

SinIntegral

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Notations

Traditional name

Sine integral

Traditional notation

$\text{Si}(z)$

Mathematica StandardForm notation

`SinIntegral[z]`

Primary definition

06.37.02.0001.01

$$\text{Si}(z) = \int_0^z \frac{\sin(t)}{t} dt$$

Specific values

Values at fixed points

06.37.03.0001.01

$$\text{Si}(0) = 0$$

Values at infinities

06.37.03.0002.01

$$\text{Si}(\infty) = \frac{\pi}{2}$$

06.37.03.0003.01

$$\text{Si}(-\infty) = -\frac{\pi}{2}$$

06.37.03.0004.01

$$\text{Si}(i\infty) = i\infty$$

06.37.03.0005.01

$$\text{Si}(-i\infty) = -i\infty$$

06.37.03.0006.01

$$\text{Si}(\infty) = \zeta$$

General characteristics

Domain and analyticity

$\text{Si}(z)$ is an entire function of z which is defined in the whole complex z -plane.

06.37.04.0001.01

$$z \rightarrow \text{Si}(z) :: \mathbb{C} \rightarrow \mathbb{C}$$

Symmetries and periodicities

Parity

$\text{Si}(z)$ is an odd function.

06.37.04.0002.01

$$\text{Si}(-z) = -\text{Si}(z)$$

Mirror symmetry

06.37.04.0003.01

$$\text{Si}(\bar{z}) = \overline{\text{Si}(z)}$$

Periodicity

No periodicity

Poles and essential singularities

The function $\text{Si}(z)$ has only one singular point at $z = \infty$. It is an essential singular point.

06.37.04.0004.01

$$\text{Sing}_z(\text{Si}(z)) = \{\{\infty, \infty\}\}$$

Branch points

The function $\text{Si}(z)$ does not have branch points.

06.37.04.0005.01

$$\mathcal{BP}_z(\text{Si}(z)) = \{\}$$

Branch cuts

The function $\text{Si}(z)$ does not have branch cuts.

06.37.04.0006.01

$$\mathcal{BC}_z(\text{Si}(z)) = \{\}$$

Series representations

Generalized power series

Expansions at generic point $z = z_0$

For the function itself

06.37.06.0010.01

$$\text{Si}(z) \propto \text{Si}(z_0) + \frac{\sin(z_0)}{z_0} (z - z_0) + \frac{z_0 \cos(z_0) - \sin(z_0)}{2 z_0^2} (z - z_0)^2 + \dots /; (z \rightarrow z_0)$$

06.37.06.0011.01

$$\text{Si}(z) \propto \text{Si}(z_0) + \frac{\sin(z_0)}{z_0} (z - z_0) + \frac{z_0 \cos(z_0) - \sin(z_0)}{2 z_0^2} (z - z_0)^2 + O((z - z_0)^3)$$

06.37.06.0012.01

$$\text{Si}(z) = \text{Si}(z_0) - \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} \sum_{j=0}^{k-1} \frac{(-1)^{k-j} z_0^{j-k}}{k j!} \sin\left(\frac{\pi j}{2} + z_0\right) (z - z_0)^k$$

06.37.06.0013.01

$$\text{Si}(z) = \pi \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{2^{k-2} z_0^{1-k}}{k!} {}_2\tilde{F}_3\left(\frac{1}{2}, 1; \frac{3}{2}, 1 - \frac{k}{2}, \frac{3-k}{2}; -\frac{z_0^2}{4}\right) (z - z_0)^k$$

06.37.06.0014.01

$$\text{Si}(z) \propto \text{Si}(z_0) (1 + O(z - z_0))$$

Expansions at $z = 0$

For the function itself

06.37.06.0001.02

$$\text{Si}(z) \propto z \left(1 - \frac{z^2}{18} + \frac{z^4}{600} - \dots\right) /; (z \rightarrow 0)$$

06.37.06.0015.01

$$\text{Si}(z) \propto z \left(1 - \frac{z^2}{18} + \frac{z^4}{600} - O(z^6)\right)$$

06.37.06.0016.01

$$\text{Si}(z) = \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^k z^{2k+1}}{(2k+1)(2k+1)!}$$

Andrea Piccolroaz

06.37.06.0002.02

$$\text{Si}(z) = z \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^k z^{2k}}{(1+2k)^2 (2k)!}$$

06.37.06.0003.01

$$\text{Si}(z) = z {}_1F_2\left(\frac{1}{2}; \frac{3}{2}, \frac{3}{2}; -\frac{z^2}{4}\right)$$

06.37.06.0004.02

$$\text{Si}(z) \propto z (1 + O(z^2))$$

06.37.06.0017.01

$$\text{Si}(z) = F_\infty(z) /;$$

$$\left(\left(F_n(z) = z \sum_{k=0}^n \frac{(-1)^k z^{2k}}{(2k+1)^2 (2k)!} = \text{Si}(z) + \frac{(-1)^n z^{2n+3}}{(2n+3)^2 (2n+2)!} {}_2F_3 \left(1, n + \frac{3}{2}; n+2, n + \frac{5}{2}, n + \frac{5}{2}; -\frac{z^2}{4} \right) \right) \wedge n \in \mathbb{N} \right)$$

Summed form of the truncated series expansion.

Asymptotic series expansions

06.37.06.0005.01

$$\text{Si}(z) \propto \frac{\pi \sqrt{z^2}}{2z} - \frac{\cos(z)}{z} {}_3F_0 \left(\frac{1}{2}, 1, 1; ; -\frac{4}{z^2} \right) - \frac{\sin(z)}{z^2} {}_3F_0 \left(1, 1, \frac{3}{2}; ; -\frac{4}{z^2} \right) /; (|z| \rightarrow \infty)$$

06.37.06.0006.01

$$\text{Si}(z) \propto \frac{\pi \sqrt{z^2}}{2z} - \frac{\cos(z)}{z} \left(1 + O\left(\frac{1}{z^2}\right) \right) - \frac{\sin(z)}{z^2} \left(1 + O\left(\frac{1}{z^2}\right) \right) /; (|z| \rightarrow \infty)$$

Residue representations

06.37.06.0007.01

$$\text{Si}(z) = \frac{\sqrt{\pi}}{4} z \sum_{j=0}^{\infty} \text{res}_s \left(\frac{\Gamma\left(\frac{1}{2} - s\right) \left(\frac{z}{4}\right)^{-s}}{\Gamma\left(\frac{3}{2} - s\right)^2} \Gamma(s) \right) (-j)$$

06.37.06.0008.02

$$\text{Si}(z) = \frac{\sqrt{\pi}}{2} \sum_{j=0}^{\infty} \text{res}_s \left(\frac{\Gamma(-s) \left(\frac{z}{2}\right)^{-2s}}{\Gamma(1-s)^2} \Gamma\left(s + \frac{1}{2}\right) \right) \left(-\frac{1}{2} - j\right)$$

Other series representations

06.37.06.0009.01

$$\text{Si}(z) = \pi \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} J_{k+\frac{1}{2}} \left(\frac{z}{2}\right)^2$$

Integral representations

On the real axis

Of the direct function

06.37.07.0001.01

$$\text{Si}(z) = \int_0^z \frac{\sin(t)}{t} dt$$

06.37.07.0002.01

$$\text{Si}(z) = \frac{\pi}{2} - \int_z^{\infty} \frac{\sin(t)}{t} dt$$

Contour integral representations

06.37.07.0003.01

$$\text{Si}(z) = \frac{\sqrt{\pi} z}{8 \pi i} \int_{\mathcal{L}} \frac{\Gamma(s) \Gamma\left(\frac{1}{2} - s\right)}{\Gamma\left(\frac{3}{2} - s\right)^2} \left(\frac{z^2}{4}\right)^{-s} ds$$

06.37.07.0004.01

$$\text{Si}(x) = \frac{\sqrt{\pi}}{4 \pi i} \int_{\gamma-i\infty}^{\gamma+i\infty} \frac{\Gamma\left(s + \frac{1}{2}\right) \Gamma(-s)}{\Gamma(1-s)^2} \left(\frac{x}{2}\right)^{-2s} ds ; -\frac{1}{2} < \gamma < 0 \wedge x > 0$$

Limit representations

06.37.09.0001.01

$$\text{Si}(x) = \frac{\pi}{2} - \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \left(\sum_{k=n+1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{k} \sin\left(\frac{kx}{n}\right) \right) ; x \in \mathbb{R} \wedge x > 0$$

Differential equations

Ordinary linear differential equations and wronskians

For the direct function itself

06.37.13.0001.01

$$z w^{(3)}(z) + 2 w''(z) + z w'(z) = 0 ; w(z) = c_1 \text{Si}(z) + c_2 \text{Ci}(z) + c_3$$

06.37.13.0004.01

$$W_z(1, \text{Si}(z), \text{Ci}(z)) = -\frac{1}{z^2}$$

06.37.13.0002.01

$$z w^{(3)}(z) + 2 w''(z) + z w'(z) = 0 ; w(z) = c_1 \text{Si}(z) + c_2 \text{Ei}(iz) + c_3$$

06.37.13.0005.01

$$W_z(1, \text{Si}(z), \text{Ei}(iz)) = -\frac{1}{z^2}$$

06.37.13.0003.01

$$z w^{(3)}(z) + 2 w''(z) + z w'(z) = 0 ; w(z) = c_1 \text{Si}(z) + c_2 \text{Ei}(-iz) + c_3$$

06.37.13.0006.01

$$W_z(1, \text{Si}(z), \text{Ei}(-iz)) = -\frac{1}{z^2}$$

06.37.13.0007.01

$$w^{(3)}(z) + \left(\frac{2g'(z)}{g(z)} - \frac{3g''(z)}{g'(z)} \right) w''(z) + \left(g'(z)^2 + \frac{3g''(z)^2}{g'(z)^2} - \frac{2g''(z)}{g(z)} - \frac{g^{(3)}(z)}{g'(z)} \right) w'(z) = 0 ; w(z) = c_1 \text{Si}(g(z)) + c_2 \text{Ci}(g(z)) + c_3$$

06.37.13.0008.01

$$W_z(\text{Si}(g(z)), \text{Ci}(g(z)), 1) = -\frac{g'(z)^3}{g(z)^2}$$

06.37.13.0009.01

$$w^{(3)}(z) + \left(\frac{2g'(z)}{g(z)} - \frac{3h'(z)}{h(z)} - \frac{3g''(z)}{g'(z)} \right) w''(z) + \left(g'(z)^2 - \frac{4h'(z)g'(z)}{g(z)h(z)} + \frac{6h'(z)^2}{h(z)^2} + \frac{3g''(z)^2}{g'(z)^2} + \frac{6h'(z)g''(z)}{h(z)g'(z)} - \frac{2g''(z)}{g(z)} - \frac{3h''(z)}{h(z)} - \frac{g^{(3)}(z)}{g'(z)} \right) w'(z) + \left(-\frac{6h'(z)^3}{h(z)^3} + \frac{4g'(z)h'(z)^2}{g(z)h(z)^2} - \frac{6g''(z)h'(z)^2}{h(z)^2g'(z)} + \frac{6h''(z)h'(z)}{h(z)^2} - \frac{3g''(z)^2h'(z)}{h(z)g'(z)^2} + \frac{2h'(z)g''(z) - 2g'(z)h''(z)}{h(z)g(z)} + \frac{3g''(z)h''(z) + h'(z)g^{(3)}(z)}{h(z)g'(z)} - \frac{h'(z)g'(z)^2 + h^{(3)}(z)}{h(z)} \right) w(z) = 0 ; w(z) = c_1 h(z) \text{Si}(g(z)) + c_2 h(z) \text{Ci}(g(z)) + c_3 h(z)$$

06.37.13.0010.01

$$W_z(h(z) \text{Si}(g(z)), h(z) \text{Ci}(g(z)), h(z)) = -\frac{h(z)^3 g'(z)^3}{g(z)^2}$$

06.37.13.0011.01

$$z^3 w^{(3)}(z) - (r + 3s - 3) z^2 w''(z) + (a^2 r^2 z^{2r} + 3(s - 1)s + r(2s - 1) + 1) z w'(z) - s(a^2 r^2 z^{2r} + s(r + s)) w(z) = 0 ; w(z) = c_1 z^s \text{Si}(a z^r) + c_2 z^s \text{Ci}(a z^r) + c_3 z^s$$

06.37.13.0012.01

$$W_z(z^s \text{Si}(a z^r), z^s \text{Ci}(a z^r), z^s) = -a r^3 z^{r+3s-3}$$

06.37.13.0013.01

$$w^{(3)}(z) - (\log(r) + 3 \log(s)) w''(z) + (a^2 \log^2(r) r^{2z} + 3 \log^2(s) + 2 \log(r) \log(s)) w'(z) - \log(s) (a^2 \log^2(r) r^{2z} + \log(s) (\log(r) + \log(s))) w(z) = 0 ; w(z) = c_1 s^z \text{Si}(a r^z) + c_2 s^z \text{Ci}(a r^z) + c_3 s^z$$

06.37.13.0014.01

$$W_z(s^z \text{Si}(a r^z), s^z \text{Ci}(a r^z), s^z) = -a r^z s^{3z} \log^3(r)$$

Transformations

Transformations and argument simplifications

Argument involving basic arithmetic operations

06.37.16.0001.01

$$\text{Si}(-z) = -\text{Si}(z)$$

06.37.16.0002.01

$$\text{Si}(i z) = i \text{Shi}(z)$$

06.37.16.0003.01

$$\text{Si}(-i z) = -i \text{Shi}(z)$$

06.37.16.0004.01

$$\text{Si}(a (b z^c)^m) = \frac{(b z^c)^m}{b^m z^{m c}} \text{Si}(a b^m z^{m c}) ; 2 m \in \mathbb{Z}$$

06.37.16.0005.01

$$\text{Si}\left(\sqrt{z^2}\right) = \frac{\sqrt{z^2}}{z} \text{Si}(z)$$

Complex characteristics

Real part

06.37.19.0001.01

$$\operatorname{Re}(\operatorname{Si}(x + i y)) = x \sum_{j=0}^{\infty} \frac{y^{2k}}{(2k+1)!} {}_1F_2\left(k + \frac{1}{2}; \frac{3}{2}, k + \frac{3}{2}; -\frac{x^2}{4}\right)$$

06.37.19.0002.01

$$\operatorname{Re}(\operatorname{Si}(x + i y)) = \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \sum_{j=0}^k \frac{(-1)^j y^{2k-2j} x^{2j+1}}{(2k+1)(2k-2j)!(2j+1)!}$$

06.37.19.0003.01

$$\operatorname{Re}(\operatorname{Si}(x + i y)) = \frac{1}{2} \left(\operatorname{Si}\left(x + x \sqrt{-\frac{y^2}{x^2}}\right) + \operatorname{Si}\left(x - x \sqrt{-\frac{y^2}{x^2}}\right) \right)$$

Imaginary part

06.37.19.0004.01

$$\operatorname{Im}(\operatorname{Si}(x + i y)) = \sum_{j=0}^{\infty} \frac{y^{2k+1}}{(2k+1)!(2k+1)} {}_1F_2\left(k + \frac{1}{2}; \frac{1}{2}, k + \frac{3}{2}; -\frac{x^2}{4}\right)$$

06.37.19.0005.01

$$\operatorname{Im}(\operatorname{Si}(x + i y)) = \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \sum_{j=0}^k \frac{(-1)^j y^{2k-2j+1} x^{2j}}{(2k+1)(2j)!(2k-2j+1)!}$$

06.37.19.0006.01

$$\operatorname{Im}(\operatorname{Si}(x + i y)) = \frac{x}{2y} \sqrt{-\frac{y^2}{x^2}} \left(\operatorname{Si}\left(x - x \sqrt{-\frac{y^2}{x^2}}\right) - \operatorname{Si}\left(x + x \sqrt{-\frac{y^2}{x^2}}\right) \right)$$

Absolute value

06.37.19.0007.01

$$|\operatorname{Si}(x + i y)| = \sqrt{\operatorname{Si}\left(x - x \sqrt{-\frac{y^2}{x^2}}\right) \operatorname{Si}\left(x + x \sqrt{-\frac{y^2}{x^2}}\right)}$$

Argument

06.37.19.0008.01

$$\arg(\operatorname{Si}(x + i y)) = \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{1}{2} \left(\operatorname{Si}\left(x + x \sqrt{-\frac{y^2}{x^2}}\right) + \operatorname{Si}\left(x - x \sqrt{-\frac{y^2}{x^2}}\right) \right), \frac{x}{2y} \sqrt{-\frac{y^2}{x^2}} \left(\operatorname{Si}\left(x - x \sqrt{-\frac{y^2}{x^2}}\right) - \operatorname{Si}\left(x + x \sqrt{-\frac{y^2}{x^2}}\right) \right) \right)$$

Conjugate value

06.37.19.0009.01

$$\overline{\text{Si}(x + iy)} = \frac{1}{2} \left(\text{Si} \left(x + x \sqrt{-\frac{y^2}{x^2}} \right) + \text{Si} \left(x - x \sqrt{-\frac{y^2}{x^2}} \right) \right) - \frac{ix}{2y} \sqrt{-\frac{y^2}{x^2}} \left(\text{Si} \left(x - x \sqrt{-\frac{y^2}{x^2}} \right) - \text{Si} \left(x + x \sqrt{-\frac{y^2}{x^2}} \right) \right)$$

Signum value

06.37.19.0010.01

$$\text{sgn}(\text{Si}(x + iy)) = \left(\frac{i}{y} \sqrt{-\frac{y^2}{x^2}} x \left(\text{Si} \left(x - x \sqrt{-\frac{y^2}{x^2}} \right) - \text{Si} \left(\sqrt{-\frac{y^2}{x^2}} x + x \right) \right) + \text{Si} \left(\sqrt{-\frac{y^2}{x^2}} x + x \right) + \text{Si} \left(x - x \sqrt{-\frac{y^2}{x^2}} \right) \right) / \left(2 \sqrt{\text{Si} \left(x - x \sqrt{-\frac{y^2}{x^2}} \right) \text{Si} \left(\sqrt{-\frac{y^2}{x^2}} x + x \right)} \right)$$

Differentiation

Low-order differentiation

06.37.20.0001.01

$$\frac{\partial \text{Si}(z)}{\partial z} = \frac{\sin(z)}{z}$$

06.37.20.0002.01

$$\frac{\partial^2 \text{Si}(z)}{\partial z^2} = \frac{\cos(z)}{z} - \frac{\sin(z)}{z^2}$$

Symbolic differentiation

06.37.20.0006.01

$$\frac{\partial^n \text{Si}(z)}{\partial z^n} = \delta_n \text{Si}(z) - \sum_{k=0}^{n-1} \frac{(-1)^{n-k} z^{k-n} (n-1)!}{k!} \sin\left(\frac{\pi k}{2} + z\right); n \in \mathbb{N}$$

06.37.20.0003.01

$$\frac{\partial^n \text{Si}(z)}{\partial z^n} = \delta_n \text{Si}(z) + \text{Boole} \left(n \neq 0, (n-1)! \sum_{k=0}^{n-1} \frac{(-1)^{n-k-1} z^{k-n}}{k!} \sin\left(z + \frac{\pi k}{2}\right) \right); n \in \mathbb{N}$$

06.37.20.0004.02

$$\frac{\partial^n \text{Si}(z)}{\partial z^n} = 2^{n-2} \pi z^{1-n} {}_2\tilde{F}_3 \left(\frac{1}{2}, 1; \frac{3}{2}, 1 - \frac{n}{2}, \frac{3-n}{2}; -\frac{z^2}{4} \right); n \in \mathbb{N}$$

Fractional integro-differentiation

06.37.20.0005.01

$$\frac{\partial^\alpha \text{Si}(z)}{\partial z^\alpha} = 2^{\alpha-2} \pi z^{1-\alpha} {}_2\tilde{F}_3 \left(\frac{1}{2}, 1; \frac{3}{2}, 1 - \frac{\alpha}{2}, \frac{3-\alpha}{2}; -\frac{z^2}{4} \right)$$

Integration

Indefinite integration

Involving only one direct function

06.37.21.0001.01

$$\int \text{Si}(b + a z) dz = \frac{\cos(b + a z) + (b + a z) \text{Si}(b + a z)}{a}$$

06.37.21.0002.01

$$\int \text{Si}(a z) dz = \frac{\cos(a z)}{a} + z \text{Si}(a z)$$

06.37.21.0003.01

$$\int \text{Si}(z) dz = \cos(z) + z \text{Si}(z)$$

Involving one direct function and elementary functions

Involving power function

Involving power

Linear argument

06.37.21.0004.01

$$\int z^{\alpha-1} \text{Si}(a z) dz = \frac{1}{2\alpha} (z^\alpha (-i \Gamma(\alpha, -i a z) (-i a z)^{-\alpha} + i (i a z)^{-\alpha} \Gamma(\alpha, i a z) + 2 \text{Si}(a z))$$

06.37.21.0005.01

$$\int z^{\alpha-1} \text{Si}(z) dz = \frac{z^\alpha}{\alpha} \text{Si}(z) + \frac{i}{2\alpha} ((i z)^{-\alpha} z^\alpha \Gamma(\alpha, i z) - (-i z)^{-\alpha} z^\alpha \Gamma(\alpha, -i z))$$

06.37.21.0006.01

$$\int z \text{Si}(a z) dz = \frac{a^2 \text{Si}(a z) z^2 + a \cos(a z) z - \sin(a z)}{2 a^2}$$

06.37.21.0007.01

$$\int \frac{\text{Si}(a z)}{z} dz = \frac{1}{2} (a z {}_3F_3(1, 1, 1; 2, 2, 2; -i a z) + a z {}_3F_3(1, 1, 1; 2, 2, 2; i a z) - i \log(z) (\Gamma(0, -i a z) - \Gamma(0, i a z) + \log(-i a z) - \log(i a z) + 2 i \text{Si}(a z)))$$

06.37.21.0008.01

$$\int \frac{\text{Si}(a z)}{z^2} dz = -\frac{-a z \text{Ci}(a z) + \sin(a z) + \text{Si}(a z)}{z}$$

06.37.21.0009.01

$$\int \frac{\text{Si}(b + a z)}{z^2} dz = \frac{a z \text{Ci}(a z) \sin(b) + a z \cos(b) \text{Si}(a z) - (b + a z) \text{Si}(b + a z)}{b z}$$

Power arguments

06.37.21.0010.01

$$\int z^{\alpha-1} \text{Si}(a z^r) dz = \frac{z^\alpha}{2\alpha} \left(-i \Gamma\left(\frac{\alpha}{r}, -i a z^r\right) (-i a z^r)^{-\frac{\alpha}{r}} + i (i a z^r)^{-\frac{\alpha}{r}} \Gamma\left(\frac{\alpha}{r}, i a z^r\right) + 2 \text{Si}(a z^r) \right)$$

Involving exponential function

Involving exp

06.37.21.0011.01

$$\int e^{bz} \text{Si}(a z) dz = \frac{2 e^{bz} \text{Si}(a z) - i (\text{Ei}((b - i a) z) - \text{Ei}((b + i a) z))}{2 b}$$

06.37.21.0012.01

$$\int e^{iaz} \text{Si}(a z) dz = \frac{\text{Ei}(2 i a z) - \log(a z) - 2 i e^{iaz} \text{Si}(a z)}{2 a}$$

06.37.21.0013.01

$$\int e^{-iaz} \text{Si}(a z) dz = \frac{\text{Ei}(-2 i a z) - \log(a z) + 2 e^{-iaz} i \text{Si}(a z)}{2 a}$$

Involving exponential function and a power function

Involving exp and power

06.37.21.0014.01

$$\int z^n e^{bz} \text{Si}(a z) dz = \frac{1}{2} n! (-b)^{-n-1} \left(i \text{Ei}((b - i a) z) - i \text{Ei}((b + i a) z) - 2 e^{bz} \text{Si}(a z) \sum_{k=0}^n \frac{(-bz)^k}{k!} + e^{(b+ia)z} i \sum_{m=1}^n \frac{1}{m} \left(\frac{b}{b+ia} \right)^m \sum_{k=0}^{m-1} \frac{(-b-ia)^k z^k}{k!} - i e^{(b-ia)z} \sum_{m=1}^n \frac{1}{m} \left(\frac{b}{b-ia} \right)^m \sum_{k=0}^{m-1} \frac{(ia-b)^k z^k}{k!} \right)$$

06.37.21.0015.01

$$\int z^n e^{iaz} \text{Si}(a z) dz = \frac{1}{2 a} \left((-i a)^{-n} \left(n! \left(\text{Ei}(2 i a z) - \log(z) - 2 \sum_{k=1}^n \frac{1}{k!} \left(\frac{(-i a z)^k}{2 k} + 2^{-k-1} \Gamma(k, -2 i a z) \right) \right) - 2 i \Gamma(n+1, -i a z) \text{Si}(a z) \right) \right); n \in \mathbb{N}$$

06.37.21.0016.01

$$\int z^n e^{-iaz} \text{Si}(a z) dz = \frac{(i a)^{-n}}{2 a} \left(2 i \Gamma(n+1, i a z) \text{Si}(a z) + n! \left(\text{Ei}(-2 i a z) - \log(z) - 2 \sum_{k=1}^n \frac{1}{k!} \left(\frac{(i a z)^k}{2 k} + 2^{-k-1} \Gamma(k, 2 i a z) \right) \right) \right); n \in \mathbb{N}$$

06.37.21.0017.01

$$\int z e^{bz} \operatorname{Si}(az) dz = \frac{1}{2b^2(a^2+b^2)} \left(-i \operatorname{Ei}((b+ai)z) a^2 + 2b e^{bz} \cos(az) a + (a^2+b^2) i \operatorname{Ei}((b-ia)z) - i b^2 \operatorname{Ei}((b+ai)z) - 2b^2 e^{bz} \sin(az) + 2(a^2+b^2) e^{bz} (bz-1) \operatorname{Si}(az) \right)$$

06.37.21.0018.01

$$\int z^2 e^{bz} \operatorname{Si}(az) dz = \frac{1}{b^3} \left(i (\operatorname{Ei}((b+ai)z) - \operatorname{Ei}((b-ia)z)) - \frac{1}{(a^2+b^2)^2} (b e^{bz} (b((bz-1)a^2 + b^2(bz-3)) \sin(az) - a((bz-2)a^2 + b^2(bz-4)) \cos(az))) + e^{bz} (b^2 z^2 - 2bz + 2) \operatorname{Si}(az) \right)$$

06.37.21.0019.01

$$\int z^3 e^{bz} \operatorname{Si}(az) dz = \frac{1}{b^4} \left(3i (\operatorname{Ei}((b-ia)z) - \operatorname{Ei}((b+ai)z)) - \frac{1}{(a^2+b^2)^3} (b e^{bz} (b((b^2 z^2 - bz + 3)a^4 + 2b^2(b^2 z^2 - 3bz + 3)a^2 + b^4(b^2 z^2 - 5bz + 11)) \sin(az) - a((b^2 z^2 - 3bz + 6)a^4 + 2b^2(b^2 z^2 - 5bz + 8)a^2 + b^4(b^2 z^2 - 7bz + 18)) \cos(az))) + e^{bz} (b^3 z^3 - 3b^2 z^2 + 6bz - 6) \operatorname{Si}(az) \right)$$

Involving trigonometric functions

Involving sin

06.37.21.0020.01

$$\int \sin(bz) \operatorname{Si}(az) dz = \frac{1}{4b} (i (\operatorname{Ei}(-i(a-b)z) - \operatorname{Ei}(i(a-b)z) + \operatorname{Ei}(-i(a+b)z) - \operatorname{Ei}(i(a+b)z) + 4i \cos(bz) \operatorname{Si}(az)))$$

06.37.21.0021.01

$$\int \sin(az) \operatorname{Si}(az) dz = \frac{\operatorname{Si}(2az) - 2 \cos(az) \operatorname{Si}(az)}{2a}$$

Involving cos

06.37.21.0022.01

$$\int \cos(bz) \operatorname{Si}(az) dz = \frac{1}{4b} (-\operatorname{Ei}(-i(a-b)z) - \operatorname{Ei}(i(a-b)z) + \operatorname{Ei}(-i(a+b)z) + \operatorname{Ei}(i(a+b)z) + 4 \sin(bz) \operatorname{Si}(az))$$

06.37.21.0023.01

$$\int \cos(az) \operatorname{Si}(az) dz = \frac{\operatorname{Ci}(2az) - \log(az) + 2 \sin(az) \operatorname{Si}(az)}{2a}$$

Involving trigonometric functions and a power function

Involving sin and power

06.37.21.0024.01

$$\int z^n \sin(bz) \operatorname{Si}(az) dz = -\frac{i}{4} (ib)^{-n-2} b n! \left((-1)^n \operatorname{Ei}(-i(a-b)z) - \operatorname{Ei}(i(a-b)z) + \operatorname{Ei}(-i(a+b)z) - \right. \\ \left. (-1)^{-n} \operatorname{Ei}(i(a+b)z) + \frac{1}{\Gamma(n+2)} (2i(n+1)((-1)^n \Gamma(n+1, -ibz) + \Gamma(n+1, ibz)) \operatorname{Si}(az)) - \right. \\ \left. e^{-i(a+b)z} \sum_{m=1}^n \frac{\left(\frac{b}{a+b}\right)^m \sum_{k=0}^{m-1} \frac{(i a+i b)^k z^k}{k!}}{m} + e^{i(a-b)z} \sum_{m=1}^n \frac{\left(\frac{b}{b-a}\right)^m \sum_{k=0}^{m-1} \frac{(-i a+i b)^k z^k}{k!}}{m} - \right. \\ \left. (-1)^n e^{-i(a-b)z} \sum_{m=1}^n \frac{\left(\frac{b}{b-a}\right)^m \sum_{k=0}^{m-1} \frac{(i a-i b)^k z^k}{k!}}{m} + (-1)^n e^{i(a+b)z} \sum_{m=1}^n \frac{\left(\frac{b}{a+b}\right)^m \sum_{k=0}^{m-1} \frac{(-i a-i b)^k z^k}{k!}}{m} \right) /; n \in \mathbb{N}$$

06.37.21.0025.01

$$\int z^n \sin(az) \operatorname{Si}(az) dz = \\ \frac{(-ia)^{-n}}{4a} \left(i n! \left((-1)^n \operatorname{Ei}(-2ia z) - \operatorname{Ei}(2ia z) + (1 - (-1)^n) \log(z) + 2 \sum_{k=1}^n \frac{1}{k!} \left(\frac{(-ia z)^k}{2k} + 2^{-k-1} \Gamma(k, -2ia z) \right) - \right. \right. \\ \left. \left. 2(-1)^n \sum_{k=1}^n \frac{1}{k!} \left(\frac{(ia z)^k}{2k} + 2^{-k-1} \Gamma(k, 2ia z) \right) \right) - 2(\Gamma(n+1, -ia z) + (-1)^n \Gamma(n+1, ia z)) \operatorname{Si}(az) \right) /; n \in \mathbb{N}$$

06.37.21.0026.01

$$\int z \sin(bz) \operatorname{Si}(az) dz = \frac{1}{4b^2} \left(\frac{2b \cos((a-b)z)}{b-a} - \operatorname{Ei}(-i(a-b)z) - \operatorname{Ei}(i(a-b)z) + \right. \\ \left. \operatorname{Ei}(-i(a+b)z) + \operatorname{Ei}(i(a+b)z) - 2i(\Gamma(2, -ibz) - \Gamma(2, ibz)) \operatorname{Si}(az) - \frac{2b \cos((a+b)z)}{a+b} \right)$$

06.37.21.0027.01

$$\int z^2 \sin(bz) \operatorname{Si}(az) dz = \\ -\frac{1}{2b^3} \left(i \left(\operatorname{Ei}(-i(a-b)z) + \frac{1}{(a-b)^2(a+b)^2} \left(2i \cos(bz)(a(b^2-a^2)z \cos(az) - (a^2-3b^2) \sin(az)) b^2 + \right. \right. \right. \\ \left. \left. 2i((b^2-a^2)z \sin(az) b^2 + 2a(a^2-2b^2) \cos(az)) \sin(bz) b - \right. \right. \\ \left. \left. (a^2-b^2)^2 (\operatorname{Ei}(i(a-b)z) - \operatorname{Ei}(-i(a+b)z) + \operatorname{Ei}(i(a+b)z)) \right) + i(\Gamma(3, -ibz) + \Gamma(3, ibz)) \operatorname{Si}(az) \right)$$

06.37.21.0028.01

$$\int z^3 \sin(bz) \operatorname{Si}(az) dz = -\frac{1}{4b^4} \left(\frac{1}{(a-b)^3(a+b)^3} \left(-6(\operatorname{Ei}(-i(a-b)z) + \operatorname{Ei}(i(a-b)z) - \operatorname{Ei}(-i(a+b)z) - \operatorname{Ei}(i(a+b)z))(a^2 - b^2)^3 + 4b \cos(bz) \left((a^4 - 6b^2a^2 + 5b^4)z \sin(az)b^2 + a(b^2(a^2 - b^2)^2z^2 - 2(3a^4 - 8b^2a^2 + 9b^4)) \cos(az) \right) + 4b^2 \left((-3a^4 + 10b^2a^2 - 7b^4)z \cos(az) + (-3a^4 + 6b^2a^2 - 11b^4 + b^2(a^2 - b^2)^2z^2) \sin(az) \right) \sin(bz) \right) - 2i(\Gamma(4, -ibz) - \Gamma(4, ibz)) \operatorname{Si}(az) \right)$$

Involving cos and power

06.37.21.0029.01

$$\int z^n \cos(bz) \operatorname{Si}(az) dz = \frac{1}{4} (-i)(ib)^{-n-1} n! \left((-1)^n \operatorname{Ei}(-i(a-b)z) + \operatorname{Ei}(i(a-b)z) - \operatorname{Ei}(-i(a+b)z) - (-1)^n \operatorname{Ei}(i(a+b)z) + \frac{1}{\Gamma(n+2)} (2i(n+1)((-1)^n \Gamma(n+1, -ibz) - \Gamma(n+1, ibz)) \operatorname{Si}(az)) + e^{-i(a+b)z} \sum_{m=1}^n \frac{1}{m} \left(\frac{b}{b+a} \right)^m \sum_{k=0}^{m-1} \frac{(ia+ib)^k z^k}{k!} - e^{i(a-b)z} \sum_{m=1}^n \frac{1}{m} \left(\frac{b}{b-a} \right)^m \sum_{k=0}^{m-1} \frac{(-ia+ib)^k z^k}{k!} - (-1)^n e^{-i(a-b)z} \sum_{m=1}^n \frac{1}{m} \left(\frac{b}{b-a} \right)^m \sum_{k=0}^{m-1} \frac{(ia-ib)^k z^k}{k!} + (-1)^n e^{i(a+b)z} \sum_{m=1}^n \frac{1}{m} \left(\frac{b}{b+a} \right)^m \sum_{k=0}^{m-1} \frac{(-ia-ib)^k z^k}{k!} \right) /; n \in \mathbb{N}$$

06.37.21.0030.01

$$\int z^n \cos(az) \operatorname{Si}(az) dz = \frac{1}{4} i^n a^{-n-1} \left(n! \left((-1)^n \operatorname{Ei}(-2ia z) + \operatorname{Ei}(2ia z) - (1 + (-1)^n) \log(z) - 2 \sum_{k=1}^n \frac{1}{k!} \left(\frac{(-iaz)^k}{2k} + 2^{-k-1} \Gamma(k, -2ia z) \right) - 2(-1)^n \sum_{k=1}^n \frac{1}{k!} \left(\frac{(iaz)^k}{2k} + 2^{-k-1} \Gamma(k, 2ia z) \right) \right) - 2i(\Gamma(n+1, -iaz) - (-1)^n \Gamma(n+1, ia z)) \operatorname{Si}(az) \right) /; n \in \mathbb{N}$$

06.37.21.0031.01

$$\int z \cos(bz) \operatorname{Si}(az) dz = \frac{1}{4b^2} \left(-i \operatorname{Ei}(-i(a-b)z) + i \operatorname{Ei}(i(a-b)z) - i \operatorname{Ei}(-i(a+b)z) + i \operatorname{Ei}(i(a+b)z) + \frac{2b \sin((a-b)z)}{b-a} + \frac{2b \sin((a+b)z)}{a+b} + 2(\Gamma(2, -ibz) + \Gamma(2, ibz)) \operatorname{Si}(az) \right)$$

06.37.21.0032.01

$$\int z^2 \cos(bz) \operatorname{Si}(az) dz = \frac{1}{2b^3} \left(\frac{1}{(a-b)^2(a+b)^2} \left(-2(a(b^2 - a^2)z \cos(az) - (a^2 - 3b^2) \sin(az)) \sin(bz)b^2 + (a^2 - b^2)^2 (\operatorname{Ei}(-i(a-b)z) + \operatorname{Ei}(i(a-b)z) - \operatorname{Ei}(-i(a+b)z) - \operatorname{Ei}(i(a+b)z)) + 2 \cos(bz) \left((b^2 - a^2)z \sin(az)b^3 + 2a(a^2 - 2b^2) \cos(az)b \right) + i(\Gamma(3, -ibz) - \Gamma(3, ibz)) \operatorname{Si}(az) \right) \right)$$

06.37.21.0033.01

$$\int z^3 \cos(bz) \operatorname{Si}(az) dz = -\frac{1}{4b^4} \left(i \left(\frac{1}{(a-b)^3 (a+b)^3} \left(-6 (\operatorname{Ei}(-i(a-b)z) - \operatorname{Ei}(i(a-b)z) + \operatorname{Ei}(-i(a+b)z) - \operatorname{Ei}(i(a+b)z)) (a^2 - b^2)^3 + 4b^2 i \cos(bz) \left(a(3a^4 - 10b^2 a^2 + 7b^4) z \cos(az) - (-3a^4 + 6b^2 a^2 - 11b^4 + b^2(a^2 - b^2)^2 z^2) \sin(az) \right) + 4bi \left((a^4 - 6b^2 a^2 + 5b^4) z \sin(az) b^2 + a(b^2(a^2 - b^2)^2 z^2 - 2(3a^4 - 8b^2 a^2 + 9b^4)) \cos(az) \right) \sin(bz) - 2i(\Gamma(4, -ibz) + \Gamma(4, ibz)) \operatorname{Si}(az) \right) \right)$$

Involving hyperbolic functions

Involving sinh

06.37.21.0034.01

$$\int \sinh(bz) \operatorname{Si}(az) dz = -\frac{-2 \cosh(bz) \operatorname{Si}(az) + \operatorname{Si}((a+bi)z) + \operatorname{Si}((a-bi)z)}{2b}$$

Involving cosh

06.37.21.0035.01

$$\int \cosh(bz) \operatorname{Si}(az) dz = \frac{i(-\operatorname{Ci}((a+bi)z) + \operatorname{Ci}((a-bi)z) - 2i \sinh(bz) \operatorname{Si}(az))}{2b}$$

Involving hyperbolic functions and a power function

Involving sinh and power

06.37.21.0036.01

$$\int z^n \sinh(bz) \operatorname{Si}(az) dz = -\frac{i}{4} b^{-n-1} n! \left((-1)^n \operatorname{Ei}((b-ia)z) - (-1)^{-n} \operatorname{Ei}((b+ia)z) + \operatorname{Ei}(-bz + a(-i)z) - \operatorname{Ei}(iaz - bz) + \frac{1}{\Gamma(n+2)} (2i(n+1)((-1)^n \Gamma(n+1, -bz) + \Gamma(n+1, bz)) \operatorname{Si}(az) - (-1)^n e^{(b-ia)z} \sum_{m=1}^n \frac{1}{m} \left(\frac{b}{b-ia} \right)^m \sum_{k=0}^{m-1} \frac{(ia-b)^k z^k}{k!} + (-1)^n e^{(b+ia)z} \sum_{m=1}^n \frac{1}{m} \left(\frac{b}{b+ia} \right)^m \sum_{k=0}^{m-1} \frac{(-b-ia)^k z^k}{k!} - e^{-(b+ia)z} \sum_{m=1}^n \frac{1}{m} \left(\frac{b}{b+ia} \right)^m \sum_{k=0}^{m-1} \frac{(b+ia)^k z^k}{k!} + e^{iaz-bz} \sum_{m=1}^n \frac{1}{m} \left(\frac{b}{b-ia} \right)^m \sum_{k=0}^{m-1} \frac{(b-ia)^k z^k}{k!} \right); n \in \mathbb{N}$$

06.37.21.0037.01

$$\int z \sinh(bz) \operatorname{Si}(az) dz = \frac{1}{4b^2(a^2 + b^2)} (-4 \sin(az) \sinh(bz) b^2 + 4a \cos(az) \cosh(bz) b + (a^2 + b^2)(i(\operatorname{Ei}((b-ia)z) - \operatorname{Ei}((b+ia)z) - \operatorname{Ei}(-bz + a(-i)z) + \operatorname{Ei}(iaz - bz)) + 2(\Gamma(2, bz) - \Gamma(2, -bz)) \operatorname{Si}(az))$$

06.37.21.0038.01

$$\int z^2 \sinh(bz) \operatorname{Si}(az) dz = -\frac{1}{4b^3} \left(i \left(\frac{1}{(a^2 + b^2)^2} \left(4i \sin(az) \left((a^2 + 3b^2) \cosh(bz) - b(a^2 + b^2)z \sinh(bz) \right) b^2 + \right. \right. \right. \\ \left. \left. \left. 4a i \cos(az) \left(b(a^2 + b^2)z \cosh(bz) - 2(a^2 + 2b^2) \sinh(bz) \right) b + 2(a^2 + b^2)^2 \right. \right. \right. \\ \left. \left. \left. \left(\operatorname{Ei}((b - ia)z) - \operatorname{Ei}((b + ai)z) + \operatorname{Ei}(-bz + a(-i)z) - \operatorname{Ei}(iaz - bz) \right) \right) + 2i \left(\Gamma(3, -bz) + \Gamma(3, bz) \right) \operatorname{Si}(az) \right) \right)$$

06.37.21.0039.01

$$\int z^3 \sinh(bz) \operatorname{Chi}(az) dz = -\frac{1}{2b^4} \left(i \left(i \left(2 \operatorname{Chi}(az) \left(bz(b^2 z^2 + 6) \cosh(bz) - 3(b^2 z^2 + 2) \sinh(bz) \right) + \right. \right. \right. \\ \left. \left. \left. \frac{1}{(a^2 - b^2)^3} \left(3 \left(-\operatorname{Ei}((a - b)z) + \operatorname{Ei}((b - a)z) - \operatorname{Ei}(-(a + b)z) + \operatorname{Ei}((a + b)z) \right) (a^2 - b^2)^3 + \right. \right. \right. \\ \left. \left. \left. 2ab \sinh(az) \left((-b^2(a^2 - b^2)^2 z^2 - 2(3a^4 - 8b^2 a^2 + 9b^4) \right) \cosh(bz) + b(b^2 - a^2)(7b^2 - 3a^2)z \sinh(bz) \right) - \right. \right. \right. \\ \left. \left. \left. 2b^2 \cosh(az) \left(b(a^2 - b^2)(a^2 - 5b^2)z \cosh(bz) + (-3a^4 + 6b^2 a^2 - 11b^4 - b^2(a^2 - b^2)^2 z^2) \sinh(bz) \right) \right) \right) \right)$$

Involving cosh and power

06.37.21.0040.01

$$\int z^n \cosh(bz) \operatorname{Si}(az) dz = -\frac{i}{4} b^{-n-1} n! \left((-1)^n \operatorname{Ei}((b - ia)z) - (-1)^{-n} \operatorname{Ei}((b + ai)z) - \right. \\ \left. \operatorname{Ei}(-bz + a(-i)z) + \operatorname{Ei}(iaz - bz) + \frac{1}{\Gamma(n + 2)} \left(2i(n + 1) \left((-1)^n \Gamma(n + 1, -bz) - \Gamma(n + 1, bz) \right) \operatorname{Si}(az) - \right. \right. \\ \left. \left. (-1)^n e^{(b-ia)z} \sum_{m=1}^n \frac{1}{m} \left(\frac{b}{b-ia} \right)^m \sum_{k=0}^{m-1} \frac{(ia-b)^k z^k}{k!} + (-1)^n e^{(b+ai)z} \sum_{m=1}^n \frac{1}{m} \left(\frac{b}{b+ai} \right)^m \sum_{k=0}^{m-1} \frac{(-b-ia)^k z^k}{k!} + \right. \right. \\ \left. \left. e^{-(b+ai)z} \sum_{m=1}^n \frac{1}{m} \left(\frac{b}{b+ai} \right)^m \sum_{k=0}^{m-1} \frac{(b+ai)^k z^k}{k!} - e^{iaz-bz} \sum_{m=1}^n \frac{1}{m} \left(\frac{b}{b-ia} \right)^m \sum_{k=0}^{m-1} \frac{(b-ia)^k z^k}{k!} \right) \right); n \in \mathbb{N}$$

06.37.21.0041.01

$$\int z^n \cosh(az) \operatorname{Chi}(az) dz = \\ \frac{(-1)^n}{4} a^{-n-1} \left(2 \operatorname{Chi}(az) \left(\Gamma(n + 1, -az) - (-1)^n \Gamma(n + 1, az) \right) + n! \left((-1)^n \operatorname{Ei}(-2az) - \operatorname{Ei}(2az) + ((-1)^n - 1) \log(z) - \right. \right. \\ \left. \left. 2 \sum_{k=1}^n \frac{(-a)^k}{k!} \left(\frac{z^k}{2k} - 2^{-k-1} (-a)^{-k} \Gamma(k, -2az) \right) + 2(-1)^n \sum_{k=1}^n \frac{a^k}{k!} \left(\frac{z^k}{2k} - 2^{-k-1} a^{-k} \Gamma(k, 2az) \right) \right) \right); n \in \mathbb{N}$$

06.37.21.0042.01

$$\int z \cosh(bz) \operatorname{Si}(az) dz = \frac{1}{4b^2(a^2 + b^2)} \left(-4 \cosh(bz) \sin(az) b^2 + 4a \cos(az) \sinh(bz) b + \right. \\ \left. (a^2 + b^2) i \left(\operatorname{Ei}((b - ia)z) - \operatorname{Ei}((b + ai)z) + \operatorname{Ei}(-bz + a(-i)z) - \operatorname{Ei}(iaz - bz) + 2i \left(\Gamma(2, -bz) + \Gamma(2, bz) \right) \operatorname{Si}(az) \right) \right)$$

06.37.21.0043.01

$$\int z^2 \cosh(bz) \operatorname{Si}(az) dz = -\frac{1}{4b^3} \left(i \left(\frac{1}{(a^2 + b^2)^2} \left(-4i \sin(az) (b(a^2 + b^2)z \cosh(bz) - (a^2 + 3b^2) \sinh(bz)) b^2 + \right. \right. \right. \\ \left. \left. \left. 4ai \cos(az) (b(a^2 + b^2)z \sinh(bz) - 2(a^2 + 2b^2) \cosh(bz)) b + 2(a^2 + b^2)^2 \right. \right. \right. \\ \left. \left. \left. (\operatorname{Ei}((b - ia)z) - \operatorname{Ei}((b + ia)z) - \operatorname{Ei}(-bz + a(-i)z) + \operatorname{Ei}(iaz - bz)) \right) + 2i (\Gamma(3, -bz) - \Gamma(3, bz)) \operatorname{Si}(az) \right) \right)$$

06.37.21.0044.01

$$\int z^3 \cosh(bz) \operatorname{Si}(az) dz = \\ -\frac{1}{4b^4} \left(i \left(-\frac{1}{(a^2 + b^2)^3} \left(6 (\operatorname{Ei}((b - ia)z) - \operatorname{Ei}((b + ia)z) + \operatorname{Ei}(-bz + a(-i)z) - \operatorname{Ei}(iaz - bz)) (a^2 + b^2)^3 + \right. \right. \right. \\ \left. \left. \left. 4b^2 i \sin(az) \left((3a^4 + 6b^2 a^2 + 11b^4 + b^2(a^2 + b^2)^2 z^2) \cosh(bz) - b(a^2 + b^2)(a^2 + 5b^2)z \sinh(bz) \right) + \right. \right. \right. \\ \left. \left. \left. 4bi \cos(az) \left(ab(a^2 + b^2)(3a^2 + 7b^2)z \cosh(bz) - \right. \right. \right. \right. \\ \left. \left. \left. \left. a(b^2(a^2 + b^2)^2 z^2 + 2(3a^4 + 8b^2 a^2 + 9b^4)) \sinh(bz) \right) \right) - 2i (\Gamma(4, -bz) + \Gamma(4, bz)) \operatorname{Si}(az) \right) \right)$$

Involving logarithm

Involving log

06.37.21.0045.01

$$\int \log(bz) \operatorname{Shi}(az) dz = \frac{(\log(bz) - 1) (\cos(az) + az \operatorname{Si}(az)) - \operatorname{Ci}(az)}{a}$$

Involving logarithm and a power function

Involving log and power

06.37.21.0046.01

$$\int z^{\alpha-1} \log(bz) \operatorname{Si}(az) dz = \\ \frac{1}{2\alpha^3} \left(z^\alpha (a^2 z^2)^{-\alpha} \left({}_2F_2(\alpha, \alpha; \alpha + 1, \alpha + 1; -iaz) (a^2 z^2)^\alpha - {}_2F_2(\alpha, \alpha; \alpha + 1, \alpha + 1; iaz) (a^2 z^2)^\alpha + \alpha \right. \right. \\ \left. \left. \left(2(a^2 z^2)^\alpha (\alpha \log(bz) - 1) \operatorname{Si}(az) - i(-\Gamma(\alpha, iaz) (\alpha \log(bz) - 1) (-iaz)^\alpha + \right. \right. \right. \\ \left. \left. \left. ((-iaz)^\alpha - (iaz)^\alpha) \Gamma(\alpha + 1) \log(z) + (iaz)^\alpha \Gamma(\alpha, -iaz) (\alpha \log(bz) - 1) \right) \right) \right)$$

06.37.21.0047.01

$$\int z \log(bz) \operatorname{Si}(az) dz = \frac{1}{4a^2} \left(az \cos(az) (2 \log(bz) - 1) - (2 \log(bz) + 1) \sin(az) + (-a^2 z^2 + 2a^2 \log(bz) z^2 + 2) \operatorname{Si}(az) \right)$$

06.37.21.0048.01

$$\int z^2 \log(bz) \operatorname{Si}(az) dz = -\frac{1}{9a^3} (a^3 (1 - 3 \log(bz)) \operatorname{Si}(az) z^3 + a^2 \cos(az) z^2 - 3 a^2 \cos(az) \log(bz) z^2 + a \sin(az) z + 6 a \log(bz) \sin(az) z + 7 \cos(az) - 6 \operatorname{Ci}(az) + 6 \cos(az) \log(bz))$$

06.37.21.0049.01

$$\int z^3 \log(bz) \operatorname{Si}(az) dz = \frac{1}{16a^4} (az \cos(az) (-a^2 z^2 + 4(a^2 z^2 - 6) \log(bz) - 14) + (-a^2 z^2 - 12(a^2 z^2 - 2) \log(bz) + 38) \sin(az) + (-a^4 z^4 + 4a^4 \log(bz) z^4 - 24) \operatorname{Si}(az))$$

Involving functions of the direct function

Involving elementary functions of the direct function

Involving powers of the direct function

06.37.21.0050.01

$$\int \operatorname{Si}(az)^2 dz = \frac{az \operatorname{Si}(az)^2 + 2 \cos(az) \operatorname{Si}(az) - \operatorname{Si}(2az)}{a}$$

Involving products of the direct function

06.37.21.0051.01

$$\int \operatorname{Si}(az) \operatorname{Si}(bz) dz = \frac{1}{2ab} ((b - a) \operatorname{Si}((a - b)z) + 2b \cos(az) \operatorname{Si}(bz) + 2a \operatorname{Si}(az) (\cos(bz) + bz \operatorname{Si}(bz)) - a \operatorname{Si}((a + b)z) - b \operatorname{Si}((a + b)z))$$

Involving functions of the direct function and elementary functions

Involving elementary functions of the direct function and elementary functions

Involving powers of the direct function and a power function

06.37.21.0052.01

$$\int z^n \operatorname{Si}(az)^2 dz = -\frac{1}{2(n+1)} \left((-ia)^{-n-1} \left(2i (\Gamma(n+1, -iaz) + (-1)^n \Gamma(n+1, ia z)) \operatorname{Si}(az) + n! \left((-1)^n \operatorname{Ei}(-2iaz) - \operatorname{Ei}(2iaz) + (1 - (-1)^n) \log(z) + 2 \sum_{k=1}^n \frac{1}{k!} \left(\frac{(-iaz)^k}{2k} + 2^{-k-1} \Gamma(k, -2iaz) \right) - 2(-1)^n \sum_{k=1}^n \frac{1}{k!} \left(\frac{(iaz)^k}{2k} + 2^{-k-1} \Gamma(k, 2iaz) \right) \right) \right) - 2z^{n+1} \operatorname{Si}(az)^2 \right); n \in \mathbb{N}$$

06.37.21.0053.01

$$\int z \operatorname{Si}(az)^2 dz = \frac{1}{4a^2} (2a^2 z^2 \operatorname{Si}(az)^2 + 4(az \cos(az) - \sin(az)) \operatorname{Si}(az) + \cos(2az) - 2 \operatorname{Ci}(2az) + 2 \log(z))$$

06.37.21.0054.01

$$\int z^2 \operatorname{Si}(a z)^2 dz = \frac{1}{12 a^3} (4 a^3 \operatorname{Si}(a z)^2 z^3 + 8 a z + 2 a \cos(2 a z) z - 5 \sin(2 a z) + 8 ((a^2 z^2 - 2) \cos(a z) - 2 a z \sin(a z)) \operatorname{Si}(a z) + 8 \operatorname{Si}(2 a z))$$

06.37.21.0055.01

$$\int z^3 \operatorname{Si}(a z)^2 dz = \frac{1}{8 a^4} (2 a^4 \operatorname{Si}(a z)^2 z^4 + 3 a^2 z^2 + a^2 \cos(2 a z) z^2 - 4 a \sin(2 a z) z - 8 \cos(2 a z) + 12 \operatorname{Ci}(2 a z) - 12 \log(z) + 4 (a z (a^2 z^2 - 6) \cos(a z) - 3 (a^2 z^2 - 2) \sin(a z)) \operatorname{Si}(a z))$$

Involving products of the direct function and a power function

06.37.21.0056.01

$$\int z^n \operatorname{Si}(a z) \operatorname{Si}(b z) dz = \frac{i(-i a)^{-n}}{4 a(n+1)} \left(n! \left((-1)^n \operatorname{Ei}(i(b-a)z) - \operatorname{Ei}(i(a-b)z) - (-1)^n \operatorname{Ei}(-i(a+b)z) + \operatorname{Ei}(i(a+b)z) + \sum_{k=1}^n \frac{1}{k!} (a^k ((a-b)^{-k} \Gamma(k, i(b-a)z) - (a+b)^{-k} \Gamma(k, -i(a+b)z)) \right) + (-1)^n \sum_{k=1}^n \frac{1}{k!} (a^k ((a+b)^{-k} \Gamma(k, i(a+b)z) - (a-b)^{-k} \Gamma(k, i(a-b)z)) \right) - 2 i (2 a z \operatorname{Si}(a z) (-i a z)^n + \Gamma(n+1, -i a z) + (-1)^n \Gamma(n+1, i a z)) \operatorname{Si}(b z) \right) - \frac{(i b)^{-n} n!}{b} \left((-1)^n \operatorname{Ei}(-i(a-b)z) - \operatorname{Ei}(i(a-b)z) + \operatorname{Ei}(-i(a+b)z) - (-1)^n \operatorname{Ei}(i(a+b)z) + \frac{1}{(n+1)!} (2 i(n+1) ((-1)^n \Gamma(n+1, -i b z) + \Gamma(n+1, i b z)) \operatorname{Si}(a z)) + e^{i(a-b)z} \sum_{m=1}^n \frac{1}{m} \left(\left(\frac{b}{b-a} \right)^m \sum_{k=0}^{m-1} \frac{(-i a + i b)^k z^k}{k!} \right) - e^{-i(a+b)z} \sum_{m=1}^n \frac{1}{m} \left(\left(\frac{b}{a+b} \right)^m \sum_{k=0}^{m-1} \frac{(i a + i b)^k z^k}{k!} \right) + (-1)^n e^{i(a+b)z} \sum_{m=1}^n \frac{1}{m} \left(\left(\frac{b}{a+b} \right)^m \sum_{k=0}^{m-1} \frac{(-i a - i b)^k z^k}{k!} \right) - (-1)^n e^{-i(a-b)z} \sum_{m=1}^n \frac{1}{m} \left(\left(\frac{b}{b-a} \right)^m \sum_{k=0}^{m-1} \frac{(i a - i b)^k z^k}{k!} \right) \right) /; n \in \mathbb{N}$$

06.37.21.0057.01

$$\int z \operatorname{Si}(a z) \operatorname{Si}(b z) dz = \frac{1}{8 a^2 b^2} (4 \operatorname{Si}(a z) (b^2 \operatorname{Si}(b z) z^2 + b \cos(b z) z - \sin(b z)) a^2 + 4 b \cos(a z) \cos(b z) a + (a^2 + b^2) (\operatorname{Ei}(-i(a-b)z) + \operatorname{Ei}(i(a-b)z) - \operatorname{Ei}(-i(a+b)z) - \operatorname{Ei}(i(a+b)z)) + 4 b^2 (a z \cos(a z) - \sin(a z)) \operatorname{Si}(b z))$$

06.37.21.0058.01

$$\int z^2 \operatorname{Si}(a z) \operatorname{Si}(b z) dz = \frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{((b^2 z^2 - 2) \cos(b z) - 2 b z \sin(b z)) \operatorname{Si}(a z)}{b^3} + \frac{1}{a^3} ((a^3 \operatorname{Si}(a z) z^3 - 2 a \sin(a z) z + (a^2 z^2 - 2) \cos(a z)) \operatorname{Si}(b z) + \frac{1}{a^3 (a - b) b^3 (a + b)} (a b (b (a^2 + 2 b^2) \cos(b z) \sin(a z) + a \cos(a z) (b (a^2 - b^2) z \cos(b z) - (2 a^2 + b^2) \sin(b z))) + (a^5 - b^2 a^3 - b^3 a^2 + b^5) \operatorname{Si}((a - b) z) + (a^5 - b^2 a^3 + b^3 a^2 - b^5) \operatorname{Si}((a + b) z)) \right)$$

06.37.21.0059.01

$$\int z^3 \operatorname{Si}(a z) \operatorname{Si}(b z) dz = \frac{1}{8} \left(\frac{2 (b z (b^2 z^2 - 6) \cos(b z) - 3 (b^2 z^2 - 2) \sin(b z)) \operatorname{Si}(a z)}{b^4} + \frac{1}{a^4} (2 (a^4 \operatorname{Si}(a z) z^4 + a (a^2 z^2 - 6) \cos(a z) z - 3 (a^2 z^2 - 2) \sin(a z)) \operatorname{Si}(b z) - (2 (3 (a^4 + b^4) \operatorname{Ci}((a - b) z) (a^2 - b^2)^2 - 3 (a^4 + b^4) \operatorname{Ci}((a + b) z) (a^2 - b^2)^2 - a b (a b \sin(a z) (b (a^4 + 2 b^2 a^2 - 3 b^4) z \cos(b z) + (-3 a^4 + 14 b^2 a^2 - 3 b^4) \sin(b z)) + \cos(a z) (b (-3 a^4 + 2 b^2 a^2 + b^4) z \sin(b z) a^2 + ((b^2 z^2 - 6) a^6 - 2 b^2 (b^2 z^2 - 5) a^4 + b^4 (b^2 z^2 + 10) a^2 - 6 b^6) \cos(b z)))))) / (a^4 (a - b)^2 b^4 (a + b)^2) \right)$$

Involving direct function and Gamma-, Beta-, Erf-type functions

Involving exponential integral-type functions

Involving **Ei**

06.37.21.0060.01

$$\int \operatorname{Ei}(b z) \operatorname{Si}(a z) dz = \frac{1}{2 a b} (2 b \cos(a z) \operatorname{Ei}(b z) + 2 a b z \operatorname{Si}(a z) \operatorname{Ei}(b z) - b \operatorname{Ei}((b - i a) z) + a i \operatorname{Ei}((b - i a) z) - i a \operatorname{Ei}((b + a i) z) - b \operatorname{Ei}((b + a i) z) - 2 a e^{b z} \operatorname{Si}(a z))$$

Involving exponential integral-type functions and a power function

Involving **Ei** and power

06.37.21.0061.01

$$\int z^n \operatorname{Ei}(bz) \operatorname{Si}(az) dz = \frac{(\Gamma(n+1, -bz)(-b)^{-n-1} + z^{n+1} \operatorname{Ei}(bz)) \operatorname{Si}(az)}{n+1} + \frac{i}{n+1} \left(\frac{(ia)^{-n-1}}{2} \left(-\operatorname{Ei}((b-ia)z)n! + n! \sum_{k=1}^n \frac{a^k (a+bi)^{-k} \Gamma(k, (ia-b)z)}{k!} + \operatorname{Ei}(bz) \Gamma(n+1, ia z) + (-1)^n \left(-\operatorname{Ei}((b+ai)z)n! + n! \sum_{k=1}^n \frac{a^k (a-ib)^{-k} \Gamma(k, -(b+ai)z)}{k!} + \operatorname{Ei}(bz) \Gamma(n+1, -ia z) \right) \right) + \frac{1}{2} (-b)^{-n-1} n! \left(-\operatorname{Ei}(bz-ia z) + \operatorname{Ei}(bz+ia z) + \sum_{k=1}^n \frac{1}{k!} (b^k ((b-ia)^{-k} \Gamma(k, (ia-b)z) - (b+ai)^{-k} \Gamma(k, -(b+ai)z)) \right) \right); n \in \mathbb{N}$$

06.37.21.0062.01

$$\int z \operatorname{Ei}(bz) \operatorname{Si}(az) dz = -\frac{1}{4a^2 b^2} (-i \operatorname{Ei}((b+ai)z) a^2 - 2(b^2 \operatorname{Ei}(bz) z^2 + \Gamma(2, -bz)) \operatorname{Si}(az) a^2 + b e^{(b-ia)z} a + b e^{(b+ia)z} a + (a^2 - b^2) i \operatorname{Ei}((b-ia)z) + b^2 i \operatorname{Ei}((b+ai)z) - i b^2 \operatorname{Ei}(bz) \Gamma(2, -ia z) + b^2 i \operatorname{Ei}(bz) \Gamma(2, ia z))$$

06.37.21.0063.01

$$\int z^2 \operatorname{Ei}(bz) \operatorname{Si}(az) dz = \frac{1}{3} \left(-\frac{1}{b^3} \left(\frac{ib}{2} \left(\frac{2i e^{(b-ia)z}}{a+bi} - \frac{2e^{(b+ia)z}}{b+ai} + \frac{b \Gamma(2, -bz+a(-i)z)}{(a-ib)^2} + \frac{b \Gamma(2, ia z-bz)}{(b-ia)^2} \right) - \operatorname{Ei}((b-ia)z) + \operatorname{Ei}((b+ai)z) \right) - \frac{1}{2a^3} \left(\frac{\Gamma(2, -bz+a(-i)z) a^2}{(a-ib)^2} + \frac{\Gamma(2, ia z-bz) a^2}{(a+bi)^2} + \frac{2e^{(b-ia)z} a}{a+bi} + \frac{2e^{(b+ia)z} a}{a-ib} - 2 \operatorname{Ei}((b-ia)z) - 2 \operatorname{Ei}((b+ai)z) + \operatorname{Ei}(bz) \Gamma(3, -ia z) + \operatorname{Ei}(bz) \Gamma(3, ia z) \right) + \left(z^3 \operatorname{Ei}(bz) - \frac{\Gamma(3, -bz)}{b^3} \right) \operatorname{Si}(az) \right)$$

06.37.21.0064.01

$$\int z^3 \operatorname{Ei}(bz) \operatorname{Si}(az) dz = -\frac{i}{4} \left(-\frac{1}{2b^3} \left(\frac{\Gamma(3, ia z-bz) b^2}{(b-ia)^3} - \frac{\Gamma(3, -bz+a(-i)z) b^2}{(b+ai)^3} - \frac{3 \Gamma(2, -bz+a(-i)z) b}{(b+ai)^2} - \frac{3 \Gamma(2, ia z-bz) b}{(a+bi)^2} + \frac{6e^{(b-ia)z}}{b-ia} - \frac{6e^{(b+ia)z}}{b+ai} \right) + \frac{3(\operatorname{Ei}((b-ia)z) - \operatorname{Ei}((b+ai)z))}{b^4} - \frac{1}{2a^4} \left(\frac{\Gamma(3, ia z-bz) a^3}{(a+bi)^3} - \frac{\Gamma(3, -bz+a(-i)z) a^3}{(a-ib)^3} + \frac{3 \Gamma(2, -bz+a(-i)z) a^2}{(b+ai)^2} + \frac{3 \Gamma(2, ia z-bz) a^2}{(a+bi)^2} + \frac{6e^{(b-ia)z} a}{a+bi} - \frac{6e^{(b+ia)z} a}{a-ib} - 6 \operatorname{Ei}((b-ia)z) + 6 \operatorname{Ei}((b+ai)z) - \operatorname{Ei}(bz) \Gamma(4, -ia z) + \operatorname{Ei}(bz) \Gamma(4, ia z) \right) + \left(\operatorname{Ei}(bz) z^4 + \frac{\Gamma(4, -bz)}{b^4} \right) i \operatorname{Si}(az) \right)$$

Definite integration

For the direct function itself

06.37.21.0065.01

$$\int_0^\infty t^{\alpha-1} \text{Si}(t) dt = -\frac{\Gamma(\alpha)}{\alpha} \sin\left(\frac{\pi\alpha}{2}\right); -1 < \text{Re}(\alpha) < 0$$

Involving the direct function

06.37.21.0066.01

$$\int_0^\infty t^{\alpha-1} e^{-zt} \text{Si}(t) dt = z^{-\alpha-1} \Gamma(\alpha+1) {}_3F_2\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{\alpha+1}{2}, \frac{\alpha}{2}+1; \frac{3}{2}, \frac{3}{2}; -\frac{1}{z^2}\right); \text{Re}(z) > 0 \wedge \text{Re}(\alpha) > -1$$

06.37.21.0067.01

$$\int_0^\infty \sin(t) \left(\text{Si}(t) - \frac{\pi}{2}\right) dt = -\frac{\pi}{4}$$

06.37.21.0068.01

$$\int_0^\infty \left(\text{Si}(t) - \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^2 dt = \frac{\pi}{2}$$

Involving related functions

06.37.21.0069.01

$$\int_0^\infty \left(\text{Si}(t) - \frac{\pi}{2}\right) \text{Ci}(t) dt = \log(2)$$

Integral transforms

Laplace transforms

06.37.22.0001.01

$$\mathcal{L}_t[\text{Si}(t)](z) = \frac{1}{z} \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{z}\right); \text{Re}(z) > 0$$

Mellin transforms

06.37.22.0002.01

$$\mathcal{M}_t[\text{Si}(t)](z) = -\frac{\Gamma(z)}{z} \sin\left(\frac{\pi z}{2}\right); -1 < \text{Re}(z) < 0$$

Operations

Limit operation

06.37.25.0001.01

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \text{Si}(a + bx) = \begin{cases} \frac{\pi}{2} & \arg(b) = 0 \\ -\frac{\pi}{2} & \arg(b) = \pi \\ i\infty & |\arg(a)| = \frac{\pi}{2} \wedge \arg(b) = \frac{\pi}{2} \\ -i\infty & |\arg(a)| = \frac{\pi}{2} \wedge \arg(b) = -\frac{\pi}{2} \\ \tilde{\infty} & \text{True} \end{cases}$$

Representations through more general functions

Through hypergeometric functions

Involving ${}_pF_q$

06.37.26.0001.01

$$\text{Si}(z) = z {}_1F_2\left(\frac{1}{2}; \frac{3}{2}, \frac{3}{2}; -\frac{z^2}{4}\right)$$

Through Meijer G

Classical cases for the direct function itself

06.37.26.0002.01

$$\text{Si}(z) = \frac{\sqrt{\pi}}{4} z G_{1,3}^{1,1}\left(\frac{z^2}{4} \middle| \frac{1}{2} \right)_{0, -\frac{1}{2}, -\frac{1}{2}}$$

06.37.26.0003.01

$$\text{Si}(z) = \frac{\sqrt{\pi z^2}}{2z} G_{1,3}^{1,1}\left(\frac{z^2}{4} \middle| \frac{1}{2}, 0, 0\right)$$

06.37.26.0004.01

$$\text{Si}(z) = \frac{\sqrt{\pi}}{2} G_{1,3}^{1,1}\left(\frac{z^2}{4} \middle| \frac{1}{2}, 0, 0\right); \text{Re}(z) > 0$$

06.37.26.0005.01

$$\text{Si}(\sqrt{z}) = \frac{\pi}{2} - \frac{\sqrt{\pi}}{2} G_{1,3}^{2,0}\left(\frac{z}{4} \middle| \frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2}, 0\right)$$

Classical cases for powers of Ci and Si

06.37.26.0019.01

$$\text{Ci}(\sqrt{z})^2 + \text{Si}(\sqrt{z})^2 = \frac{1}{2} \pi^{3/2} G_{3,5}^{3,1}\left(\frac{z}{4} \middle| \frac{0, \frac{1}{2}, 1}{0, 0, 0, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2}}\right) + \frac{\pi^2}{4}$$

06.37.26.0006.01

$$\left(\text{Si}(\sqrt{z}) - \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^2 + \text{Ci}(\sqrt{z})^2 = \frac{1}{2\sqrt{\pi}} G_{2,4}^{4,1}\left(\frac{z}{4} \middle| \frac{0, 1}{0, 0, 0, \frac{1}{2}}\right)$$

Classical cases involving cos, sin, Ci

06.37.26.0007.01

$$\cos(\sqrt{z}) \text{Ci}(\sqrt{z}) + \sin(\sqrt{z}) \text{Si}(\sqrt{z}) = -\frac{1}{2} \pi^{3/2} G_{2,4}^{2,1}\left(\frac{z}{4} \middle| \frac{0, \frac{1}{2}}{0, 0, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2}}\right)$$

06.37.26.0008.01

$$\cos(\sqrt{z}) \text{Ci}(\sqrt{z}) + \sin(\sqrt{z}) \left(\text{Si}(\sqrt{z}) - \frac{\pi}{2}\right) = -\frac{1}{2\sqrt{\pi}} G_{1,3}^{3,1}\left(\frac{z}{4} \middle| \frac{0}{0, 0, \frac{1}{2}}\right)$$

06.37.26.0009.01

$$\sin(\sqrt{z}) \operatorname{Ci}(\sqrt{z}) - \cos(\sqrt{z}) \operatorname{Si}(\sqrt{z}) = -\frac{1}{2} \pi^{3/2} G_{2,4}^{2,1} \left(\frac{z}{4} \left| \begin{matrix} \frac{1}{2}, 1 \\ \frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2}, 1, 0 \end{matrix} \right. \right)$$

06.37.26.0010.01

$$\sin(\sqrt{z}) \operatorname{Ci}(\sqrt{z}) - \cos(\sqrt{z}) \left(\operatorname{Si}(\sqrt{z}) - \frac{\pi}{2} \right) = \frac{1}{2\sqrt{\pi}} G_{1,3}^{3,1} \left(\frac{z}{4} \left| \begin{matrix} \frac{1}{2} \\ 0, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2} \end{matrix} \right. \right)$$

Generalized cases for the direct function itself

06.37.26.0011.01

$$\operatorname{Si}(z) = \frac{\sqrt{\pi}}{2} G_{1,3}^{1,1} \left(\frac{z}{2}, \frac{1}{2} \left| \begin{matrix} 1 \\ \frac{1}{2}, 0, 0 \end{matrix} \right. \right)$$

Generalized cases for powers of Ci and Si

06.37.26.0020.01

$$\operatorname{Ci}(z)^2 + \operatorname{Si}(z)^2 = \frac{1}{2} \pi^{3/2} G_{3,5}^{3,1} \left(\frac{z}{2}, \frac{1}{2} \left| \begin{matrix} 0, \frac{1}{2}, 1 \\ 0, 0, 0, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2} \end{matrix} \right. \right) + \frac{\pi^2}{4}$$

06.37.26.0012.01

$$\left(\operatorname{Si}(z) - \frac{\pi}{2} \right)^2 + \operatorname{Ci}(z)^2 = \frac{1}{2\sqrt{\pi}} G_{2,4}^{4,1} \left(\frac{z}{2}, \frac{1}{2} \left| \begin{matrix} 0, 1 \\ 0, 0, 0, \frac{1}{2} \end{matrix} \right. \right)$$

Generalized cases involving cos, sin, Ci

06.37.26.0013.01

$$\cos(z) \operatorname{Ci}(z) + \sin(z) \operatorname{Si}(z) = -\frac{1}{2} \pi^{3/2} G_{2,4}^{2,1} \left(\frac{z}{2}, \frac{1}{2} \left| \begin{matrix} 0, \frac{1}{2} \\ 0, 0, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2} \end{matrix} \right. \right)$$

06.37.26.0014.01

$$\cos(z) \operatorname{Ci}(z) + \sin(z) \left(\operatorname{Si}(z) - \frac{\pi}{2} \right) = -\frac{1}{2\sqrt{\pi}} G_{1,3}^{3,1} \left(\frac{z}{2}, \frac{1}{2} \left| \begin{matrix} 0 \\ 0, 0, \frac{1}{2} \end{matrix} \right. \right)$$

06.37.26.0015.01

$$\sin(z) \operatorname{Ci}(z) - \cos(z) \operatorname{Si}(z) = -\frac{1}{2} \pi^{3/2} G_{2,4}^{2,1} \left(\frac{z}{2}, \frac{1}{2} \left| \begin{matrix} \frac{1}{2}, 1 \\ \frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2}, 1, 0 \end{matrix} \right. \right)$$

06.37.26.0016.01

$$\sin(z) \operatorname{Ci}(z) - \cos(z) \left(\operatorname{Si}(z) - \frac{\pi}{2} \right) = \frac{1}{2\sqrt{\pi}} G_{1,3}^{3,1} \left(\frac{z}{2}, \frac{1}{2} \left| \begin{matrix} \frac{1}{2} \\ 0, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2} \end{matrix} \right. \right)$$

Through other functions

06.37.26.0017.01

$$\operatorname{Si}(z) = \frac{i}{2} (\Gamma(0, -iz) - \Gamma(0, iz) + \log(-iz) - \log(iz))$$

06.37.26.0018.01

$$\operatorname{Si}(z) = \frac{i}{2} (E_1(-i z) - E_1(i z) + \log(-i z) - \log(i z))$$

Representations through equivalent functions

With related functions

06.37.27.0001.01

$$\operatorname{Si}(z) = -i \operatorname{Shi}(i z)$$

06.37.27.0002.01

$$\operatorname{Si}(z) = \frac{i}{4} \left(2 (\operatorname{Ei}(-i z) - \operatorname{Ei}(i z)) + \log\left(\frac{i}{z}\right) - \log\left(-\frac{i}{z}\right) - \log(-i z) + \log(i z) \right)$$

06.37.27.0003.01

$$\operatorname{Si}(z) = \frac{1}{2i} \left(\operatorname{li}(e^{iz}) - \operatorname{li}(e^{-iz}) \right) - \frac{\pi}{2} \operatorname{sgn}(\operatorname{Re}(z)) /; |\operatorname{Re}(z)| < \pi$$

Zeros

06.37.30.0001.01

$$\operatorname{Si}(z) = 0 /; z = 0$$

Theorems

The Hartree and exchange energy of a metal surface within the semi-infinite jellium model

The Hartree and exchange energy of a metal surface within the semi-infinite jellium model can be expressed using the sine integral.

History

- L. Mascheroni (1790, 1819)
- F. W. Bessel (1812)
- C. A. Bretschneider (1843)
- O. Schlömilch (1846)
- F. Arndt (1847)
- J. W. L. Glaisher (1870) introduced the notations **Si** and **Ci**
- N. Nielsen (1904) used notations Si and Ci

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