

EllipticExpPrime

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Notations

Traditional name

Derivative of the elliptic exponential

Traditional notation

$e\exp'_z(z; a, b)$

Mathematica StandardForm notation

`EllipticExpPrime[z, {a, b}]`

Primary definition

09.56.02.0001.01

$$e\exp'_z(z; a, b) = \frac{\partial e\exp(z; a, b)}{\partial z}$$

General characteristics

Domain and analyticity

$e\exp'_z(z; a, b)$ is a vector-valued function of z , a and b , that is analytic in each component and it is defined over \mathbb{C}^3 .

09.56.04.0001.01

$$(z * \{a * b\}) \rightarrow e\exp'_z(z; a, b) :: (\mathbb{C} \otimes \{\mathbb{C} \otimes \mathbb{C}\}) \rightarrow \{\mathbb{C} \otimes \mathbb{C}\}$$

Symmetries and periodicities

Mirror symmetry

09.56.04.0002.01

$$e\exp'_z(\bar{z}; \bar{a}, \bar{b}) = \overline{e\exp'_z(z; a, b)}$$

Periodicity

No periodicity

Branch points

Branch points locations: complicated

Branch cuts

Branch cut locations: complicated

Differential equations

Ordinary nonlinear differential equations

09.56.13.0001.01

$$27 w(z)^4 + 8 a (2 a^2 + 9 b) w(z)^2 + 64 b^3 - 2 w'(z)^3 - 16 a^2 b^2 - 12 b w'(z)^2 = 0 /; w(z) = \text{eexp}'_z(z; a, b)$$

Representations through equivalent functions

With inverse function

09.56.27.0001.01

$$\xi = 2 z_2 /; z_1^3 + a z_1^2 + b z_1 - z_2^2 = 0 /; \{\xi, \eta\} = \text{eexp}'_z(\text{elog}(z_1, z_2; a, b); a, b)$$

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