

Zeta

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Notations

Traditional name

Riemann zeta function

Traditional notation

$\zeta(s)$

Mathematica StandardForm notation

Zeta[s]

Primary definition

10.01.02.0001.01

$$\zeta(s) = \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{k^s} ; \operatorname{Re}(s) > 1$$

Specific values

Specialized values

10.01.03.0001.01

$$\zeta(-n) = \frac{(-1)^n}{n+1} B_{n+1} ; n \in \mathbb{N}$$

10.01.03.0002.01

$$\zeta(-2n) = 0 ; n \in \mathbb{N}^+$$

10.01.03.0003.01

$$\zeta(2n) = \frac{(-1)^{n-1} 2^{2n-1} \pi^{2n}}{(2n)!} B_{2n} ; n \in \mathbb{N}$$

10.01.03.0053.01

$$\zeta(2n) = \frac{2^{2n-1} \pi^{2n}}{(2n)!} \left| \sum_{k=0}^{2n} \frac{1}{k+1} \sum_{r=0}^k (-1)^r r^{2n} \binom{k}{r} \right| ; n \in \mathbb{N}$$

10.01.03.0004.01

$$\zeta(2n) = \frac{(-1)^n 2^{2n-2} \pi^{2n}}{(2^{2n} - 1)(2n - 1)!} E_{2n-1}(0) ; n \in \mathbb{N}^+$$

Values at fixed points

10.01.03.0005.01

$$\zeta(-10) = 0$$

10.01.03.0006.01

$$\zeta(-9) = -\frac{1}{132}$$

10.01.03.0007.01

$$\zeta(-8) = 0$$

10.01.03.0008.01

$$\zeta(-7) = \frac{1}{240}$$

10.01.03.0009.01

$$\zeta(-6) = 0$$

10.01.03.0010.01

$$\zeta(-5) = -\frac{1}{252}$$

10.01.03.0011.01

$$\zeta(-4) = 0$$

10.01.03.0012.01

$$\zeta(-3) = \frac{1}{120}$$

10.01.03.0013.01

$$\zeta(-2) = 0$$

10.01.03.0014.01

$$\zeta(-1) = -\frac{1}{12}$$

10.01.03.0015.01

$$\zeta(0) = -\frac{1}{2}$$

10.01.03.0016.01

$$\zeta(1) = \infty$$

10.01.03.0017.01

$$\zeta(2) = \frac{\pi^2}{6}$$

10.01.03.0018.01

$$\zeta(3) = \frac{7\pi^3}{180} - 2 \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{k^3 (e^{2\pi k} - 1)}$$

10.01.03.0054.01

$$\zeta(3) = \frac{1}{2} \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^{k-1} (205k^2 - 160k + 32) (k!)^2}{k^5 (2k)!}$$

10.01.03.0055.01

$$\zeta(3) = \frac{1}{64} \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^k (205 k^2 + 250 k + 77) (k!)^{10}}{((2k+1)!)^5}$$

As of 2003, the values of $\zeta(3)$ was computed with an accuracy of approximately 1000000000 decimal digits by using above formula.

10.01.03.0056.01

$$\zeta(3) = -\frac{2}{3} \pi^2 (6 \log(A) + \log(2\pi) - 12 \psi^{(-4)}(1))$$

10.01.03.0057.01

$$\zeta(3) = \frac{29}{24} {}_8F_7 \left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2}, 1, 1, 1, 1, \frac{1}{28} (48 - i\sqrt{6}), \frac{1}{28} (48 + i\sqrt{6}); \frac{4}{3}, \frac{5}{3}, \frac{3}{2}, \frac{3}{2}, 2, \frac{1}{28} (20 - i\sqrt{6}), \frac{1}{28} (20 + i\sqrt{6}); -\frac{1}{27} \right)$$

Brychkov Yu.A. (2006)

10.01.03.0019.01

$$\zeta(4) = \frac{\pi^4}{90}$$

10.01.03.0020.01

$$\zeta(5) = \frac{\pi^5}{294} - \frac{72}{35} \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{k^5 (e^{2\pi k} - 1)} - \frac{2}{35} \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{k^5 (e^{2\pi k} + 1)}$$

10.01.03.0058.01

$$\zeta(5) = \frac{\pi^4}{45} (\log(2\pi) - 120 (12 \psi^{(-6)}(1) - 6 \psi^{(-5)}(1) + \psi^{(-4)}(1)))$$

10.01.03.0021.01

$$\zeta(6) = \frac{\pi^6}{945}$$

10.01.03.0022.01

$$\zeta(7) = \frac{19 \pi^7}{56700} - 2 \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{k^7 (e^{2\pi k} - 1)}$$

10.01.03.0059.01

$$\zeta(7) = \frac{2 \pi^6}{945} (\log(2\pi) + 84 (720 \psi^{(-8)}(1) - 360 \psi^{(-7)}(1) + 60 \psi^{(-6)}(1) - \psi^{(-4)}(1)))$$

10.01.03.0023.01

$$\zeta(8) = \frac{\pi^8}{9450}$$

10.01.03.0024.01

$$\zeta(9) = \frac{125 \pi^9}{3704778} - \frac{992}{495} \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{k^9 (e^{2\pi k} - 1)} - \frac{2}{495} \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{k^9 (e^{2\pi k} + 1)}$$

10.01.03.0060.01

$$\zeta(9) = \frac{\pi^8}{4725} (\log(2\pi) - 80 (30240 \psi^{(-10)}(1) - 15120 \psi^{(-9)}(1) + 2520 \psi^{(-8)}(1) - 42 \psi^{(-6)}(1) + \psi^{(-4)}(1)))$$

$$\zeta(10) = \frac{\pi^{10}}{93\,555}$$

$$\zeta(11) = \frac{1453\pi^{11}}{425\,675\,250} - 2 \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{k^{11}(e^{2\pi k} - 1)}$$

$$\zeta(12) = \frac{691\pi^{12}}{638\,512\,875}$$

$$\zeta(13) = \frac{89\pi^{13}}{257\,432\,175} - \frac{16\,512}{8255} \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{k^{13}(e^{2\pi k} - 1)} - \frac{2}{8255} \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{k^{13}(e^{2\pi k} + 1)}$$

$$\zeta(14) = \frac{2\pi^{14}}{18\,243\,225}$$

$$\zeta(15) = \frac{13\,687\pi^{15}}{390\,769\,879\,500} - 2 \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{k^{15}(e^{2\pi k} - 1)}$$

$$\zeta(16) = \frac{3617\pi^{16}}{325\,641\,566\,250}$$

$$\zeta(17) = \frac{397\,549\pi^{17}}{112\,024\,529\,867\,250} - \frac{261\,632}{130\,815} \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{k^{17}(e^{2\pi k} - 1)} - \frac{2}{130\,815} \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{k^{17}(e^{2\pi k} + 1)}$$

$$\zeta(18) = \frac{43\,867\pi^{18}}{38\,979\,295\,480\,125}$$

$$\zeta(19) = \frac{7\,708\,537\pi^{19}}{21\,438\,612\,514\,068\,750} - 2 \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{k^{19}(e^{2\pi k} - 1)}$$

$$\zeta(20) = \frac{174\,611\pi^{20}}{1\,531\,329\,465\,290\,625}$$

$$\zeta(21) = \frac{68\,529\,640\,373\pi^{21}}{1\,881\,063\,815\,762\,259\,253\,125} - \frac{4\,196\,352}{2\,098\,175} \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{k^{21}(e^{2\pi k} - 1)} - \frac{2}{2\,098\,175} \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{k^{21}(e^{2\pi k} + 1)}$$

$$\zeta(22) = \frac{155\,366\pi^{22}}{13\,447\,856\,940\,643\,125}$$

$$\zeta(24) = \frac{10.01.03.0038.01 \quad 236\,364\,091 \pi^{24}}{201\,919\,571\,963\,756\,521\,875}$$

$$\zeta(26) = \frac{10.01.03.0039.01 \quad 1\,315\,862 \pi^{26}}{11\,094\,481\,976\,030\,578\,125}$$

$$\zeta(28) = \frac{10.01.03.0040.01 \quad 6\,785\,560\,294 \pi^{28}}{564\,653\,660\,170\,076\,273\,671\,875}$$

$$\zeta(30) = \frac{10.01.03.0041.01 \quad 6\,892\,673\,020\,804 \pi^{30}}{5\,660\,878\,804\,669\,082\,674\,070\,015\,625}$$

$$\zeta(32) = \frac{10.01.03.0042.01 \quad 7\,709\,321\,041\,217 \pi^{32}}{62\,490\,220\,571\,022\,341\,207\,266\,406\,250}$$

$$\zeta(34) = \frac{10.01.03.0043.01 \quad 151\,628\,697\,551 \pi^{34}}{12\,130\,454\,581\,433\,748\,587\,292\,890\,625}$$

$$\zeta(36) = \frac{10.01.03.0044.01 \quad 26\,315\,271\,553\,053\,477\,373 \pi^{36}}{20\,777\,977\,561\,866\,588\,586\,487\,628\,662\,044\,921\,875}$$

$$\zeta(38) = \frac{10.01.03.0045.01 \quad 308\,420\,411\,983\,322 \pi^{38}}{2\,403\,467\,618\,492\,375\,776\,343\,276\,883\,984\,375}$$

$$\zeta(40) = \frac{10.01.03.0046.01 \quad 261\,082\,718\,496\,449\,122\,051 \pi^{40}}{20\,080\,431\,172\,289\,638\,826\,798\,401\,128\,390\,556\,640\,625}$$

$$\zeta(42) = \frac{10.01.03.0047.01 \quad 3\,040\,195\,287\,836\,141\,605\,382 \pi^{42}}{2\,307\,789\,189\,818\,960\,127\,712\,594\,427\,864\,667\,427\,734\,375}$$

$$\zeta(44) = \frac{10.01.03.0048.01 \quad 5\,060\,594\,468\,963\,822\,588\,186 \pi^{44}}{37\,913\,679\,547\,025\,773\,526\,706\,908\,457\,776\,679\,169\,921\,875}$$

$$\zeta(46) = \frac{10.01.03.0049.01 \quad 103\,730\,628\,103\,289\,071\,874\,428 \pi^{46}}{7\,670\,102\,214\,448\,301\,053\,033\,358\,480\,610\,212\,529\,462\,890\,625}$$

$$\zeta(48) = \frac{10.01.03.0050.01 \quad 5\,609\,403\,368\,997\,817\,686\,249\,127\,547 \pi^{48}}{4\,093\,648\,603\,384\,274\,996\,519\,698\,921\,478\,879\,580\,162\,286\,669\,921\,875}$$

10.01.03.0051.01

$$\zeta(50) = \frac{39\,604\,576\,419\,286\,371\,856\,998\,202\,\pi^{50}}{285\,258\,771\,457\,546\,764\,463\,363\,635\,252\,374\,414\,183\,254\,365\,234\,375}$$

Values at infinities

10.01.03.0052.01

$$\zeta(\infty) = 1$$

General characteristics

Domain and analyticity

$\zeta(s)$ is an analytical function of s , which is defined over the whole complex s -plane.

10.01.04.0001.01

$$s \rightarrow \zeta(s) :: \mathbb{C} \rightarrow \mathbb{C}$$

Symmetries and periodicities

Mirror symmetry

10.01.04.0002.01

$$\zeta(\bar{s}) = \overline{\zeta(s)}$$

Periodicity

No periodicity

Poles and essential singularities

The function $\zeta(s)$ has only two singular points:

- a) $s = 1$ is the simple pole with residue 1;
- b) $s = \infty$ is an essential singular point.

10.01.04.0003.01

$$\text{Sing}_s(\zeta(s)) = \{\{1, 1\}, \{\infty, \infty\}\}$$

10.01.04.0004.01

$$\text{res}_s(\zeta(s))(1) = 1$$

Branch points

The function $\zeta(s)$ does not have branch points.

10.01.04.0005.01

$$\mathcal{BP}_s(\zeta(s)) = \{\}$$

Branch cuts

The function $\zeta(s)$ does not have branch cuts.

10.01.04.0006.01

$$\mathcal{BC}_s(\zeta(s)) = \{ \}$$

Series representations

Generalized power series

Expansions at $s = s_0$; $s_0 \neq 1$

10.01.06.0017.01

$$\zeta(s) \propto \zeta(s_0) + \zeta'(s_0)(s - s_0) + \frac{1}{2} \zeta''(s_0)(s - s_0)^2 + \dots ; (s \rightarrow s_0) \wedge s_0 \neq 1$$

10.01.06.0018.01

$$\zeta(s) \propto \zeta(s_0) + \zeta'(s_0)(s - s_0) + \frac{1}{2} \zeta''(s_0)(s - s_0)^2 + O((s - s_0)^3) ; s_0 \neq 1$$

10.01.06.0019.01

$$\zeta(s) = \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{\zeta^{(k)}(s_0)(s - s_0)^k}{k!} ; s_0 \neq 1$$

10.01.06.0020.01

$$\zeta(s) \propto \zeta(s_0)(1 + O(s - s_0)) ; s_0 \neq 1$$

Expansions at $s = 0$

10.01.06.0021.01

$$\zeta(s) \propto -\frac{1}{2} - \frac{1}{2} \log(2\pi)s + \frac{1}{2} \left(-\frac{1}{2} (\log(2) + \log(\pi))^2 + \frac{\gamma^2}{2} + \gamma_1 - \frac{\pi^2}{24} \right) s^2 + \dots ; (s \rightarrow 0)$$

10.01.06.0013.02

$$\zeta(s) \propto -\frac{1}{2} - \frac{1}{2} \log(2\pi)s + \frac{1}{2} \left(-\frac{1}{2} (\log(2) + \log(\pi))^2 + \frac{\gamma^2}{2} + \gamma_1 - \frac{\pi^2}{24} \right) s^2 + O(s^3)$$

10.01.06.0022.01

$$\zeta(s) \propto -\frac{1}{2} (1 + O(s))$$

Expansions at $s = 1$

10.01.06.0023.01

$$\zeta(s) \propto \frac{1}{s-1} + \gamma - \gamma_1(s-1) + \frac{1}{2} \gamma_2(s-1)^2 + \dots ; (s \rightarrow 1)$$

10.01.06.0024.01

$$\zeta(s) \propto \frac{1}{s-1} + \gamma - \gamma_1(s-1) + \frac{1}{2} \gamma_2(s-1)^2 + O((s-1)^3)$$

10.01.06.0001.01

$$\zeta(s) = \frac{1}{s-1} + \gamma + \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^k \gamma_k}{k!} (s-1)^k$$

10.01.06.0002.02

$$\zeta(s) \propto \frac{1}{s-1} + \gamma(1 + O(s-1))$$

10.01.06.0025.01

$$\frac{\zeta'(s)}{\zeta(s)} = -\frac{1}{s-1} - \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \eta_k (s-1)^k /; \left(\eta_k = \frac{(-1)^k}{k!} \left(\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \left(\sum_{j=1}^x \frac{\Lambda(j) \log^k(j)}{j} - \frac{\log^{k+1}(x)}{k+1} \right) \right) /; \right. \\ \left. (\Lambda(p^e) = 1 /; p \in \mathbb{P} \wedge e \in \mathbb{Z} \wedge e \geq 1) \wedge (\Lambda(a) = 0 /; \neg a \in \mathbb{P} \vee \exists_{e \in \mathbb{Z} \wedge e \geq 1} a = p^e) \right)$$

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10.01.06.0026.01

$$\frac{\zeta'(s)}{\zeta(s)} = -\frac{1}{s-1} - \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \eta_k (s-1)^k /; \\ \left(\eta_k = (k+1) \sum_{j=0}^k \frac{(-1)^{j+1}}{j+1} c_{k-j,j+1} /; \left(c_{0,k} = \gamma^k \wedge c_{m,k} = \frac{1}{m \gamma} \sum_{i=0}^{m-1} \frac{(km - (k+1)i)(-1)^{m-i}}{(m-i)!} \gamma_{m-i} c_{i,k} \right) \right)$$

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Expansions at $s = -2n$

10.01.06.0003.01

$$\zeta(s) \propto \frac{(-1)^n (2n)!}{4(2\pi)^{2n}} \left(2(2n+s)\zeta(2n+1) + ((\log(4\pi^2) - 2\psi(2n+1))\zeta(2n+1) - 2\zeta'(2n+1) + O((2n+s)^3)) \right) /; \\ (s \rightarrow -2n) \wedge n \in \mathbb{N}^+$$

10.01.06.0004.01

$$\zeta(s) \propto \frac{(-1)^n (2n)! \zeta(2n+1)}{2(2\pi)^{2n}} (2n+s)(1 + O(s+2n)) /; (s \rightarrow -2n) \wedge n \in \mathbb{N}^+$$

Exponential Fourier series

10.01.06.0005.01

$$\zeta(s) = 2(2\pi)^{s-1} \Gamma(1-s) \left(\sin\left(\frac{\pi s}{2}\right) \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} \frac{\cos(2\pi k)}{k^{1-s}} + \cos\left(\frac{\pi s}{2}\right) \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} \frac{\sin(2\pi k)}{k^{1-s}} \right) /; \operatorname{Re}(s) < 1$$

Asymptotic series expansions

10.01.06.0006.01

$$\zeta(s) \propto \zeta(s) /; (|s| \rightarrow \infty)$$

This means it cannot be represented through other functions.

Other series representations

10.01.06.0007.01

$$\zeta(s) = \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{k^s} /; \operatorname{Re}(s) > 1$$

10.01.06.0008.01

$$\zeta(s) = \frac{1}{1 - 2^{1-s}} \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^{k-1}}{k^s} \quad ; \operatorname{Re}(s) > 0 \wedge s \neq 1$$

10.01.06.0009.01

$$\zeta(s) = \frac{1}{1 - 2^{-s}} \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{1}{(2k+1)^s} \quad ; \operatorname{Re}(s) > 1$$

10.01.06.0010.01

$$\zeta(s) = \frac{1}{1 - 2^{1-s}} \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{1}{2^{n+1}} \sum_{k=0}^n \binom{n}{k} \frac{(-1)^k}{(k+1)^s}$$

10.01.06.0027.01

$$\zeta(s) = \frac{1}{s-1} \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n+1} \sum_{k=0}^n \frac{(-1)^k}{(k+1)^{s-1}} \binom{n}{k}$$

10.01.06.0011.01

$$\zeta(s)^2 = \frac{1}{\Gamma(s)} \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \int_0^{\infty} \frac{t^{s-1} e^{-(k+1)t}}{1 - e^{-(k+1)t}} dt \quad ; \operatorname{Re}(s) > 1$$

10.01.06.0012.01

$$\zeta(s) = \frac{1}{s-1} \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{\left(1 - \frac{s}{2}\right)_n}{n!} \sum_{k=0}^n (-1)^k \binom{n}{k} (2k+1) \zeta(2k+2)$$

Krzysztof Maslanka: Hypergeometric-like Representation of the Zeta-Function of Riemann math-ph/0105007 (2001)

<http://arXiv.org/abs/math-ph/0105007>

Krzysztof Maslanka: {[[1,1]] Acta Cosmologica XIII-1, {[[1,1]] (1997)

For specialized values

10.01.06.0016.01

$$\zeta(n) = \sum_{m=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{m^{n-1}} \sum_{k=1}^m \frac{1}{k} - \sum_{m=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{m} \sum_{k=m+1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{k^{n-1}} \quad ; n \in \mathbb{N} \wedge n \geq 2$$

10.01.06.0028.01

$$\zeta(5) = \frac{369}{62\,651} \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^k}{1024^k} \left(\frac{4}{(4k+3)^5} + \frac{1}{(4k+4)^5} - \frac{128}{(4k+1)^5} \right) +$$

$$\frac{9}{250\,604} \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{1}{4096^k} \left(-\frac{6\,610\,944}{(24k+2)^5} + \frac{33\,418\,240}{(24k+3)^5} - \frac{12\,722\,176}{(24k+4)^5} - \frac{31\,744}{(24k+5)^5} + \frac{25\,829\,376}{(24k+6)^5} + \frac{15\,872}{(24k+7)^5} + \right.$$

$$\frac{38\,170\,624}{(24k+8)^5} - \frac{4\,177\,280}{(24k+9)^5} - \frac{413\,184}{(24k+10)^5} - \frac{3968}{(24k+11)^5} - \frac{6\,323\,008}{(24k+12)^5} - \frac{1984}{(24k+13)^5} -$$

$$\frac{103\,296}{(24k+14)^5} - \frac{522\,160}{(24k+15)^5} + \frac{2\,385\,664}{(24k+16)^5} + \frac{496}{(24k+17)^5} + \frac{403\,584}{(24k+18)^5} - \frac{248}{(24k+19)^5} -$$

$$\left. \frac{49\,696}{(24k+20)^5} + \frac{65\,270}{(24k+21)^5} - \frac{6\,456}{(24k+22)^5} + \frac{62}{(24k+23)^5} + \frac{128\,125}{(24k+24)^5} + \frac{126\,976}{(24k+1)^5} \right)$$

G.Huvent (2006)

Integral representations

On the real axis

Of the direct function

10.01.07.0001.01

$$\zeta(s) = \frac{1}{(1-2^{1-s})\Gamma(s)} \int_0^\infty \frac{t^{s-1}}{e^t + 1} dt ; \operatorname{Re}(s) > 0$$

10.01.07.0002.01

$$\zeta(s) = \frac{1}{\Gamma(s)} \int_0^\infty \frac{t^{s-1}}{e^t - 1} dt ; \operatorname{Re}(s) > 1$$

10.01.07.0003.01

$$\zeta(s) = \frac{1}{\Gamma(s)} \int_0^\infty \frac{t^{s-1} e^{-t}}{1 - e^{-t}} dt ; \operatorname{Re}(s) > 1$$

10.01.07.0004.01

$$\zeta(s) = \frac{2^{s-1}}{\Gamma(s)} \int_0^\infty t^{s-1} e^{-t} \operatorname{csch}(t) dt ; \operatorname{Re}(s) > 1$$

10.01.07.0005.01

$$\zeta(s) = \frac{2^{s-1}}{(1-2^{1-s})\Gamma(s)} \int_0^\infty t^{s-1} e^{-t} \operatorname{sech}(t) dt ; \operatorname{Re}(s) > 0$$

10.01.07.0006.01

$$\zeta(s) = \frac{1}{2(1-2^{-s})\Gamma(s)} \int_0^\infty t^{s-1} \operatorname{csch}(t) dt ; \operatorname{Re}(s) > 1$$

10.01.07.0007.01

$$\zeta(s) = \frac{2^{s-1}}{\Gamma(s+1)} \int_0^\infty t^s \operatorname{csch}^2(t) dt ; \operatorname{Re}(s) > 1$$

10.01.07.0008.01

$$\zeta(s) = \frac{2^{s-1}}{(1-2^{1-s})\Gamma(s+1)} \int_0^\infty t^s \operatorname{sech}^2(t) dt ; \operatorname{Re}(s) > -1$$

10.01.07.0009.01

$$\zeta(s) = 2 \int_0^\infty \frac{\sin(s \tan^{-1}(t))}{(t^2 + 1)^{s/2} (e^{2\pi t} - 1)} dt + \frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{s-1}$$

10.01.07.0010.01

$$\zeta(s) = \frac{2^{s-1}}{1-2^{1-s}} \int_0^\infty \frac{\cos(s \tan^{-1}(t))}{(t^2 + 1)^{s/2} \cosh\left(\frac{\pi t}{2}\right)} dt$$

10.01.07.0021.01

$$\zeta(s) = -s \int_0^\infty t^{s-1} \operatorname{frac}\left(\frac{1}{t}\right) dt ; 0 < \operatorname{Re}(s) < 1$$

10.01.07.0011.02

$$\zeta(s) = \frac{n^{1-s}}{s-1} - s \int_n^\infty \frac{t - \lfloor t \rfloor}{t^{s+1}} dt + \sum_{k=1}^n k^{-s}; n \in \mathbb{N}^+ \wedge \operatorname{Re}(s) > 0$$

10.01.07.0012.02

$$\zeta(s) = \frac{s}{s-1} - \binom{n+s}{n+1} \int_1^\infty B_{n+1}(t - \lfloor t \rfloor) t^{-n-s-1} dt + \sum_{k=0}^n \binom{k+s-1}{k} \frac{B_{k+1}}{k+1}; (n \in \mathbb{N} \wedge \operatorname{Re}(s) > 1) \vee (n \in \mathbb{N} \wedge \operatorname{Re}(s) > -n \wedge s \notin \mathbb{N})$$

10.01.07.0013.01

$$\zeta(s) = \frac{\pi^{s/2}}{2\Gamma(\frac{s}{2})} \int_0^\infty (\theta_3(0, e^{-\pi t}) - 1) t^{\frac{s}{2}-1} dt; \operatorname{Re}(s) > 1$$

10.01.07.0014.01

$$\log(\zeta(s)) = s \int_2^\infty \frac{\pi(t)}{t(t^s - 1)} dt; \operatorname{Re}(s) > 1$$

For specific values

10.01.07.0016.01

$$\zeta(2n) = \frac{(-1)^{n+1} 2^{2n-3} \pi^{2n}}{(2^{2n} - 1)(2n - 2)!} \int_0^1 E_{2n-2}(x) dx; n - 1 \in \mathbb{N}^+$$

10.01.07.0017.01

$$\zeta(2n + 1) = \frac{(-1)^n 2^{2n-1} \pi^{2n+1}}{(2^{2n+1} - 1)(2n)!} \int_0^1 E_{2n}(x) \tan\left(\frac{\pi x}{2}\right) dx; n \in \mathbb{N}^+$$

10.01.07.0018.01

$$\zeta(2n + 1) = \frac{(-1)^n 2^{2n} \pi^{2n+1}}{(2n + 1)!} \int_0^1 B_{2n+1}(x) \tan\left(\frac{\pi x}{2}\right) dx; n \in \mathbb{N}^+$$

10.01.07.0019.01

$$\zeta(2n + 1) = \frac{(-1)^n 2^{2n-1} \pi^{2n+1}}{(2^{2n+1} - 1)(2n)!} \int_0^1 E_{2n}(x) \cot\left(\frac{\pi x}{2}\right) dx; n \in \mathbb{N}^+$$

10.01.07.0020.02

$$\zeta(2n + 1) = \frac{(-1)^{n-1} 2^{2n} \pi^{2n+1}}{(2n + 1)!} \int_0^1 B_{2n+1}(x) \cot\left(\frac{\pi x}{2}\right) dx; n \in \mathbb{N}^+$$

Multiple integral representations

10.01.07.0022.01

$$\zeta(s) = \frac{1}{\Gamma(s)} \int_0^1 \int_0^1 \frac{(-\log(t\tau))^{s-2}}{1-t\tau} dt d\tau; \operatorname{Re}(s) > 3$$

10.01.07.0015.01

$$\zeta(n) = \int_0^{m_1} \int_0^{m_2} \dots \int_0^{m_n} \frac{1}{1 - \prod_{k=1}^n t_k} dt_1 dt_2 \dots dt_n; m_1 = m_2 = \dots = m_n = 1 \wedge n - 1 \in \mathbb{N}^+$$

Product representations

$$\zeta(s) = \prod_{k=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{1 - p_k^{-s}} \quad /; \operatorname{Re}(s) > 1 \wedge p_k = \text{prime}(k)$$

$$\zeta(s) = \frac{1}{2(s-1)\Gamma(\frac{s}{2}-1)} \exp\left(\log(2\pi) - \frac{\gamma}{2} - 1\right) \prod_{k=1}^{\infty} \left(1 - \frac{s}{\rho_k}\right) e^{\frac{s}{\rho_k}} \quad /; \zeta(\rho_k) = 0 \wedge \operatorname{Im}(\rho_k) \neq 0$$

Limit representations

$$\zeta(s) = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \left(\sum_{k=1}^n k^{-s} - \frac{n^{1-s} - 1}{1-s} \right) - \frac{1}{1-s} \quad /; \operatorname{Re}(s) > 0$$

$$\zeta(s) = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{1}{2^{1-s} - 1} \sum_{k=1}^n \binom{2n}{n-k} \frac{(-1)^k k^{-s}}{\binom{2n}{n}}$$

$$\zeta(2n+1) = \lim_{m \rightarrow \infty} \frac{1}{(2m+1)^{2n+1}} \sum_{k=1}^m \cot^{2n+1}\left(\frac{k}{2m+1}\right) \quad /; n \in \mathbb{N}^+$$

$$\zeta(s) = \frac{1}{1-2^{1-s}} \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{n!}{2^n} \sum_{k=0}^{2n+1} \frac{(-1)^k}{(k+1)^s \Gamma(2n-k)} {}_2\tilde{F}_1(1, k-2n+1; k-n+2; -1)$$

$$\zeta(s) = \lim_{z \rightarrow 1} \frac{1}{2^{1-s} - 1} \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} \frac{(-z)^k}{k^s} \quad /; z < 1$$

This means the classical series is Abel summable for all $s \in \mathbb{C}$.

Differential equations

Ordinary linear differential equations and wronskians

For the direct function itself

The zeta function does not satisfy any algebraic differential equation (D. Hilbert, 1900).

Transformations

Transformations and argument simplifications

Argument involving basic arithmetic operations

10.01.16.0001.01

$$\zeta(1-s) = \frac{\pi^{\frac{1}{2}-s} \Gamma\left(\frac{s}{2}\right)}{\Gamma\left(\frac{1-s}{2}\right)} \zeta(s)$$

10.01.16.0002.01

$$\zeta(1-s) = \frac{2}{(2\pi)^s} \cos\left(\frac{\pi s}{2}\right) \Gamma(s) \zeta(s)$$

10.01.16.0003.01

$$\zeta(1-s) = \frac{(2\pi)^{1-s}}{2 \Gamma(1-s) \sin\left(\frac{\pi s}{2}\right)} \zeta(s)$$

Identities

Functional identities

For the function itself

10.01.17.0006.01

$$\zeta(s) = \Gamma(1-s) 2^s \pi^{s-1} \sin\left(\frac{\pi s}{2}\right) \zeta(1-s)$$

10.01.17.0001.01

$$\zeta(s) = \frac{\pi^{\frac{s-1}{2}} \Gamma\left(\frac{1-s}{2}\right)}{\Gamma\left(\frac{s}{2}\right)} \zeta(1-s)$$

10.01.17.0003.01

$$\zeta(s) = \frac{1}{(s-1) \Gamma\left(1-\frac{s}{2}\right)} \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{\Gamma\left(k-\frac{s}{2}+1\right)}{k!} \sum_{j=0}^k (-1)^j \binom{k}{j} (2j+1) \zeta(2j+2)$$

Krzysztof Maslanka: Hypergeometric-like Representation of the Zeta-Function of Riemann math-ph/0105007 (2001)

<http://arXiv.org/abs/math-ph/0105007>

10.01.17.0005.01

$$\sum_{k=1}^{n-1} \zeta(2k) \zeta(2n-2k) = \left(n + \frac{1}{2}\right) \zeta(2n) \quad ; \quad n \in \mathbb{N} \wedge n > 1$$

Including derivatives of the function

10.01.17.0002.01

$$\zeta^{(n)}(1-s) = (-1)^n \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} \binom{n}{k}$$

$$\left(\exp\left(s\left(-\log(2\pi) + \frac{i\pi}{2}\right)\right) \left(\frac{i\pi}{2} - \log(2\pi)\right)^{n-k} + \exp\left(s\left(-\frac{\pi i}{2} - \log(2\pi)\right)\right) \left(-\frac{\pi i}{2} - \log(2\pi)\right)^{n-k} \right) \frac{\partial^k (\Gamma(s) \zeta(s))}{\partial s^k} \quad ; \quad n \in \mathbb{N}$$

10.01.17.0004.01

$$\zeta^{(n)}(1-z) = (-1)^n \sum_{k=0}^n \binom{n}{k} \left(e^{z\left(\frac{i\pi}{2} - \log(2\pi)\right)} \left(\frac{i\pi}{2} - \log(2\pi)\right)^{n-k} + e^{z\left(-\frac{i\pi}{2} - \log(2\pi)\right)} \left(-\frac{i\pi}{2} - \log(2\pi)\right)^{n-k} \right) \frac{\partial^k (\Gamma(z)\zeta(z))}{\partial z^k} ; n \in \mathbb{N}$$

Differentiation

Low-order differentiation

General case

10.01.20.0001.01

$$\frac{\partial \zeta(s)}{\partial s} = - \sum_{k=2}^{\infty} \frac{\log(k)}{k^s} ; \operatorname{Re}(s) > 1$$

10.01.20.0004.01

$$\frac{\partial^2 \zeta(s)}{\partial s^2} = \sum_{k=2}^{\infty} \frac{\log^2(k)}{k^s} ; \operatorname{Re}(s) > 1$$

Derivatives at zero

10.01.20.0002.01

$$\zeta'(0) = -\frac{1}{2} \log(2\pi)$$

10.01.20.0007.01

$$\zeta''(0) = \gamma_1 - \frac{1}{2} \log^2(2\pi) - \frac{\pi^2}{24} + \frac{\gamma^2}{2}$$

10.01.20.0008.01

$$\zeta^{(3)}(0) = 3 \log(2\pi) \gamma_1 + 3 \gamma \gamma_1 + \frac{3 \gamma_2}{2} - \zeta(3) - \frac{1}{2} \log^3(2\pi) - \frac{1}{8} \pi^2 \log(2\pi) + \frac{3}{2} \gamma^2 \log(2\pi) + \gamma^3$$

10.01.20.0009.01

$$\begin{aligned} \zeta^{(4)}(0) = & -\frac{1}{4} \pi^2 (\log^2(2\pi) - 2 \gamma_1) + 6 \log^2(2\pi) \gamma_1 + \gamma^2 \left(6 \gamma_1 + 3 \log^2(2\pi) + \frac{\pi^2}{4} \right) + 6 \log(2\pi) \gamma_2 + \\ & 6 \gamma (2 \log(2\pi) \gamma_1 + \gamma_2) + 2 \gamma_3 - 4 \log(2\pi) \zeta(3) - \frac{1}{2} \log^4(2\pi) + 4 \gamma^3 \log(2\pi) - \frac{19 \pi^4}{480} + \frac{3 \gamma^4}{2} \end{aligned}$$

10.01.20.0010.01

$$\begin{aligned} \zeta^{(5)}(0) = & \frac{1}{96} (80 \gamma^3 (12 (\gamma_1 + \log^2(2\pi)) + \pi^2) + 240 \gamma (\pi^2 \gamma_1 + 4 (3 \log^2(2\pi) \gamma_1 + 3 \log(2\pi) \gamma_2 + \gamma_3))) - \\ & 40 \pi^2 (-6 \log(2\pi) \gamma_1 - 3 \gamma_2 + 2 \zeta(3) + \log^3(2\pi)) + 120 \gamma^2 (4 (6 \log(2\pi) \gamma_1 + 3 \gamma_2 + 2 \zeta(3) + \log^3(2\pi)) + \pi^2 \log(2\pi)) - \\ & 48 (-20 (\log^3(2\pi) + 2 \zeta(3)) \gamma_1 - 30 \log^2(2\pi) \gamma_2 - 20 \log(2\pi) \gamma_3 - 5 \gamma_4 + 24 \zeta(5) + 20 \log^2(2\pi) \zeta(3) + \log^5(2\pi)) - \\ & 19 \pi^4 \log(2\pi) + 720 \gamma^4 \log(2\pi) + 192 \gamma^5 \end{aligned}$$

10.01.20.0011.01

$$\begin{aligned} \zeta^{(6)}(0) = & -\frac{19}{32} \pi^4 (\log^2(2\pi) - 2\gamma_1) + 15 \log^4(2\pi) \gamma_1 + \frac{15}{8} \gamma^4 (8\gamma_1 + 12 \log^2(2\pi) + \pi^2) + 30 \log^3(2\pi) \gamma_2 + \\ & 30 \log^2(2\pi) \gamma_3 + 15 \log(2\pi) \gamma_4 + 3\gamma_5 + 5\gamma^3 (12 \log(2\pi) \gamma_1 + 6\gamma_2 + 8\zeta(3) + 4 \log^3(2\pi) + \pi^2 \log(2\pi)) - \\ & \frac{5}{8} \pi^2 (-12 \log^2(2\pi) \gamma_1 - 12 \log(2\pi) \gamma_2 - 4\gamma_3 + 8 \log(2\pi) \zeta(3) + \log^4(2\pi)) + \\ & \frac{1}{32} \gamma^2 (120 \pi^2 (2\gamma_1 + \log^2(2\pi)) + 240 (12 \log^2(2\pi) \gamma_1 + 12 \log(2\pi) \gamma_2 + 4\gamma_3 + 8 \log(2\pi) \zeta(3) + \log^4(2\pi)) + 19 \pi^4) + \\ & \frac{15}{2} \gamma (\pi^2 (2 \log(2\pi) \gamma_1 + \gamma_2) + 2 (4 (\log^3(2\pi) + 2 \zeta(3)) \gamma_1 + 6 \log^2(2\pi) \gamma_2 + 4 \log(2\pi) \gamma_3 + \gamma_4)) - 72 \log(2\pi) \zeta(5) - \\ & 20 \zeta(3)^2 + 120 \log(2\pi) \gamma_1 \zeta(3) + 60 \gamma_2 \zeta(3) - 20 \log^3(2\pi) \zeta(3) - \frac{1}{2} \log^6(2\pi) + 12 \gamma^5 \log(2\pi) - \frac{275 \pi^6}{2688} + \frac{5 \gamma^6}{2} \end{aligned}$$

10.01.20.0012.01

$$\begin{aligned} \zeta^{(7)}(0) = & \frac{1}{384} (1344 \gamma^5 (6 (\gamma_1 + 2 \log^2(2\pi)) + \pi^2) - \\ & 532 \pi^4 (-6 \log(2\pi) \gamma_1 - 3 \gamma_2 + 2 \zeta(3) + \log^3(2\pi)) + 5040 \gamma^4 (4 (2 \log(2\pi) \gamma_1 + \gamma_2 + 2 \zeta(3) + \log^3(2\pi)) + \pi^2 \log(2\pi)) + \\ & 56 \gamma^3 (120 \pi^2 (\gamma_1 + \log^2(2\pi)) + 240 (6 \log^2(2\pi) \gamma_1 + 6 \log(2\pi) \gamma_2 + 2 \gamma_3 + 8 \log(2\pi) \zeta(3) + \log^4(2\pi)) + 19 \pi^4) + \\ & 168 \gamma (19 \pi^4 \gamma_1 + 40 \pi^2 (3 \log^2(2\pi) \gamma_1 + 3 \log(2\pi) \gamma_2 + \gamma_3) + \\ & 48 (5 (\log^4(2\pi) + 8 \log(2\pi) \zeta(3)) \gamma_1 + 10 \log^2(2\pi) \gamma_3 + 5 \log(2\pi) \gamma_4 + \gamma_5 + 10 \gamma_2 (\log^3(2\pi) + 2 \zeta(3)))) - \\ & 336 \pi^2 (-20 (\log^3(2\pi) + 2 \zeta(3)) \gamma_1 - 30 \log^2(2\pi) \gamma_2 - 20 \log(2\pi) \gamma_3 - 5 \gamma_4 + 24 \zeta(5) + 20 \log^2(2\pi) \zeta(3) + \log^5(2\pi)) + \\ & 84 \gamma^2 (40 \pi^2 (6 \log(2\pi) \gamma_1 + 3 \gamma_2 + 2 \zeta(3) + \log^3(2\pi)) + 48 (20 (\log^3(2\pi) + 2 \zeta(3)) \gamma_1 + 30 \log^2(2\pi) \gamma_2 + \\ & 20 \log(2\pi) \gamma_3 + 5 \gamma_4 + 24 \zeta(5) + 20 \log^2(2\pi) \zeta(3) + \log^5(2\pi)) + 19 \pi^4 \log(2\pi)) - \\ & 192 (-42 (\log^5(2\pi) + 20 \log^2(2\pi) \zeta(3) + 24 \zeta(5)) \gamma_1 - 140 \log^3(2\pi) \gamma_3 - 105 \log^2(2\pi) \gamma_4 - 42 \log(2\pi) \gamma_5 - \\ & 7 \gamma_6 + 720 \zeta(7) + 504 \log^2(2\pi) \zeta(5) - 105 \gamma_2 (\log^4(2\pi) + 8 \log(2\pi) \zeta(3)) + 280 \log(2\pi) \zeta(3)^2 - \\ & 280 \gamma_3 \zeta(3) + 70 \log^4(2\pi) \zeta(3) + \log^7(2\pi)) - 275 \pi^6 \log(2\pi) + 6720 \gamma^6 \log(2\pi) + 1152 \gamma^7) \end{aligned}$$

10.01.20.0013.01

$$\begin{aligned}
 \zeta^{(8)}(0) = & -\frac{275}{96} \pi^6 (\log^2(2\pi) - 2\gamma_1) + 28 \log^6(2\pi) \gamma_1 + \frac{7}{6} \gamma^6 (24\gamma_1 + 60 \log^2(2\pi) + 5\pi^2) + 84 \log^5(2\pi) \gamma_2 + 140 \log^4(2\pi) \gamma_3 + \\
 & 140 \log^3(2\pi) \gamma_4 + 84 \log^2(2\pi) \gamma_5 + 28 \log(2\pi) \gamma_6 + 4\gamma_7 + 28 \gamma^5 (6 \log(2\pi) \gamma_1 + 3\gamma_2 + 8\zeta(3) + 4 \log^3(2\pi) + \pi^2 \log(2\pi)) - \\
 & \frac{133}{48} \pi^4 (-12 \log^2(2\pi) \gamma_1 - 12 \log(2\pi) \gamma_2 - 4\gamma_3 + 8 \log(2\pi) \zeta(3) + \log^4(2\pi)) + \\
 & \frac{7}{16} \gamma^4 (40 \pi^2 (2\gamma_1 + 3 \log^2(2\pi)) + 80 (12 \log^2(2\pi) \gamma_1 + 12 \log(2\pi) \gamma_2 + 4\gamma_3 + 24 \log(2\pi) \zeta(3) + 3 \log^4(2\pi)) + 19 \pi^4) - \\
 & \frac{7}{6} \pi^2 (-30 (\log^4(2\pi) + 8 \log(2\pi) \zeta(3)) \gamma_1 - 60 \log^2(2\pi) \gamma_3 - 30 \log(2\pi) \gamma_4 - 6\gamma_5 + \\
 & \quad 144 \log(2\pi) \zeta(5) - 60 \gamma_2 (\log^3(2\pi) + 2 \zeta(3)) + 40 \zeta(3)^2 + 40 \log^3(2\pi) \zeta(3) + \log^6(2\pi)) + \\
 & \frac{7}{6} \gamma^3 (20 \pi^2 (6 \log(2\pi) \gamma_1 + 3\gamma_2 + 4 \zeta(3) + 2 \log^3(2\pi)) + 24 (20 (\log^3(2\pi) + 2 \zeta(3)) \gamma_1 + 30 \log^2(2\pi) \gamma_2 + \\
 & \quad 20 \log(2\pi) \gamma_3 + 5\gamma_4 + 48 \zeta(5) + 40 \log^2(2\pi) \zeta(3) + 2 \log^5(2\pi)) + 19 \pi^4 \log(2\pi)) + \\
 & \frac{1}{96} \gamma^2 (1596 \pi^4 (2\gamma_1 + \log^2(2\pi)) + 1680 \pi^2 (12 \log^2(2\pi) \gamma_1 + 12 \log(2\pi) \gamma_2 + 4\gamma_3 + 8 \log(2\pi) \zeta(3) + \log^4(2\pi)) + \\
 & \quad 1344 (30 (\log^4(2\pi) + 8 \log(2\pi) \zeta(3)) \gamma_1 + 60 \log^2(2\pi) \gamma_3 + 30 \log(2\pi) \gamma_4 + 6\gamma_5 + 144 \log(2\pi) \zeta(5) + \\
 & \quad 60 \gamma_2 (\log^3(2\pi) + 2 \zeta(3)) + 40 \zeta(3)^2 + 40 \log^3(2\pi) \zeta(3) + \log^6(2\pi)) + 275 \pi^6) + \\
 & \frac{7}{4} \gamma (19 \pi^4 (2 \log(2\pi) \gamma_1 + \gamma_2) + 20 \pi^2 (4 (\log^3(2\pi) + 2 \zeta(3)) \gamma_1 + 6 \log^2(2\pi) \gamma_2 + 4 \log(2\pi) \gamma_3 + \gamma_4) + \\
 & \quad 16 (6 (\log^5(2\pi) + 20 \log^2(2\pi) \zeta(3) + 24 \zeta(5)) \gamma_1 + 20 \log^3(2\pi) \gamma_3 + 15 \log^2(2\pi) \gamma_4 + \\
 & \quad 6 \log(2\pi) \gamma_5 + \gamma_6 + 15 \gamma_2 (\log^4(2\pi) + 8 \log(2\pi) \zeta(3) + 40 \gamma_3 \zeta(3))) - \\
 & 2880 \log(2\pi) \zeta(7) + 4032 \log(2\pi) \gamma_1 \zeta(5) + 2016 \gamma_2 \zeta(5) - 1344 \zeta(3) \zeta(5) - 672 \log^3(2\pi) \zeta(5) + \\
 & 1120 \gamma_1 \zeta(3)^2 - 560 \log^2(2\pi) \zeta(3)^2 + 1120 \log^3(2\pi) \gamma_1 \zeta(3) + \\
 & 1680 \log^2(2\pi) \gamma_2 \zeta(3) + 1120 \log(2\pi) \gamma_3 \zeta(3) + 280 \gamma_4 \zeta(3) - \\
 & 56 \log^5(2\pi) \zeta(3) - \frac{1}{2} \log^8(2\pi) + 24 \gamma^7 \log(2\pi) - \frac{11813 \pi^8}{23040} + \frac{7 \gamma^8}{2}
 \end{aligned}$$

10.01.20.0014.01

$$\begin{aligned}
 \zeta^{(9)}(0) = & 25\,920 \zeta(7) \gamma_1 + 18\,144 \log^2(2\pi) \zeta(5) \gamma_1 + 10\,080 \log(2\pi) \zeta(3)^2 \gamma_1 + \\
 & 2520 \log^4(2\pi) \zeta(3) \gamma_1 + 36 \log^7(2\pi) \gamma_1 + 9 \gamma^7 (4(\gamma_1 + 3 \log^2(2\pi)) + \pi^2) + 126 \log^6(2\pi) \gamma_2 + \\
 & 252 \log^5(2\pi) \gamma_3 + 315 \log^4(2\pi) \gamma_4 + 252 \log^3(2\pi) \gamma_5 + 126 \log^2(2\pi) \gamma_6 + 36 \log(2\pi) \gamma_7 + \frac{9 \gamma_8}{2} - \\
 & \frac{275}{32} \pi^6 (-6 \log(2\pi) \gamma_1 - 3 \gamma_2 + 2 \zeta(3) + \log^3(2\pi)) + \frac{21}{2} \gamma^6 (4(6 \log(2\pi) \gamma_1 + 3 \gamma_2 + 10 \zeta(3) + 5 \log^3(2\pi)) + 5 \pi^2 \log(2\pi)) + \\
 & \frac{21}{20} \gamma^5 (60 \pi^2 (\gamma_1 + 2 \log^2(2\pi)) + 240 (3 \log^2(2\pi) \gamma_1 + 3 \log(2\pi) \gamma_2 + \gamma_3 + 8 \log(2\pi) \zeta(3) + \log^4(2\pi)) + 19 \pi^4) - \\
 & \frac{399}{80} \pi^4 (-20 (\log^3(2\pi) + 2 \zeta(3)) \gamma_1 - 30 \log^2(2\pi) \gamma_2 - 20 \log(2\pi) \gamma_3 - 5 \gamma_4 + 24 \zeta(5) + 20 \log^2(2\pi) \zeta(3) + \log^5(2\pi)) + \\
 & \frac{63}{16} \gamma^4 (40 \pi^2 (2 \log(2\pi) \gamma_1 + \gamma_2 + 2 \zeta(3) + \log^3(2\pi)) + 16 (20 (\log^3(2\pi) + 2 \zeta(3)) \gamma_1 + 30 \log^2(2\pi) \gamma_2 + \\
 & \quad 20 \log(2\pi) \gamma_3 + 5 \gamma_4 + 72 \zeta(5) + 60 \log^2(2\pi) \zeta(3) + 3 \log^5(2\pi)) + 19 \pi^4 \log(2\pi)) + \\
 & \frac{1}{16} \gamma^3 (1596 \pi^4 (\gamma_1 + \log^2(2\pi)) + 1680 \pi^2 (6 \log^2(2\pi) \gamma_1 + 6 \log(2\pi) \gamma_2 + 2 \gamma_3 + 8 \log(2\pi) \zeta(3) + \log^4(2\pi)) + \\
 & \quad 1344 (15 (\log^4(2\pi) + 8 \log(2\pi) \zeta(3)) \gamma_1 + 30 \log^2(2\pi) \gamma_3 + 15 \log(2\pi) \gamma_4 + 3 \gamma_5 + 144 \log(2\pi) \zeta(5) + \\
 & \quad 30 \gamma_2 (\log^3(2\pi) + 2 \zeta(3)) + 40 \zeta(3)^2 + 40 \log^3(2\pi) \zeta(3) + \log^6(2\pi)) + 275 \pi^6) + \\
 & \frac{3}{16} \gamma (275 \pi^6 \gamma_1 + 532 \pi^4 (3 \log^2(2\pi) \gamma_1 + 3 \log(2\pi) \gamma_2 + \gamma_3) + 336 \pi^2 \\
 & \quad (5 (\log^4(2\pi) + 8 \log(2\pi) \zeta(3)) \gamma_1 + 10 \log^2(2\pi) \gamma_3 + 5 \log(2\pi) \gamma_4 + \gamma_5 + 10 \gamma_2 (\log^3(2\pi) + 2 \zeta(3))) + \\
 & \quad 192 (7 (\log^6(2\pi) + 40 \log^3(2\pi) \zeta(3) + 40 \zeta(3)^2 + 144 \log(2\pi) \zeta(5)) \gamma_1 + 35 \log^4(2\pi) \gamma_3 + 35 \log^3(2\pi) \gamma_4 + 21 \log^2(2\pi) \\
 & \quad \gamma_5 + 7 \log(2\pi) \gamma_6 + \gamma_7 + 21 \gamma_2 (\log^5(2\pi) + 20 \log^2(2\pi) \zeta(3) + 24 \zeta(5)) + 280 \log(2\pi) \gamma_3 \zeta(3) + 70 \gamma_4 \zeta(3))) - \\
 & \frac{3}{2} \pi^2 (-42 (\log^5(2\pi) + 20 \log^2(2\pi) \zeta(3) + 24 \zeta(5)) \gamma_1 - 140 \log^3(2\pi) \gamma_3 - 105 \log^2(2\pi) \gamma_4 - 42 \log(2\pi) \gamma_5 - \\
 & \quad 7 \gamma_6 + 720 \zeta(7) + 504 \log^2(2\pi) \zeta(5) - 105 \gamma_2 (\log^4(2\pi) + 8 \log(2\pi) \zeta(3)) + 280 \log(2\pi) \zeta(3)^2 - \\
 & \quad 280 \gamma_3 \zeta(3) + 70 \log^4(2\pi) \zeta(3) + \log^7(2\pi)) + \frac{3}{32} \gamma^2 (532 \pi^4 (6 \log(2\pi) \gamma_1 + 3 \gamma_2 + 2 \zeta(3) + \log^3(2\pi)) + \\
 & \quad 336 \pi^2 (20 (\log^3(2\pi) + 2 \zeta(3)) \gamma_1 + 30 \log^2(2\pi) \gamma_2 + 20 \log(2\pi) \gamma_3 + 5 \gamma_4 + 24 \zeta(5) + 20 \log^2(2\pi) \zeta(3) + \log^5(2\pi)) + \\
 & \quad 192 (42 (\log^5(2\pi) + 20 \log^2(2\pi) \zeta(3) + 24 \zeta(5)) \gamma_1 + 140 \log^3(2\pi) \gamma_3 + 105 \log^2(2\pi) \gamma_4 + \\
 & \quad 42 \log(2\pi) \gamma_5 + 7 \gamma_6 + 720 \zeta(7) + 504 \log^2(2\pi) \zeta(5) + 105 \gamma_2 (\log^4(2\pi) + 8 \log(2\pi) \zeta(3)) + \\
 & \quad 280 \log(2\pi) \zeta(3)^2 + 280 \gamma_3 \zeta(3) + 70 \log^4(2\pi) \zeta(3) + \log^7(2\pi)) + 275 \pi^6 \log(2\pi)) - \\
 & 20\,160 \zeta(9) - 12\,960 \log^2(2\pi) \zeta(7) + 18\,144 \log(2\pi) \gamma_2 \zeta(5) + 6048 \gamma_3 \zeta(5) - 12\,096 \log(2\pi) \zeta(3) \zeta(5) - \\
 & 1512 \log^4(2\pi) \zeta(5) - 1120 \zeta(3)^3 + 5040 \gamma_2 \zeta(3)^2 - \\
 & 1680 \log^3(2\pi) \zeta(3)^2 + 5040 \log^3(2\pi) \gamma_2 \zeta(3) + \\
 & 5040 \log^2(2\pi) \gamma_3 \zeta(3) + 2520 \log(2\pi) \gamma_4 \zeta(3) + \\
 & 504 \gamma_5 \zeta(3) - 84 \log^6(2\pi) \zeta(3) - \frac{1}{2} \log^9(2\pi) - \\
 & \frac{11\,813 \pi^8 \log(2\pi)}{2560} + \frac{63}{2} \gamma^8 \log(2\pi) + 4 \gamma^9
 \end{aligned}$$

10.01.20.0015.01

$$\begin{aligned}
 \zeta^{(10)}(0) = & -\frac{11813}{512} \pi^8 (\log^2(2\pi) - 2\gamma_1) + 45 \log^8(2\pi) \gamma_1 + \frac{15}{8} \gamma^8 (24\gamma_1 + 84 \log^2(2\pi) + 7\pi^2) + \\
 & 180 \log^7(2\pi) \gamma_2 + 420 \log^6(2\pi) \gamma_3 + 630 \log^5(2\pi) \gamma_4 + 630 \log^4(2\pi) \gamma_5 + 420 \log^3(2\pi) \gamma_6 + \\
 & 180 \log^2(2\pi) \gamma_7 + 45 \log(2\pi) \gamma_8 + 5\gamma_9 + 90 \gamma^7 (4 \log(2\pi) \gamma_1 + 2\gamma_2 + 8\zeta(3) + 4 \log^3(2\pi) + \pi^2 \log(2\pi)) - \\
 & \frac{1375}{64} \pi^6 (-12 \log^2(2\pi) \gamma_1 - 12 \log(2\pi) \gamma_2 - 4\gamma_3 + 8 \log(2\pi) \zeta(3) + \log^4(2\pi)) + \\
 & \frac{35}{16} \gamma^6 (24\pi^2 (2\gamma_1 + 5 \log^2(2\pi)) + 48 (12 \log^2(2\pi) \gamma_1 + 12 \log(2\pi) \gamma_2 + 4\gamma_3 + 40 \log(2\pi) \zeta(3) + 5 \log^4(2\pi)) + 19\pi^4) - \\
 & \frac{133}{16} \pi^4 (-30 (\log^4(2\pi) + 8 \log(2\pi) \zeta(3)) \gamma_1 - 60 \log^2(2\pi) \gamma_3 - 30 \log(2\pi) \gamma_4 - 6\gamma_5 + \\
 & \quad 144 \log(2\pi) \zeta(5) - 60 \gamma_2 (\log^3(2\pi) + 2\zeta(3)) + 40 \zeta(3)^2 + 40 \log^3(2\pi) \zeta(3) + \log^6(2\pi)) + \\
 & \frac{21}{2} \gamma^5 (10 \pi^2 (6 \log(2\pi) \gamma_1 + 3\gamma_2 + 8\zeta(3) + 4 \log^3(2\pi)) + 12 (20 (\log^3(2\pi) + 2\zeta(3)) \gamma_1 + 30 \log^2(2\pi) \gamma_2 + \\
 & \quad 20 \log(2\pi) \gamma_3 + 5\gamma_4 + 96 \zeta(5) + 80 \log^2(2\pi) \zeta(3) + 4 \log^5(2\pi)) + 19\pi^4 \log(2\pi)) + \\
 & \frac{15}{64} \gamma^4 (532 \pi^4 (2\gamma_1 + 3 \log^2(2\pi)) + 560 \pi^2 (12 \log^2(2\pi) \gamma_1 + 12 \log(2\pi) \gamma_2 + 4\gamma_3 + 24 \log(2\pi) \zeta(3) + 3 \log^4(2\pi)) + \\
 & \quad 1344 (10 (\log^4(2\pi) + 8 \log(2\pi) \zeta(3)) \gamma_1 + 20 \log^2(2\pi) \gamma_3 + 10 \log(2\pi) \gamma_4 + 2\gamma_5 + 144 \log(2\pi) \zeta(5) + \\
 & \quad 20 \gamma_2 (\log^3(2\pi) + 2\zeta(3)) + 40 \zeta(3)^2 + 40 \log^3(2\pi) \zeta(3) + \log^6(2\pi)) + 275 \pi^6) - \\
 & \frac{15}{8} \pi^2 (-56 (\log^6(2\pi) + 40 \log^3(2\pi) \zeta(3) + 40 \zeta(3)^2 + 144 \log(2\pi) \zeta(5)) \gamma_1 - 280 \log^4(2\pi) \gamma_3 - 280 \log^3(2\pi) \gamma_4 - \\
 & \quad 168 \log^2(2\pi) \gamma_5 - 56 \log(2\pi) \gamma_6 - 8\gamma_7 + 5760 \log(2\pi) \zeta(7) - 168 \gamma_2 (\log^5(2\pi) + 20 \log^2(2\pi) \zeta(3) + 24 \zeta(5)) + \\
 & \quad 2688 \zeta(3) \zeta(5) + 1344 \log^3(2\pi) \zeta(5) + 1120 \log^2(2\pi) \zeta(3)^2 - 2240 \log(2\pi) \gamma_3 \zeta(3) - 560 \gamma_4 \zeta(3) + \\
 & \quad 112 \log^5(2\pi) \zeta(3) + \log^8(2\pi)) + \frac{5}{8} \gamma^3 (266 \pi^4 (6 \log(2\pi) \gamma_1 + 3\gamma_2 + 4\zeta(3) + 2 \log^3(2\pi)) + \\
 & \quad 168 \pi^2 (20 (\log^3(2\pi) + 2\zeta(3)) \gamma_1 + 30 \log^2(2\pi) \gamma_2 + 20 \log(2\pi) \gamma_3 + 5\gamma_4 + 48 \zeta(5) + 40 \log^2(2\pi) \zeta(3) + 2 \log^5(2\pi)) + \\
 & \quad 96 (42 (\log^5(2\pi) + 20 \log^2(2\pi) \zeta(3) + 24 \zeta(5)) \gamma_1 + 140 \log^3(2\pi) \gamma_3 + 105 \log^2(2\pi) \gamma_4 + \\
 & \quad 42 \log(2\pi) \gamma_5 + 7\gamma_6 + 1440 \zeta(7) + 1008 \log^2(2\pi) \zeta(5) + 105 \gamma_2 (\log^4(2\pi) + 8 \log(2\pi) \zeta(3)) + \\
 & \quad 560 \log(2\pi) \zeta(3)^2 + 280 \gamma_3 \zeta(3) + 140 \log^4(2\pi) \zeta(3) + 2 \log^7(2\pi)) + 275 \pi^6 \log(2\pi)) + \\
 & \frac{1}{512} \gamma^2 (66000 \pi^6 (2\gamma_1 + \log^2(2\pi)) + 63840 \pi^4 (12 \log^2(2\pi) \gamma_1 + 12 \log(2\pi) \gamma_2 + 4\gamma_3 + 8 \log(2\pi) \zeta(3) + \log^4(2\pi)) + \\
 & \quad 26880 \pi^2 (30 (\log^4(2\pi) + 8 \log(2\pi) \zeta(3)) \gamma_1 + 60 \log^2(2\pi) \gamma_3 + 30 \log(2\pi) \gamma_4 + 6\gamma_5 + \\
 & \quad 144 \log(2\pi) \zeta(5) + 60 \gamma_2 (\log^3(2\pi) + 2\zeta(3)) + 40 \zeta(3)^2 + 40 \log^3(2\pi) \zeta(3) + \log^6(2\pi)) + \\
 & \quad 11520 (56 (\log^6(2\pi) + 40 \log^3(2\pi) \zeta(3) + 40 \zeta(3)^2 + 144 \log(2\pi) \zeta(5)) \gamma_1 + 280 \log^4(2\pi) \gamma_3 + \\
 & \quad 280 \log^3(2\pi) \gamma_4 + 168 \log^2(2\pi) \gamma_5 + 56 \log(2\pi) \gamma_6 + 8\gamma_7 + 5760 \log(2\pi) \zeta(7) + \\
 & \quad 168 \gamma_2 (\log^5(2\pi) + 20 \log^2(2\pi) \zeta(3) + 24 \zeta(5)) + 2688 \zeta(3) \zeta(5) + 1344 \log^3(2\pi) \zeta(5) + \\
 & \quad 1120 \log^2(2\pi) \zeta(3)^2 + 2240 \log(2\pi) \gamma_3 \zeta(3) + 560 \gamma_4 \zeta(3) + 112 \log^5(2\pi) \zeta(3) + \log^8(2\pi)) + 11813 \pi^8) + \\
 & \frac{15}{16} \gamma (275 \pi^6 (2 \log(2\pi) \gamma_1 + \gamma_2) + 266 \pi^4 (4 (\log^3(2\pi) + 2\zeta(3)) \gamma_1 + 6 \log^2(2\pi) \gamma_2 + 4 \log(2\pi) \gamma_3 + \gamma_4) + \\
 & \quad 112 \pi^2 (6 (\log^5(2\pi) + 20 \log^2(2\pi) \zeta(3) + 24 \zeta(5)) \gamma_1 + 20 \log^3(2\pi) \gamma_3 + \\
 & \quad 15 \log^2(2\pi) \gamma_4 + 6 \log(2\pi) \gamma_5 + \gamma_6 + 15 \gamma_2 (\log^4(2\pi) + 8 \log(2\pi) \zeta(3)) + 40 \gamma_3 \zeta(3)) +
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & 48 \left(8 \left(\log^7(2\pi) + 70 \log^4(2\pi) \zeta(3) + 280 \log(2\pi) \zeta(3)^2 + 504 \log^2(2\pi) \zeta(5) + 720 \zeta(7) \right) \gamma_1 + 56 \log^5(2\pi) \gamma_3 + \right. \\
 & \quad 70 \log^4(2\pi) \gamma_4 + 56 \log^3(2\pi) \gamma_5 + 28 \log^2(2\pi) \gamma_6 + 8 \log(2\pi) \gamma_7 + \gamma_8 + 28 \gamma_2 \left(\log^6(2\pi) + 40 \log^3(2\pi) \zeta(3) + \right. \\
 & \quad \left. \left. 40 \zeta(3)^2 + 144 \log(2\pi) \zeta(5) \right) + 1344 \gamma_3 \zeta(5) + 1120 \log^2(2\pi) \gamma_3 \zeta(3) + 560 \log(2\pi) \gamma_4 \zeta(3) + 112 \gamma_5 \zeta(3) \right) - \\
 & 201\,600 \log(2\pi) \zeta(9) + 259\,200 \log(2\pi) \gamma_1 \zeta(7) + 129\,600 \gamma_2 \zeta(7) - 86\,400 \zeta(3) \zeta(7) - \\
 & 43\,200 \log^3(2\pi) \zeta(7) - \\
 & 36\,288 \zeta(5)^2 + \\
 & 60\,480 \log^3(2\pi) \gamma_1 \zeta(5) + \\
 & 90\,720 \log^2(2\pi) \gamma_2 \zeta(5) + \\
 & 60\,480 \log(2\pi) \gamma_3 \zeta(5) + \\
 & 15\,120 \gamma_4 \zeta(5) + \\
 & 120\,960 \gamma_1 \zeta(3) \zeta(5) - \\
 & 60\,480 \log^2(2\pi) \zeta(3) \zeta(5) - \\
 & 3024 \log^5(2\pi) \zeta(5) - \\
 & 11\,200 \log(2\pi) \zeta(3)^3 + \\
 & 50\,400 \log^2(2\pi) \gamma_1 \zeta(3)^2 + \\
 & 50\,400 \log(2\pi) \gamma_2 \zeta(3)^2 + 16\,800 \gamma_3 \zeta(3)^2 - \\
 & 4200 \log^4(2\pi) \zeta(3)^2 + 5040 \log^5(2\pi) \gamma_1 \zeta(3) + \\
 & 12\,600 \log^4(2\pi) \gamma_2 \zeta(3) + 16\,800 \log^3(2\pi) \gamma_3 \zeta(3) + \\
 & 12\,600 \log^2(2\pi) \gamma_4 \zeta(3) + 5040 \log(2\pi) \gamma_5 \zeta(3) + \\
 & 840 \gamma_6 \zeta(3) - 120 \log^7(2\pi) \zeta(3) - \frac{1}{2} \log^{10}(2\pi) + \\
 & 40 \gamma^9 \log(2\pi) - \frac{95\,265 \pi^{10}}{22\,528} + \frac{9 \gamma^{10}}{2}
 \end{aligned}$$

10.01.20.0016.01

$$\begin{aligned}
 \zeta^{(11)}(0) = & 2\,217\,600 \zeta(9) \gamma_1 + 1\,425\,600 \log^2(2\pi) \zeta(7) \gamma_1 + 1\,330\,560 \log(2\pi) \zeta(3) \zeta(5) \gamma_1 + 166\,320 \log^4(2\pi) \zeta(5) \gamma_1 + \\
 & 123\,200 \zeta(3)^3 \gamma_1 + 184\,800 \log^3(2\pi) \zeta(3)^2 \gamma_1 + 9240 \log^6(2\pi) \zeta(3) \gamma_1 + 55 \log^9(2\pi) \gamma_1 + \frac{55}{3} \gamma^9 \left(3 \left(\gamma_1 + 4 \log^2(2\pi) \right) + \pi^2 \right) + \\
 & \frac{495}{2} \log^8(2\pi) \gamma_2 + 660 \log^7(2\pi) \gamma_3 + 1155 \log^6(2\pi) \gamma_4 + 1386 \log^5(2\pi) \gamma_5 + 1155 \log^4(2\pi) \gamma_6 + 660 \log^3(2\pi) \gamma_7 + \\
 & \frac{495}{2} \log^2(2\pi) \gamma_8 + 55 \log(2\pi) \gamma_9 + \frac{11 \gamma_{10}}{2} - \frac{129\,943 \pi^8 \left(-6 \log(2\pi) \gamma_1 - 3 \gamma_2 + 2 \zeta(3) + \log^3(2\pi) \right)}{1536} + \\
 & \frac{165}{8} \gamma^8 \left(4 \left(6 \log(2\pi) \gamma_1 + 3 \gamma_2 + 14 \zeta(3) + 7 \log^3(2\pi) \right) + 7 \pi^2 \log(2\pi) \right) + \\
 & \frac{33}{8} \gamma^7 \left(40 \pi^2 \left(\gamma_1 + 3 \log^2(2\pi) \right) + 80 \left(6 \log^2(2\pi) \gamma_1 + 6 \log(2\pi) \gamma_2 + 2 \gamma_3 + 24 \log(2\pi) \zeta(3) + 3 \log^4(2\pi) \right) + 19 \pi^4 \right) - \\
 & \frac{3025}{64} \pi^6 \left(-20 \left(\log^3(2\pi) + 2 \zeta(3) \right) \gamma_1 - 30 \log^2(2\pi) \gamma_2 - 20 \log(2\pi) \gamma_3 - 5 \gamma_4 + 24 \zeta(5) + 20 \log^2(2\pi) \zeta(3) + \log^5(2\pi) \right) + \\
 & \frac{385}{16} \gamma^6 \left(8 \pi^2 \left(6 \log(2\pi) \gamma_1 + 3 \gamma_2 + 10 \zeta(3) + 5 \log^3(2\pi) \right) + 48 \left(4 \left(\log^3(2\pi) + 2 \zeta(3) \right) \gamma_1 + \right. \right. \\
 & \quad \left. \left. 6 \log^2(2\pi) \gamma_2 + 4 \log(2\pi) \gamma_3 + \gamma_4 + 24 \zeta(5) + 20 \log^2(2\pi) \zeta(3) + \log^5(2\pi) \right) + 19 \pi^4 \log(2\pi) \right) + \\
 & \frac{11}{16} \gamma^5 \left(798 \pi^4 \left(\gamma_1 + 2 \log^2(2\pi) \right) + 1680 \pi^2 \left(3 \log^2(2\pi) \gamma_1 + 3 \log(2\pi) \gamma_2 + \gamma_3 + 8 \log(2\pi) \zeta(3) + \log^4(2\pi) \right) + \right. \\
 & \quad \left. 672 \left(15 \left(\log^4(2\pi) + 8 \log(2\pi) \zeta(3) \right) \gamma_1 + 30 \log^2(2\pi) \gamma_3 + 15 \log(2\pi) \gamma_4 + 3 \gamma_5 + 288 \log(2\pi) \zeta(5) + \right. \right.
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & 30 \gamma_2 (\log^3(2\pi) + 2 \zeta(3)) + 80 \zeta(3)^2 + 80 \log^3(2\pi) \zeta(3) + 2 \log^6(2\pi) + 275 \pi^6) - \\
 \frac{209}{16} \pi^4 & (-42 (\log^5(2\pi) + 20 \log^2(2\pi) \zeta(3) + 24 \zeta(5)) \gamma_1 - 140 \log^3(2\pi) \gamma_3 - 105 \log^2(2\pi) \gamma_4 - 42 \log(2\pi) \gamma_5 - \\
 & 7 \gamma_6 + 720 \zeta(7) + 504 \log^2(2\pi) \zeta(5) - 105 \gamma_2 (\log^4(2\pi) + 8 \log(2\pi) \zeta(3)) + 280 \log(2\pi) \zeta(3)^2 - \\
 & 280 \gamma_3 \zeta(3) + 70 \log^4(2\pi) \zeta(3) + \log^7(2\pi)) + \frac{165}{64} \gamma^4 (532 \pi^4 (2 \log(2\pi) \gamma_1 + \gamma_2 + 2 \zeta(3) + \log^3(2\pi)) + \\
 & 112 \pi^2 (20 (\log^3(2\pi) + 2 \zeta(3)) \gamma_1 + 30 \log^2(2\pi) \gamma_2 + 20 \log(2\pi) \gamma_3 + 5 \gamma_4 + 72 \zeta(5) + 60 \log^2(2\pi) \zeta(3) + 3 \log^5(2\pi)) + \\
 & 64 (42 (\log^5(2\pi) + 20 \log^2(2\pi) \zeta(3) + 24 \zeta(5)) \gamma_1 + 140 \log^3(2\pi) \gamma_3 + 105 \log^2(2\pi) \gamma_4 + \\
 & 42 \log(2\pi) \gamma_5 + 7 \gamma_6 + 2160 \zeta(7) + 1512 \log^2(2\pi) \zeta(5) + 105 \gamma_2 (\log^4(2\pi) + 8 \log(2\pi) \zeta(3)) + \\
 & 840 \log(2\pi) \zeta(3)^2 + 280 \gamma_3 \zeta(3) + 210 \log^4(2\pi) \zeta(3) + 3 \log^7(2\pi) + 275 \pi^6 \log(2\pi)) + \\
 \frac{11}{768} \gamma^3 & (66000 \pi^6 (\gamma_1 + \log^2(2\pi)) + 63840 \pi^4 (6 \log^2(2\pi) \gamma_1 + 6 \log(2\pi) \gamma_2 + 2 \gamma_3 + 8 \log(2\pi) \zeta(3) + \log^4(2\pi)) + \\
 & 26880 \pi^2 (15 (\log^4(2\pi) + 8 \log(2\pi) \zeta(3)) \gamma_1 + 30 \log^2(2\pi) \gamma_3 + 15 \log(2\pi) \gamma_4 + 3 \gamma_5 + \\
 & 144 \log(2\pi) \zeta(5) + 30 \gamma_2 (\log^3(2\pi) + 2 \zeta(3)) + 40 \zeta(3)^2 + 40 \log^3(2\pi) \zeta(3) + \log^6(2\pi)) + \\
 & 11520 (28 (\log^6(2\pi) + 40 \log^3(2\pi) \zeta(3) + 40 \zeta(3)^2 + 144 \log(2\pi) \zeta(5)) \gamma_1 + 140 \log^4(2\pi) \gamma_3 + \\
 & 140 \log^3(2\pi) \gamma_4 + 84 \log^2(2\pi) \gamma_5 + 28 \log(2\pi) \gamma_6 + 4 \gamma_7 + 5760 \log(2\pi) \zeta(7) + \\
 & 84 \gamma_2 (\log^5(2\pi) + 20 \log^2(2\pi) \zeta(3) + 24 \zeta(5)) + 2688 \zeta(3) \zeta(5) + 1344 \log^3(2\pi) \zeta(5) + \\
 & 1120 \log^2(2\pi) \zeta(3)^2 + 1120 \log(2\pi) \gamma_3 \zeta(3) + 280 \gamma_4 \zeta(3) + 112 \log^5(2\pi) \zeta(3) + \log^8(2\pi)) + 11813 \pi^8) + \\
 \frac{11}{256} \gamma & (11813 \pi^8 \gamma_1 + 22000 \pi^6 (3 \log^2(2\pi) \gamma_1 + 3 \log(2\pi) \gamma_2 + \gamma_3) + 12768 \pi^4 \\
 & (5 (\log^4(2\pi) + 8 \log(2\pi) \zeta(3)) \gamma_1 + 10 \log^2(2\pi) \gamma_3 + 5 \log(2\pi) \gamma_4 + \gamma_5 + 10 \gamma_2 (\log^3(2\pi) + 2 \zeta(3))) + \\
 & 3840 \pi^2 (7 (\log^6(2\pi) + 40 \log^3(2\pi) \zeta(3) + 40 \zeta(3)^2 + 144 \log(2\pi) \zeta(5)) \gamma_1 + \\
 & 35 \log^4(2\pi) \gamma_3 + 35 \log^3(2\pi) \gamma_4 + 21 \log^2(2\pi) \gamma_5 + 7 \log(2\pi) \gamma_6 + \gamma_7 + \\
 & 21 \gamma_2 (\log^5(2\pi) + 20 \log^2(2\pi) \zeta(3) + 24 \zeta(5)) + 280 \log(2\pi) \gamma_3 \zeta(3) + 70 \gamma_4 \zeta(3)) + 1280 \\
 & (9 (\log^8(2\pi) + 112 \log^5(2\pi) \zeta(3) + 1120 \log^2(2\pi) \zeta(3)^2 + 1344 \log^3(2\pi) \zeta(5) + 2688 \zeta(3) \zeta(5) + 5760 \log(2\pi) \zeta(7)) \\
 & \gamma_1 + 84 \log^6(2\pi) \gamma_3 + 126 \log^5(2\pi) \gamma_4 + 126 \log^4(2\pi) \gamma_5 + 84 \log^3(2\pi) \gamma_6 + 36 \log^2(2\pi) \gamma_7 + 9 \log(2\pi) \gamma_8 + \\
 & \gamma_9 + 36 \gamma_2 (\log^7(2\pi) + 70 \log^4(2\pi) \zeta(3) + 280 \log(2\pi) \zeta(3)^2 + 504 \log^2(2\pi) \zeta(5) + 720 \zeta(7)) + \\
 & 12096 \log(2\pi) \gamma_3 \zeta(5) + 3024 \gamma_4 \zeta(5) + 3360 \gamma_3 \zeta(3)^2 + 3360 \log^3(2\pi) \gamma_3 \zeta(3) + \\
 & 2520 \log^2(2\pi) \gamma_4 \zeta(3) + 1008 \log(2\pi) \gamma_5 \zeta(3) + 168 \gamma_6 \zeta(3))) - \\
 \frac{55}{24} \pi^2 & (-72 (\log^7(2\pi) + 70 \log^4(2\pi) \zeta(3) + 280 \log(2\pi) \zeta(3)^2 + 504 \log^2(2\pi) \zeta(5) + 720 \zeta(7)) \gamma_1 - \\
 & 504 \log^5(2\pi) \gamma_3 - 630 \log^4(2\pi) \gamma_4 - 504 \log^3(2\pi) \gamma_5 - 252 \log^2(2\pi) \gamma_6 - 72 \log(2\pi) \gamma_7 - 9 \gamma_8 + \\
 & 40320 \zeta(9) + 25920 \log^2(2\pi) \zeta(7) - 252 \gamma_2 (\log^6(2\pi) + 40 \log^3(2\pi) \zeta(3) + 40 \zeta(3)^2 + 144 \log(2\pi) \zeta(5)) - \\
 & 12096 \gamma_3 \zeta(5) + 24192 \log(2\pi) \zeta(3) \zeta(5) + 3024 \log^4(2\pi) \zeta(5) + 2240 \zeta(3)^3 + 3360 \log^3(2\pi) \zeta(3)^2 - \\
 & 10080 \log^2(2\pi) \gamma_3 \zeta(3) - 5040 \log(2\pi) \gamma_4 \zeta(3) - 1008 \gamma_5 \zeta(3) + 168 \log^6(2\pi) \zeta(3) + \log^9(2\pi)) + \\
 \frac{11}{512} \gamma^2 & (22000 \pi^6 (6 \log(2\pi) \gamma_1 + 3 \gamma_2 + 2 \zeta(3) + \log^3(2\pi)) + \\
 & 12768 \pi^4 (20 (\log^3(2\pi) + 2 \zeta(3)) \gamma_1 + 30 \log^2(2\pi) \gamma_2 + 20 \log(2\pi) \gamma_3 + 5 \gamma_4 + 24 \zeta(5) + 20 \log^2(2\pi) \zeta(3) + \log^5(2\pi)) + \\
 & 3840 \pi^2 (42 (\log^5(2\pi) + 20 \log^2(2\pi) \zeta(3) + 24 \zeta(5)) \gamma_1 + 140 \log^3(2\pi) \gamma_3 + 105 \log^2(2\pi) \gamma_4 + \\
 & 42 \log(2\pi) \gamma_5 + 7 \gamma_6 + 720 \zeta(7) + 504 \log^2(2\pi) \zeta(5) + 105 \gamma_2 (\log^4(2\pi) + 8 \log(2\pi) \zeta(3)) + \\
 & 280 \log(2\pi) \zeta(3)^2 + 280 \gamma_3 \zeta(3) + 70 \log^4(2\pi) \zeta(3) + \log^7(2\pi)) +
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & 1280 \left(72 \left(\log^7(2\pi) + 70 \log^4(2\pi) \zeta(3) + 280 \log(2\pi) \zeta(3)^2 + 504 \log^2(2\pi) \zeta(5) + 720 \zeta(7) \right) \gamma_1 + \right. \\
 & \quad 504 \log^5(2\pi) \gamma_3 + 630 \log^4(2\pi) \gamma_4 + 504 \log^3(2\pi) \gamma_5 + 252 \log^2(2\pi) \gamma_6 + 72 \log(2\pi) \gamma_7 + 9 \gamma_8 + 40320 \zeta(9) + \\
 & \quad 25920 \log^2(2\pi) \zeta(7) + 252 \gamma_2 \left(\log^6(2\pi) + 40 \log^3(2\pi) \zeta(3) + 40 \zeta(3)^2 + 144 \log(2\pi) \zeta(5) \right) + 12096 \gamma_3 \zeta(5) + \\
 & \quad 24192 \log(2\pi) \zeta(3) \zeta(5) + 3024 \log^4(2\pi) \zeta(5) + 2240 \zeta(3)^3 + 3360 \log^3(2\pi) \zeta(3)^2 + 10080 \log^2(2\pi) \gamma_3 \zeta(3) + \\
 & \quad \left. 5040 \log(2\pi) \gamma_4 \zeta(3) + 1008 \gamma_5 \zeta(3) + 168 \log^6(2\pi) \zeta(3) + \log^9(2\pi) \right) + 11813 \pi^8 \log(2\pi) - \\
 & 1814400 \zeta(11) - 1108800 \log^2(2\pi) \zeta(9) + 1425600 \log(2\pi) \gamma_2 \zeta(7) + 475200 \gamma_3 \zeta(7) - \\
 & 950400 \log(2\pi) \zeta(3) \zeta(7) - \\
 & 118800 \log^4(2\pi) \zeta(7) - \\
 & 399168 \log(2\pi) \zeta(5)^2 + \\
 & 332640 \log^3(2\pi) \gamma_2 \zeta(5) + \\
 & 332640 \log^2(2\pi) \gamma_3 \zeta(5) + \\
 & 166320 \log(2\pi) \gamma_4 \zeta(5) + \\
 & 33264 \gamma_5 \zeta(5) - \\
 & 221760 \zeta(3)^2 \zeta(5) + \\
 & 665280 \gamma_2 \zeta(3) \zeta(5) - \\
 & 221760 \log^3(2\pi) \zeta(3) \zeta(5) - \\
 & 5544 \log^6(2\pi) \zeta(5) - \\
 & 61600 \log^2(2\pi) \zeta(3)^3 + \\
 & 277200 \log^2(2\pi) \gamma_2 \zeta(3)^2 + \\
 & 184800 \log(2\pi) \gamma_3 \zeta(3)^2 + \\
 & 46200 \gamma_4 \zeta(3)^2 - \\
 & 9240 \log^5(2\pi) \zeta(3)^2 + \\
 & 27720 \log^5(2\pi) \gamma_2 \zeta(3) + \\
 & 46200 \log^4(2\pi) \gamma_3 \zeta(3) + \\
 & 46200 \log^3(2\pi) \gamma_4 \zeta(3) + \\
 & 27720 \log^2(2\pi) \gamma_5 \zeta(3) + \\
 & 9240 \log(2\pi) \gamma_6 \zeta(3) + \\
 & 1320 \gamma_7 \zeta(3) - \\
 & 165 \log^8(2\pi) \zeta(3) - \frac{1}{2} \log^{11}(2\pi) - \\
 & \frac{95265 \pi^{10} \log(2\pi)}{2048} + \\
 & \frac{99}{2} \gamma^{10} \log(2\pi) + 5 \gamma^{11}
 \end{aligned}$$

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$$\begin{aligned}
 \zeta^{(12)}(0) = & -\frac{285795 \pi^{10} (\log^2(2\pi) - 2\gamma_1)}{1024} + 66 \log^{10}(2\pi) \gamma_1 + \frac{33}{4} \gamma^{10} (8\gamma_1 + 36 \log^2(2\pi) + 3\pi^2) + 330 \log^9(2\pi) \gamma_2 + \\
 & 990 \log^8(2\pi) \gamma_3 + 1980 \log^7(2\pi) \gamma_4 + 2772 \log^6(2\pi) \gamma_5 + 2772 \log^5(2\pi) \gamma_6 + 1980 \log^4(2\pi) \gamma_7 + 990 \log^3(2\pi) \gamma_8 + \\
 & 330 \log^2(2\pi) \gamma_9 + 66 \log(2\pi) \gamma_{10} + 6 \gamma_{11} + 110 \gamma^9 (6 \log(2\pi) \gamma_1 + 3 \gamma_2 + 16 \zeta(3) + 8 \log^3(2\pi) + 2 \pi^2 \log(2\pi)) - \\
 & \frac{129943}{512} \pi^8 (-12 \log^2(2\pi) \gamma_1 - 12 \log(2\pi) \gamma_2 - 4 \gamma_3 + 8 \log(2\pi) \zeta(3) + \log^4(2\pi)) + \\
 & \frac{33}{32} \gamma^8 (120 \pi^2 (2\gamma_1 + 7 \log^2(2\pi)) + 240 (12 \log^2(2\pi) \gamma_1 + 12 \log(2\pi) \gamma_2 + 4 \gamma_3 + 56 \log(2\pi) \zeta(3) + 7 \log^4(2\pi)) + 133 \pi^4) -
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{3025}{32} \pi^6 \left(-30 (\log^4(2\pi) + 8 \log(2\pi) \zeta(3)) \gamma_1 - 60 \log^2(2\pi) \gamma_3 - 30 \log(2\pi) \gamma_4 - 6 \gamma_5 + \right. \\
 & \quad \left. 144 \log(2\pi) \zeta(5) - 60 \gamma_2 (\log^3(2\pi) + 2 \zeta(3)) + 40 \zeta(3)^2 + 40 \log^3(2\pi) \zeta(3) + \log^6(2\pi) \right) + \\
 & \frac{99}{2} \gamma^7 \left(20 \pi^2 (2 \log(2\pi) \gamma_1 + \gamma_2 + 4 \zeta(3) + 2 \log^3(2\pi)) + 8 (20 (\log^3(2\pi) + 2 \zeta(3)) \gamma_1 + 30 \log^2(2\pi) \gamma_2 + \right. \\
 & \quad \left. 20 \log(2\pi) \gamma_3 + 5 \gamma_4 + 144 \zeta(5) + 120 \log^2(2\pi) \zeta(3) + 6 \log^5(2\pi)) + 19 \pi^4 \log(2\pi) \right) + \\
 & \frac{11}{32} \gamma^6 \left(1596 \pi^4 (2 \gamma_1 + 5 \log^2(2\pi)) + 1680 \pi^2 (12 \log^2(2\pi) \gamma_1 + 12 \log(2\pi) \gamma_2 + 4 \gamma_3 + 40 \log(2\pi) \zeta(3) + 5 \log^4(2\pi)) + \right. \\
 & \quad \left. 1344 (30 (\log^4(2\pi) + 8 \log(2\pi) \zeta(3)) \gamma_1 + 60 \log^2(2\pi) \gamma_3 + 30 \log(2\pi) \gamma_4 + 6 \gamma_5 + 720 \log(2\pi) \zeta(5) + \right. \\
 & \quad \left. 60 \gamma_2 (\log^3(2\pi) + 2 \zeta(3)) + 200 \zeta(3)^2 + 200 \log^3(2\pi) \zeta(3) + 5 \log^6(2\pi)) + 1375 \pi^6 \right) - \\
 & \frac{627}{32} \pi^4 \left(-56 (\log^6(2\pi) + 40 \log^3(2\pi) \zeta(3) + 40 \zeta(3)^2 + 144 \log(2\pi) \zeta(5)) \gamma_1 - 280 \log^4(2\pi) \gamma_3 - 280 \log^3(2\pi) \gamma_4 - \right. \\
 & \quad \left. 168 \log^2(2\pi) \gamma_5 - 56 \log(2\pi) \gamma_6 - 8 \gamma_7 + 5760 \log(2\pi) \zeta(7) - 168 \gamma_2 (\log^5(2\pi) + 20 \log^2(2\pi) \zeta(3) + 24 \zeta(5)) + \right. \\
 & \quad \left. 2688 \zeta(3) \zeta(5) + 1344 \log^3(2\pi) \zeta(5) + 1120 \log^2(2\pi) \zeta(3)^2 - 2240 \log(2\pi) \gamma_3 \zeta(3) - 560 \gamma_4 \zeta(3) + \right. \\
 & \quad \left. 112 \log^5(2\pi) \zeta(3) + \log^8(2\pi) \right) + \frac{33}{4} \gamma^5 \left(133 \pi^4 (6 \log(2\pi) \gamma_1 + 3 \gamma_2 + 8 \zeta(3) + 4 \log^3(2\pi)) + \right. \\
 & \quad \left. 84 \pi^2 (20 (\log^3(2\pi) + 2 \zeta(3)) \gamma_1 + 30 \log^2(2\pi) \gamma_2 + 20 \log(2\pi) \gamma_3 + 5 \gamma_4 + 96 \zeta(5) + 80 \log^2(2\pi) \zeta(3) + 4 \log^5(2\pi)) + \right. \\
 & \quad \left. 48 (42 (\log^5(2\pi) + 20 \log^2(2\pi) \zeta(3) + 24 \zeta(5)) \gamma_1 + 140 \log^3(2\pi) \gamma_3 + 105 \log^2(2\pi) \gamma_4 + \right. \\
 & \quad \left. 42 \log(2\pi) \gamma_5 + 7 \gamma_6 + 2880 \zeta(7) + 2016 \log^2(2\pi) \zeta(5) + 105 \gamma_2 (\log^4(2\pi) + 8 \log(2\pi) \zeta(3)) + \right. \\
 & \quad \left. 1120 \log(2\pi) \zeta(3)^2 + 280 \gamma_3 \zeta(3) + 280 \log^4(2\pi) \zeta(3) + 4 \log^7(2\pi) \right) + 275 \pi^6 \log(2\pi) \left. \right) + \\
 & \frac{33}{512} \gamma^4 \left(22000 \pi^6 (2 \gamma_1 + 3 \log^2(2\pi)) + 21280 \pi^4 (12 \log^2(2\pi) \gamma_1 + 12 \log(2\pi) \gamma_2 + 4 \gamma_3 + 24 \log(2\pi) \zeta(3) + 3 \log^4(2\pi)) + \right. \\
 & \quad \left. 26880 \pi^2 (10 (\log^4(2\pi) + 8 \log(2\pi) \zeta(3)) \gamma_1 + 20 \log^2(2\pi) \gamma_3 + 10 \log(2\pi) \gamma_4 + 2 \gamma_5 + \right. \\
 & \quad \left. 144 \log(2\pi) \zeta(5) + 20 \gamma_2 (\log^3(2\pi) + 2 \zeta(3)) + 40 \zeta(3)^2 + 40 \log^3(2\pi) \zeta(3) + \log^6(2\pi)) + \right. \\
 & \quad \left. 3840 (56 (\log^6(2\pi) + 40 \log^3(2\pi) \zeta(3) + 40 \zeta(3)^2 + 144 \log(2\pi) \zeta(5)) \gamma_1 + 280 \log^4(2\pi) \gamma_3 + \right. \\
 & \quad \left. 280 \log^3(2\pi) \gamma_4 + 168 \log^2(2\pi) \gamma_5 + 56 \log(2\pi) \gamma_6 + 8 \gamma_7 + 17280 \log(2\pi) \zeta(7) + \right. \\
 & \quad \left. 168 \gamma_2 (\log^5(2\pi) + 20 \log^2(2\pi) \zeta(3) + 24 \zeta(5)) + 8064 \zeta(3) \zeta(5) + 4032 \log^3(2\pi) \zeta(5) + 3360 \log^2(2\pi) \zeta(3)^2 + \right. \\
 & \quad \left. 2240 \log(2\pi) \gamma_3 \zeta(3) + 560 \gamma_4 \zeta(3) + 336 \log^5(2\pi) \zeta(3) + 3 \log^8(2\pi) \right) + 11813 \pi^8 \left. \right) - \frac{11}{4} \pi^2 \\
 & \left(-90 (\log^8(2\pi) + 112 \log^5(2\pi) \zeta(3) + 1120 \log^2(2\pi) \zeta(3)^2 + 1344 \log^3(2\pi) \zeta(5) + 2688 \zeta(3) \zeta(5) + 5760 \log(2\pi) \zeta(7)) \gamma_1 - \right. \\
 & \quad \left. 840 \log^6(2\pi) \gamma_3 - 1260 \log^5(2\pi) \gamma_4 - 1260 \log^4(2\pi) \gamma_5 - 840 \log^3(2\pi) \gamma_6 - 360 \log^2(2\pi) \gamma_7 - 90 \log(2\pi) \gamma_8 - 10 \gamma_9 + \right. \\
 & \quad \left. 403200 \log(2\pi) \zeta(9) - 360 \gamma_2 (\log^7(2\pi) + 70 \log^4(2\pi) \zeta(3) + 280 \log(2\pi) \zeta(3)^2 + 504 \log^2(2\pi) \zeta(5) + 720 \zeta(7)) + \right. \\
 & \quad \left. 172800 \zeta(3) \zeta(7) + 86400 \log^3(2\pi) \zeta(7) + 72576 \zeta(5)^2 - 120960 \log(2\pi) \gamma_3 \zeta(5) - \right. \\
 & \quad \left. 30240 \gamma_4 \zeta(5) + 120960 \log^2(2\pi) \zeta(3) \zeta(5) + 6048 \log^5(2\pi) \zeta(5) + 22400 \log(2\pi) \zeta(3)^3 - \right. \\
 & \quad \left. 33600 \gamma_3 \zeta(3)^2 + 8400 \log^4(2\pi) \zeta(3)^2 - 33600 \log^3(2\pi) \gamma_3 \zeta(3) - 25200 \log^2(2\pi) \gamma_4 \zeta(3) - \right. \\
 & \quad \left. 10080 \log(2\pi) \gamma_5 \zeta(3) - 1680 \gamma_6 \zeta(3) + 240 \log^7(2\pi) \zeta(3) + \log^{10}(2\pi) \right) + \\
 & \frac{11}{64} \gamma^3 \left(11000 \pi^6 (6 \log(2\pi) \gamma_1 + 3 \gamma_2 + 4 \zeta(3) + 2 \log^3(2\pi)) + \right. \\
 & \quad \left. 6384 \pi^4 (20 (\log^3(2\pi) + 2 \zeta(3)) \gamma_1 + 30 \log^2(2\pi) \gamma_2 + 20 \log(2\pi) \gamma_3 + 5 \gamma_4 + 48 \zeta(5) + 40 \log^2(2\pi) \zeta(3) + 2 \log^5(2\pi)) + \right. \\
 & \quad \left. 1920 \pi^2 (42 (\log^5(2\pi) + 20 \log^2(2\pi) \zeta(3) + 24 \zeta(5)) \gamma_1 + 140 \log^3(2\pi) \gamma_3 + 105 \log^2(2\pi) \gamma_4 + \right. \\
 & \quad \left. 42 \log(2\pi) \gamma_5 + 7 \gamma_6 + 1440 \zeta(7) + 1008 \log^2(2\pi) \zeta(5) + 105 \gamma_2 (\log^4(2\pi) + 8 \log(2\pi) \zeta(3)) + \right.
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & 560 \log(2\pi) \zeta(3)^2 + 280 \gamma_3 \zeta(3) + 140 \log^4(2\pi) \zeta(3) + 2 \log^7(2\pi) + \\
 & 640 (72 (\log^7(2\pi) + 70 \log^4(2\pi) \zeta(3) + 280 \log^2(2\pi) \zeta(3)^2 + 504 \log^2(2\pi) \zeta(5) + 720 \zeta(7)) \gamma_1 + \\
 & 504 \log^5(2\pi) \gamma_3 + 630 \log^4(2\pi) \gamma_4 + 504 \log^3(2\pi) \gamma_5 + 252 \log^2(2\pi) \gamma_6 + 72 \log(2\pi) \gamma_7 + 9 \gamma_8 + 80\,640 \zeta(9) + \\
 & 51\,840 \log^2(2\pi) \zeta(7) + 252 \gamma_2 (\log^6(2\pi) + 40 \log^3(2\pi) \zeta(3) + 40 \zeta(3)^2 + 144 \log(2\pi) \zeta(5)) + 12\,096 \gamma_3 \zeta(5) + \\
 & 48\,384 \log(2\pi) \zeta(3) \zeta(5) + 6048 \log^4(2\pi) \zeta(5) + 4480 \zeta(3)^3 + 6720 \log^3(2\pi) \zeta(3)^2 + 10\,080 \log^2(2\pi) \gamma_3 \zeta(3) + \\
 & 5040 \log(2\pi) \gamma_4 \zeta(3) + 1008 \gamma_5 \zeta(3) + 336 \log^6(2\pi) \zeta(3) + 2 \log^9(2\pi) + 11\,813 \pi^8 \log(2\pi) + \\
 & \frac{1}{1024} (3 \gamma^2 (519\,772 \pi^8 (2 \gamma_1 + \log^2(2\pi)) + 484\,000 \pi^6 (12 \log^2(2\pi) \gamma_1 + 12 \log(2\pi) \gamma_2 + 4 \gamma_3 + 8 \log(2\pi) \zeta(3) + \log^4(2\pi)) + \\
 & 187\,264 \pi^4 (30 (\log^4(2\pi) + 8 \log(2\pi) \zeta(3)) \gamma_1 + 60 \log^2(2\pi) \gamma_3 + 30 \log(2\pi) \gamma_4 + 6 \gamma_5 + \\
 & 144 \log(2\pi) \zeta(5) + 60 \gamma_2 (\log^3(2\pi) + 2 \zeta(3)) + 40 \zeta(3)^2 + 40 \log^3(2\pi) \zeta(3) + \log^6(2\pi)) + \\
 & 42\,240 \pi^2 (56 (\log^6(2\pi) + 40 \log^3(2\pi) \zeta(3) + 40 \zeta(3)^2 + 144 \log(2\pi) \zeta(5)) \gamma_1 + 280 \log^4(2\pi) \gamma_3 + \\
 & 280 \log^3(2\pi) \gamma_4 + 168 \log^2(2\pi) \gamma_5 + 56 \log(2\pi) \gamma_6 + 8 \gamma_7 + 5760 \log(2\pi) \zeta(7) + \\
 & 168 \gamma_2 (\log^5(2\pi) + 20 \log^2(2\pi) \zeta(3) + 24 \zeta(5)) + 2688 \zeta(3) \zeta(5) + 1344 \log^3(2\pi) \zeta(5) + \\
 & 1120 \log^2(2\pi) \zeta(3)^2 + 2240 \log(2\pi) \gamma_3 \zeta(3) + 560 \gamma_4 \zeta(3) + 112 \log^5(2\pi) \zeta(3) + \log^8(2\pi)) + \\
 & 11\,264 (90 (\log^8(2\pi) + 112 \log^5(2\pi) \zeta(3) + 1120 \log^2(2\pi) \zeta(3)^2 + 1344 \log^3(2\pi) \zeta(5) + 2688 \zeta(3) \zeta(5) + \\
 & 5760 \log(2\pi) \zeta(7)) \gamma_1 + 840 \log^6(2\pi) \gamma_3 + 1260 \log^5(2\pi) \gamma_4 + 1260 \log^4(2\pi) \gamma_5 + \\
 & 840 \log^3(2\pi) \gamma_6 + 360 \log^2(2\pi) \gamma_7 + 90 \log(2\pi) \gamma_8 + 10 \gamma_9 + 403\,200 \log(2\pi) \zeta(9) + \\
 & 360 \gamma_2 (\log^7(2\pi) + 70 \log^4(2\pi) \zeta(3) + 280 \log^2(2\pi) \zeta(3)^2 + 504 \log^2(2\pi) \zeta(5) + 720 \zeta(7)) + \\
 & 172\,800 \zeta(3) \zeta(7) + 86\,400 \log^3(2\pi) \zeta(7) + 72\,576 \zeta(5)^2 + 120\,960 \log(2\pi) \gamma_3 \zeta(5) + \\
 & 30\,240 \gamma_4 \zeta(5) + 120\,960 \log^2(2\pi) \zeta(3) \zeta(5) + 6048 \log^5(2\pi) \zeta(5) + 22\,400 \log(2\pi) \zeta(3)^3 + \\
 & 33\,600 \gamma_3 \zeta(3)^2 + 8400 \log^4(2\pi) \zeta(3)^2 + 33\,600 \log^3(2\pi) \gamma_3 \zeta(3) + 25\,200 \log^2(2\pi) \gamma_4 \zeta(3) + \\
 & 10\,080 \log(2\pi) \gamma_5 \zeta(3) + 1680 \gamma_6 \zeta(3) + 240 \log^7(2\pi) \zeta(3) + \log^{10}(2\pi) + 95\,265 \pi^{10})) + \\
 & \frac{33}{128} \gamma (11\,813 \pi^8 (2 \log(2\pi) \gamma_1 + \gamma_2) + 11\,000 \pi^6 (4 (\log^3(2\pi) + 2 \zeta(3)) \gamma_1 + 6 \log^2(2\pi) \gamma_2 + 4 \log(2\pi) \gamma_3 + \gamma_4) + \\
 & 4256 \pi^4 (6 (\log^5(2\pi) + 20 \log^2(2\pi) \zeta(3) + 24 \zeta(5)) \gamma_1 + 20 \log^3(2\pi) \gamma_3 + \\
 & 15 \log^2(2\pi) \gamma_4 + 6 \log(2\pi) \gamma_5 + \gamma_6 + 15 \gamma_2 (\log^4(2\pi) + 8 \log(2\pi) \zeta(3)) + 40 \gamma_3 \zeta(3)) + \\
 & 960 \pi^2 (8 (\log^7(2\pi) + 70 \log^4(2\pi) \zeta(3) + 280 \log^2(2\pi) \zeta(3)^2 + 504 \log^2(2\pi) \zeta(5) + 720 \zeta(7)) \gamma_1 + \\
 & 56 \log^5(2\pi) \gamma_3 + 70 \log^4(2\pi) \gamma_4 + 56 \log^3(2\pi) \gamma_5 + 28 \log^2(2\pi) \gamma_6 + 8 \log(2\pi) \gamma_7 + \\
 & \gamma_8 + 28 \gamma_2 (\log^6(2\pi) + 40 \log^3(2\pi) \zeta(3) + 40 \zeta(3)^2 + 144 \log(2\pi) \zeta(5)) + \\
 & 1344 \gamma_3 \zeta(5) + 1120 \log^2(2\pi) \gamma_3 \zeta(3) + 560 \log(2\pi) \gamma_4 \zeta(3) + 112 \gamma_5 \zeta(3)) + \\
 & 256 (10 (\log^9(2\pi) + 168 \log^6(2\pi) \zeta(3) + 3360 \log^3(2\pi) \zeta(3)^2 + 3024 \log^4(2\pi) \zeta(5) + 24\,192 \log(2\pi) \zeta(3) \zeta(5) + \\
 & 25\,920 \log^2(2\pi) \zeta(7) + 2240 (\zeta(3)^3 + 18 \zeta(9))) \gamma_1 + 120 \log^7(2\pi) \gamma_3 + 210 \log^6(2\pi) \gamma_4 + 252 \log^5(2\pi) \gamma_5 + \\
 & 210 \log^4(2\pi) \gamma_6 + 120 \log^3(2\pi) \gamma_7 + 45 \log^2(2\pi) \gamma_8 + 10 \log(2\pi) \gamma_9 + \gamma_{10} + 45 \gamma_2 (\log^8(2\pi) + 112 \log^5(2\pi) \\
 & \zeta(3) + 1120 \log^2(2\pi) \zeta(3)^2 + 1344 \log^3(2\pi) \zeta(5) + 2688 \zeta(3) \zeta(5) + 5760 \log(2\pi) \zeta(7)) + 86\,400 \gamma_3 \zeta(7) + \\
 & 60\,480 \log^2(2\pi) \gamma_3 \zeta(5) + 30\,240 \log(2\pi) \gamma_4 \zeta(5) + 6048 \gamma_5 \zeta(5) + 33\,600 \log(2\pi) \gamma_3 \zeta(3)^2 + 8400 \gamma_4 \zeta(3)^2 + \\
 & 8400 \log^4(2\pi) \gamma_3 \zeta(3) + 8400 \log^3(2\pi) \gamma_4 \zeta(3) + 5040 \log^2(2\pi) \gamma_5 \zeta(3) + 1680 \log(2\pi) \gamma_6 \zeta(3) + 240 \gamma_7 \zeta(3)) - \\
 & 21\,772\,800 \log(2\pi) \zeta(11) + 26\,611\,200 \log(2\pi) \gamma_1 \zeta(9) + 13\,305\,600 \gamma_2 \zeta(9) - \\
 & 8\,870\,400 \\
 & \zeta(3) \\
 & \zeta(9) - 4\,435\,200 \\
 & \log^3(2\pi)
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \zeta(9) + 5\,702\,400 \\
 & \log^3(2\pi) \\
 & \gamma_1 \\
 & \zeta(7) + 8\,553\,600 \\
 & \log^2(2\pi) \gamma_2 \\
 & \zeta(7) + 5\,702\,400 \\
 & \log(2\pi) \gamma_3 \\
 & \zeta(7) + 1\,425\,600 \gamma_4 \\
 & \zeta(7) - 6\,842\,880 \zeta(5) \\
 & \zeta(7) + 11\,404\,800 \gamma_1 \\
 & \zeta(3) \zeta(7) - 5\,702\,400 \\
 & \log^2(2\pi) \zeta(3) \\
 & \zeta(7) - 285\,120 \log^5(2\pi) \\
 & \zeta(7) + 4\,790\,016 \gamma_1 \zeta(5)^2 - \\
 & 2\,395\,008 \log^2(2\pi) \zeta(5)^2 + 399\,168 \log^5(2\pi) \gamma_1 \zeta(5) + \\
 & 997\,920 \log^4(2\pi) \gamma_2 \zeta(5) + \\
 & 1\,330\,560 \log^3(2\pi) \gamma_3 \zeta(5) + \\
 & 997\,920 \log^2(2\pi) \gamma_4 \zeta(5) + \\
 & 399\,168 \log(2\pi) \gamma_5 \zeta(5) + \\
 & 66\,528 \gamma_6 \zeta(5) - \\
 & 2\,661\,120 \log(2\pi) \zeta(3)^2 \zeta(5) + \\
 & 7\,983\,360 \log^2(2\pi) \gamma_1 \zeta(3) \zeta(5) + \\
 & 7\,983\,360 \log(2\pi) \gamma_2 \zeta(3) \zeta(5) + \\
 & 2\,661\,120 \gamma_3 \zeta(3) \zeta(5) - \\
 & 665\,280 \log^4(2\pi) \zeta(3) \zeta(5) - \\
 & 9\,504 \log^7(2\pi) \zeta(5) - \\
 & 123\,200 \zeta(3)^4 + \\
 & 1\,478\,400 \log(2\pi) \gamma_1 \zeta(3)^3 + \\
 & 739\,200 \gamma_2 \zeta(3)^3 - \\
 & 246\,400 \log^3(2\pi) \zeta(3)^3 + \\
 & 554\,400 \log^4(2\pi) \gamma_1 \zeta(3)^2 + \\
 & 1\,108\,800 \log^3(2\pi) \gamma_2 \zeta(3)^2 + \\
 & 1\,108\,800 \log^2(2\pi) \gamma_3 \zeta(3)^2 + \\
 & 554\,400 \log(2\pi) \gamma_4 \zeta(3)^2 + \\
 & 110\,880 \gamma_5 \zeta(3)^2 - \\
 & 18\,480 \log^6(2\pi) \zeta(3)^2 + \\
 & 15\,840 \log^7(2\pi) \gamma_1 \zeta(3) + \\
 & 55\,440 \log^6(2\pi) \gamma_2 \zeta(3) + \\
 & 110\,880 \log^5(2\pi) \gamma_3 \zeta(3) + \\
 & 138\,600 \log^4(2\pi) \gamma_4 \zeta(3) + \\
 & 110\,880 \log^3(2\pi) \gamma_5 \zeta(3) + \\
 & 55\,440 \log^2(2\pi) \gamma_6 \zeta(3) + \\
 & 15\,840 \log(2\pi) \gamma_7 \zeta(3) + \\
 & 1\,980 \gamma_8 \zeta(3) - \\
 & 220 \log^9(2\pi) \zeta(3) -
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{1}{2} \log^2(2\pi) + 60\gamma^{11} \log(2\pi) - \frac{193\,814\,931\pi^{12}}{3\,727\,360} + \frac{11\gamma^{12}}{2}$$

Derivatives at other points

10.01.20.0003.01

$$\zeta'(-1) = \frac{1}{12} - \log(\text{Glaiser})$$

10.01.20.0018.01

$$\zeta'(-3) = -\frac{\log(A)}{2} - \frac{1}{8} \log(2\pi) - 6\psi^{(-5)}(1) + 3\psi^{(-4)}(1) - \frac{11}{720}$$

10.01.20.0019.01

$$\zeta'(-5) = \frac{\log(A)}{6} + \frac{1}{24} \log(2\pi) - 120\psi^{(-7)}(1) + 60\psi^{(-6)}(1) - 10\psi^{(-5)}(1) + \frac{137}{15\,120}$$

10.01.20.0020.01

$$\zeta'(-7) = -\frac{\log(A)}{6} - \frac{1}{24} \log(2\pi) - 5040\psi^{(-9)}(1) + 2520\psi^{(-8)}(1) - 420\psi^{(-7)}(1) + 7\psi^{(-5)}(1) - \frac{121}{11\,200}$$

10.01.20.0021.01

$$\zeta'(-9) = \frac{3\log(A)}{10} + \frac{3}{40} \log(2\pi) - 362\,880\psi^{(-11)}(1) + 181\,440\psi^{(-10)}(1) - 30\,240\psi^{(-9)}(1) + 504\psi^{(-7)}(1) - 12\psi^{(-5)}(1) + \frac{7129}{332\,640}$$

10.01.20.0022.01

$$\zeta'(-2n) = \frac{(-1)^n (2n)!}{2^{2n+1} \pi^{2n}} \zeta(2n+1) ; n \in \mathbb{N}^+$$

10.01.20.0023.01

$$\zeta'\left(\frac{1}{2}\right) = \frac{1}{4} (6 \log(2) + 2 \log(\pi) + \pi + 2\gamma) \zeta\left(\frac{1}{2}\right)$$

10.01.20.0024.01

$$\zeta'(1) = \tilde{\infty}$$

10.01.20.0025.01

$$\zeta'(2) = \frac{1}{6} \pi^2 (-12 \log(A) + \log(2\pi) + \gamma)$$

10.01.20.0026.01

$$\zeta''(-2n) = 2^{-2n} \pi^{-2n} (-1)^n (2n)! ((\log(2\pi) - \psi(2n+1)) \zeta(2n+1) - \zeta'(1+2n)) ; n \in \mathbb{N}^+$$

Symbolic differentiation

General case

10.01.20.0005.02

$$\frac{\partial^n \zeta(s)}{\partial s^n} = (-1)^n \sum_{k=2}^{\infty} \frac{\log^n(k)}{k^s} ; \text{Re}(s) > 1 \wedge n \in \mathbb{N}$$

Derivatives at special points

10.01.20.0027.01

$$\zeta^{(n)}(0) = (-1)^n n! \left(\frac{\operatorname{Im}(z^{n+1})}{\pi(n+1)!} + \frac{1}{\pi} \sum_{k=1}^{n-1} \frac{a_k \operatorname{Im}(z^{n-k})}{(n-k)!} \right) /; n \in \mathbb{N} \wedge z = -\log(2\pi) - \frac{i\pi}{2} \wedge a_k = \left([(s-1)^k] \left(\Gamma(s) \zeta(s) - \frac{1}{s-1} \right) \right)$$

10.01.20.0028.01

$$\zeta^{(n)}(1) = \infty /; n \in \mathbb{N}$$

Fractional integro-differentiation

10.01.20.0006.01

$$\frac{\partial^\alpha \zeta(s)}{\partial s^\alpha} = \frac{s^{-\alpha}}{\Gamma(1-\alpha)} + \sum_{k=2}^{\infty} \frac{(-s)^{-\alpha} (-s \log(k))^\alpha Q(-\alpha, 0, -s \log(k))}{k^s} /; \operatorname{Re}(s) > 1$$

Integration

Indefinite integration

Involving only one direct function

10.01.21.0001.01

$$\int \zeta(s) ds = s - \sum_{k=2}^{\infty} \frac{k^{-s}}{\log(k)} /; \operatorname{Re}(s) > 1$$

Involving one direct function and elementary functions

Involving power function

10.01.21.0002.01

$$\int s^{\alpha-1} \zeta(s) ds = \frac{s^\alpha}{\alpha} - s^\alpha \sum_{k=2}^{\infty} \frac{\Gamma(\alpha, s \log(k))}{(s \log(k))^\alpha}$$

Definite integration

10.01.21.0003.01

$$\int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \left| \frac{(1 - 2^{1-(it+\sigma)}) \zeta(it+\sigma)}{it+\sigma} \right| dt = \frac{\pi(1 - 2^{1-2\sigma}) \zeta(2\sigma)}{\sigma} /; \sigma \in \mathbb{R}^+ \wedge t \in \mathbb{R}$$

A. Ivi█: Some Identities for the Riemann Zeta Function math.NT/0305219 (2003)

<http://arXiv.org/abs/math.NT/0305219>

10.01.21.0004.01

$$\int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \frac{(3 - \sqrt{8} \cos(\log(2)t)) \left| \zeta\left(it + \frac{1}{2}\right) \right|}{t^2 + \frac{1}{4}} dt = \pi \log(2)$$

A. Ivi█: Some Identities for the Riemann Zeta Function math.NT/0305219 (2003)

<http://arXiv.org/abs/math.NT/0305219>

Summation

Infinite summation

10.01.23.0004.01

$$\sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{(s)_k}{k!} \zeta(k+s) z^k = \zeta(s, 1-z) \quad ; |z| < 1$$

10.01.23.0005.01

$$\sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \zeta(k+2) z^k = \frac{\psi(1-z) + \gamma}{z} \quad ; |z| < 1$$

10.01.23.0006.01

$$\sum_{k=1}^{\infty} k \zeta(k+2) z^k = \frac{\psi(1-z) + \gamma}{z} + \psi^{(1)}(1-z) \quad ; |z| < 1$$

10.01.23.0007.01

$$\sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{\zeta(2k)}{2k+1} \left(\frac{1}{2^{2k+1}} - \frac{1}{2^{4k}} \right) = \frac{C}{\pi}$$

G.Huvent (2006)

10.01.23.0001.01

$$\sum_{k=1}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^k (s)_k \zeta(k+s)}{k!} = -1$$

10.01.23.0002.01

$$\sum_{k=1}^{\infty} \frac{(s)_k \zeta(k+s)}{k! 2^k} = (2^s - 2) \zeta(s)$$

10.01.23.0003.01

$$\sum_{k=1}^{\infty} \frac{(s)_k \zeta(k+s)}{k! 2^k} = \zeta\left(s, a - \frac{1}{2}\right) - \zeta(s, a)$$

10.01.23.0008.01

$$\sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{(k+1)!}{(a)_k} \zeta(k+2) z^k = \Gamma(a) \psi^{(2-a)}(-z) (-z)^{1-a} + \frac{1-a}{z^2} (\gamma(a+z-2) + (2-a) \log(-z) - (2-a) \psi(a-1) - 1) \quad ; |z| < 1$$

10.01.23.0009.01

$$\sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{z^k}{k+n} \zeta(k+2) = (n-2)! z^{-n} \sum_{j=0}^{n-2} \frac{z^j}{j! (n-j-2)!} (\psi(n-j-1) \zeta(j-n+2, 1-z) + \zeta^{(1,0)}(j-n+2, 1-z)) - (\psi(n-1) \zeta(2-n, 1) + \zeta'(2-n)) z^{-n} \quad ; n \in \mathbb{Z} \wedge n > 1$$

Operations

Limit operation

$$\lim_{s \rightarrow 1} \left(\zeta(s) - \frac{1}{s-1} \right) = \gamma$$

Representations through more general functions

Through hypergeometric functions

Involving ${}_pF_q$

$$\zeta(n) = {}_{n+1}F_n(1, a_1, a_2, \dots, a_n; a_1 + 1, a_2 + 1, \dots, a_n + 1; 1) /; a_1 = a_2 = \dots = a_n = 1 \wedge n - 1 \in \mathbb{N}^+$$

$$\zeta(n) = \frac{1}{1 - 2^{1-n}} {}_{n+1}F_n(1, a_1, a_2, \dots, a_n; a_1 + 1, a_2 + 1, \dots, a_n + 1; -1) /; a_1 = a_2 = \dots = a_n = 1 \wedge n - 1 \in \mathbb{N}^+$$

Through Meijer G

Classical cases for the direct function itself

$$\zeta(n) = -G_{n+1, n+1}^{1, n+1} \left(-1 \left| \begin{matrix} 1, 1, \dots, 1 \\ 1, 0, \dots, 0 \end{matrix} \right. \right) /; n - 1 \in \mathbb{N}^+$$

$$\zeta(n) = \frac{1}{1 - 2^{1-n}} G_{n+1, n+1}^{1, n+1} \left(1 \left| \begin{matrix} 1, 1, \dots, 1 \\ 1, 0, \dots, 0 \end{matrix} \right. \right) /; n - 1 \in \mathbb{N}^+$$

Through other functions

$$\zeta(s) = \Phi(1, s, 1)$$

$$\zeta(s) = \frac{1}{1 - 2^{1-s}} \Phi(-1, s, 1)$$

$$\zeta(s) = \frac{1}{2^s - 1} \Phi\left(1, s, \frac{1}{2}\right)$$

$$\zeta(s) = S_{s-1}^1(1)$$

$$\zeta(s) = \text{Li}_s(1) /; \text{Re}(s) > 1$$

$$\zeta(s) = -\frac{1}{1 - 2^{1-s}} \text{Li}_s(-1)$$

$$\zeta(s) = \zeta(s, 1)$$

10.01.26.0012.01

$$\zeta(s) = \frac{1}{2^s - 1} \zeta\left(s, \frac{1}{2}\right)$$

10.01.26.0013.01

$$\zeta(s) = \zeta(s, n) + \sum_{k=1}^{n-1} \frac{1}{k^s}; n \in \mathbb{N}^+$$

10.01.26.0014.01

$$\zeta(s) = q^{-s} \sum_{k=1}^q \zeta\left(s, \frac{k}{q}\right); q \in \mathbb{N}^+$$

10.01.26.0015.01

$$\zeta(s) = H_n^{(s)} + \zeta(s, n + 1)$$

Representations through equivalent functions

With related functions

10.01.27.0001.01

$$\zeta(z) = Z\left(\frac{i}{2} - iz\right) \exp\left(-i \vartheta\left(\frac{i}{2} - iz\right)\right)$$

Zeros

Sums over zeros

Modulo the Riemann hypothesis the following the following sums over the nontrivial zeros of the Zeta function hold:

10.01.30.0001.01

$$Z_1 = \frac{1}{2} (-\log(4\pi) + \gamma + 2); Z_1 = \lim_{T \rightarrow \infty} \left(\sum_{|\rho_k|=1} \frac{1}{\rho_k} \right) \wedge \zeta(\rho_k) = 0 \wedge \operatorname{Re}(\rho_k) \neq 0$$

10.01.30.0002.01

$$Z_2 = 2\gamma_1 + \gamma^2 - \frac{\pi^2}{8} + 1; Z_2 = \lim_{T \rightarrow \infty} \left(\sum_{|\rho_k|=1} \frac{1}{\rho_k^2} \right) \wedge \zeta(\rho_k) = 0 \wedge \operatorname{Re}(\rho_k) \neq 0$$

10.01.30.0003.01

$$Z_3 = 3\gamma\gamma_1 + \gamma^3 + \frac{3\gamma_2}{2} - \frac{7\zeta(3)}{8} + 1; Z_3 = \lim_{T \rightarrow \infty} \left(\sum_{|\rho_k|=1} \frac{1}{\rho_k^3} \right) \wedge \zeta(\rho_k) = 0 \wedge \operatorname{Re}(\rho_k) \neq 0$$

10.01.30.0004.01

$$Z_4 = 2\gamma_1^2 + 4\gamma^2\gamma_1 + \gamma^4 + 2\gamma\gamma_2 + \frac{2\gamma_3}{3} - \frac{\pi^4}{96} + 1; Z_4 = \lim_{T \rightarrow \infty} \left(\sum_{|\rho_k|=1} \frac{1}{\rho_k^4} \right) \wedge \zeta(\rho_k) = 0 \wedge \operatorname{Re}(\rho_k) \neq 0$$

10.01.30.0005.01

$$Z_5 = 5\gamma^3\gamma_1 + \frac{5\gamma_2\gamma_1}{2} + \gamma^5 + \frac{5\gamma^2\gamma_2}{2} + \frac{5}{6}\gamma(6\gamma_1^2 + \gamma_3) + \frac{5\gamma_4}{24} - \frac{31\zeta(5)}{32} + 1; Z_5 = \lim_{T \rightarrow \infty} \left(\sum_{|\rho_k|=1} \frac{1}{\rho_k^5} \right) \wedge \zeta(\rho_k) = 0 \wedge \operatorname{Re}(\rho_k) \neq 0$$

10.01.30.0006.01

$$Z_6 = 2\gamma_1^3 + 6\gamma^4\gamma_1 + \gamma_3\gamma_1 + \gamma^6 + \frac{3\gamma_2^2}{4} + 3\gamma^3\gamma_2 + \gamma^2(9\gamma_1^2 + \gamma_3) + \frac{1}{4}\gamma(24\gamma_1\gamma_2 + \gamma_4) + \frac{\gamma_5}{20} - \frac{\pi^6}{960} + 1 /;$$

$$Z_6 = \lim_{T \rightarrow \infty} \left(\sum_{|\rho_k|=1} \frac{1}{\rho_k^6} \right) \wedge \zeta(\rho_k) = 0 \wedge \operatorname{Re}(\rho_k) \neq 0$$

10.01.30.0007.01

$$Z_7 = 7\gamma^5\gamma_1 + \gamma^7 + \frac{7\gamma^4\gamma_2}{2} + \frac{7}{6}\gamma^3(12\gamma_1^2 + \gamma_3) + \frac{7}{24}\gamma^2(36\gamma_1\gamma_2 + \gamma_4) + \frac{7}{24}(2\gamma_2(6\gamma_1^2 + \gamma_3) + \gamma_1\gamma_4) +$$

$$\frac{7}{120}\gamma(30\gamma_2^2 + 40\gamma_1(3\gamma_1^2 + \gamma_3) + \gamma_5) + \frac{7\gamma_6}{720} - \frac{127\zeta(7)}{128} + 1 /; Z_7 = \lim_{T \rightarrow \infty} \left(\sum_{|\rho_k|=1} \frac{1}{\rho_k^7} \right) \wedge \zeta(\rho_k) = 0 \wedge \operatorname{Re}(\rho_k) \neq 0$$

10.01.30.0008.01

$$Z_8 = 2\gamma_1^4 + \frac{4}{3}\gamma_3\gamma_1^2 + 8\gamma^6\gamma_1 + 2\gamma_2^2\gamma_1 + \frac{\gamma_5\gamma_1}{15} + \gamma^8 + \left(16\gamma_1^3 + 4\gamma_3\gamma_1 + 3\gamma_2^2 + \frac{\gamma_5}{15} \right) \gamma^2 + \frac{\gamma_3^2}{9} + 4\gamma^5\gamma_2 +$$

$$\frac{4}{3}\gamma^4(15\gamma_1^2 + \gamma_3) + \frac{\gamma_2\gamma_4}{6} + \frac{1}{3}\gamma^3(48\gamma_1\gamma_2 + \gamma_4) + \frac{1}{90}\gamma(60(2\gamma_2(9\gamma_1^2 + \gamma_3) + \gamma_1\gamma_4) + \gamma_6) + \frac{\gamma_7}{630} - \frac{17\pi^8}{161280} + 1 /;$$

$$Z_8 = \lim_{T \rightarrow \infty} \left(\sum_{|\rho_k|=1} \frac{1}{\rho_k^8} \right) \wedge \zeta(\rho_k) = 0 \wedge \operatorname{Re}(\rho_k) \neq 0$$

10.01.30.0009.01

$$P_n = -\frac{1}{2}n(\log(4\pi) + \gamma) - \sum_{j=1}^n \eta_{j-1} \binom{n}{j} - \sum_{j=2}^n (-1)^{j-1} \binom{n}{j} (1 - 2^{-j}) \zeta(j) + 1 /;$$

$$P_n = \lim_{T \rightarrow \infty} \left(\sum_{|\rho_k|=1} 1 - \left(1 - \frac{1}{\rho_k} \right)^n \right) \wedge \zeta(\rho_k) = 0 \wedge \operatorname{Re}(\rho_k) \neq 0 \wedge n \in \mathbb{N}^+ \wedge \log(s \zeta(s+1)) = - \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{\eta_k s^{k+1}}{k+1}$$

Theorems

The Riemann hypothesis on the zeros of the zeta-function

All nontrivial zeros of $\zeta(s)$ lie on the straight line $\operatorname{Re}(s) = \frac{1}{2}$.

The equivalent version of the Riemann hypothesis

The Riemann hypothesis is equivalent to $\sum_{\rho} \frac{1}{|\rho|^2} = 2 + \gamma - \log(4\pi) /; \zeta(\rho) = 0 \wedge \operatorname{Im}(\rho) \neq 0$.

A generalization of this result due to Li, Bombieri, Lagarias is:

$$\frac{1}{(n-1)!} \frac{\partial^n}{\partial s^n} \left(s^{n-1} \ln \left(\frac{1}{2} s(s-1) \pi^{-s/2} \Gamma \left(\frac{s}{2} \right) \zeta(s) \right) \right) \Big|_{s=1} = \sum_{\rho} 1 - \left(1 - \frac{1}{\rho} \right)^n > 0 \forall n \in \mathbb{N}^+$$

A. Weil's "explicit formula"

Let α be any function from $C_0^\infty(\mathbb{R})$, $\Phi(s) = \int_{-\infty}^\infty \alpha(t) \exp(st) dt$. Then the following identity holds (the ρ -sum runs over all nontrivial zeros of $\zeta(z)$)

$$\Phi(0) + \Phi(1) - \sum_{\rho} \Phi(\rho) =$$

$$\sum_j \log(p_j) \sum_{k=1}^\infty \alpha(k \log(p_j)) + \sum_j \log(p_j) \sum_{k=-\infty}^{-1} p_j^k \alpha(k \log(p_j)) + \alpha(0) \log(\pi) + \int_0^\infty \left(\frac{\alpha(t) - e^{-t} \alpha(-t)}{1 - e^{-2t}} - \alpha(0) \frac{e^{-2t}}{t} \right) dt$$

The distribution of the zeros

The sequence of zeros of $\zeta(z)$ along the critical line $1/2 + it$ is homogeneously distributed mod 1.

Zeta function regularization

If $\sum_{k=1}^\infty e^{-a_k z}$ is defined for $\text{Re}(z) > 0$ and can be analytically continued to a domain containing $z = 0$, then

$$\lim_{z \rightarrow 0} \sum_{k=1}^\infty a_k e^{-a_k z} = \lim_{s \rightarrow -1} \sum_{k=1}^\infty a_k^{-s}$$

One map with zeta function

The map $h : \mathbb{R} \rightarrow \mathbb{C}^n$ defined by $h(t) = \{\zeta(\sigma + it), \zeta'(\sigma + it), \zeta''(\sigma + it), \dots, \zeta^{(n)}(\sigma + it)\}$ with constant $1/2 < \sigma < 1$ is dense in \mathbb{C}^n .

One max-property

If $f(z)$ is any nonvanishing continuous analytic function in the disk $|z| < 1/4$, then there exists a real $t(\varepsilon)$ such that

$$\max_{|z| < 1/4} \left| \zeta\left(z + \frac{3}{4} + it(\varepsilon)\right) - f(z) \right| < \varepsilon.$$

Montgomery conjecture

The two-point correlation function $R_2(r)$ for the zeros of $\zeta(z)$ on the critical line is $R_2(r) = 1 - \sin(\pi r)^2 / (\pi r)^2$.

Keating–Snaith conjecture

For $k \in \mathbb{R}$, $k > -1/2$ the following is conjectured:

$$\lim_{T \rightarrow \infty} \int_0^T \left| \zeta\left(\frac{1}{2} + it\right) \right|^{2k} dt \propto \frac{G(k+1)^2}{G(2k+1)} a(k) \left(\log\left(\frac{T}{2\pi}\right) \right)^k$$

Here $G(z)$ is the Barnes G function and $a(k) = \prod_{n=1}^\infty (1 - p_n)^{k^2} \sum_{j=0}^\infty (\Gamma(j+k) / (j! \Gamma(k)))^2 p_n^{-j}$.

Hughes–Keating–O’Connell conjecture

For $k \in \mathbb{R}$, $k > -3/2$ the following is conjectured:

$$\lim_{T \rightarrow \infty} \sum_{0 < s_n < T} \left| \zeta' \left(\frac{1}{2} + i s_n \right) \right|^{2k} dt \propto \frac{G(k+2)^2}{G(2k+3)} a(k) \left(\log \left(\frac{T}{2\pi} \right) \right)^{k(k+2)}$$

Here the sum extends over all zeros on the critical line and $G(z)$ is the Barnes G function and $a(k) = \prod_{n=1}^{\infty} (1 - p_n)^{k^2} \sum_{j=0}^{\infty} (\Gamma(j+k) / (j! \Gamma(k)))^2 p_n^{-j}$.

GUE hypothesis

A fixed set of nontrivial zeros of $\zeta(z)$ behaves asymptotically like the eigenvalues of a Gaussian unitary ensemble.

Asymptotical behaviour of zeros

The number $N(t)$ of zeros $\frac{1}{2} + i \gamma_n$ of $\zeta\left(\frac{1}{2} + i t\right)$ behaves asymptotically as $N(t) = \frac{t}{2\pi} \log\left(\frac{t}{2\pi e}\right) + O(\log(t))$.

The lattice-packing density for any convex symmetrical body

The lattice-packing density $\delta_n(\mathcal{K})$ for any convex symmetrical body \mathcal{K} in n dimensions satisfies the inequality

$$\delta_n(\mathcal{K}) \geq \frac{n \zeta(n)}{e(1-e^{-n}) 2^{n-1}}.$$

The probability of a lattice point to be visible

The probability of a lattice point from \mathbb{Z}^d being visible from the origin (i.e., an d -tuple of integers is relatively prime) is $\frac{1}{\zeta(d)}$.

The scattering matrix

The scattering matrix \mathcal{S} of the Laplace–Beltrami operator in the modular domain has the form

$$\mathcal{S}(\omega) = \frac{\Gamma(1/2) \Gamma(i\omega)}{\Gamma(1/2+i\omega)} \frac{\zeta(2i\omega)}{\zeta(1+2i\omega)}.$$

History

- L. Euler (1737)
- P. G. L. Dirichlet
- P. L. Chebyshev
- B. Riemann (1859)
- J. Hadamard (1893)
- H. von Mangoldt (1894)
- Ch. J. de la Vallée–Poussin (1896)

Applications include number theory, Bose–Einstein and Fermi–Dirac statistics, analytic approximation and evaluation of integrals and products, regularization techniques in quantum field theory, Scharnhorst effect of quantum electrodynamics, Brownian motion.

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