

InverseJacobiDS

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Notations

Traditional name

Inverse of the Jacobi elliptic function ds

Traditional notation

$$\text{ds}^{-1}(z | m)$$

Mathematica StandardForm notation

InverseJacobiDS[z , m]

Primary definition

09.42.02.0001.01

$$z = \text{ds}(w | m) /; w = \text{ds}^{-1}(z | m)$$

09.42.02.0002.01

$$\text{ds}^{-1}(z | m) = \int_z^\infty \frac{1}{\sqrt{t^2 + m} \sqrt{t^2 + m - 1}} dt /; z \in \mathbb{R} \wedge z^2 + m > 1$$

Specific values

Specialized values

For fixed z

09.42.03.0001.01

$$\text{ds}^{-1}(z | 0) = \text{csc}^{-1}(z)$$

09.42.03.0002.01

$$\text{ds}^{-1}\left(z \left| \frac{1}{2} \right.\right) = \sqrt{2} F\left(\sin^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}z}\right) \left| -1 \right.\right) /; z > 1$$

09.42.03.0003.01

$$\text{ds}^{-1}(z | 1) = \text{csch}^{-1}(z)$$

For fixed m

09.42.03.0004.01

$$\text{ds}^{-1}(-1 | m) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{m}} \left(K\left(\frac{1}{m}\right) + i F\left(\sin^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{1-m}}\right) \left| \frac{m-1}{m} \right.\right) \right) /; m > 1$$

09.42.03.0005.01

$$\operatorname{ds}^{-1}\left(-\frac{1}{2} \mid m\right) = \frac{2i}{\sqrt{m}} F\left(\sin^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{2\sqrt{1-m}}\right) \mid \frac{m-1}{m}\right) + \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-m}} F\left(\sin^{-1}(2\sqrt{1-m}) \mid \frac{m}{m-1}\right); m > 1$$

09.42.03.0006.01

$$\operatorname{ds}^{-1}(0 \mid m) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{m}} K\left(\frac{1}{m}\right); m > 1$$

09.42.03.0007.01

$$\operatorname{ds}^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{2} \mid m\right) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-m}} F\left(\sin^{-1}(2\sqrt{1-m}) \mid \frac{m}{m-1}\right); m > 1$$

09.42.03.0008.01

$$\operatorname{ds}^{-1}(1 \mid m) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{m}} \left(K\left(\frac{1}{m}\right) - i F\left(\sin^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{1-m}}\right) \mid \frac{m-1}{m}\right) \right); m > 1$$

Values at infinities

09.42.03.0009.01

$$\operatorname{ds}^{-1}(z \mid \infty) = 0$$

09.42.03.0010.01

$$\operatorname{ds}^{-1}(z \mid -\infty) = 0$$

09.42.03.0011.01

$$\operatorname{ds}^{-1}(\infty \mid m) = 0$$

09.42.03.0012.01

$$\operatorname{ds}^{-1}(-\infty \mid m) = \frac{2}{\sqrt{m}} K\left(\frac{1}{m}\right); m > 1$$

General characteristics

Domain and analyticity

$\operatorname{ds}^{-1}(z \mid m)$ is an analytical function of z and m which is defined over \mathbb{C}^2 .

09.42.04.0001.01

$$(z * m) \rightarrow \operatorname{ds}^{-1}(z \mid m) :: (\mathbb{C} \otimes \mathbb{C}) \rightarrow \mathbb{C}$$

Symmetries and periodicities

Mirror symmetry

09.42.04.0002.01

$$\operatorname{ds}^{-1}(\bar{z} \mid \bar{m}) = \overline{\operatorname{ds}^{-1}(z \mid m)}$$

Quasi-reflection symmetry

09.42.04.0003.01

$$\operatorname{ds}^{-1}(-z \mid m) = \frac{2i}{\sqrt{m}} F\left(\sin^{-1}\left(\frac{z}{\sqrt{1-m}}\right) \mid \frac{m-1}{m}\right) + \operatorname{ds}^{-1}(z \mid m)$$

Poles and essential singularities

With respect to m

The function $\text{ds}^{-1}(z | m)$ does not have poles and essential singularities with respect to m .

09.42.04.0004.01

$$\text{Sing}_m(\text{ds}^{-1}(z | m)) = \{\}$$

With respect to z

The function $\text{ds}^{-1}(z | m)$ does not have poles and essential singularities with respect to z .

09.42.04.0005.01

$$\text{Sing}_z(\text{ds}^{-1}(z | m)) = \{\}$$

Branch points

With respect to m

For fixed z , the function $\text{ds}^{-1}(z | m)$ has three branch points: $m = -z^2$, $m = 1 - z^2$, $m = \infty$.

09.42.04.0006.01

$$\mathcal{BP}_m(\text{ds}^{-1}(z | m)) = \{-z^2, 1 - z^2, \infty\}$$

09.42.04.0007.01

$$\mathcal{R}_m(\text{ds}^{-1}(z | m), -z^2) = \log$$

09.42.04.0008.01

$$\mathcal{R}_m(\text{ds}^{-1}(z | m), 1 - z^2) = \log$$

09.42.04.0009.01

$$\mathcal{R}_m(\text{ds}^{-1}(z | m), \infty) = 2$$

With respect to z

For fixed m , the function $\text{ds}^{-1}(z | m)$ has six branch points: $z = 0$, $z = \pm \sqrt{-m}$, $z = \pm \sqrt{1 - m}$, $z = \infty$.

09.42.04.0010.01

$$\mathcal{BP}_z(\text{ds}^{-1}(z | m)) = \{0, \sqrt{-m}, -\sqrt{-m}, \sqrt{1 - m}, -\sqrt{1 - m}, \infty\}$$

09.42.04.0011.01

$$\mathcal{R}_z(\text{ds}^{-1}(z | m), 0) = \log$$

09.42.04.0012.01

$$\mathcal{R}_z(\text{ds}^{-1}(z | m), \sqrt{-m}) = 2$$

09.42.04.0013.01

$$\mathcal{R}_z(\text{ds}^{-1}(z | m), -\sqrt{-m}) = 2$$

09.42.04.0014.01

$$\mathcal{R}_z(\text{ds}^{-1}(z | m), \sqrt{1 - m}) = 2$$

09.42.04.0015.01

$$\mathcal{R}_z(\text{ds}^{-1}(z | m), -\sqrt{1-m}) = 2$$

09.42.04.0016.01

$$\mathcal{R}_z(\text{ds}^{-1}(z | m), \infty) = \log$$

Branch cuts

Branch cut locations: complicated

Series representations

Generalized power series

Expansions at $z = 0$

09.42.06.0001.02

$$\text{ds}^{-1}(z | m) \propto \sqrt{\frac{1}{m}} K\left(\frac{1}{m}\right) - \frac{z}{\sqrt{m-1} \sqrt{m}} + \frac{(2m-1)z^3}{6(m-1)^{3/2} m^{3/2}} - \dots /; (z \rightarrow 0)$$

09.42.06.0002.01

$$\text{ds}^{-1}(z | m) = \sqrt{\frac{1}{m}} K\left(\frac{1}{m}\right) - \frac{1}{\sqrt{m-1} \sqrt{m}} \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^k m^{-k} \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)_k}{(2k+1)k!} {}_2F_1\left(\frac{1}{2}, -k; \frac{1}{2} - k; \frac{m}{m-1}\right) z^{2k+1}$$

09.42.06.0007.01

$$\text{ds}^{-1}(z | m) \propto \sqrt{\frac{1}{m}} K\left(\frac{1}{m}\right) (1 + O(z))$$

Expansions at $m = 0$

09.42.06.0003.02

$$\text{ds}^{-1}(z | m) \propto \csc^{-1}(z) + \frac{1}{4} \left(\csc^{-1}(z) + \frac{z^2+1}{z(1-z^2)} \sqrt{1-\frac{1}{z^2}} \right) m + \frac{1}{64} \left(9 \csc^{-1}(z) - \frac{(9z^6 - 12z^4 - 11z^2 + 6)}{z^3(z^2-1)^2} \sqrt{1-\frac{1}{z^2}} \right) m^2 + \dots /;$$

($m \rightarrow 0$)

09.42.06.0008.01

$$\text{ds}^{-1}(z | m) = \sum_{j=0}^{\infty} \sum_{k=0}^j \frac{(-1)^j \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)_{j-k} \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)_k z^{-2j-1}}{(2j+1)(j-k)!k!} {}_2F_1\left(j + \frac{1}{2}, k + \frac{1}{2}; j + \frac{3}{2}; \frac{1}{z^2}\right) m^j$$

09.42.06.0004.01

$$\text{ds}^{-1}(z | m) = \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \sum_{j=0}^{\infty} \frac{z^{-2j-2k-1} (-1)^{j+k} \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)_j \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)_k}{(2j+2k+1)j!k!} {}_2F_1\left(j + \frac{1}{2}, j+k + \frac{1}{2}; j+k + \frac{3}{2}; \frac{1}{z^2}\right) m^{j+k}$$

09.42.06.0005.01

$$\text{ds}^{-1}(z | m) = \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \sum_{j=0}^{\infty} \sum_{l=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^{j+k} m^{j+k} z^{-2j-2k-2l-1} \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)_k \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)_{j+l}}{(2j+2k+2l+1)j!^2 k!^2}$$

09.42.06.0006.01

$$ds^{-1}(z|m) = \frac{1}{z} \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{\left(\frac{1}{2}\right)_k^2 z^{-2k}}{\left(\frac{3}{2}\right)_k} F_{1 \times 0 \times 0}^{1 \times 1 \times 1} \left(\begin{matrix} k + \frac{1}{2}; k + \frac{1}{2}; \frac{1}{2}; \\ k + \frac{3}{2}; 1; 1; \end{matrix} \begin{matrix} -\frac{m}{z^2}, -\frac{m}{z^2} \end{matrix} \right)$$

09.42.06.0009.01

$$ds^{-1}(z|m) \propto \csc^{-1}(z) (1 + O(m))$$

Integral representations

On the real axis

Of the direct function

09.42.07.0001.01

$$ds^{-1}(z|m) = \int_z^{\infty} \frac{1}{\sqrt{t^2+m} \sqrt{t^2+m-1}} dt /; z \in \mathbb{R} \wedge z^2+m > 1$$

09.42.07.0002.01

$$ds^{-1}(z|m) = ds^{-1}(z_0|m) - \frac{\sqrt{z^2+m-1} \operatorname{nc}(ds^{-1}(z|m)|m)}{\sqrt{z^2+m}} \int_{z_0}^z \frac{1}{\sqrt{t^2+m} \sqrt{t^2+m-1}} dt /;$$

$$\neg \exists_{\tau, (\tau \in \mathbb{R}, 0 < \tau < 1)} \left(\operatorname{Im}((\tau(z-z_0)+z_0)^2+m) = 0 \wedge (\tau(z-z_0)+z_0)^2+m < 0 \wedge \operatorname{Im}((\tau(z-z_0)+z_0)^2+m-1) = 0 \wedge (\tau(z-z_0)+z_0)^2+m-1 < 0 \right)$$

09.42.07.0003.01

$$ds^{-1}(z|m) = \frac{\sqrt{z^2+m-1} \operatorname{nc}(ds^{-1}(z|m)|m)}{\sqrt{z^2+m}} \int_z^{\infty} \frac{1}{\sqrt{t^2+m} \sqrt{t^2+m-1}} dt /;$$

$$\neg \exists_{\tau, (\tau \in \mathbb{R}, 0 < \tau < 1)} \left(\operatorname{Im}\left(\left(z + \tan\left(\frac{\pi \tau}{2}\right)\right)^2+m\right) = 0 \wedge \left(z + \tan\left(\frac{\pi \tau}{2}\right)\right)^2+m < 0 \wedge \operatorname{Im}\left(\left(z + \tan\left(\frac{\pi \tau}{2}\right)\right)^2+m-1\right) = 0 \wedge \left(z + \tan\left(\frac{\pi \tau}{2}\right)\right)^2+m-1 < 0 \right)$$

Differential equations

Ordinary nonlinear differential equations

09.42.13.0001.01

$$w''(z) + (2z^2 + 2m - 1)z w'(z)^3 = 0 /; w(z) = ds^{-1}(z|m)$$

Transformations

Transformations and argument simplifications

Argument involving basic arithmetic operations

09.42.16.0001.01

$$\operatorname{ds}^{-1}(-z | m) = \frac{2i}{\sqrt{m}} F\left(\sin^{-1}\left(\frac{z}{\sqrt{1-m}}\right) \middle| \frac{m-1}{m}\right) + \operatorname{ds}^{-1}(z | m)$$

Identities

Functional identities

09.42.17.0001.01

$$\begin{aligned} (z_1^2 - z_2^2)^2 \operatorname{ds}(w(z_1) + w(z_2) | m)^4 - 2(z_2^2 z_1^4 + (z_2^4 + (4m-2)z_2^2 + (m-1)m)z_1^2 + (m-1)mz_2^2) \operatorname{ds}(w(z_1) + w(z_2) | m)^2 + \\ ((m-1)m - z_1^2 z_2^2)^2 = 0 \ ; \ w(z) = \operatorname{ds}^{-1}(z | m) \end{aligned}$$

Differentiation

Low-order differentiation

With respect to z

09.42.20.0001.02

$$\frac{\partial \operatorname{ds}^{-1}(z | m)}{\partial z} = - \frac{\operatorname{nc}(\operatorname{ds}^{-1}(z | m) | m)}{z^2 + m}$$

09.42.20.0002.01

$$\frac{\partial \operatorname{ds}^{-1}(z | m)}{\partial z} = - \frac{1}{\sqrt{z^2 + m} \sqrt{z^2 + m - 1}} \ ; \ z \in \mathbb{R} \wedge z^2 + m > 1$$

09.42.20.0003.02

$$\frac{\partial^2 \operatorname{ds}^{-1}(z | m)}{\partial z^2} = \frac{z(2z^2 + 2m - 1) \operatorname{nc}(\operatorname{ds}^{-1}(z | m) | m)}{(z^2 + m - 1)(z^2 + m)^2}$$

09.42.20.0011.01

$$\frac{\partial^2 \operatorname{ds}^{-1}(z | m)}{\partial z^2} = - \frac{\sqrt{z^2 + m - 1} \operatorname{nc}(\operatorname{ds}^{-1}(z | m) | m)}{\sqrt{z^2 + m}} \frac{\partial}{\partial z} \frac{1}{\sqrt{z^2 + m} \sqrt{z^2 + m - 1}}$$

With respect to m

09.42.20.0004.02

$$\frac{\partial \operatorname{ds}^{-1}(z | m)}{\partial m} = - \frac{E(\operatorname{am}(\operatorname{ds}^{-1}(z | m) | m) | m) + (m-1) \operatorname{ds}^{-1}(z | m) - \frac{m z \operatorname{nc}(\operatorname{ds}^{-1}(z | m) | m)}{z^2 + m}}{2(m-1)m}$$

09.42.20.0005.01

$$\frac{\partial \operatorname{ds}^{-1}(z|m)}{\partial m} = \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{z(z^2 + 2m - 1)}{(m-1)m\sqrt{z^2 + m - 1}\sqrt{z^2 + m}} + \frac{1}{(m-1)\sqrt{m}} \left((m-1)K\left(\frac{1}{m}\right) - mE\left(\frac{1}{m}\right) \right) + \frac{i}{\sqrt{m}} E\left(\sin^{-1}\left(\frac{z}{\sqrt{1-m}}\right) \middle| \frac{m-1}{m}\right) + \frac{i}{\sqrt{m-1}} E\left(i \sinh^{-1}\left(\frac{z}{\sqrt{m}}\right) \middle| \frac{m}{m-1}\right) + \frac{1}{\sqrt{m-1}m} \left((m-1)E\left(\frac{1}{1-m}\right) - mK\left(\frac{1}{1-m}\right) \right) \right) ; z \in \mathbb{R} \wedge m > 1$$

09.42.20.0006.01

$$\frac{\partial^2 \operatorname{ds}^{-1}(z|m)}{\partial m^2} = \frac{1}{4(m-1)^2 m^2} \left((4m-2)E(\operatorname{am}(\operatorname{ds}^{-1}(z|m)|m)|m) + (m-1)F(\operatorname{am}(\operatorname{ds}^{-1}(z|m)|m)|m) + \frac{1}{(z^2+m)(z^2+m-1)^2} \left(3(z^2+m)\operatorname{ds}^{-1}(z|m)(m^2+(z^2-2)m-z^2+1)^2 + m \operatorname{cs}(\operatorname{ds}^{-1}(z|m)|m) \left(\sqrt{\frac{z^2}{z^2+m}} (m^2+(z^2-2)m-z^2+1) - (-z^4+z^2+5m^3+m^2(8z^2-7)+m(3z^4-7z^2+2)) \operatorname{dn}(\operatorname{ds}^{-1}(z|m)|m) \right) \right) \right)$$

09.42.20.0012.01

$$\frac{\partial^3 \operatorname{ds}^{-1}(z|m)}{\partial m^3} = \frac{1}{8(m-1)^3 m^3}$$

$$\left(\frac{1}{z(z^2+m-1)^3(z^2+m)} \left(m z \operatorname{cn}(\operatorname{ds}^{-1}(z|m)|m) \left(-(m-1)mz((3m-1)z^4 + (m(8m-7)+1)z^2 + (m-1)m(5m-2)) - \right. \right. \right.$$

$$(m-1)(z^2+m-1) \sqrt{\frac{z^2}{z^2+m}} (-z^6 + (5m-3)z^4 + (m(18m-19)+4)z^2 + (m-1)m(12m-7))$$

$$\left. \operatorname{sn}(\operatorname{ds}^{-1}(z|m)|m) + \operatorname{dn}(\operatorname{ds}^{-1}(z|m)|m) \left(\frac{mz(z^2+m-1)(m-1)^2}{\sqrt{\frac{z^2}{z^2+m}}} + ((3m(5m-4)+5)z^8 + \right. \right.$$

$$(m(m(73m-94)+47)-10)z^6 + (m(m(m(139m-248)+158)-46)+5)z^4 + (m-1)m$$

$$\left. \left. \left. (m(m(119m-152)+66)-11)z^2 + (m-1)^2 m^2 (m(38m-29)+9)) \operatorname{sn}(\operatorname{ds}^{-1}(z|m)|m) \right) \right) \right) -$$

$$z(z^2+m-1)^3(z^2+m)((23(m-1)m+8)E(\operatorname{am}(\operatorname{ds}^{-1}(z|m)|m)|m) + (m-1)(11m-7)$$

$$\left. \left. \left. F(\operatorname{am}(\operatorname{ds}^{-1}(z|m)|m)|m) \right) - 15(m-1)^3 \operatorname{ds}^{-1}(z|m) \right) \right)$$

Symbolic differentiation

With respect to z

09.42.20.0013.01

$$\frac{\partial^n \operatorname{ds}^{-1}(z|m)}{\partial z^n} =$$

$$\delta_n \operatorname{ds}^{-1}(z|m) - \frac{\operatorname{nc}(\operatorname{ds}^{-1}(z|m)|m)}{z^2+m} \sum_{j=0}^{n-1} \frac{(1-n)_{2(n-j)-2}}{(n-j-1)!(2z)^{-2j+n-1}} \sum_{k=0}^j (-1)^j \binom{j}{k} \binom{1}{2}_k \binom{1}{2}_{j-k} (z^2+m-1)^{-k} (z^2+m)^{k-j} ; n \in \mathbb{N}$$

09.42.20.0014.01

$$\frac{\partial^n \operatorname{ds}^{-1}(z|m)}{\partial z^n} = \delta_n \operatorname{ds}^{-1}(z|m) -$$

$$\frac{\operatorname{nc}(\operatorname{ds}^{-1}(z|m)|m)}{z^2+m} \sum_{j=0}^{n-1} \frac{(-1)^j 2^{2j-n+1} z^{2j-n+1} (z^2+m)^{-j} \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)_j (1-n)_{2(n-j)-2}}{(-j+n-j-1)!} {}_2F_1\left(\frac{1}{2}, -j; \frac{1}{2} - j; \frac{z^2+m}{z^2+m-1}\right) ; n \in \mathbb{N}$$

09.42.20.0015.01

$$\frac{\partial^n \text{ds}^{-1}(z|m)}{\partial z^n} = \delta_n \text{ds}^{-1}(z|m) - \frac{\sqrt{z^2+m-1} \text{nc}(\text{ds}^{-1}(z|m)|m)}{\sqrt{z^2+m}} \frac{\partial^{n-1} \frac{1}{\sqrt{z^2+m} \sqrt{z^2+m-1}}}{\partial z^{n-1}} ; n \in \mathbb{N}^+$$

09.42.20.0007.01

$$\frac{\partial^n \text{ds}^{-1}(z|m)}{\partial z^n} = - \frac{2^{n-1} \pi z^{n-1} (n-1)! \text{nc}(\text{ds}^{-1}(z|m)|m)}{z^2+m} \sum_{j=0}^{n-1} \frac{(z^2+m-1)^{j-n+1} (z^2+m)^{-j}}{j! (n-j-1)! \Gamma\left(\frac{1}{2}-j\right) \Gamma\left(j-n+\frac{3}{2}\right)}$$

$${}_2F_1\left(\frac{1-j}{2}, -\frac{j}{2}; \frac{1}{2}-j; \frac{m}{z^2}+1\right) {}_2F_1\left(\frac{j-n+2}{2}, \frac{j-n+1}{2}; j-n+\frac{3}{2}; \frac{m-1}{z^2}+1\right) ; n \in \mathbb{N}^+$$

With respect to m

09.42.20.0008.02

$$\frac{\partial^n \text{ds}^{-1}(z|m)}{\partial m^n} = \frac{z^{-2n-1}}{2n+1} \sum_{k=0}^n \binom{n}{k} \left(\frac{1}{2}-k\right)_k \left(k-n+\frac{1}{2}\right)_{n-k} F_1\left(n+\frac{1}{2}; -k+n+\frac{1}{2}, k+\frac{1}{2}; n+\frac{3}{2}; \frac{1-m}{z^2}, -\frac{m}{z^2}\right) ;$$

$$|z| > 1 \wedge |m| > 1 \wedge n \in \mathbb{N}$$

Fractional integro-differentiation

With respect to z

09.42.20.0009.01

$$\frac{\partial^\alpha \text{ds}^{-1}(z|m)}{\partial z^\alpha} = \frac{z^{-\alpha}}{\sqrt{m} \Gamma(1-\alpha)} K\left(\frac{1}{m}\right) - \frac{z^{1-\alpha} \sqrt{\pi}}{\sqrt{m-1} \sqrt{m}} \tilde{F}_{2 \times 0 \times 0}^{2 \times 1 \times 1} \left(\begin{matrix} \frac{1}{2}, 1; \frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2}; \\ \frac{3-\alpha}{2}, 1-\frac{\alpha}{2}; \end{matrix} ; \frac{z^2}{1-m}, -\frac{z^2}{m} \right) ; z \in \mathbb{R} \wedge m > 1$$

With respect to m

09.42.20.0010.01

$$\frac{\partial^\alpha \text{ds}^{-1}(z|m)}{\partial m^\alpha} = \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \sum_{j=0}^{\infty} \frac{\left(\frac{1}{2}\right)_k \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)_j (j+k)! (-1)^{j+k} z^{-2j-2k-1} m^{j+k-\alpha}}{(2j+2k+1) \Gamma(j+k-\alpha+1) k! j!} {}_2F_1\left(\frac{1}{2}+j+k, j+\frac{1}{2}; \frac{3}{2}+j+k; \frac{1}{z^2}\right) ; z > 1 \wedge -1 < m < 1$$

Integration

Indefinite integration

Involving only one direct function

09.42.21.0001.01

$$\int \text{ds}^{-1}(z|m) dz = z \text{ds}^{-1}(z|m) + \log(\text{cs}(\text{ds}^{-1}(z|m)|m) + \text{ns}(\text{ds}^{-1}(z|m)|m))$$

Involving only one direct function with respect to m

09.42.21.0002.01

$$\int ds^{-1}(z|m) dm = 2 \left(\frac{\sqrt{z^2+m-1} \sqrt{z^2+m}}{z} - z \left(\log \left(\frac{\sqrt{z^2+m-1} + \sqrt{z^2+m}}{2z} \right) + 1 \right) + \sqrt{m-1} i \left(E \left(i \sinh^{-1} \left(\frac{\sqrt{m-1}}{z} \right) \middle| \frac{m}{m-1} \right) - F \left(i \sinh^{-1} \left(\frac{\sqrt{m-1}}{z} \right) \middle| \frac{m}{m-1} \right) \right) \right) /; z > 0 \wedge m > 0$$

Representations through more general functions

Through hypergeometric functions of two variables

09.42.26.0001.01

$$ds^{-1}(z|m) = \frac{1}{z} \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{\left(\frac{1}{2}\right)_k^2 z^{-2k}}{\left(\frac{3}{2}\right)_k} F_{1 \times 1 \times 1 \times 1}^{1 \times 1 \times 1 \times 1} \left(\begin{matrix} k + \frac{1}{2}; k + \frac{1}{2}; \frac{1}{2}; \\ k + \frac{3}{2}; 1; 1; \end{matrix} ; -\frac{m}{z^2}, -\frac{m}{z^2} \right)$$

Through other functions

Involving some hypergeometric-type functions

09.42.26.0002.01

$$ds^{-1}(z|m) = \frac{1}{z} F_1 \left(\frac{1}{2}; \frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{3}{2}; \frac{1-m}{z^2}, -\frac{m}{z^2} \right) /; z^2 + m > 1$$

09.42.26.0003.01

$$ds^{-1}(z|m) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{m}} K \left(\frac{1}{m} \right) - \frac{z}{\sqrt{m-1} \sqrt{m}} F_1 \left(\frac{1}{2}; \frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{3}{2}; \frac{z^2}{1-m}, -\frac{z^2}{m} \right) /; z \in \mathbb{R} \wedge m > 1$$

Representations through equivalent functions

With inverse function

09.42.27.0001.01

$$ds(ds^{-1}(z|m)|m) = z$$

With related functions

Involving cd^{-1}

09.42.27.0002.01

$$ds^{-1}(z|m) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-m}} \left(K \left(\frac{m}{m-1} \right) - cd^{-1} \left(\frac{\sqrt{1-m}}{z} \middle| \frac{m}{m-1} \right) \right) /; z > 0 \wedge m > 0$$

Involving cn^{-1}

09.42.27.0003.01

$$ds^{-1}(z|m) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-m}} cn^{-1} \left(\frac{\sqrt{z^2+m-1}}{z} \middle| \frac{m}{m-1} \right) /; z > 1 \wedge m > 1$$

Involving cs^{-1}

09.42.27.0004.01

$$\text{ds}^{-1}(z|m) = \frac{i}{\sqrt{1-m}} \text{cs}^{-1}\left(\frac{iz}{\sqrt{1-m}} \middle| \frac{1}{1-m}\right); z \in \mathbb{R} \wedge m > 1$$

Involving dc^{-1}

09.42.27.0005.01

$$\text{ds}^{-1}(z|m) = \frac{i}{\sqrt{m}} \left(K\left(\frac{m-1}{m}\right) - \text{dc}^{-1}\left(\frac{iz}{\sqrt{m}} \middle| \frac{m-1}{m}\right) \right); m > 1$$

Involving dn^{-1}

09.42.27.0006.01

$$\text{ds}^{-1}(z|m) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-m}} K\left(\frac{m}{m-1}\right) + \frac{1}{\sqrt{m}} \text{dn}^{-1}\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-m}}{z} \middle| \frac{1}{m}\right); z > 0 \wedge m > 1$$

Involving nc^{-1}

09.42.27.0007.01

$$\text{ds}^{-1}(z|m) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-m}} K\left(\frac{m}{m-1}\right) + i \text{nc}^{-1}\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-m}}{z} \middle| 1-m\right); z > 0 \wedge m < 1$$

Involving nd^{-1}

09.42.27.0008.01

$$\text{ds}^{-1}(z|m) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-m}} \left(K\left(\frac{m}{m-1}\right) + i \text{nd}^{-1}\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-m}}{z} \middle| \frac{1}{1-m}\right) \right); z > 0 \wedge m > 0$$

Involving ns^{-1}

09.42.27.0009.01

$$\text{ds}^{-1}(z|m) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-m}} \text{ns}^{-1}\left(\frac{z}{\sqrt{1-m}} \middle| \frac{m}{m-1}\right); z > 0 \wedge m > 0$$

Involving sc^{-1}

09.42.27.0010.01

$$\text{ds}^{-1}(z|m) = \frac{i}{\sqrt{1-m}} \text{sc}^{-1}\left(-\frac{i\sqrt{1-m}}{z} \middle| \frac{1}{1-m}\right); z > 0 \wedge m > 0$$

Involving sd^{-1}

09.42.27.0011.01

$$\text{ds}^{-1}(z|m) = \text{sd}^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{z} \middle| m\right); z > 0 \wedge m > 1$$

Involving sn^{-1}

09.42.27.0012.01

$$\text{ds}^{-1}(z|m) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-m}} \text{sn}^{-1}\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-m}}{z} \middle| \frac{m}{m-1}\right); z > 0 \wedge m > 0$$

Involving elliptic integrals

09.42.27.0013.01

$$ds^{-1}(z|m) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-m}} F\left(\sin^{-1}\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-m}}{z}\right) \middle| \frac{m}{m-1}\right); z > 1 \wedge m > 1$$

09.42.27.0014.01

$$ds^{-1}(z|m) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{m}} K\left(\frac{1}{m}\right) - \frac{i}{\sqrt{m}} F\left(\sin^{-1}\left(\frac{z}{\sqrt{1-m}}\right) \middle| \frac{m-1}{m}\right); z \in \mathbb{R} \wedge m > 1$$

09.42.27.0016.01

$$ds^{-1}(z|m) = ds^{-1}(z_0|m) - \frac{\sqrt{z^2+m-1} \operatorname{nc}(ds^{-1}(z|m)|m)}{\sqrt{z^2+m}} \left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{z^2+m-1}{m-1}} \sqrt{\frac{z^2+m}{m}}}{\sqrt{\frac{1}{1-m}} \sqrt{z^2+m-1} \sqrt{z^2+m}} F\left(\sin^{-1}\left(\sqrt{\frac{1}{1-m}} z\right) \middle| \frac{m-1}{m}\right) - \frac{\sqrt{\frac{z_0^2+m-1}{m-1}} \sqrt{\frac{z_0^2+m}{m}}}{\sqrt{\frac{1}{1-m}} \sqrt{z_0^2+m-1} \sqrt{z_0^2+m}} F\left(\sin^{-1}\left(\sqrt{\frac{1}{1-m}} z_0\right) \middle| \frac{m-1}{m}\right) \right);$$

$$\neg \exists_{\tau, (\tau \in \mathbb{R}, 0 < \tau < 1)} \left(\operatorname{Im}((\tau(z-z_0)+z_0)^2+m) = 0 \wedge (\tau(z-z_0)+z_0)^2+m < 0 \wedge \operatorname{Im}((\tau(z-z_0)+z_0)^2+m-1) = 0 \wedge (\tau(z-z_0)+z_0)^2+m-1 < 0 \right)$$

09.42.27.0017.01

$$ds^{-1}(z|m) = -\frac{i z^2 \operatorname{nc}(ds^{-1}(z|m)|m)}{\sqrt{m}(z^2+m)} \sqrt{\frac{z^2+m}{z^2}} \sqrt{\frac{z^2+m-1}{z^2}} F\left(i \sinh^{-1}\left(\frac{\sqrt{m}}{z}\right) \middle| 1 - \frac{1}{m}\right);$$

$$\neg \exists_{\tau, (\tau \in \mathbb{R}, 0 < \tau < 1)} \left(\operatorname{Im}\left(\left(z + \tan\left(\frac{\pi \tau}{2}\right)\right)^2 + m\right) = 0 \wedge \left(z + \tan\left(\frac{\pi \tau}{2}\right)\right)^2 + m < 0 \wedge \operatorname{Im}\left(\left(z + \tan\left(\frac{\pi \tau}{2}\right)\right)^2 + m - 1\right) = 0 \wedge \left(z + \tan\left(\frac{\pi \tau}{2}\right)\right)^2 + m - 1 < 0 \right)$$

Involving other related functions

09.42.27.0015.01

$$ds^{-1}(z|m) = -\frac{\sqrt{z_2^2}}{z_2} \operatorname{elog}(z_1, z_2; a, b); \{a, b, z_1\} = \{2m-1, m(m-1), z^2\} \wedge z_1^3 + a z_1^2 + b z_1 - z_2^2 = 0 \wedge z > 0 \wedge m > 1$$

History

- N. H. Abel (1826)
- A. G. Greenhill (1892)
- L. M. Milne-Thompson (1948)

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