \\ & & & & & & & 1 \end{pmatrix}_{\substack{1 \leq k \leq n \\ 1 \leq l \leq n}}$$

04.11.32.0001.01

Theorems

Zeckendorf theorem

Every positive integer can be decomposed in a unique way as a sum of Fibonacci numbers, such that no two of these numbers are consecutive in the Fibonacci sequence.

Fibonacci substitution

After acting on A n times with the Fibonacci substitution $\{A \rightarrow AB, B \rightarrow A\}$ the resulting sequence contains F_{n+1} A s and F_n B s.

A transcendental number

$\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} F_n^{-2}$ is a transcendental number.

The numbers of primary and secondary spirals in the positions of leaves

The numbers of primary and secondary spirals in the positions of leaves or scales along a plant stem are nearly always two consecutive Fibonacci numbers.

Hirmer's conjecture

The number of the largest set of nonintersecting circles arranged along the circumference of a given circle and angle $2\pi(1 - \text{GoldenRatio})$ between consecutive midpoints is given by the Fibonacci numbers F_n .

History

- J. Kepler (1608)
- A. Girard (1634); R. Simpson (1753)
- É. Léger (1837)
- É. Lucas (1870, 1876–1880)
- G.H. Hardy and E.M. Wright (1938)

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